

Supplementary material

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Table S1. The information of normal donors and patients with severe ischemic cardiomyopathy (ICM).

Characteristics	Normal donors	ICM patients
No.	7	6
Age, y	27.7 ± 7.43	59 ± 5.4
Sex, male/total (%)	7/7 (100%)	6/6 (100%)
BMI (kg/m ²)	23.9 ± 1.71	24.5 ± 3.7
Medical history		
Hypertension	0 (0%)	3 (50%)
Diabetes mellitus	0 (0%)	2 (33.3%)
Drinking history	1 (14.3%)	2 (33.3%)
Cigarette smoker	1 (14.3%)	1 (16.7%)
LVEDD (mm)	42.3 ± 1.8	67.8 ± 14.1
LVEF (%)	61.4 ± 1.7	30.4 ± 7.2
Heart rate, bpm	77.3 ± 7.0	78.7 ± 9.8
Blood pressure, mmHg		
Systolic	N/A	106.5 ± 25.8
Diastolic	N/A	58.5 ± 25.7

Blood glucose, mmol/l	N/A	9.9 ± 4.4
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BMI: body mass index; LVEDD: left ventricular end-diastolic dimension; LVEF: left ventricular ejection fraction

Table S2. A total of 1,723 ventricle proteins were quantified in both experiments.

Name	Rep.01		Rep.02	
	CAD : Healthy	PVal CAD : Healthy	CAD : Healthy	PVal CAD : Healthy
Troponin C, slow skeletal and cardiac muscles OS=Homo sapiens GN=TNNC1 PE=1 SV=1	0.16622 6111	0.253135 085	0.030317 133	0.106427 297
Vigilin OS=Homo sapiens GN=HDLBP PE=1 SV=2	0.48883 8587	0.680224 478	0.042769 532	0.175511 107
Coiled-coil-helix-coiled-coil-helix domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CHCHD2 PE=1 SV=1	0.16558 7282	0.287838 191	0.068677 826	0.024716 711
Protein flightless-1 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=FLII PE=1 SV=2	0.07512 0137	0.408163 399	0.079888 601	0.477288 812
CapZ-interacting protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=RCS1 PE=1 SV=1	0.08122 0847	0.187434 196	0.080438 098	0.034843 419
4F2 cell-surface antigen heavy chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC3A2 PE=1 SV=3	0.10409 499	0.209530 905	0.093591 245	0.195618 197
Fibulin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FBLN2 PE=1 SV=2	1.10348 1298	0.937380 075	0.159622 548	0.220142 901
Proteasome inhibitor PI31 subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMF1 PE=1 SV=2	0.37407 497	0.064733 99	0.200058 496	0.219849 899
Calsequestrin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CASQ2 PE=1 SV=2	0.18871 5675	0.012369 59	0.208691 464	0.008588 423
Mycophenolic acid acyl-glucuronide esterase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABHD10 PE=1 SV=1	0.32354 0526	0.215387 896	0.210389 984	0.101386 1
DnaJ homolog subfamily A member 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DNAJA1 PE=1 SV=2	0.26753 254	0.655063 212	0.217696 611	0.600547 612
28S ribosomal protein S23, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS23 PE=1 SV=2	0.35914 3803	0.764469 326	0.219418 937	0.406949 788
All-trans-retinol 13,14-reductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=RETSAT PE=1 SV=2	1.44836 6282	0.913184 702	0.219419 878	0.511036 873
Nck-associated protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NCKAP1 PE=1 SV=1	0.27965 8487	0.127941 504	0.226462 412	0.510433 316
Protein NipSnap homolog 3B OS=Homo sapiens GN=NIPSNAP3B PE=2 SV=1	0.20508 7323	0.583147 585	0.227733 274	0.486169 994
Tubulin beta chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=TUBB PE=1 SV=2	0.18867 6726	0.361885 488	0.231984 275	0.198975 801
Sarcoplasmic reticulum histidine-rich calcium-binding protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=HRC PE=1 SV=1	0.21883 8923	0.189348 906	0.235622 11	0.023490 04
Trans-2-enoyl-CoA reductase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MECR PE=1 SV=2	0.33403 8262	0.618803 024	0.237917 541	0.432160 795
Ig kappa chain C region OS=Homo sapiens GN=IGKC PE=1 SV=1	1.39258 565	0.886226 773	0.243784 64	0.370292 515
Regulator of nonsense transcripts 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UPF1 PE=1 SV=2	3.02321 3229	0.562048 376	0.245115 089	0.647219 598
High mobility group protein B1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HMGB1 PE=1 SV=3	0.18913 9524	0.055180 781	0.245870 853	0.079076 268
Procollagen galactosyltransferase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=COLGALT1 PE=1 SV=1	0.50350 8186	0.543672 979	0.246051 725	0.631842 017
GDP-L-fucose synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=TSTA3 PE=1 SV=1	0.31465 2808	0.656094 313	0.255758 338	0.627309 68

Transmembrane 9 superfamily member 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TM9SF2 PE=1 SV=1	0.61820 3643	0.700839 877	0.268120 164	0.656313 777
Acetyl-coenzyme A synthetase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACSS2 PE=1 SV=1	1.24838 4551	0.484075 308	0.268441 744	0.267637 014
Annexin A11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANXA11 PE=1 SV=1	0.29493 017	0.128270 805	0.274033 795	0.003304 357
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein Q OS=Homo sapiens GN=SYNCRIP PE=1 SV=2	0.79250 6688	0.910717 01	0.277249 011	0.674239 218
Protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TGM2 PE=1 SV=2	0.26941 2583	0.003911 893	0.290199 61	0.004820 378
Phosphatidylinositol phosphatase SAC1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SACM1L PE=1 SV=2	0.42715 0157	0.236160 1	0.299824 457	0.025524 32
Coenzyme Q-binding protein COQ10 homolog A, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COQ10A PE=2 SV=2	0.50781 6065	0.560143 471	0.300493 507	0.248441 204
Syntenin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SDCBP PE=1 SV=1	0.25327 4776	0.311740 398	0.302343 344	0.692371 905
Annexin A7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANXA7 PE=1 SV=3	0.25545 2968	0.213939 205	0.305657 564	0.005010 913
Four and a half LIM domains protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FHL2 PE=1 SV=3	0.30588 7388	3.06E-08	0.314303 701	1.99707E -06
Complement factor I OS=Homo sapiens GN=CFI PE=1 SV=2	1.05377 3342	0.914148 629	0.320763 365	0.335020 214
Spermidine synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=SRM PE=1 SV=1	0.58384 2041	0.578089 178	0.334134 593	0.063771 613
Protein LYRIC OS=Homo sapiens GN=MTDH PE=1 SV=2	0.86187 8737	0.428844 81	0.336053 912	0.214845 806
Inactive phospholipase C-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLCL1 PE=1 SV=3	0.66544 9778	0.412378 788	0.339237 998	0.195502 207
Troponin T, cardiac muscle OS=Homo sapiens GN=TNNT2 PE=1 SV=3	0.36206 0283	0.001056 038	0.340711 219	0.006877 835
Dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase [NADP(+)] OS=Homo sapiens GN=DPYD PE=1 SV=2	0.27248 4621	0.559552 073	0.347082 911	0.747576 177
Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTPN1 PE=1 SV=1	0.41462 0512	0.243906 9	0.353923 033	0.104249 001
60S ribosomal protein L23a OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL23A PE=1 SV=1	0.84631 9413	0.746118 784	0.355948 664	0.568874 598
Beta-lactamase-like protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LACTB2 PE=1 SV=2	0.33917 5753	0.666376 71	0.355997 426	0.555020 571
Emerin OS=Homo sapiens GN=EMD PE=1 SV=1	0.66296 2051	0.616657 972	0.356521 625	0.162975 207
Glutaryl-CoA dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=GCDH PE=1 SV=1	0.31018 0443	0.032844 38	0.356970 488	0.082461 514
Probable ATP-dependent RNA helicase DDX17 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DDX17 PE=1 SV=2	0.51959 4149	0.369646 311	0.359440 962	0.538875 103
1-phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate phosphodiesterase gamma-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLCG1 PE=1 SV=1	1.55141 0561	0.912825 584	0.361649 014	0.739825 785
Ras-related protein Rab-12 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB12 PE=1 SV=3	0.27553 1128	0.437604 606	0.367146 145	0.134808 496
5'(3')-deoxyribonucleotidase, cytosolic type OS=Homo sapiens GN=NT5C PE=1 SV=2	1.21647 2377	0.779034 197	0.369777 753	0.752602 1
Valacyclovir hydrolase OS=Homo sapiens GN=BPHL PE=1 SV=1	0.42800 4879	0.412714 899	0.373733 151	0.330944 389
Probable Xaa-Pro aminopeptidase 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=XPNPEP3 PE=1 SV=1	0.19373 0014	0.307939 291	0.374925 003	0.400296 509
Ubiquitin fusion degradation protein 1 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=UFD1L PE=1 SV=3	0.18535 4584	0.036233 589	0.377999 534	0.203999 296
Choline-phosphate cytidyltransferase A OS=Homo sapiens GN=PCYT1A PE=1 SV=2	1.10232 0316	0.936207 116	0.378849 312	0.753828 585

Cob(D)yrinic acid a,c-diamide adenosyltransferase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MMAB PE=1 SV=1	0.75491 0115	0.492122 501	0.379497 715	0.673936 009
Coiled-coil domain-containing protein 90B, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=CCDC90B PE=1 SV=2	0.49487 9945	0.687848 985	0.380265 144	0.578136 504
Acetyl-CoA acetyltransferase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACAT1 PE=1 SV=1	0.46812 9071	0.003966 155	0.384156 321	0.000169 094
Neutral cholesterol ester hydrolase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NCEH1 PE=1 SV=3	1.00940 3632	0.984257 221	0.386991 353	0.233587 101
N-alpha-acetyltransferase 10 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NAA10 PE=1 SV=1	1.17169 451	0.931450 725	0.387157 672	0.048397 481
Constitutive coactivator of PPAR-gamma-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAM120A PE=1 SV=2	1.16359 1976	0.908771 276	0.395041 301	0.525968 075
Maleylacetoacetate isomerase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSTZ1 PE=1 SV=3	0.78362 2322	0.117488 503	0.402673 273	0.239861 801
Protein phosphatase 1 regulatory subunit 12B OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPP1R12B PE=1 SV=2	0.81777 7833	0.918500 602	0.403253 289	0.534602 284
Cullin-associated NEDD8-dissociated protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAND2 PE=1 SV=3	0.46149 6193	0.273270 011	0.403557 747	0.077362 411
Sialic acid synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=NANS PE=1 SV=2	0.51998 7541	0.619538 128	0.404273 655	0.444713 086
Troponin I, cardiac muscle OS=Homo sapiens GN=TNNI3 PE=1 SV=3	0.43786 4038	0.262105 614	0.409787 206	0.300051 6
NFU1 iron-sulfur cluster scaffold homolog, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NFU1 PE=1 SV=2	0.92300 9042	0.928072 81	0.411527 548	0.120451 801
Prothymosin alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTMA PE=1 SV=2	0.50205 6679	0.098330 557	0.414262 394	0.532865 405
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 14 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD14 PE=1 SV=1	0.82952 647	0.524800 003	0.416371 899	0.306084 305
Leucine-rich repeat-containing protein 40 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LRRC40 PE=1 SV=1	2.42474 8564	0.468859 613	0.417350 617	0.326602 995
Nucleophosmin OS=Homo sapiens GN=NPM1 PE=1 SV=2	0.40260 3892	0.036581 099	0.417784 413	0.003164 647
ATP synthase subunit gamma, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5C1 PE=1 SV=1	0.51640 1166	0.035040 699	0.418600 232	0.125246 301
Protein S100-A1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=S100A1 PE=1 SV=2	0.52557 0326	0.636476 278	0.418749 43	0.581884 086
Coagulation factor IX OS=Homo sapiens GN=F9 PE=1 SV=2	1.17988 9601	0.447654 307	0.424265 628	0.545615 077
Splicing factor 3B subunit 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SF3B3 PE=1 SV=4	0.66059 2304	0.043470 878	0.425410 437	0.055731 408
Plasminogen receptor (KT) OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLGRKT PE=1 SV=1	0.52874 2424	0.106640 898	0.434333 737	0.661131 382
Nebulin-related-anchoring protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=NRAP PE=2 SV=2	0.57781 9909	0.002746 859	0.440576 948	0.129332 9
Ankyrin repeat domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANKRD2 PE=1 SV=3	0.35024 3683	0.007629 07	0.442832 317	0.079166 01
Myosin light chain kinase 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYLK3 PE=2 SV=3	0.96648 795	0.966720 521	0.443691 542	0.274542 511
Complex I assembly factor TIMMDC1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=TIMMDC1 PE=1 SV=2	0.48297 5373	0.053029 291	0.445110 139	0.077563 36
Creatine kinase B-type OS=Homo sapiens GN=CKB PE=1 SV=1	0.43813 1472	0.072042 197	0.448681 615	0.383934 796
O-acetyl-ADP-ribose deacetylase MACROD1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MACROD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.46367 3525	0.033465 05	0.449243 357	0.215259 507
Fumarylacetoacetate hydrolase domain-containing protein 2A OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAHD2A PE=1 SV=1	0.46500 1423	0.231213 793	0.452911 864	0.249811 396
Annexin A5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANXA5 PE=1 SV=2	0.46067 1763	0.049353 6	0.454250 421	0.031203 309

