Kopytek M, Konstanty-Kalandyk J, Ząbczyk M et al. Valvular expression of factor XI correlates with valve calcification and aortic stenosis severity. Kardiol Pol. 2023.

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Table S1. Baseline characteristic of patients with aortic stenosis (AS)

Variable	ΔS notionts $(n-20)$
	AS patients $(n = 20)$
Age, years	64 (9.6)
Male, n (%)	12 (60)
BMI, kg m ⁻²	28.4 (5.0)
Risk factors, n (%)	10 (00)
Arterial hypertension	18 (90)
Hypercholesterolemia	14 (70)
Current smoking	4 (20)
Medications, n (%)	
Beta-blockers	18 (90)
Acetylsalicylic acid	16 (80)
ACE-i	16 (80)
Statins	14 (70)
Echocardiographic parameters	
Peak transvalvular velocity, m/s	4.6 (4.5–5.0)
Mean gradient, mm Hg	54 (46–68)
Maximal gradient, mm Hg	83 (80–100)
Aortic valve area, cm ²	0.8 (0.7–0.9)
Laboratory investigations	
Fibrinogen, g/l	3.2 (0.7)
Creatinine, µmol/l	82 (19.0)
CRP, mg/l	1.1 (1.0–3.1)
Glucose, mmol/l	5.2 (5.0–5.7)
Total cholesterol mmol/l	4.2 (0.9)
LDL-cholesterol, mmol/l	2.6 (2.0–3.0)
HDL-cholesterol, mmol/l	1.3 (0.3)
Triglycerides, mmol/l	1.1 (0.9–1.4)

Data presented as numbers (percentages), mean and (SD) or medians (interquartile range). A

P-value of <0.05 was considered statistically significant

Abbreviations: ACE-i, angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors; BMI, body mass index;

CRP, C-reactive protein

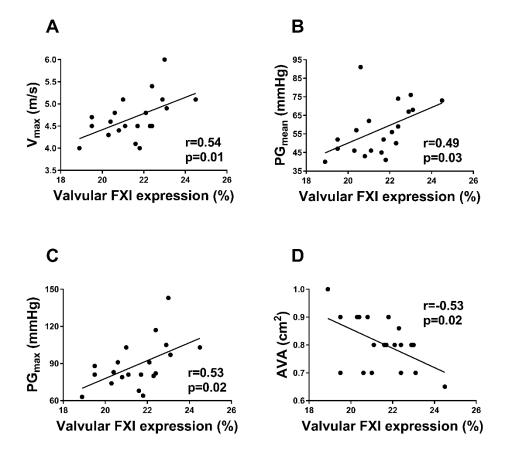


Figure S1. Associations between valvular factor (F)XI expression and disease severity in aortic stenosis patients. The scatterplots show correlations between valvular FXI expression and: **A**. Peak transvalvular velocity (V_{max}); **B**. Mean transvalvular pressure gradient (PG_{mean}); **C**. Maximal transvalvular pressure gradient (PG_{max}); **D**. aortic valve area (AVA)