Lanocha M, Lansky A, Siudak, et al. Does the operator's sex matter? An analysis based on the national interventional cardiology registry. Kardiol Pol. 2020; 78: 1221-1226. doi:10.33963/KP.15665

Please note that the journal is not responsible for the scientific accuracy or functionality of any supplementary material submitted by the authors. Any queries (except missing content) should be directed to the corresponding author of the article.

**Supplementary Table S1.** Diagnostic coronary angiography data based on the ORPKI registry between January 2014 and December 2017

Parameters	All operators	Female	Male	P
	(n = 867)	operators (n	operators (n =	
		= 46)	821)	
Intracoronary imaging and				
physiology (all				
angiography)				
FFR during angiogram (%)	18015 (2.21%)	401 (1.35%)	17 614 (2.24%)	< 0.001
IVUS during angiogram	4069 (0.50%)	116 (0.39%)	3 953 (0.50%)	< 0.001
(%)				
OCT during angiogram (%)	784 (0.10%)	126 (0.42%)	658 (0.08%)	< 0.001
Access site during (all				0.21
angiography)				
Femoral (%)	181 138	6 594	174 544	
	(22.22%)	(22.20%)	(22.22%)	

Radial (%)	628 416	22 926	605 490	
	(77.08%)	(77.19%)	(77.07%)	
Other (%)	5742 (0.70%)	179 (0.70%)	5 563 (0.71%)	
Angiography (not followed	447390 (100%)	18170	429220	< 0.001
by PCI) (%)		(4.06%)	(95.94%)	
Total amount of contrast	80.80 (44.58)	79.47	80.86 (44.44)	< 0.001
used during angiography		(47.63)		
not followed by PCI, ccm				
Mean(SD)				
Total radiation dose during	300 (173; 500)	294 (173;	300 (173; 501)	< 0.001
angiography not followed		478)		
by PCI, mGy				
Median(Q1; Q3)				
Periprocedural				
complication during				
angiography not followed				
by PCI				
Coronary artery perforation	50 (0.01%)	3 (0.02%)	50 (0.01%)	0.48
(%)				
Bleeding at the puncture	160 (0.04%)	8 (0.04%)	152 (0.04%)	0.55
site (%)				
Death during angiography	364 (0.08%)	16 (0.09%)	348 (0.08%)	0.75
(%)				

Abbreviations: FFR, fractional flow reserve; IVUS, intravascular ultrasound; LMCA, left main coronary artery; NSTEMI, non ST elevation myocardial infarction; OCT, optical coherence tomography; PCI, percutaneous coronary intervention; SA, stable angina; STEMI, – ST elevation myocardial infarction; UA, unstable angina.

**Supplemetary Table S2.** Percutaneous coronary interventions data based on the ORPKI registry between January 2014 and December 2017

Parameters	All operators	Female	Male operators	P
	(n = 757;	operators	(n = 726;	
	100%)	(n = 31;	95.9%))	
		4.1%)		
Demographics & clinical		,	,	
data:				
Age (years) (Mean, SD)	67.08 (10.79)	66.27	67.11	< 0.001
		(10.66)	(10.79)	
Male (%)	308425	8778	299647	0.99
	(67.88%)	(67.87%)	(67.88%)	
Previous MI (%)	141437	3821	137616	< 0.001
	(30.97%)	(29.54%)	(31.0%)1	
Previous PCI (%)	170440	4563	165877	< 0.001
	(37.32%)	(35.28%)	(37.38%)	
Previous CABG (%)	28572 (6.26%)	614 (4.75%)	27958 (6.3%)	< 0.001
Diabetes mellitus (%)	110010	3006	107004	0.02

	(24.09%)	(23.24%)	(24.11%)	
Hypertension (%)	325031	9084	315947	0.02
	(71.16%)	(70.23%)	(71.1%)9	
Kidney disease (%)	24822 (5.43%)	565 (4.37%)	24257 (5.47%)	< 0.001
Killip class IV (%)	5337 (1.78%)	102 (1.22%)	5235 (1.79%)	< 0.001
Access site during PCI	455798	12899	442899	0.54
Radial (%)	328 741	9 275	319 466	-
	(72.12%)	(71.90%)	(72.13%)	
Femoral (%)	123 524	3 514	120 010	
	(27.10%)	(27.24%)	(27.10%)	
Other (%)	3 533 (0.78%)	110 (0.78%)	3 423 (0.77%)	
Lesion localisation:				
RCA (%)	139 600	4043	135 557	0.08
	(30.56%)	(31.26%)	(30.54%)	
LMCA (%)	14 558 (3.19%)	292 (2.26%)	1 4266 (3.21%)	< 0.001
LAD (%)	162 444	4 540	157 904	0.26
	(35.57%)	(35.10%)	(35.58%)	
LCX (%)	91 071	2 564	88 507	0.73
	(19.94%)	(19.82%)	(19.94%)	
SvG (%)	5 791 (1.27%)	121 (0.94%)	5 670 (1.28%)	< 0.001
LIMA/RIMA (%)	1 055 (0.23%)	18 (0.14%)	1 037 (0.23%)	0.02
Intracoronary imaging and		l	l	
physiology during PCI				
FFR (%)	3 997 (0.88%)	97 (0.75%)	3 900 (0.88%)	0.12

IVUS (%)	3 688 (0.81%)	42 (0.32%)	3 646 (0.82%)	< 0.001
OCT (%)	834 (0.23%)	41 (0.39%)	793 (0.22%)	0.73
Total amount of contrast	173.39 (77.54)	170.36	173.48 (77.54)	< 0.001
used during PCI, ccm		(77.64)		
Mean(SD)				
Total radiation dose during	816 (459-1391)	843 (472-	815(458-1390)	0.01
PCI, mGy		1409)		
Median(Q1; Q3)				

Abbreviations: ACS, acute coronary syndrome,; BMS, bare metal stent; BVS, bioresorbable scaffold; CABG, coronary artery bypass graft; CTO, chronic total occlusion; DEB, drug eluting balloon; DES, drug eluting stent; FFR, fractional flow reserve; IVUS, intravascular ultrasound; LAD, left anterior descending coronary artery; LCX, left circumflex coronary artery; LIMA, left internal mammary artery; LMCA, left main coronary artery; MI, myocardial infarction; NSTEMI, non ST elevation myocardial infarction; OCT, optical coherence tomography; PCI, percutaneous coronary intervention; RIMA, right internal mammary artery,; RCA, right coronary artery; SA, stable angina; STEMI, ST elevation myocardial infarction; UA, unstable angina; SvG, saphenous vein graft