Exocyst complex component 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EXOC5 PE=1 SV=1	1.38472 0091	0.074750 938	0.454784 827	0.376516 014
Carnitine O-palmitoyltransferase 1, liver isoform OS=Homo sapiens GN=CPT1A PE=1 SV=2	0.82483 8869	0.798847 914	0.456384 69	0.419265 211
Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FKBP3 PE=1 SV=1	0.42546 9816	0.491823 792	0.456505 941	0.563231 111
Leiomodin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LMOD2 PE=1 SV=2	0.88946 8441	0.955588 52	0.456821 465	0.469814 092
U8 snoRNA-decapping enzyme OS=Homo sapiens GN=NUDT16 PE=1 SV=2	0.47781 369	0.046700 951	0.458080 983	0.170474 604
Leucine-rich repeat-containing protein 20 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LRRC20 PE=1 SV=1	0.55743 6891	0.672773 421	0.459751 529	0.811183 929
Ubiquinol-cytochrome-c reductase complex assembly factor 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UQCC2 PE=1 SV=1	0.49629 7621	0.316656 888	0.459952 843	0.183768 302
Enoyl-CoA hydratase domain-containing protein 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ECHDC2 PE=1 SV=2	0.42653 8537	0.076142 803	0.460700 403	0.652257 025
Heat shock protein HSP 90-alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSP90AA1 PE=1 SV=5	0.44900 3523	0.000127 046	0.461638 975	0.000576 19
Protein NDRG4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDRG4 PE=1 SV=2	0.60015 0041	0.007549 552	0.462901 886	0.135386 094
Mitofusin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MFN2 PE=1 SV=3	0.43137 1763	0.185670 406	0.464842 799	0.209563 002
Alanine aminotransferase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GPT PE=1 SV=3	0.55696 8103	0.000474 877	0.465315 176	0.016850 449
ELAV-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ELAVL1 PE=1 SV=2	2.25720 4897	0.483806 014	0.465947 629	0.107258 402
Protein kinase C and casein kinase substrate in neurons protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PACSIN2 PE=1 SV=2	0.63412 144	0.313156 188	0.466157 413	0.045254 041
Parathyrosin OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTMS PE=1 SV=2	0.79864 5486	0.828476 727	0.466220 473	0.400888 205
[3-methyl-2-oxobutanoate dehydrogenase [lipoamide]] kinase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=BCKDK PE=1 SV=2	0.57217 7973	0.115315 497	0.466380 921	0.146066 8
Alpha-soluble NSF attachment protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=NAPA PE=1 SV=3	0.81216 0299	0.957781 911	0.466695 448	0.587420 583
Cocaine esterase OS=Homo sapiens GN=CES2 PE=1 SV=1	0.54938 443	0.019547 051	0.469217 89	0.462216 586
ATPase inhibitor, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATPIF1 PE=1 SV=1	0.56583 1375	0.133999 601	0.469497 679	0.130285 203
39S ribosomal protein L24, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL24 PE=1 SV=1	0.44448 0004	0.734252 93	0.469596 87	0.758048 415
Myomesin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYOM2 PE=1 SV=2	0.50939 4236	2.14E-06	0.469766 964	0.000771 609
UPF0553 protein C9orf64 OS=Homo sapiens GN=C9orf64 PE=1 SV=1	0.82014 8056	0.867113 888	0.470260 268	0.260197 49
Cysteine-rich with EGF-like domain protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CRELD1 PE=1 SV=3	0.36091 2204	0.742732 584	0.471457 053	0.417704 999
Deoxynucleoside triphosphate triphosphohydrolase SAMHD1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SAMHD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.86574 3879	0.928579 271	0.473689 869	0.559119 523
Creatine kinase M-type OS=Homo sapiens GN=CKM PE=1 SV=2	0.49768 8479	0.093741 35	0.475538 525	0.181825 697
28S ribosomal protein S5, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS5 PE=1 SV=2	0.44228 9421	0.197388 306	0.476774 176	0.039920 289
F-actin-capping protein subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAPZB PE=1 SV=4	0.59728 6658	0.193258 196	0.477958 688	0.444911 599
Hormone-sensitive lipase OS=Homo sapiens GN=LIPE PE=1 SV=4	0.59376 2183	0.724335 313	0.482491 565	0.223822 102
Laminin subunit gamma-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LAMC1 PE=1 SV=3	0.61118 7164	0.357162 893	0.483105 547	0.076065 518

Bcl-2-like protein 13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BCL2L13 PE=1 SV=1	0.76950 8959	0.864579 678	0.490371 802	0.828393 519
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] flavoprotein 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFV2 PE=1 SV=2	0.30271 063	0.266280 89	0.490539 209	0.222420 096
Acidic leucine-rich nuclear phosphoprotein 32 family member A OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANP32A PE=1 SV=1	0.52314 333	0.463629 097	0.494406 27	0.496116 787
Sideroflexin-4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SFXN4 PE=1 SV=1	0.68085 8966	0.284204 602	0.494867 216	0.289510 399
Heat shock protein HSP 90-beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSP90AB1 PE=1 SV=4	0.54411 8183	0.346839 19	0.496123 268	0.171556 294
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit D OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF3D PE=1 SV=1	0.89970 7766	0.848421 216	0.496654 045	0.310508 996
Mitochondrial carrier homolog 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MTCH2 PE=1 SV=1	0.55866 109	0.404158 294	0.497324 908	0.293620 497
Monocarboxylate transporter 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC16A1 PE=1 SV=3	0.51750 1102	0.151729 107	0.497538 938	0.543415 189
Gap junction alpha-1 protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=GJA1 PE=1 SV=2	0.50692 717	0.535305 917	0.498169 236	0.597799 42
Acetyl-coenzyme A synthetase 2-like, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACSS1 PE=1 SV=2	0.44036 2965	0.012816 58	0.498178 644	0.064984 933
Activator of 90 kDa heat shock protein ATPase homolog 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AHSA1 PE=1 SV=1	0.60371 601	0.123507 097	0.502195 359	0.697278 619
Nitrilase homolog 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NIT1 PE=1 SV=2	0.65681 1862	0.604709 923	0.506404 484	0.351547 599
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] complex I, assembly factor 7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFAF7 PE=1 SV=1	0.86197 8282	0.849354 982	0.506979 835	0.789770 424
Hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA lyase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HMGCL PE=1 SV=2	0.45903 7988	0.317001 492	0.507155 464	0.116909 802
2-oxoisovalerate dehydrogenase subunit alpha, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=BCKDHA PE=1 SV=2	0.62469 6248	0.343679 607	0.508016 763	0.041766 521
Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAP2K2 PE=1 SV=1	0.75488 2738	0.242928 803	0.510703 324	0.541612 506
Pentatricopeptide repeat domain-containing protein 3, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTCD3 PE=1 SV=3	1.18231 0128	0.755065 382	0.510956 693	0.066430 353
Mannose-6-phosphate isomerase OS=Homo sapiens GN=MPI PE=1 SV=2	0.86607 3076	0.942366 779	0.512820 5	0.808814 287
Tyrosine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=YARS PE=1 SV=4	1.28995 0884	0.544024 289	0.514202 528	0.426676 303
Nucleoside diphosphate kinase B OS=Homo sapiens GN=NME2 PE=1 SV=1	0.52386 1904	0.746919 99	0.515096 458	0.716830 671
Prefoldin subunit 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PFDN2 PE=1 SV=1	0.67932 7084	0.043569 311	0.515629 517	0.241318 3
ATPase family AAA domain-containing protein 3A OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATAD3A PE=1 SV=2	0.86331 8528	0.786388 516	0.515772 594	0.531659 305
Mitochondrial import inner membrane translocase subunit TIM44 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TIMM44 PE=1 SV=2	0.56579 6149	0.036007 781	0.520725 392	0.032890 599
Lupus La protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SSB PE=1 SV=2	0.46223 5995	0.302488 595	0.526202 786	0.331067 801
39S ribosomal protein L44, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL44 PE=1 SV=1	0.87389 4442	0.403232 396	0.526774 077	0.470267 385
2,4-dienoyl-CoA reductase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=DECR1 PE=1 SV=1	0.44983 912	0.064665 928	0.527659 082	0.088373 274
Nidogen-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NID1 PE=1 SV=3	0.68664 6231	0.777720 094	0.528418 349	0.235944 197
L-lactate dehydrogenase B chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=LDHB PE=1 SV=2	0.57054 3106	0.089179 367	0.529237 195	0.070306 167
Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NAD] subunit alpha, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=IDH3A PE=1 SV=1	0.49033 3565	0.029189 341	0.529491 913	0.175681 993

Acid ceramidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ASAH1 PE=1 SV=5	0.51161 8347	0.103324 398	0.529611 924	0.101290 002
Programmed cell death protein 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDCD5 PE=1 SV=3	0.52897 5984	0.274229 795	0.531284 99	0.398225 486
Threonine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=TARS PE=1 SV=3	0.60669 6363	0.247751 296	0.531568 798	0.493279 815
Ras-related protein Rab-2A OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB2A PE=1 SV=1	0.76815 9478	0.524940 073	0.532573 817	0.037944 73
Tryptophan--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=WARS PE=1 SV=2	0.57678 1418	0.027594 719	0.532704 329	0.001516 448
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 8, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFB8 PE=1 SV=1	0.56045 4553	0.728344 798	0.532767 054	0.644963 98
NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MT-ND4 PE=1 SV=1	0.60224 3489	0.097101 681	0.533226 679	0.037475 631
Prostaglandin reductase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTGR1 PE=1 SV=2	0.59926 1365	0.726225 019	0.533660 92	0.643812 478
Electron transfer flavoprotein subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=ETFB PE=1 SV=3	0.50482 3854	0.145857 796	0.538051 25	0.108374 499
Tropomyosin beta chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=TPM2 PE=1 SV=1	0.54930 9602	0.134556 398	0.538419 182	0.061287 839
BAG family molecular chaperone regulator 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BAG2 PE=1 SV=1	0.89735 1902	0.937197 924	0.538731 873	0.585826 874
Probable asparagine--tRNA ligase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NARS2 PE=1 SV=3	0.85018 9748	0.384991 795	0.540965 109	0.362909 913
Ryanodine receptor 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RYR2 PE=1 SV=3	0.65837 1174	0.007139 492	0.541072 823	0.000662 373
40S ribosomal protein S14 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS14 PE=1 SV=3	0.63547 745	0.804165 304	0.542062 43	0.692588 091
Trifunctional enzyme subunit alpha, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HADHA PE=1 SV=2	0.60373 3868	0.011014 08	0.543892 398	0.046849 359
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF5 PE=1 SV=2	0.52750 2402	0.368539 512	0.544329 074	0.445182 89
NADPH:adrenodoxin oxidoreductase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=FDXR PE=1 SV=3	0.66269 5783	0.847292 721	0.545025 647	0.523317 814
Polymerase I and transcript release factor OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTRF PE=1 SV=1	0.54609 8349	0.333821 297	0.545629 94	0.220779 806
Acyl-CoA-binding protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=DBI PE=1 SV=2	0.54822 6982	0.003653 145	0.545675 194	0.004017 875
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 4, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFS4 PE=1 SV=1	0.57075 638	0.090669 438	0.547407 41	0.015612 21
Serum deprivation-response protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SDPR PE=1 SV=3	0.30947 7843	0.169651 404	0.548738 986	0.291915 208
Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRMT5 PE=1 SV=4	0.87765 4167	0.902539 909	0.551393 469	0.749300 42
28S ribosomal protein S34, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS34 PE=1 SV=2	0.48682 906	0.089921 817	0.551848 377	0.111884 803
Superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn] OS=Homo sapiens GN=SOD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.50682 1812	0.041568 67	0.554386 4	0.640811 92
NAD kinase 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NADK2 PE=1 SV=2	1.25012 535	0.328355 7	0.554444 221	0.323561 907
NAD(P)H-hydrate epimerase OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOA1BP PE=1 SV=2	0.63681 0458	0.333876 401	0.555709 003	0.040633 671
Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase MLT OS=Homo sapiens GN=ZAK PE=1 SV=3	0.46680 0004	0.068929 464	0.556439 38	0.006699 705
Ig gamma-1 chain C region OS=Homo sapiens GN=IGHG1 PE=1 SV=1	0.48481 6036	0.137253 493	0.557859 83	0.749214 59
Malate dehydrogenase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=MDH1 PE=1 SV=4	0.50499 5682	0.073639 683	0.558077 76	0.255946 696

Transmembrane protein 65 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMEM65 PE=1 SV=2	0.65792 7614	0.073494 412	0.558125 399	0.056885 019
D-beta-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=BDH1 PE=1 SV=3	0.57023 2719	0.002676 422	0.558261 566	0.337052 196
Probable cysteine--tRNA ligase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=CARS2 PE=1 SV=1	0.61710 2626	0.746666 014	0.558637 056	0.584826 41
Ig gamma-3 chain C region OS=Homo sapiens GN=IGHG3 PE=1 SV=2	1.27264 6397	0.848512 828	0.558909 622	0.827111 185
Annexin A3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANXA3 PE=1 SV=3	0.64996 7705	0.110305 101	0.563201 946	0.088665 813
Hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase-like protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSDL2 PE=1 SV=1	0.59127 761	0.029859 031	0.563565 712	0.060052 179
28S ribosomal protein S27, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS27 PE=1 SV=3	0.47678 9893	0.067615 509	0.564433 13	0.007980 332
Probable ATP-dependent RNA helicase DDX5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DDX5 PE=1 SV=1	0.39752 5625	0.451044 589	0.564751 91	0.609875 202
Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NAD] subunit beta, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=IDH3B PE=1 SV=2	0.59127 9319	0.000505 097	0.564848 234	0.005775 729
Transmembrane protein 245 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMEM245 PE=1 SV=2	0.89849 8455	0.960788 19	0.565177 383	0.744836 271
ATP synthase subunit g, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5L PE=1 SV=3	0.66769 9398	0.507513 523	0.568068 854	0.722491 92
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA7 PE=1 SV=3	0.52623 0217	0.314658 195	0.569302 963	0.587418 02
Myotrophin OS=Homo sapiens GN=MTPN PE=1 SV=2	0.95433 6901	0.655827 88	0.569339 245	0.495902 508
28S ribosomal protein S29, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=DAP3 PE=1 SV=1	0.99694 5323	0.995331 705	0.569511 754	0.368717 611
Ribosylidihydronicotinamide dehydrogenase [quinone] OS=Homo sapiens GN=NQO2 PE=1 SV=5	0.53070 9519	0.038856 551	0.570031 186	0.052006 532
Thiosulfate sulfurtransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=TST PE=1 SV=4	0.59219 3579	0.178058 803	0.570863 582	0.334236 294
Heterochromatin protein 1-binding protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HP1BP3 PE=1 SV=1	4.82889 5402	0.574355 781	0.571113 954	0.020849 681
Cullin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CUL3 PE=1 SV=2	0.39630 5499	0.332143 903	0.571129 936	0.406864 405
Far upstream element-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FUBP1 PE=1 SV=3	2.01400 1312	0.781113 088	0.571952 482	0.758472 323
Translationally-controlled tumor protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=TPT1 PE=1 SV=1	0.55861 4587	0.470575 601	0.572182 539	0.345789 105
Cadherin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CDH2 PE=1 SV=4	0.67031 1347	0.314799 696	0.572281 415	0.231349 006
Epimerase family protein SDR39U1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SDR39U1 PE=1 SV=2	0.59652 3829	0.194400 102	0.573010 08	0.151228 905
Protein kinase C and casein kinase substrate in neurons protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PACSIN3 PE=1 SV=2	0.43393 0805	0.422607 392	0.573908 172	0.136921 093
Probable 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase E1 component DHKTD1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=DHTKD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.55239 6161	0.477260 798	0.574422 127	0.683899 879
60S acidic ribosomal protein P2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPLP2 PE=1 SV=1	1.04763 5681	0.961683 214	0.576284 176	0.763075 471
Citrate synthase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=CS PE=1 SV=2	0.71484 2247	0.588815 689	0.579346 083	0.171268 895
Histidine triad nucleotide-binding protein 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HINT2 PE=1 SV=1	0.59154 6922	0.033900 92	0.580691 108	0.057752 959
Nucleolin OS=Homo sapiens GN=NCL PE=1 SV=3	0.55414 2789	0.019771 6	0.580891 442	0.007864 54
Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NADP], mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=IDH2 PE=1 SV=2	0.54112 7307	0.005067 436	0.581499 803	0.000942 849

Protein NDRG2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDRG2 PE=1 SV=2	0.72240 4499	0.650429 428	0.581808 699	0.406011 492
Uncharacterized protein C2orf47, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=C2orf47 PE=1 SV=1	2.48672 7004	0.583637 774	0.582330 117	0.339404 196
Heat shock protein 75 kDa, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=TRAP1 PE=1 SV=3	0.94933 1357	0.893695 593	0.583170 305	0.038850 68
Very low-density lipoprotein receptor OS=Homo sapiens GN=VLDLR PE=1 SV=1	0.79339 8285	0.876261 413	0.583227 109	0.267366 588
Endoglin OS=Homo sapiens GN=ENG PE=1 SV=2	1.98066 7929	0.093468 606	0.583789 22	0.122458 003
Sarcoplasmic/endoplasmic reticulum calcium ATPase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP2A2 PE=1 SV=1	0.56406 1605	0.073102 079	0.584056 876	0.026229 92
Protein-L-isoaspartate(D-aspartate) O-methyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PCMT1 PE=1 SV=4	0.54939 2598	0.742176 89	0.586147 927	0.812177 598
SPRY domain-containing protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPRYD4 PE=1 SV=2	1.01937 7152	0.795500 994	0.586586 984	0.617427 588
Cytoplasmic dynein 1 light intermediate chain 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DYNC1LI1 PE=1 SV=3	0.92112 9248	0.847486 913	0.587447 778	0.680068 374
PI-PLC X domain-containing protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLCX3 PE=2 SV=2	0.61142 4471	0.135935 694	0.587576 858	0.169040 203
ATP synthase subunit delta, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5D PE=1 SV=2	0.57344 6759	0.868936 479	0.587781 313	0.875572 205
Beta-1,3-glucosyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=B3GLCT PE=1 SV=2	0.31929 4795	0.497220 606	0.587956 897	0.291452 408
Copine-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CPNE3 PE=1 SV=1	0.47052 5994	0.052787 151	0.588178 566	0.156086 996
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 8, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFS8 PE=1 SV=1	0.65808 9581	0.466321 409	0.588186 855	0.655503 094
26S protease regulatory subunit 6A OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMC3 PE=1 SV=3	0.98619 231	0.988454 58	0.590901 301	0.495881 408
Heat shock 70 kDa protein 1B OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA1B PE=1 SV=1	0.66703 3981	0.236386 195	0.592354 241	0.062869 787
Glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=GPD2 PE=1 SV=3	0.75467 4857	0.784604 609	0.592556 091	0.785391 271
Probable ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase FAF-X OS=Homo sapiens GN=USP9X PE=1 SV=3	0.79658 1746	0.643652 081	0.592860 674	0.536730 587
ATP synthase subunit O, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5O PE=1 SV=1	0.78004 2767	0.459201 813	0.592967 161	0.314450 711
Glutamine--tRNA ligase OS=Homo sapiens GN=QARS PE=1 SV=1	0.72165 8483	0.055303 771	0.593567 281	0.045360 42
Enoyl-CoA hydratase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ECHS1 PE=1 SV=4	0.59458 5468	0.032235 142	0.593781 895	0.194979 593
Mth938 domain-containing protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=AAMDC PE=1 SV=1	0.70599 0851	0.505694 807	0.594239 918	0.301118 612
Ras GTPase-activating protein-binding protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=G3BP2 PE=1 SV=2	0.55909 6175	0.060883 6	0.594790 951	0.068575 412
Kelch-like protein 41 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KLHL41 PE=1 SV=2	0.94743 3559	0.952222 228	0.595180 339	0.662454 307
Long-chain-fatty-acid--CoA ligase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACSL1 PE=1 SV=1	0.56918 2095	0.004150 76	0.596713 547	0.007473 676
Nexilin OS=Homo sapiens GN=NEXN PE=1 SV=1	0.53686 5174	0.166035 503	0.598815 662	0.108193 301
Nuclear migration protein nudC OS=Homo sapiens GN=NUDC PE=1 SV=1	0.70684 463	0.046218 801	0.599310 9	0.038047 459
Acyl carrier protein, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFAB1 PE=1 SV=3	0.71910 5254	0.273442 596	0.599332 823	0.790870 428
Delta-1-pyrroline-5-carboxylate synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDH18A1 PE=1 SV=2	1.10248 5907	0.827122 39	0.599890 815	0.641888 32

Tropomodulin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMOD1 PE=1 SV=1	0.63825 822	0.008779 767	0.600039 499	0.001639 653
3-ketoacyl-CoA thiolase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACAA2 PE=1 SV=2	0.56743 321	1.17E-05	0.600453 844	0.059402 712
PGC-1 and ERR-induced regulator in muscle protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PERM1 PE=2 SV=4	0.43832 1578	0.380208 611	0.600663 36	0.596440 613
Methylmalonate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase [acylating], mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDH6A1 PE=1 SV=2	0.61533 3516	0.001082 75	0.600951 796	0.026809 29
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFB6 PE=1 SV=3	0.63308 5672	0.218435 198	0.601122 674	0.270691 186
Eukaryotic peptide chain release factor GTP-binding subunit ERF3A OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSPT1 PE=1 SV=1	0.51120 0656	0.593204 319	0.601339 554	0.189730 495
Inactive hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSDL1 PE=1 SV=3	0.49755 6232	0.702930 808	0.602955 923	0.724676 49
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit E OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF3E PE=1 SV=1	0.74900 9808	0.424977 988	0.604046 748	0.618694 723
Protein TBRG4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TBRG4 PE=1 SV=1	1.01086 2246	0.957631 528	0.604556 562	0.126569 897
Muscle-related coiled-coil protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=MURC PE=1 SV=2	0.67673 1443	0.430291 504	0.607037 755	0.323178 589
Leucine-rich PPR motif-containing protein, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=LRPPRC PE=1 SV=3	0.70818 2682	0.132068 798	0.607374 387	0.013881 48
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 subunit C2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFC2 PE=1 SV=1	0.59147 6224	0.099809 848	0.607521 216	0.352706 79
Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 6 regulatory subunit 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPP6R3 PE=1 SV=2	2.09655 029	0.417954 594	0.608198 131	0.511934 817
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit C OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF3C PE=1 SV=1	0.89895 4757	0.852484 822	0.608923 273	0.159524 903
Tight junction protein ZO-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TJP1 PE=1 SV=3	0.59793 451	0.223118 097	0.609519 735	0.082889 497
SH3 domain-binding glutamic acid-rich protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SH3BGR PE=2 SV=3	0.63175 4636	0.274179 488	0.609937 213	0.102096 401
Alpha/beta hydrolase domain-containing protein 11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABHD11 PE=1 SV=1	0.40493 5335	0.123039 097	0.611078 484	0.526759 624
DNA damage-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DDB1 PE=1 SV=1	0.96894 3388	0.911482 513	0.611138 229	0.048341 431
Sulfite oxidase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SUOX PE=1 SV=2	0.72197 8912	0.026070 11	0.612031 069	0.157702 804
Succinate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDH5A1 PE=1 SV=2	0.63154 636	0.391788 9	0.612313 992	0.128968 701
Saccharopine dehydrogenase-like oxidoreductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=SCCPDH PE=1 SV=1	0.59381 5059	0.273742 11	0.612727 833	0.244879 395
Utrophin OS=Homo sapiens GN=UTRN PE=1 SV=2	2.87410 1598	0.144714 102	0.613566 936	0.790483 117
Elongation factor 1-alpha 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EEF1A2 PE=1 SV=1	0.62370 3491	0.107092 202	0.614192 14	0.015060 41
Heat shock protein beta-7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPB7 PE=1 SV=1	0.65644 4518	0.229115 203	0.615136 286	0.808361 411
GrpE protein homolog 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=GRPEL1 PE=1 SV=2	0.66988 253	0.043094 441	0.618449 075	0.005404 743
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD13 PE=1 SV=2	0.52695 8693	0.511104 524	0.618606 692	0.458854 795
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 5A, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COX5A PE=1 SV=2	0.65112 6861	0.710560 679	0.619367 994	0.703210 592
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFB4 PE=1 SV=3	0.61415 3289	0.027461 389	0.619672 389	0.027441 571
RNA-binding motif protein, X chromosome OS=Homo sapiens GN=RBMX PE=1 SV=3	1.19726 7579	0.933526 874	0.620221 175	0.895133 972

Proteasome subunit beta type-5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMB5 PE=1 SV=3	0.67076 1898	0.582594 991	0.621344 956	0.544675 112
Alpha-aminoadipic semialdehyde dehydrogenase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDH7A1 PE=1 SV=5	0.63987 0583	0.424085 289	0.621825 578	0.066589 363
Succinyl-CoA ligase [ADP-forming] subunit beta, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SUCLA2 PE=1 SV=3	0.64075 783	0.406361 997	0.622895 004	0.407302 886
Phosphatidylethanolamine-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PEBP1 PE=1 SV=3	0.70193 9088	0.694314 182	0.625413 958	0.598370 194
Delta(3,5)-Delta(2,4)-dienoyl-CoA isomerase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ECH1 PE=1 SV=2	0.68523 843	0.252942 592	0.626139 162	0.000381 573
CDGSH iron-sulfur domain-containing protein 3, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=CISD3 PE=1 SV=1	0.60719 9937	0.414361 209	0.626851 152	0.141219 601
COP9 signalosome complex subunit 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=COPS5 PE=1 SV=4	0.74973 3662	0.054471 161	0.627120 846	0.634673 774
SRA stem-loop-interacting RNA-binding protein, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLIRP PE=1 SV=1	0.68936 8939	0.250999 51	0.627682 159	0.123090 103
Non-specific lipid-transfer protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SCP2 PE=1 SV=2	0.50339 9199	0.377536 893	0.628425 299	0.487808 913
UPF0317 protein C14orf159, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=C14orf159 PE=1 SV=2	0.87260 1871	0.778338 909	0.629481 098	0.534357 429
Voltage-dependent anion-selective channel protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=VDAC2 PE=1 SV=2	0.63205 9711	0.385413 408	0.629749 089	0.392541 289
Sorting nexin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SNX1 PE=1 SV=3	0.79036 3912	0.741039 515	0.630139 172	0.478756 309
Histidine triad nucleotide-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HINT1 PE=1 SV=2	0.59916 9423	0.097946 607	0.631161 704	0.190923 303
Methylosome protein 50 OS=Homo sapiens GN=WDR77 PE=1 SV=1	0.80074 9527	0.571678 579	0.631380 894	0.765788 317
39S ribosomal protein L46, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL46 PE=1 SV=1	0.67901 849	0.172972 903	0.631574 271	0.237591 907
Regulator of microtubule dynamics protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RMDN1 PE=1 SV=1	1.04811 6925	0.983425 379	0.631856 041	0.155390 605
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA6 PE=1 SV=3	0.65835 9496	0.002004 592	0.631893 166	0.002583 307
Carnitine O-acetyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=CRAT PE=1 SV=5	0.70920 3746	0.234171 301	0.632076 904	0.255424 589
HD domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HDCC2 PE=1 SV=1	0.70735 6148	0.277094 096	0.632271 138	0.298981 994
Malignant T-cell-amplified sequence 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MCTS1 PE=1 SV=1	2.01586 9375	0.739755 69	0.632734 788	0.390635 997
Starch-binding domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=STBD1 PE=1 SV=1	2.79952 7105	0.541529	0.633491 143	0.649664 819
Plasminogen activator inhibitor 1 RNA-binding protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERBP1 PE=1 SV=2	0.76851 4868	0.202644 795	0.633788 273	0.727697 372
NAD-dependent malic enzyme, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ME2 PE=1 SV=1	0.68589 5982	0.004676 277	0.634224 805	0.001349 184
Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NAD] subunit gamma, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=IDH3G PE=1 SV=1	0.69207 8895	0.003754 991	0.634903 7	0.033514 708
Succinate dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur subunit, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SDHB PE=1 SV=3	0.68584 2371	0.066899 717	0.636010 137	0.061317 25
Creatine kinase S-type, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=CKMT2 PE=1 SV=2	0.63482 9947	0.391509 503	0.636510 101	0.544969 618
Coiled-coil domain-containing protein 58 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CCDC58 PE=1 SV=1	0.52403 3222	0.191868 395	0.636621 542	0.155548 602
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit F OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF3F PE=1 SV=1	0.52469 8347	0.190013 707	0.636655 992	0.137232 304
ES1 protein homolog, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=C21orf33 PE=1 SV=3	0.70168 4967	0.283623 308	0.637916 231	0.651351 273

Phosphoglycolate phosphatase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGP PE=1 SV=1	0.89249 8534	0.914825 678	0.639704 824	0.544978 023
Succinate dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] flavoprotein subunit, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SDHA PE=1 SV=2	0.66238 281	0.268013 895	0.640114 718	0.178573 593
Leukocyte elastase inhibitor OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINB1 PE=1 SV=1	0.77225 447	0.874562 621	0.640602 275	0.160920 694
Apoptosis-inducing factor 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=AIFM1 PE=1 SV=1	0.79411 2106	0.458375 514	0.641199 51	0.042695 072
Fatty acid-binding protein, heart OS=Homo sapiens GN=FABP3 PE=1 SV=4	0.65207 4969	0.401209 414	0.641513 777	0.186605 603
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 5B, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COX5B PE=1 SV=2	0.69223 3151	0.014688 13	0.644324 929	0.037649 211
Lactoylglutathione lyase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GLO1 PE=1 SV=4	0.74967 6911	0.178535 7	0.645196 244	0.471308 887
Ethanolamine-phosphate cytidyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PCYT2 PE=1 SV=1	0.64738 3277	0.203127 697	0.645395 298	0.119440 697
5-demethoxyubiquinone hydroxylase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COQ7 PE=1 SV=3	0.75833 9823	0.667240 381	0.645500 286	0.281882 793
Mimitin, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFAF2 PE=1 SV=1	0.55523 753	0.614506 9	0.645601 134	0.494980 514
Pyridoxine-5'-phosphate oxidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PNPO PE=1 SV=1	0.66072 5868	0.732458 293	0.647477 168	0.590125 918
Redox-regulatory protein FAM213A OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAM213A PE=1 SV=3	0.77315 3642	0.530408 919	0.647631 88	0.159458 697
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit A OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF3A PE=1 SV=1	0.72892 8853	0.329239 309	0.648185 999	0.027448 58
39S ribosomal protein L45, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL45 PE=1 SV=2	0.54755 7875	0.248167 202	0.650409 066	0.144067 302
Glycogen phosphorylase, muscle form OS=Homo sapiens GN=PYGM PE=1 SV=6	0.70066 9681	0.098440 118	0.651881 55	0.069126 368
ATP-dependent RNA helicase SUPV3L1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SUPV3L1 PE=1 SV=1	0.98687 4625	0.974866 986	0.652185 538	0.149942 905
Cathepsin D OS=Homo sapiens GN=CTSD PE=1 SV=1	0.68153 3163	0.429090 5	0.652431 5	0.540191 472
NIF3-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NIF3L1 PE=1 SV=2	0.75066 2867	0.135819 599	0.652595 849	0.004355 308
Inositol monophosphatase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=IMPA1 PE=1 SV=1	0.54729 4767	0.163102 105	0.652723 202	0.348820 299
ATP synthase subunit alpha, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5A1 PE=1 SV=1	0.64922 377	0.083201 647	0.652776 027	0.181331 307
Cytosol aminopeptidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=LAP3 PE=1 SV=3	0.59993 4361	0.133686 706	0.653414 56	0.193399 593
Tropomyosin alpha-1 chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=TPM1 PE=1 SV=2	0.45718 3219	0.000234 804	0.653578 539	0.281112 701
Carnitine O-palmitoyltransferase 1, muscle isoform OS=Homo sapiens GN=CPT1B PE=1 SV=2	0.60819 8881	0.492148 191	0.653701 997	0.319886 208
Coiled-coil domain-containing protein 22 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CCDC22 PE=1 SV=1	0.82826 1619	0.923392 713	0.653757 579	0.586597 383
Basic leucine zipper and W2 domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BZW2 PE=1 SV=1	0.65914 9699	0.001317 557	0.653757 986	0.328146 309
ADP-ribosylation factor-like protein 8A OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARL8A PE=1 SV=1	0.66092 7175	0.551815 212	0.654367 611	0.405366 212
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 subunit 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF2S3 PE=1 SV=3	0.57863 6067	0.758148 611	0.655260 329	0.151805 803
Ubiquitin thioesterase OTUB1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=OTUB1 PE=1 SV=2	0.78514 4437	0.765757 084	0.655931 685	0.656170 905
Very long-chain specific acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACADVL PE=1 SV=1	0.61591 6017	0.064739 019	0.656194 238	0.173149 601

Argininosuccinate synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ASS1 PE=1 SV=2	0.58260 5257	0.259006 411	0.656338 508	0.512557 328
Ras-related protein Rab-21 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB21 PE=1 SV=3	0.66567 9224	0.209095 299	0.657812 923	0.765247 285
Protein NipSnap homolog 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GBAS PE=1 SV=1	0.67353 4486	0.000830 362	0.658490 402	0.002073 576
39S ribosomal protein L1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL1 PE=1 SV=2	0.14794 6135	0.512018 085	0.658615 309	0.344909 698
Lambda-crystallin homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=CRYL1 PE=1 SV=3	0.45514 9337	0.702074 528	0.658644 371	0.522849 381
Telethonin OS=Homo sapiens GN=TCAP PE=1 SV=1	0.67785 214	0.321237 206	0.659172 333	0.252841 502
Voltage-dependent anion-selective channel protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=VDAC1 PE=1 SV=2	0.68106 7145	0.813463 39	0.659846 492	0.793914 02
Phosphofurin acidic cluster sorting protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PACS1 PE=1 SV=2	0.89732 3777	0.907399 178	0.660734 611	0.152288 198
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MT- CO2 PE=1 SV=1	0.64653 5697	0.828660 19	0.661608 009	0.826523 006
Isoamyl acetate-hydrolyzing esterase 1 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=IAH1 PE=1 SV=1	0.89133 7872	0.922755 897	0.662103 002	0.688745 975
Ezrin OS=Homo sapiens GN=EZR PE=1 SV=4	0.72531 9879	0.401592 195	0.662582 93	0.003139 65
Programmed cell death 6-interacting protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDCD6IP PE=1 SV=1	0.67808 0134	0.094371 483	0.663169 127	0.007647 162
Annexin A4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANXA4 PE=1 SV=4	0.67324 5179	0.003560 672	0.663319 576	0.060525 309
28S ribosomal protein S7, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS7 PE=1 SV=2	1.82392 8433	0.667626 977	0.663660 737	0.219557 196
Metaxin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MTX2 PE=1 SV=1	0.80087 7732	0.382254 601	0.664074 578	0.369100 809
Heat shock cognate 71 kDa protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA8 PE=1 SV=1	0.64373 263	0.057982 419	0.664323 383	0.068057 157
Ubiquinone biosynthesis protein COQ9, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COQ9 PE=1 SV=1	0.74525 9752	0.529437 184	0.664723 039	0.334591 508
Plakophilin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PKP2 PE=1 SV=2	0.69389 0779	0.032711 051	0.664727 885	0.169873 402
Src substrate cortactin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CTTN PE=1 SV=2	1.30664 6021	0.806311 488	0.665059 899	0.339074 701
Heat shock 70 kDa protein 12B OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA12B PE=1 SV=2	1.75488 7147	0.392292 291	0.665121 806	0.301385 403
Branched-chain-amino-acid aminotransferase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=BCAT2 PE=1 SV=2	0.63245 1042	0.430612 504	0.665479 869	0.457910 687
Enoyl-CoA delta isomerase 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ECI1 PE=1 SV=1	0.64339 6297	0.720844 626	0.665975 388	0.007821 073
Fat storage-inducing transmembrane protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FITM1 PE=2 SV=1	0.82008 4875	0.296888 113	0.666340 14	0.038897 268
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 9, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA9 PE=1 SV=2	0.74959 0896	0.355665 803	0.667342 446	0.039939 601
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFB9 PE=1 SV=3	0.57086 7817	0.462407 887	0.668147 721	0.644954 92
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit J OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF3J PE=1 SV=2	0.73013 0052	0.893717 229	0.668219 626	0.863976 777
ATP-citrate synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACLY PE=1 SV=3	1.82232 8862	0.538762 987	0.668730 376	0.463390 112
Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit beta-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP1B1 PE=1 SV=1	0.72183 0929	0.661115 587	0.669406 769	0.126217 797
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4 gamma 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF4G2 PE=1 SV=1	0.63979 2401	0.002827 191	0.669666 322	0.123845 898

[Protein ADP-ribosylarginine] hydrolase-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADPRHL1 PE=2 SV=1	0.75773 4214	0.105764 799	0.670460 606	0.011572 58
Nascent polypeptide-associated complex subunit alpha, muscle-specific form OS=Homo sapiens GN=NACA PE=1 SV=1	0.76702 2893	0.515270 829	0.670735 779	0.361903 995
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFS5 PE=1 SV=3	0.63695 7695	0.304315 686	0.670888 769	0.523906 41
Fibulin-5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FBLN5 PE=1 SV=1	0.81172 853	0.114373 103	0.671130 143	0.195684 597
Ribonuclease UK114 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HRSP12 PE=1 SV=1	0.60405 9536	0.803892 016	0.671195 011	0.165543 601
Proteasome subunit beta type-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMB2 PE=1 SV=1	0.62813 7925	0.167520 106	0.671209 887	0.301967 114
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFB7 PE=1 SV=4	0.70019 0402	0.556736 588	0.671256 293	0.501155 794
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFS2 PE=1 SV=2	0.70488 4052	0.172533 795	0.671595 291	0.116092 198
Protein phosphatase 1 regulatory subunit 7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPP1R7 PE=1 SV=1	0.52624 4346	0.394202 292	0.672080 039	0.522493 78
Probable D-lactate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=LDHD PE=1 SV=1	0.79062 7614	0.803986 073	0.673077 503	0.012974 91
Succinyl-CoA ligase [GDP-forming] subunit beta, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SUCLG2 PE=1 SV=2	0.70953 4872	0.540625 691	0.673262 848	0.625543 416
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit NDUFA4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA4 PE=1 SV=1	0.67076 0987	0.107169 703	0.673710 56	0.082083 292
Palladin OS=Homo sapiens GN=PALLD PE=1 SV=3	0.65519 7224	0.313081 592	0.673956 189	0.690886 319
Transportin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TNPO1 PE=1 SV=2	0.59989 9824	0.800768 077	0.674818 008	0.774688 482
Transcription elongation factor B polypeptide 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TCEB2 PE=1 SV=1	0.66426 5991	0.044863 79	0.675921 37	0.094675 288
Hydroxyacyl-coenzyme A dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HADH PE=1 SV=3	0.70426 0078	0.042671 859	0.675941 467	0.377436 191
Proliferation-associated protein 2G4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PA2G4 PE=1 SV=3	0.43439 9188	0.357692 689	0.676925 252	0.718991 28
Staphylococcal nuclease domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SND1 PE=1 SV=1	0.70976 3482	0.129179 001	0.677105 399	0.307882 488
Cytochrome c OS=Homo sapiens GN=CYCS PE=1 SV=2	0.74536 7558	0.714497 983	0.677202 15	0.074708 194
NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase 75 kDa subunit, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFS1 PE=1 SV=3	0.61935 2263	0.026437 029	0.677417 289	0.085890 457
Methionine-R-sulfoxide reductase B2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MSRB2 PE=1 SV=2	1.37957 502	0.424517 989	0.677476 922	0.159161 597
Cysteine desulfurase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NFS1 PE=1 SV=3	0.63899 7666	0.010424 19	0.677802 518	0.006213 28
Tripeptidyl-peptidase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TPP1 PE=1 SV=2	0.67384 8075	0.014871 02	0.678584 392	0.016066 991
Heme-binding protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HEBP2 PE=1 SV=1	0.87300 6348	0.110964 097	0.679604 079	0.662176 192
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] flavoprotein 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFV1 PE=1 SV=4	0.74223 127	0.397122 8	0.679658 096	0.001531 734
Glyoxylate reductase/hydroxypyruvate reductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GRHPR PE=1 SV=1	0.86441 1062	0.843997 121	0.679819 811	0.524618 506
Diablo homolog, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=DIABLO PE=1 SV=1	1.01564 2337	0.969223 022	0.680029 725	0.515544 713
Pterin-4-alpha-carbinolamine dehydratase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PCBD2 PE=1 SV=4	0.82327 2223	0.522310 019	0.680724 099	0.046812 94
Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP1A3 PE=1 SV=3	0.69073 889	0.009560 392	0.681514 614	0.022677 639

Glycogenin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GYG1 PE=1 SV=4	0.80102 8542	0.868975 222	0.681635 837	0.586608 171
ATP synthase subunit beta, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5B PE=1 SV=3	0.61966 4699	0.566092 789	0.682503 928	0.482587 01
Protein deglycase DJ-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PARK7 PE=1 SV=2	0.78267 2287	0.319232 702	0.682537 025	0.532561 481
Kelch-like protein 31 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KLHL31 PE=2 SV=1	0.38715 9602	0.014439 88	0.682555 185	0.323482 394
Golgi apparatus protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GLG1 PE=1 SV=2	0.98584 4265	0.965635 121	0.682847 881	0.348246 902
Glycerol kinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GK PE=1 SV=3	0.74854 5025	0.640592 515	0.683202 42	0.340440 899
Peroxisomal multifunctional enzyme type 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSD17B4 PE=1 SV=3	0.63446 3019	0.130343 795	0.683266 861	0.037636 202
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF4E PE=1 SV=2	0.62119 0955	0.266470 104	0.685120 623	0.461524 397
Dynamin-like 120 kDa protein, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=OPA1 PE=1 SV=3	0.74186 5059	0.094761 558	0.685306 558	0.074021 719
Fat storage-inducing transmembrane protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FITM2 PE=2 SV=1	0.70618 2284	0.576320 112	0.685458 762	0.660279 512
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 4 isoform 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COX4I1 PE=1 SV=1	0.71616 4125	0.619337 916	0.685776 043	0.605671 287
NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) complex I, assembly factor 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFAF6 PE=1 SV=2	0.64021 7554	0.013426 08	0.685882 803	0.194269 195
[Pyruvate dehydrogenase [acetyl-transferring]]-phosphatase 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDP1 PE=1 SV=3	0.79082 394	0.168093 204	0.686325 786	0.098602 757
Elongation factor Ts, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=TSFM PE=1 SV=2	0.77131 2704	0.037787 68	0.686697 156	0.067008 153
Thioredoxin reductase 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=TXNRD2 PE=1 SV=3	0.68774 9397	0.107458 398	0.686930 691	0.019454 98
Methionine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=MARS PE=1 SV=2	0.67995 9445	0.752073 526	0.688578 591	0.727342 188
Malonyl-CoA decarboxylase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MLYCD PE=1 SV=3	0.71772 0491	0.281195 402	0.688581 474	0.255551 487
ATP synthase F(0) complex subunit B1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5F1 PE=1 SV=2	0.74959 7661	0.184444 696	0.688763 128	0.044167 899
LIM and cysteine-rich domains protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LMCD1 PE=1 SV=1	0.71232 6836	0.036861 569	0.688962 42	0.037302 889
Oxygen-dependent coproporphyrinogen-III oxidase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=CPOX PE=1 SV=3	1.14572 0808	0.869714 022	0.689950 166	0.049263 66
Beta-enolase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ENO3 PE=1 SV=5	0.62602 9818	0.131317 198	0.690279 288	0.246421 203
EH domain-containing protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EHD4 PE=1 SV=1	0.86111 8739	0.723177 612	0.691592 134	0.281403 095
Frataxin, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=FXN PE=1 SV=2	0.83785 144	0.341267 407	0.691609 353	0.420099 199
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4 gamma 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF4G1 PE=1 SV=4	0.68828 949	0.002011 091	0.691812 692	0.371125 191
COP9 signalosome complex subunit 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=COPS4 PE=1 SV=1	0.50750 9114	0.066886 693	0.692299 306	0.046236 489
Calmequin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLGN PE=1 SV=1	0.58292 7238	0.600823 283	0.692577 834	0.064337 619
Cytosolic 5'-nucleotidase 1A OS=Homo sapiens GN=NT5C1A PE=2 SV=1	0.63908 4222	0.138662 502	0.692804 343	0.170383 2
Succinate dehydrogenase cytochrome b560 subunit, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SDHC PE=1 SV=1	0.70812 0988	0.184500 605	0.694214 479	0.256409 287
Far upstream element-binding protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KHSRP PE=1 SV=4	0.82148 8133	0.755454 719	0.694477 245	0.918422 52

ATP synthase subunit e, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5I PE=1 SV=2	0.89812 7997	0.962681 115	0.695753 837	0.058001 6
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 6B1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=COX6B1 PE=1 SV=2	0.70356 8338	0.012143 24	0.696620 39	0.012908 12
S-methyl-5'-thioadenosine phosphorylase OS=Homo sapiens GN=MTAP PE=1 SV=2	1.43489 1963	0.448179 394	0.696665 053	0.537604 69
Triokinase/FMN cyclase OS=Homo sapiens GN=TKFC PE=1 SV=2	0.58682 244	0.369804 114	0.697332 092	0.657527 983
Alpha-aminoacidic semialdehyde synthase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=AASS PE=1 SV=1	0.57723 3558	0.058223 169	0.697426 419	0.371760 398
Paraplegin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPG7 PE=1 SV=2	0.80480 3681	0.511740 088	0.697811 876	0.411814 511
Pyruvate kinase PKM OS=Homo sapiens GN=PKM PE=1 SV=4	0.80096 4372	0.721059 918	0.697986 238	0.578640 103
AP-2 complex subunit alpha-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AP2A1 PE=1 SV=3	0.77036 2621	0.334334 999	0.699018 628	0.310350 806
AFG3-like protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AFG3L2 PE=1 SV=2	0.74148 9379	0.321689 01	0.699274 318	0.248314 5
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex assembly factor 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFAF4 PE=1 SV=1	0.62318 8849	0.585072 875	0.700211 442	0.327619 314
LanC-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LANCL1 PE=1 SV=1	0.71703 6083	0.072432 421	0.700841 55	0.049638 972
Blood vessel epicardial substance OS=Homo sapiens GN=BVES PE=1 SV=1	0.41694 01	0.573943 675	0.701947 017	0.471725 196
Leukocyte surface antigen CD47 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CD47 PE=1 SV=1	0.81700 812	0.817499 876	0.701982 497	0.651224 375
KN motif and ankyrin repeat domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KANK2 PE=1 SV=1	1.28232 2664	0.653139 174	0.702331 55	0.222851 098
COP9 signalosome complex subunit 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GPS1 PE=1 SV=4	0.63690 1693	0.054987 941	0.702988 692	0.184400 201
Coatomer subunit delta OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARCN1 PE=1 SV=1	1.00683 9785	0.972081 304	0.703812 014	0.369325 012
Importin-5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=IPO5 PE=1 SV=4	0.72559 1472	0.178311 795	0.704006 225	0.732081 473
Adenosylhomocysteinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=AHCY PE=1 SV=4	0.78629 5823	0.300538 391	0.705909 103	0.439797 491
LYR motif-containing protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LYRM4 PE=1 SV=1	0.73411 2491	0.259410 203	0.705987 821	0.305396 587
Phosphorylase b kinase regulatory subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=PHKB PE=1 SV=3	0.81576 3834	0.158591 807	0.706262 549	0.736105 621
40S ribosomal protein S6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS6 PE=1 SV=1	0.78388 3375	0.277282 715	0.706490 125	0.199082 404
Alpha-1-syntrophin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SNTA1 PE=1 SV=1	0.77369 0811	0.133771 107	0.706528 029	0.093192 98
Propionyl-CoA carboxylase alpha chain, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PCCA PE=1 SV=4	0.51974 7003	0.012942 27	0.707739 108	0.019886 911
NHL repeat-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NHLRC2 PE=1 SV=1	0.72679 699	0.017505 92	0.709368 251	0.098031 603
Eukaryotic initiation factor 4A-II OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF4A2 PE=1 SV=2	0.61212 7358	0.084131 42	0.710130 958	0.453455 687
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit I OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF3I PE=1 SV=1	0.70046 9936	0.052387 118	0.710356 945	0.180125 907
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA8 PE=1 SV=3	0.69734 8149	0.098421 723	0.710803 808	0.023217 591
60 kDa heat shock protein, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.75456 889	0.496739 209	0.710805 313	0.155899 197
Cytochrome c-type heme lyase OS=Homo sapiens GN=HCCS PE=1 SV=1	0.70196 1291	0.288861 305	0.711728 569	0.181841 299

Phospholipid hydroperoxide glutathione peroxidase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=GPX4 PE=1 SV=3	0.66935 8375	0.202649 504	0.711902 887	0.041009 221
Vacuolar protein sorting-associated protein VTA1 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=VTA1 PE=1 SV=1	0.76591 0855	0.084251 873	0.711955 09	0.076761 022
Cytochrome b-c1 complex subunit 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=UQCRC2 PE=1 SV=3	0.64486 3834	0.601402 283	0.713305 968	0.648541 093
Proline synthase co-transcribed bacterial homolog protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=PROSC PE=1 SV=1	0.74995 1835	0.221109 301	0.713764 688	0.156660 095
Protein phosphatase 1 regulatory subunit 12C OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPP1R12C PE=1 SV=1	0.65492 3044	0.271123 201	0.713806 96	0.430452 913
Acyl-coenzyme A thioesterase 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACOT2 PE=1 SV=6	1.02080 8913	0.962696 016	0.713829 374	0.297081 202
GTP-binding protein SAR1a OS=Homo sapiens GN=SAR1A PE=1 SV=1	0.56338 7592	0.615031 779	0.713863 513	0.628890 216
Aspartate aminotransferase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=GOT1 PE=1 SV=3	0.58730 0786	0.106972 799	0.714033 773	0.443266 094
Aldehyde dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDH2 PE=1 SV=2	0.73333 243	0.207762 599	0.714167 875	0.624204 874
Cytoplasmic FMR1-interacting protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CYFIP1 PE=1 SV=1	1.25707 2091	0.852861 702	0.715179 148	0.870984 018
Mitochondrial import inner membrane translocase subunit Tim21 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TIMM21 PE=1 SV=1	0.58436 0965	0.673236 43	0.715508 739	0.476485 014
Proteasome subunit beta type-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMB1 PE=1 SV=2	0.83615 3252	0.928657 115	0.717102 895	0.574383 974
Dystroglycan OS=Homo sapiens GN=DAG1 PE=1 SV=2	0.57297 8221	0.046454 791	0.718250 459	0.202816 695
39S ribosomal protein L4, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL4 PE=1 SV=1	0.69413 6412	0.246569 693	0.718962 575	0.330825 09
3-mercaptopyruvate sulfurtransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=MPST PE=1 SV=3	0.57424 6631	0.534824 073	0.719238 184	0.159178 406
ATP synthase-coupling factor 6, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5J PE=1 SV=1	0.70531 2134	0.455240 19	0.719834 076	0.859903 514
Cytochrome b-c1 complex subunit 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=UQCRC1 PE=1 SV=3	0.80646 719	0.805866 48	0.719841 859	0.574172 02
Perilipin-4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLIN4 PE=1 SV=2	0.75205 3856	0.326443 404	0.720423 717	0.154437 304
Laminin subunit beta-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LAMB2 PE=1 SV=2	0.88578 2001	0.555999 815	0.720438 752	0.033599 09
Caveolin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAV1 PE=1 SV=4	0.82404 8366	0.700827 599	0.722373 208	0.681156 814
D-dopachrome decarboxylase OS=Homo sapiens GN=DDT PE=1 SV=3	0.72832 5213	0.047443 628	0.722426 958	0.068383 88
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA2 PE=1 SV=3	0.67164 2181	0.017333 699	0.723002 037	0.063438 378
Leucine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=LARS PE=1 SV=2	0.76561 4744	0.671321 69	0.723961 956	0.622181 296
Protein FAM210A OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAM210A PE=1 SV=2	0.90105 756	0.765452 623	0.724183 203	0.067956 388
Leucine-rich repeat-containing protein 47 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LRRC47 PE=1 SV=1	1.23739 0681	0.609437 525	0.724315 954	0.223225 206
Hsp90 co-chaperone Cdc37 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CDC37 PE=1 SV=1	0.75735 7746	0.142528 296	0.724477 534	0.120424 703
Asparagine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=NARS PE=1 SV=1	0.99205 761	0.989171 982	0.726168 962	0.473747 492
ATP-dependent 6-phosphofructokinase, muscle type OS=Homo sapiens GN=PFKM PE=1 SV=2	0.66456 2214	0.195819 095	0.726345 647	0.338063 508
Galectin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LGALS1 PE=1 SV=2	0.77418 9785	0.211867 094	0.726840 883	0.126939 401

Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP1A2 PE=1 SV=1	0.96558 0939	0.865928 113	0.727847 593	0.473238 409
Transport and Golgi organization protein 2 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=TANGO2 PE=2 SV=1	0.67460 9074	0.014124 03	0.728033 056	0.107071 199
Phosphate carrier protein, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC25A3 PE=1 SV=2	0.75289 0155	0.372868 299	0.728715 838	0.421400 1
Echinoderm microtubule-associated protein-like 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EML2 PE=1 SV=1	0.69533 1455	0.183131 695	0.730285 781	0.448796 69
T-complex protein 1 subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=CCT2 PE=1 SV=4	0.86257 6832	0.440978 587	0.730917 768	0.004537 328
Acyl-CoA synthetase family member 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACSF2 PE=1 SV=2	0.57634 0637	0.003235 854	0.731360 912	0.250505
Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type II subunit delta OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAMK2D PE=1 SV=3	0.53892 7251	0.339556 187	0.732943 309	0.833137 214
Carbonyl reductase family member 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CBR4 PE=1 SV=3	0.42665 2084	0.054453 209	0.733944 402	0.065419 637
Protein FAM136A OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAM136A PE=1 SV=1	0.80105 3555	0.050695 881	0.734344 872	0.008873 369
FUN14 domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FUNDC2 PE=1 SV=2	0.70831 4595	0.053122 211	0.734402 026	0.294856 697
Hsc70-interacting protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=ST13 PE=1 SV=2	0.71373 3108	0.002253 971	0.734692 305	0.009456 47
Leucyl-cystinyl aminopeptidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=LNPEP PE=1 SV=3	1.55628 8458	0.156851 605	0.735089 791	0.537060 38
Mitochondrial amidoxime reducing component 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MARC2 PE=1 SV=1	0.77283 8163	0.469125 092	0.735334 136	0.458590 09
Clathrin light chain B OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLTB PE=1 SV=1	1.30942 0911	0.519632 399	0.735712 831	0.488766 402
Transmembrane protein 126A OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMEM126A PE=1 SV=1	0.69250 831	0.052392 941	0.736084 294	0.211745 203
NSFL1 cofactor p47 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NSFL1C PE=1 SV=2	1.30631 476	0.569412 112	0.736088 686	0.876892 09
Xaa-Pro aminopeptidase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=XPNPEP1 PE=1 SV=3	1.08280 7469	0.880825 52	0.736159 097	0.701943 219
Uncharacterized protein C6orf136 OS=Homo sapiens GN=C6orf136 PE=2 SV=1	0.74712 6182	0.573371 112	0.738375 175	0.521520 495
cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRKACA PE=1 SV=2	0.76204 4089	0.057082 061	0.738475 537	0.506708 503
Liprin-beta-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPFIBP1 PE=1 SV=2	1.65211 8065	0.899541 974	0.739148 031	0.822506 487
Fructosamine-3-kinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=FN3K PE=1 SV=1	0.66909 6392	0.796909 511	0.739352 917	0.879606 485
COP9 signalosome complex subunit 7a OS=Homo sapiens GN=COPS7A PE=1 SV=1	0.67142 8007	0.051897 619	0.739740 722	0.219677 597
Alpha-crystallin B chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=CRYAB PE=1 SV=2	0.74486 0123	0.294842 899	0.740006 186	0.225643 203
Cytochrome b-c1 complex subunit 6, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=UQCRH PE=1 SV=2	0.67617 9133	0.766197 979	0.740253 288	0.838372 529
Mitochondrial inner membrane protein OXA1L OS=Homo sapiens GN=OXA1L PE=1 SV=3	0.54492 3504	0.191961 795	0.740349 196	0.598315 775
Protein SET OS=Homo sapiens GN=SET PE=1 SV=3	0.35171 1661	0.735942 781	0.740802 218	0.801205 575
Obg-like ATPase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=OLA1 PE=1 SV=2	0.65438 6447	0.108626 097	0.742282 498	0.075307 287
Pyruvate dehydrogenase E1 component subunit alpha, somatic form, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDHA1 PE=1 SV=3	0.69635 0221	0.057010 01	0.742948 128	0.521669 686
Catenin delta-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CTNND1 PE=1 SV=1	0.75715 7043	0.190084 904	0.743107 662	0.250914 693

NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 3, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFS3 PE=1 SV=1	0.59197 8691	0.275953 412	0.743779 192	0.529376 686
Ketimine reductase mu-crystallin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CRYM PE=1 SV=1	0.76799 3086	0.744867 682	0.743798 053	0.589460 373
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD6 PE=1 SV=1	0.86399 7334	0.308370 113	0.744487 416	0.128547 102
Alcohol dehydrogenase class-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADH5 PE=1 SV=4	0.75553 408	0.042837 661	0.745598 704	0.054071 4
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit B OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF3B PE=1 SV=3	1.16783 8028	0.946822 226	0.746063 749	0.794107 08
40S ribosomal protein S3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS3 PE=1 SV=2	0.90331 8734	0.681861 52	0.747036 893	0.450140 297
Mitochondrial ribonuclease P protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TRMT10C PE=1 SV=2	0.58345 4396	0.110326	0.747269 675	0.802271 605
A-kinase anchor protein SPHKAP OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPHKAP PE=1 SV=1	0.70910 8184	0.658676 684	0.747343 972	0.746963 024
Probable histidine--tRNA ligase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HARS2 PE=1 SV=1	0.54667 5133	0.073878 497	0.747648 438	0.398281 097
Mitochondrial intermediate peptidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=MIPEP PE=1 SV=2	0.41537 2625	0.409466 207	0.748142 933	0.747623 384
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 7, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFS7 PE=1 SV=3	0.84187 488	0.705552 876	0.749114 153	0.101353 802
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFB3 PE=1 SV=3	0.80062 3884	0.801116 884	0.749367 912	0.864470 005
Mitochondrial import inner membrane translocase subunit Tim10 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TIMM10 PE=1 SV=1	0.79819 7354	0.493908 405	0.749748 806	0.345759 511
Ras-related protein Rab-10 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB10 PE=1 SV=1	0.41443 8202	0.472351 998	0.751427 681	0.305982 888
Filamin-C OS=Homo sapiens GN=FLNC PE=1 SV=3	0.71403 6812	0.006981 411	0.752710 522	0.031984 281
Fatty acid-binding protein, epidermal OS=Homo sapiens GN=FABP5 PE=1 SV=3	0.73414 5386	0.475922 287	0.754306 51	0.537232 28
Collagen alpha-1(XV) chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=COL15A1 PE=1 SV=2	0.87004 0349	0.769000 411	0.754492 064	0.655787 528
Haloacid dehalogenase-like hydrolase domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HDHD2 PE=1 SV=1	0.68263 6724	0.268081 695	0.755560 347	0.250020 713
Glycogen [starch] synthase, muscle OS=Homo sapiens GN=GYS1 PE=1 SV=2	0.76178 9837	0.124346 003	0.756967 923	0.146826 997
Talin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TLN2 PE=1 SV=4	0.81063 294	0.318852 991	0.756973 592	0.088912 033
[Pyruvate dehydrogenase (acetyl-transferring)] kinase isozyme 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PK2 PE=1 SV=2	0.94824 7503	0.941003 084	0.757153 011	0.599407 315
Succinate dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] cytochrome b small subunit, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SDHD PE=1 SV=1	0.72911 7022	0.512216 508	0.757455 812	0.623633 981
Quinone oxidoreductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=CRYZ PE=1 SV=1	0.60979 8123	0.207615 301	0.758236 319	0.464375 108
Hydroxyacylglutathione hydrolase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HAGH PE=1 SV=2	0.71181 9281	0.373406 589	0.758335 229	0.565786 004
UMP-CMP kinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=CMPK1 PE=1 SV=3	0.83285 9299	0.303308 189	0.758365 737	0.537485 778
Adenine phosphoribosyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=APRT PE=1 SV=2	0.81883 5203	0.353443 086	0.759205 148	0.630931 616
Ubiquitin-40S ribosomal protein S27a OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS27A PE=1 SV=2	0.70068 8819	0.125013 396	0.759309 535	0.319185 108
Platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase IB subunit alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=PAFAH1B1 PE=1 SV=2	0.82780 9052	0.584758 818	0.759941 347	0.477732 211

N-acetylglucosamine-6-sulfatase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GNS PE=1 SV=3	0.76485 8729	0.864655 972	0.760193 264	0.869065 821
Prostaglandin E synthase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTGES2 PE=1 SV=1	1.03386 4623	0.952640 414	0.761468 493	0.871450 484
Adenylate kinase isoenzyme 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AK1 PE=1 SV=3	0.70602 3234	0.482225 686	0.761536 929	0.559531 212
Bifunctional purine biosynthesis protein PURH OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATIC PE=1 SV=3	0.75969 2555	0.286100 894	0.762522 881	0.463163 108
3-hydroxyisobutyrate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HIBADH PE=1 SV=2	0.70237 8889	0.800073 326	0.762617 713	0.889733 911
Methylcrotonoyl-CoA carboxylase beta chain, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MCCC2 PE=1 SV=1	0.75109 9819	0.302344 799	0.763505 62	0.522423 387
Dual specificity mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAP2K3 PE=1 SV=2	0.62922 7636	0.308385 402	0.763598 959	0.295706 391
Pterin-4-alpha-carbinolamine dehydratase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PCBD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.69474 1647	0.152361 602	0.764664 557	0.474017 888
Pyruvate dehydrogenase E1 component subunit beta, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDHB PE=1 SV=3	0.55973 773	0.414141 208	0.764731 826	0.785004 675
Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase B OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPIB PE=1 SV=2	0.85416 2785	0.146323 8	0.765474 038	0.090765 67
Ubiquitin-protein ligase E3A OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBE3A PE=1 SV=4	0.59951 7134	0.043248 769	0.766458 522	0.317832 589
Succinyl-CoA ligase [ADP/GDP-forming] subunit alpha, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SUCLG1 PE=1 SV=4	0.69151 7049	0.173244 298	0.766992 316	0.383020 312
ATP-binding cassette sub-family B member 7, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABCB7 PE=1 SV=2	1.02132 2954	0.964559 376	0.767321 92	0.621255 815
NADH-cytochrome b5 reductase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CYB5R1 PE=1 SV=1	0.73761 1652	0.053623 632	0.767483 246	0.002055 767
Biliverdin reductase A OS=Homo sapiens GN=BLVRA PE=1 SV=2	0.92831 5511	0.918749 213	0.767525 66	0.626864 672
Isoleucine--tRNA ligase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=IARS2 PE=1 SV=2	0.61336 6352	0.172358 304	0.768615 282	0.456092 894
Sarcalumenin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SRL PE=2 SV=2	0.79424 9625	0.667828 619	0.769130 223	0.650058 627
Amine oxidase [flavin-containing] B OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAOB PE=1 SV=3	0.83950 1592	0.425984 591	0.769514 889	0.064871 646
MICOS complex subunit MIC27 OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOOL PE=1 SV=1	0.91162 527	0.493307 889	0.771406 118	0.088077 463
Proteasome subunit beta type-6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMB6 PE=1 SV=4	0.82721 8771	0.153135 598	0.771782 412	0.217224 598
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 10, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA10 PE=1 SV=1	0.68456 3422	0.499897 689	0.771850 301	0.394543 886
Carboxymethylenebutenolidase homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=CMBL PE=1 SV=1	0.70571 0812	0.615983 486	0.772357	0.806819 081
Echinoderm microtubule-associated protein-like 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EML1 PE=1 SV=3	0.67249 9005	0.234104 604	0.772531 835	0.398884 594
Calcium/calmodulin-dependent 3',5'-cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase 1C OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDE1C PE=1 SV=1	0.56450 2297	0.530481 815	0.772735 433	0.288026 214
Enoyl-CoA hydratase domain-containing protein 3, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ECHDC3 PE=1 SV=2	0.62221 9473	0.105349 898	0.772906 237	0.799958 527
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 beta subcomplex subunit 10 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFB10 PE=1 SV=3	0.69636 7216	0.077700 108	0.773580 65	0.928744 793
Glutamate dehydrogenase 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=GLUD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.79413 1051	0.257537 901	0.773708 723	0.222347 9
NLR family member X1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NLRX1 PE=1 SV=1	0.78046 5875	0.383252 8	0.773968 638	0.497060 806

Glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase 1-like protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=GPD1L PE=1 SV=1	0.71404 9028	0.300564 289	0.774003 987	0.585251 391
5'-AMP-activated protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRKAA2 PE=1 SV=2	0.43684 8921	0.108771 697	0.774170 566	0.905504 584
Serine-threonine kinase receptor-associated protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=STRAP PE=1 SV=1	0.77511 6892	0.547640 085	0.774694 125	0.133344 501
Ubiquinone biosynthesis monooxygenase COQ6, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COQ6 PE=1 SV=2	0.75344 27	0.755834 401	0.776627 251	0.384624 988
X-ray repair cross-complementing protein 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=XRCC6 PE=1 SV=2	0.93138 7436	0.853608 787	0.776872 799	0.636620 7
Acyl-coenzyme A thioesterase 13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACOT13 PE=1 SV=1	0.77688 5462	0.719931 781	0.777001 388	0.717472 315
ADP/ATP translocase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC25A4 PE=1 SV=4	0.76907 5786	0.841255 188	0.777067 175	0.859206 915
LETM1 and EF-hand domain-containing protein 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=LETM1 PE=1 SV=1	0.65735 3733	0.192811 996	0.777184 38	0.195727 9
tRNA-splicing ligase RtcB homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=RTCB PE=1 SV=1	0.50447 9517	0.057887 461	0.777198 277	0.312558 889
Striatin OS=Homo sapiens GN=STRN PE=1 SV=4	0.80852 5723	0.875121 415	0.777250 198	0.832328 975
39S ribosomal protein L15, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL15 PE=1 SV=1	0.76661 3671	0.226651 505	0.777293 122	0.238164 902
Optic atrophy 3 protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=OPA3 PE=1 SV=1	0.73960 2844	0.214743 093	0.777386 765	0.322175 413
Acyl-coenzyme A thioesterase 11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACOT11 PE=1 SV=1	0.65573 6844	0.038403 22	0.777941 305	0.416736 99
Polymerase delta-interacting protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=POLDIP2 PE=1 SV=1	0.71697 8474	0.097151 779	0.778522 142	0.314323 604
Mitochondrial import inner membrane translocase subunit Tim9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TIMM9 PE=1 SV=1	0.75565 4	0.375616 491	0.779020 641	0.526339 889
Dynein light chain 2, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=DYNLL2 PE=1 SV=1	0.59379 11	0.088804 439	0.779542 308	0.581035 376
Xin actin-binding repeat-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=XIRP1 PE=1 SV=1	0.70526 1908	0.430040 807	0.780444 527	0.536543 012
NEDD8-activating enzyme E1 regulatory subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=NAE1 PE=1 SV=1	0.68383 1763	0.391216 308	0.780548 736	0.280910 79
Hydroxyacid-oxoacid transhydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADHFE1 PE=1 SV=1	0.75258 4174	0.073043 309	0.780679 708	0.243114 099
Medium-chain specific acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACADM PE=1 SV=1	0.97623 6509	0.964540 482	0.781243 906	0.658620 715
Elongation factor 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EEF2 PE=1 SV=4	0.79614 1594	0.320439 309	0.781422 132	0.320053 101
Dihydrolipoyllysine-residue acetyltransferase component of pyruvate dehydrogenase complex, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=DLAT PE=1 SV=3	0.79138 2145	0.079467 423	0.782212 501	0.098183 326
40S ribosomal protein S12 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS12 PE=1 SV=3	0.91300 1845	0.667454 72	0.782702 301	0.504752 576
Glutaredoxin-related protein 5, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=GLRX5 PE=1 SV=2	1.00256 1857	0.998969 018	0.782940 672	0.814068 377
V-type proton ATPase subunit B, brain isoform OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP6V1B2 PE=1 SV=3	0.87766 4176	0.663594 902	0.783206 17	0.200768 605
GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran OS=Homo sapiens GN=GAN PE=1 SV=3	0.71515 4089	0.618576 229	0.783439 36	0.639925 003
Serpin B6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINB6 PE=1 SV=3	0.76647 1478	0.727195 978	0.783571 304	0.754979 491
Ubiquinone biosynthesis O-methyltransferase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COQ3 PE=1 SV=3	0.73632 3355	0.434681 088	0.783755 573	0.384770 006
Pyruvate dehydrogenase phosphatase regulatory subunit, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDPR PE=1 SV=2	0.50921 3715	0.306215 793	0.783928 866	0.632085 919

Adenylate kinase 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=AK2 PE=1 SV=2	0.82486 4013	0.255353 6	0.784233 157	0.359827 101
Protein S100-A13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=S100A13 PE=1 SV=1	0.72321 2223	0.696480 572	0.784634 329	0.252806 097
Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase A OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPIA PE=1 SV=2	0.96638 8076	0.984391 272	0.784993 45	0.854206 026
Protein unc-45 homolog B OS=Homo sapiens GN=UNC45B PE=1 SV=1	0.83112 395	0.569212 914	0.786174 012	0.528316 975
ATPase family AAA domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATAD1 PE=1 SV=1	0.59150 7379	0.348171 204	0.786675 574	0.248907 104
Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase A OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDOA PE=1 SV=2	0.75422 1193	0.059328 88	0.787223 652	0.477847 993
Calcium-binding mitochondrial carrier protein SCaMC-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC25A24 PE=1 SV=2	0.72616 3682	0.422848 791	0.787606 814	0.534849 882
Dihydrolipoyllysine-residue succinyltransferase component of 2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase complex, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=DLST PE=1 SV=4	0.80172 7278	0.357004 493	0.787660 208	0.221358 597
L-xylulose reductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=DCXR PE=1 SV=2	0.52677 4375	0.000408 872	0.787895 393	0.553910 077
Voltage-dependent anion-selective channel protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=VDAC3 PE=1 SV=1	0.78805 6825	0.825981 379	0.787910 933	0.765116 394
GTP:AMP phosphotransferase AK3, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=AK3 PE=1 SV=4	0.66084 3296	0.264845 401	0.788370 554	0.168212 697
Mitochondrial chaperone BCS1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BCS1L PE=1 SV=1	0.63202 6138	0.078356 333	0.789360 701	0.264272 6
Alpha-1-antichymotrypsin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINA3 PE=1 SV=2	0.75953 0429	0.678415 418	0.789510 846	0.754622 281
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 6C OS=Homo sapiens GN=COX6C PE=1 SV=2	0.73067 9531	0.721307 814	0.789699 183	0.084521 51
Stress-induced-phosphoprotein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=STIP1 PE=1 SV=1	0.76319 7409	0.004693 672	0.790083 494	0.003316 286
Oxysterol-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=OSBP PE=1 SV=1	0.93411 4096	0.683575 571	0.790217 09	0.411634 505
Microtubule-associated protein RP/EB family member 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAPRE1 PE=1 SV=3	0.79594 6395	0.453228 503	0.790745 144	0.366821 885
Acylphosphatase-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACYP2 PE=1 SV=2	0.99933 9421	0.998321 772	0.790813 875	0.456549 704
Iron-sulfur cluster assembly enzyme ISCU, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ISCU PE=1 SV=2	0.86480 6553	0.382851 601	0.790993 437	0.321166 694
Ras-related protein Rab-7a OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB7A PE=1 SV=1	0.85847 7439	0.596358 12	0.791045 352	0.761627 197
Mitochondrial peptide methionine sulfoxide reductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=MSRA PE=1 SV=1	0.84594 4229	0.343737 692	0.791248 154	0.260024 697
Methylglutaconyl-CoA hydratase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=AUH PE=1 SV=1	0.66539 8419	0.633242 428	0.791659 077	0.511710 584
Inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor heavy chain H3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITIH3 PE=1 SV=2	0.47417 4779	0.477279 097	0.792055 994	0.452260 107
Ankyrin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANK2 PE=1 SV=4	0.91195 9457	0.749553 382	0.792428 829	0.918113 112
Myosin regulatory light chain 2, ventricular/cardiac muscle isoform OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYL2 PE=1 SV=3	0.79194 9961	0.757874 489	0.795839 318	0.761876 285
Serum amyloid P-component OS=Homo sapiens GN=APCS PE=1 SV=2	2.02870 6609	0.368925 512	0.796040 81	0.764709 473
Lon protease homolog, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=LONP1 PE=1 SV=2	0.79040 8893	0.612102 687	0.796404 704	0.763556 719
Cullin-5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CUL5 PE=1 SV=4	0.93480 5705	0.854576 409	0.797371 867	0.264187 813
cAMP-dependent protein kinase type I-alpha regulatory subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRKAR1A PE=1 SV=1	0.86805 6312	0.374899 894	0.798083 976	0.567614 913

Cytoplasmic aconitate hydratase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACO1 PE=1 SV=3	0.76610 5661	0.145306 602	0.798254 093	0.062732 741
ATP synthase subunit d, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5H PE=1 SV=3	0.78099 1879	0.698700 07	0.798313 347	0.786610 782
Aspartate aminotransferase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=GOT2 PE=1 SV=3	0.76437 519	0.418086 201	0.798503 248	0.556122 422
Protein NipSnap homolog 3A OS=Homo sapiens GN=NIPSNAP3A PE=1 SV=2	0.88573 5705	0.748248 577	0.799677 559	0.129090 905
Delta-1-pyrroline-5-carboxylate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDH4A1 PE=1 SV=3	0.83982 3742	0.672167 182	0.799872 686	0.069729 909
Elongation factor Tu, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=TUFM PE=1 SV=2	0.80012 8652	0.317986 995	0.800630 914	0.101579 599
Regucalcin OS=Homo sapiens GN=RGN PE=1 SV=1	0.60657 2695	0.690792 68	0.800946 4	0.769640 803
Cytochrome c oxidase assembly factor 3 homolog, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COA3 PE=1 SV=1	1.14575 3592	0.851140 082	0.800976 532	0.157577 902
Geranylgeranyl transferase type-2 subunit alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=RABGGTA PE=1 SV=2	1.13083 0566	0.862817 585	0.801393 108	0.815584 719
SUMO-conjugating enzyme UBC9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBE2I PE=1 SV=1	0.80644 3776	0.478092 313	0.801560 12	0.403674 394
Mitochondrial-processing peptidase subunit alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=PMPCA PE=1 SV=2	0.83742 6958	0.360587 09	0.802070 623	0.130341 202
Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM40 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=TOMM40 PE=1 SV=1	0.39408 5723	0.582869 291	0.803023 238	0.840082 884
Protein phosphatase 1K, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPM1K PE=1 SV=1	1.08448 4852	0.665804 982	0.804102 196	0.570029 676
Adenylate kinase 4, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=AK4 PE=1 SV=1	0.87620 455	0.363191 187	0.805741 365	0.134360 701
10 kDa heat shock protein, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPE1 PE=1 SV=2	0.89175 204	0.653904 915	0.805899 82	0.396244 496
Transcription factor A, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=TFAM PE=1 SV=1	0.53299 1383	0.019731 849	0.806038 199	0.473956 496
Nucleoside diphosphate-linked moiety X motif 19, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NUDT19 PE=1 SV=1	0.89275 4325	0.711169 302	0.806505 571	0.136898 905
Glutathione peroxidase 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GPX3 PE=1 SV=2	0.73807 1654	0.569610 476	0.806788 613	0.357403 904
Heme-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HEBP1 PE=1 SV=1	0.97745 7876	0.947964 728	0.807975 687	0.911130 786
Proteasome activator complex subunit 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSME1 PE=1 SV=1	0.80976 7709	0.576011 777	0.808015 534	0.464194 596
Carnitine O-palmitoyltransferase 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=CPT2 PE=1 SV=2	0.83136 2987	0.407519 788	0.808040 986	0.004828 779
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA11 PE=1 SV=3	0.93450 1725	0.809519 827	0.808487 852	0.464362 502
Mitochondrial pyruvate carrier 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MPC2 PE=1 SV=1	0.81025 8512	0.782819 688	0.809737 615	0.931422 114
Lanosterol synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=LSS PE=1 SV=1	0.62559 9779	0.802903 116	0.810200 758	0.089955 412
Retinol dehydrogenase 14 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RDH14 PE=1 SV=1	0.79294 9725	0.527022 123	0.810327 468	0.177407 801
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 12 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA12 PE=1 SV=1	0.80523 8548	0.717513 919	0.810630 903	0.724013 09
Electron transfer flavoprotein-ubiquinone oxidoreductase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ETFDH PE=1 SV=2	0.73525 5763	0.253466 994	0.810934 644	0.461329 907
Mitogen-activated protein kinase 14 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAPK14 PE=1 SV=3	0.92278 0792	0.507871 389	0.810945 149	0.189116 105
Immunity-related GTPase family Q protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=IRGQ PE=1 SV=1	1.22700 9034	0.425109 595	0.811667 896	0.661876 321

Prefoldin subunit 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PFDN5 PE=1 SV=2	0.58109 6704	0.694149 196	0.812255 297	0.286397 398
Tubulin-specific chaperone A OS=Homo sapiens GN=TBCA PE=1 SV=3	0.87945 9555	0.824452 4	0.812644 719	0.606898 189
Glucose-6-phosphate isomerase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GPI PE=1 SV=4	0.90279 2697	0.618182 778	0.813624 606	0.417036 593
Poly(U)-binding-splicing factor PUF60 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PUF60 PE=1 SV=1	0.84464 3142	0.648375 511	0.815519 649	0.715041 995
ATP synthase protein 8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MT-ATP8 PE=1 SV=1	0.88298 8132	0.788105 19	0.816509 823	0.791605 473
Aconitate hydratase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACO2 PE=1 SV=2	0.76919 9409	0.483716 1	0.818675 616	0.660074 115
Catenin alpha-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CTNNA3 PE=1 SV=2	0.83511 2149	0.560660 422	0.819082 657	0.532875 478
Dysferlin OS=Homo sapiens GN=DYSF PE=1 SV=1	0.82836 7946	0.536266 208	0.819856 926	0.330391 109
28S ribosomal protein S28, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS28 PE=1 SV=1	1.88028 5932	0.449968 487	0.819873 754	0.730805 099
AP-2 complex subunit alpha-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AP2A2 PE=1 SV=2	1.01848 1897	0.959393 322	0.821452 416	0.58642
Dehydrogenase/reductase SDR family member 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DHRS4 PE=1 SV=3	1.49251 8422	0.374526 411	0.821506 395	0.617826 223
Transmembrane protein 120A OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMEM120A PE=1 SV=1	0.94440 3884	0.689582 586	0.821889 924	0.457793 087
Myosin-binding protein C, cardiac-type OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYBPC3 PE=1 SV=4	0.91090 0258	0.876304 924	0.822107 483	0.608911 812
Arginine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=RARS PE=1 SV=2	0.76704 176	0.279381 514	0.822269 055	0.359056 085
Protein disulfide-isomerase A4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDIA4 PE=1 SV=2	0.57405 2818	0.387273 788	0.823031 759	0.490031 898
Apoptosis inhibitor 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=API5 PE=1 SV=3	1.36427 4378	0.295057 386	0.823828 403	0.945263 028
DnaJ homolog subfamily C member 11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DNAJC11 PE=1 SV=2	1.44364 6454	0.682559 788	0.824439 701	0.614285 171
ATP synthase subunit s, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP5S PE=1 SV=3	0.74146 9586	0.874774 516	0.824590 6	0.210344 195
Protein FAM162A OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAM162A PE=1 SV=2	0.77949 9787	0.096456 103	0.824620 511	0.221069 202
Ras-related protein Rab-4A OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB4A PE=1 SV=3	1.59606 4999	0.374659 806	0.825724 27	0.668604 91
Muscular LMNA-interacting protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=MLIP PE=1 SV=3	1.00614 1058	0.988249 123	0.826074 895	0.722241 223
Polyribonucleotide nucleotidyltransferase 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PNPT1 PE=1 SV=2	0.81436 6765	0.496452 987	0.827905 05	0.714442 372
Succinate dehydrogenase assembly factor 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SDHAF2 PE=1 SV=1	0.84826 1317	0.300000 697	0.829436 33	0.281803 906
CDGSH iron-sulfur domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CISD1 PE=1 SV=1	0.88417 9509	0.374809 414	0.829612 528	0.477852 494
Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UCHL5 PE=1 SV=3	1.12640 5177	0.882022 023	0.829951 93	0.780924 916
Lipopolysaccharide-binding protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=LBP PE=1 SV=3	0.45274 5594	0.643024 325	0.830648 264	0.703730 583
Protein farnesyltransferase/geranylgeranyltransferase type-1 subunit alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=FNTA PE=1 SV=1	0.95425 8519	0.742298 782	0.831186 126	0.356206 805
Gamma-sarcoglycan OS=Homo sapiens GN=SGCG PE=1 SV=4	0.65030 9231	0.410885 215	0.832721 974	0.315500 11
3-hydroxyisobutyryl-CoA hydrolase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HIBCH PE=1 SV=2	0.93194 8163	0.915400 028	0.833822 511	0.060962 819

Cytochrome b-c1 complex subunit 8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UQCRCQ PE=1 SV=4	0.82203 5783	0.250050 992	0.834590 119	0.499463 111
Aldose reductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=AKR1B1 PE=1 SV=3	0.85143 7727	0.016695 021	0.834601 91	0.008737 793
Cullin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CUL1 PE=1 SV=2	1.25492 6648	0.534368 277	0.834687 612	0.961304 128
Cytochrome c1, heme protein, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=CYC1 PE=1 SV=3	0.80876 4412	0.292881 399	0.835116 306	0.471801 609
Prosaposin OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSAP PE=1 SV=2	0.85359 5567	0.453870 386	0.835257 915	0.622175 872
Stress-70 protein, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA9 PE=1 SV=2	0.78453 585	0.745899 022	0.835446 331	0.605234 981
39S ribosomal protein L37, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL37 PE=1 SV=2	1.05667 7214	0.799319 804	0.835673 957	0.714139 521
Laminin subunit alpha-5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LAMA5 PE=1 SV=8	1.72321 6586	0.798627 198	0.836142 751	0.796547 413
Serine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=SARS PE=1 SV=3	0.80288 1358	0.797255 814	0.837145 155	0.833395 779
Cold shock domain-containing protein E1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CSDE1 PE=1 SV=2	0.91909 4838	0.728883 684	0.837347 713	0.343545 407
Endoplasmic reticulum resident protein 44 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ERP44 PE=1 SV=1	0.68522 438	0.129159 197	0.837836 712	0.574794 173
14-3-3 protein beta/alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=YWHAB PE=1 SV=3	0.88262 6543	0.950185 12	0.838063 466	0.961906 791
60S ribosomal protein L10 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL10 PE=1 SV=4	0.86157 3603	0.651161 194	0.838137 99	0.675174 773
Prostaglandin F2 receptor negative regulator OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTGFRN PE=1 SV=2	1.14011 4124	0.871913 016	0.838476 023	0.710506 201
Trifunctional enzyme subunit beta, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HADHB PE=1 SV=3	0.67393 3015	0.091109 321	0.838506 95	0.647033 989
Coatomer subunit alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=COPA PE=1 SV=2	0.96625 2607	0.882701 278	0.839777 921	0.493514 299
Prolyl endopeptidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PREP PE=1 SV=2	0.63425 7366	0.579787 076	0.840913 47	0.530305 624
Junction plakoglobin OS=Homo sapiens GN=JUP PE=1 SV=3	0.82740 4312	0.146892 905	0.841491 555	0.561025 679
Laminin subunit alpha-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LAMA2 PE=1 SV=4	1.05225 1977	0.874190 807	0.842277 583	0.697295 01
Proteasome subunit alpha type-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMA2 PE=1 SV=2	0.90696 5276	0.183968 693	0.843317 48	0.855542 123
Calcyclin-binding protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=CACYBP PE=1 SV=2	0.81773 7735	0.730710 328	0.843917 469	0.759485 424
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 6, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFS6 PE=1 SV=1	0.94039 0534	0.831673 622	0.844395 645	0.459654 897
Four and a half LIM domains protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FHL1 PE=1 SV=4	0.83943 4638	0.791749 179	0.844698 001	0.793378 711
Lysophospholipase-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LYPLAL1 PE=1 SV=3	0.74112 4489	0.456476 51	0.844928 57	0.510286 689
Methylmalonyl-CoA epimerase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MCEE PE=1 SV=1	0.86309 5752	0.808865 726	0.845726 066	0.740049 601
Calpain-1 catalytic subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAPN1 PE=1 SV=1	1.07057 5456	0.693020 105	0.846298 665	0.737436 473
Ras-related protein Rab-14 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB14 PE=1 SV=4	1.21465 4494	0.701956 928	0.846944 461	0.624873 877
Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(s) subunit alpha isoforms short OS=Homo sapiens GN=GNAS PE=1 SV=1	0.84794 4833	0.149258 301	0.847858 529	0.449644 297
TOM1-like protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TOM1L2 PE=1 SV=1	0.85096 3889	0.349846 303	0.848813 563	0.504434 824

Phosphoglycerate mutase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGAM2 PE=1 SV=3	0.85089 0779	0.788104 117	0.849007 458	0.844533 026
Nucleoside diphosphate kinase 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NME3 PE=1 SV=2	1.03539 2094	0.860089 123	0.849274 949	0.442734 39
Sarcolemmal membrane-associated protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLMAP PE=1 SV=1	0.86726 4313	0.527073 383	0.849650 168	0.267418 087
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 12 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD12 PE=1 SV=3	0.89758 3879	0.783693 373	0.851597 289	0.672357 023
Glycine--tRNA ligase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GARS PE=1 SV=3	0.80577 7122	0.634791 613	0.852263 496	0.704280 615
6-phosphogluconolactonase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGLS PE=1 SV=2	1.17558 9974	0.945040 524	0.852354 336	0.918461 025
Myoglobin OS=Homo sapiens GN=MB PE=1 SV=2	0.94764 1839	0.870572 329	0.853353 733	0.765522 718
Anamorsin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CIAPIN1 PE=1 SV=2	1.69747 8209	0.687213 004	0.853912 633	0.691799 879
Thimet oligopeptidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=THOP1 PE=1 SV=2	0.47630 6383	0.503535 628	0.854671 627	0.735924 125
Proteasome subunit beta type-7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMB7 PE=1 SV=1	0.76107 0353	0.598578 215	0.855372 744	0.151653 2
C-Jun-amino-terminal kinase-interacting protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPAG9 PE=1 SV=4	0.76966 8311	0.257077 903	0.855447 325	0.197467 104
Cytochrome b-c1 complex subunit 7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UQCRB PE=1 SV=2	0.94002 8132	0.924579 203	0.855716 009	0.734955 013
Carbonic anhydrase 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CA4 PE=1 SV=2	1.14424 028	0.770323 813	0.855857 357	0.466517 687
Microtubule-associated protein RP/EB family member 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAPRE2 PE=1 SV=1	0.60491 1645	0.716465 116	0.856308 077	0.839790 583
Peroxisredoxin-5, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRDX5 PE=1 SV=4	0.89546 1966	0.922847 807	0.856308 077	0.898022 294
Alpha-parvin OS=Homo sapiens GN=PARVA PE=1 SV=1	1.33946 6093	0.392480 791	0.857852 891	0.659868 419
Protein kinase C delta-binding protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRKCDBP PE=1 SV=3	1.37193 9925	0.361070 991	0.857888 948	0.795997 381
Basigin OS=Homo sapiens GN=BSG PE=1 SV=2	0.87024 7765	0.273155 212	0.858186 385	0.240244 195
5-oxoprolinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=OPLAH PE=1 SV=3	0.72953 9902	0.156100 199	0.858399 342	0.575874 984
T-complex protein 1 subunit eta OS=Homo sapiens GN=CCT7 PE=1 SV=2	0.79109 7945	0.183535 799	0.859009 82	0.448261 887
40S ribosomal protein S7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS7 PE=1 SV=1	0.72804 999	0.754951 417	0.860540 747	0.571487 784
26S protease regulatory subunit 8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMC5 PE=1 SV=1	1.11983 2256	0.491959 81	0.860548 163	0.871023 893
40S ribosomal protein S4, X isoform OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS4X PE=1 SV=2	0.88087 2517	0.715333 7	0.861382 861	0.767945 409
Myozenin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYOZ2 PE=1 SV=1	0.97469 588	0.963521 779	0.861650 066	0.808763 087
UDP-glucose 6-dehydrogenase OS=Homo sapiens GN=UGDH PE=1 SV=1	0.79028 2677	0.858776 689	0.862151 477	0.859413 385
Synemin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SYNM PE=1 SV=2	1.23223 2924	0.648818 612	0.862740 597	0.340860 486
2-methoxy-6-polyprenyl-1,4-benzoquinol methylase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COQ5 PE=1 SV=2	0.59255 4333	0.275739 312	0.862795 613	0.742409 527
PDZ and LIM domain protein 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDLIM5 PE=1 SV=5	0.88581 9603	0.426990 896	0.863385 614	0.354703 695
40S ribosomal protein S10 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS10 PE=1 SV=1	0.83100 0285	0.893737 614	0.863487 018	0.903432 786

Serine hydroxymethyltransferase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SHMT2 PE=1 SV=3	0.95059 109	0.631075 621	0.865227 75	0.456026 286
Myomesin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYOM3 PE=2 SV=1	0.91197 2743	0.734790 385	0.865423 95	0.718038 678
Sorbin and SH3 domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SORBS2 PE=1 SV=3	0.92391 7271	0.738538 802	0.867225 939	0.762013 793
Platelet glycoprotein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CD36 PE=1 SV=2	0.84975 9906	0.305546 194	0.867395 241	0.607388 616
Integrin-linked protein kinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ILK PE=1 SV=2	0.94748 4711	0.822358 608	0.867438 833	0.381381 303
Cytosolic 10-formyltetrahydrofolate dehydrogenase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDH1L1 PE=1 SV=2	0.75262 2729	0.294966 698	0.868780 29	0.635102 63
Mitochondrial carnitine/acylcarnitine carrier protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC25A20 PE=1 SV=1	0.85140 5839	0.592860 52	0.869092 892	0.520800 471
Haloacid dehalogenase-like hydrolase domain-containing protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HDHD3 PE=1 SV=1	0.77801 1509	0.633000 076	0.869176 728	0.791127 205
Protein enabled homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=ENAH PE=1 SV=2	1.04071 483	0.724920 571	0.871494 613	0.328821 51
60S ribosomal protein L32 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL32 PE=1 SV=2	1.08643 5774	0.541631 818	0.872953 02	0.946822 226
Peroxiredoxin-6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRDX6 PE=1 SV=3	1.07614 2672	0.891126 871	0.873159 555	0.791820 288
Triosephosphate isomerase OS=Homo sapiens GN=TPI1 PE=1 SV=3	0.82650 7733	0.603465 08	0.873627 233	0.785537 004
LIM and calponin homology domains-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LIMCH1 PE=1 SV=4	0.79664 5821	0.305184 513	0.874355 889	0.862973 392
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD1 PE=1 SV=2	1.05031 3941	0.731428 921	0.874488 238	0.617992 699
Heme oxygenase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HMOX2 PE=1 SV=2	0.45163 4856	0.710853 219	0.875246 732	0.786223 412
Insulin-degrading enzyme OS=Homo sapiens GN=IDE PE=1 SV=4	0.87021 4453	0.466016 203	0.875311 849	0.393815 994
Phosphomevalonate kinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PMVK PE=1 SV=3	0.70850 8846	0.123897 798	0.875750 292	0.611359 715
Cytochrome b5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CYB5A PE=1 SV=2	0.89859 2104	0.903847 873	0.876259 1	0.873822 51
Tubulin alpha-4A chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=TUBA4A PE=1 SV=1	1.07239 044	0.833216 608	0.877242 988	0.628608 584
NAD(P) transhydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NNT PE=1 SV=3	0.82033 0438	0.417201 191	0.877257 666	0.620361 626
TIP41-like protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=TIPRL PE=1 SV=2	0.92797 0873	0.593492 627	0.877550 143	0.256897 688
Perilipin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLIN3 PE=1 SV=3	0.77996 6105	0.844814 42	0.878900 704	0.886791 825
Dynactin subunit 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DCTN2 PE=1 SV=4	0.80994 1514	0.487629 712	0.880657 695	0.372541 785
Poly(rC)-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PCBP1 PE=1 SV=2	0.80569 5938	0.757374 704	0.881172 963	0.853796 78
Selenium-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SELENBP1 PE=1 SV=2	0.88058 6326	0.716640 413	0.881419 895	0.801064 73
Microtubule-associated protein 1A OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAP1A PE=1 SV=6	1.01333 9402	0.990527 987	0.882189 725	0.944785 774
Presequence protease, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PITRM1 PE=1 SV=3	0.84385 9741	0.797171 116	0.882999 099	0.853040 516
Aspartyl aminopeptidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=DNPEP PE=1 SV=1	0.94570 4296	0.954156 876	0.883116 041	0.677575 29
Leucine-rich alpha-2-glycoprotein OS=Homo sapiens GN=LRG1 PE=1 SV=2	0.88373 8825	0.488264 889	0.883489 01	0.449149 013

Serine/threonine-protein kinase 38-like OS=Homo sapiens GN=STK38L PE=1 SV=3	0.78398 909	0.444968 194	0.885667 438	0.441756 189
Trypsin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRSS1 PE=1 SV=1	0.82270 7352	0.957861 185	0.885833 728	0.974329 591
Band 4.1-like protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EPB41L2 PE=1 SV=1	0.56955 8465	0.655644 417	0.886763 029	0.531805 873
Peroxiredoxin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRDX2 PE=1 SV=5	0.91918 86	0.672447 324	0.886991 908	0.821923 018
Mitochondrial-processing peptidase subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=PMPCB PE=1 SV=2	0.76532 4098	0.668381 095	0.887081 579	0.644245 028
Heat shock protein beta-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPB1 PE=1 SV=2	0.98701 5823	0.972308 099	0.887256 377	0.735628 307
Cofilin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CFL2 PE=1 SV=1	0.73270 7014	0.717645 586	0.887576 032	0.351062 596
Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 N OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBE2N PE=1 SV=1	1.05754 8639	0.924630 523	0.888274 629	0.643532 217
COP9 signalosome complex subunit 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=COPS6 PE=1 SV=1	0.75318 3875	0.238401 8	0.888291 184	0.895659 387
Destrin OS=Homo sapiens GN=DSTN PE=1 SV=3	0.73821 4938	0.254849 404	0.889008 997	0.597390 711
Annexin A6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANXA6 PE=1 SV=3	0.96901 5693	0.916959 584	0.889205 009	0.509080 708
Inorganic pyrophosphatase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPA1 PE=1 SV=2	0.82728 1751	0.919467 092	0.891398 3	0.956591 785
Integrin beta-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITGB1 PE=1 SV=2	1.27092 4379	0.322129 905	0.892148 187	0.861579 001
Protein-cysteine N-palmitoyltransferase HHAT-like protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=HHATL PE=2 SV=1	0.83989 2188	0.695582 926	0.892273 164	0.750211 477
T-complex protein 1 subunit zeta OS=Homo sapiens GN=CCT6A PE=1 SV=3	0.98822 7305	0.955275 714	0.892741 594	0.621870 399
2-oxoglutarate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=OGDH PE=1 SV=3	1.01557 68	0.970808 625	0.893529 718	0.600154 4
Adenylosuccinate synthetase isozyme 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADSSL1 PE=1 SV=1	1.03015 6733	0.942199 588	0.894868 183	0.903367 221
40S ribosomal protein S25 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS25 PE=1 SV=1	1.02053 0545	0.990439 177	0.895558 234	0.551115 096
Membrane-associated progesterone receptor component 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGRMC1 PE=1 SV=3	13.8948 1914	0.136748 403	0.896735 48	0.877492 487
Glutathione S-transferase omega-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSTO1 PE=1 SV=2	1.00354 6012	0.987991 393	0.897140 193	0.625181 496
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD8 PE=1 SV=2	0.77247 6346	0.442908 287	0.898025 6	0.822215 974
Kinesin-1 heavy chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=KIF5B PE=1 SV=1	1.01770 1049	0.947670 281	0.898388 662	0.154293 701
Coagulation factor XIII A chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=F13A1 PE=1 SV=4	0.79389 0853	0.129888 4	0.898823 086	0.548068 285
40S ribosomal protein S20 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS20 PE=1 SV=1	0.98619 5208	0.948417 783	0.898832 813	0.576686 502
Nebulette OS=Homo sapiens GN=NEBL PE=1 SV=1	0.98952 4867	0.958831 012	0.899035 589	0.336234 987
Methionine-R-sulfoxide reductase B3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MSRB3 PE=1 SV=2	1.02163 9579	0.872564 673	0.899716 644	0.606140 792
MICOS complex subunit MIC26 OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOO PE=1 SV=1	0.91822 1389	0.941082 12	0.899960 369	0.967175 484
Synaptojanin-2-binding protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SYNJ2BP PE=1 SV=2	1.10578 9916	0.728383 482	0.900301 517	0.430604 696
Hippocalcin-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HPCAL1 PE=1 SV=3	0.71366 6861	0.682405 591	0.900978 008	0.560499 43

Aspartate--tRNA ligase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=DARS2 PE=1 SV=1	0.85316 3662	0.172011 897	0.901163 941	0.409516 513
3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase type-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSD17B10 PE=1 SV=3	1.14033 1723	0.901876 926	0.903910 639	0.920827 687
Lipoamide acyltransferase component of branched-chain alpha-keto acid dehydrogenase complex, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=DBT PE=1 SV=3	0.73668 6248	0.201827 303	0.904089 696	0.748447 716
Glycogen debranching enzyme OS=Homo sapiens GN=AGL PE=1 SV=3	0.81418 6393	0.151745 096	0.904793 169	0.451589 406
40S ribosomal protein S26 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS26 PE=1 SV=3	0.94836 0816	0.692653 418	0.905979 278	0.619710 088
Transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase OS=Homo sapiens GN=VCP PE=1 SV=4	0.87097 1607	0.589443 028	0.906158 275	0.625515 58
Importin-7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=IPO7 PE=1 SV=1	0.99483 9732	0.978610 516	0.907900 751	0.582151 473
Ubiquitin-associated protein 2-like OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBAP2L PE=1 SV=2	0.66682 2682	0.714511 693	0.908110 982	0.754934 371
ATP-dependent RNA helicase DDX1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DDX1 PE=1 SV=2	1.39484 5415	0.428700 387	0.909392 658	0.661094 129
Reticulon-4-interacting protein 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=RTN4IP1 PE=1 SV=2	0.66598 2948	0.625080 287	0.909709 524	0.871195 793
Translational activator of cytochrome c oxidase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TACO1 PE=1 SV=1	0.91464 7784	0.888334 274	0.909764 971	0.764300 704
Prohibitin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PHB2 PE=1 SV=2	1.10989 815	0.764732 778	0.909769 904	0.706300 318
1,4-alpha-glucan-branching enzyme OS=Homo sapiens GN=GBE1 PE=1 SV=3	1.10176 4146	0.771675 706	0.910484 816	0.581255 972
Protein transport protein Sec24C OS=Homo sapiens GN=SEC24C PE=1 SV=3	0.93396 4021	0.670006 812	0.910524 545	0.795540 571
Pyruvate dehydrogenase protein X component, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDHX PE=1 SV=3	0.96642 0697	0.875513 315	0.911277 964	0.627550 185
Protein S100-A6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=S100A6 PE=1 SV=1	0.81015 6079	0.075104 237	0.911559 592	0.872690 618
Omega-amidase NIT2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NIT2 PE=1 SV=1	1.75182 1549	0.370818 794	0.911695 913	0.883231 282
40S ribosomal protein S3a OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS3A PE=1 SV=2	0.96360 274	0.649353 087	0.914055 881	0.280982 494
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2 subunit 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF2S1 PE=1 SV=3	0.96626 1065	0.880851 626	0.914505 593	0.726047 873
Succinyl-CoA:3-ketoacid coenzyme A transferase 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=OXCT1 PE=1 SV=1	0.94810 7212	0.923294 187	0.915563 906	0.900659 084
Malate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MDH2 PE=1 SV=3	0.77669 9662	0.679247 022	0.915806 295	0.914130 39
Glutathione S-transferase Mu 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSTM2 PE=1 SV=2	0.89769 3476	0.806576 729	0.916268 641	0.733679 473
Guanine nucleotide-binding protein subunit alpha-11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GNA11 PE=1 SV=2	0.91929 7593	0.827779 412	0.916743 175	0.745281 518
Core histone macro-H2A.1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=H2AFY PE=1 SV=4	1.08263 2716	0.799354 374	0.916802 088	0.832355 618
Laminin subunit beta-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LAMB1 PE=1 SV=2	0.94858 6558	0.772362 113	0.917474 913	0.704732 12
40S ribosomal protein S5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS5 PE=1 SV=4	1.12553 7361	0.460741 997	0.917583 6	0.546408 594
NEDD8-activating enzyme E1 catalytic subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBA3 PE=1 SV=2	1.20538 3599	0.543465 972	0.917783 178	0.563835 8
Calcium-binding protein 39 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAB39 PE=1 SV=1	1.18592 1162	0.709558 606	0.918833 897	0.670089 602
Coenzyme Q-binding protein COQ10 homolog B, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COQ10B PE=2 SV=1	0.67471 9657	0.832389 474	0.918932 639	0.848807 812

Galectin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LGALS3 PE=1 SV=5	0.74162 6846	0.004067 056	0.919547 004	0.879453 778
Cytoplasmic dynein 1 heavy chain 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DYNC1H1 PE=1 SV=5	0.98148 4309	0.879618 227	0.920074 083	0.521128 774
Thioredoxin-dependent peroxide reductase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRDX3 PE=1 SV=3	0.94740 927	0.904469 371	0.920560 246	0.851018 429
40S ribosomal protein S21 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS21 PE=1 SV=1	0.96439 36	0.777811 885	0.920964 611	0.800485 015
Quinone oxidoreductase PIG3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TP53I3 PE=1 SV=2	0.86281 4249	0.221006 498	0.921439 063	0.435529 411
UTP--glucose-1-phosphate uridylyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=UGP2 PE=1 SV=5	0.89029 7564	0.835473 299	0.922202 144	0.880041 122
39S ribosomal protein L13, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL13 PE=1 SV=1	1.06027 0519	0.822171 271	0.922883 836	0.879333 615
Extended synaptotagmin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ESYT1 PE=1 SV=1	1.49045 8461	0.100213 103	0.923251 936	0.763411 582
Exportin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=XPO1 PE=1 SV=1	1.07295 8376	0.481106 788	0.923905 263	0.719408 929
Myomesin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYOM1 PE=1 SV=2	0.85229 692	0.336257 1	0.924238 333	0.701226 771
Heat shock protein beta-6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPB6 PE=1 SV=2	0.92412 3889	0.758401 99	0.924563 082	0.752619 982
4-aminobutyrate aminotransferase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABAT PE=1 SV=3	0.93523 1444	0.920359 612	0.924957 306	0.802246 928
T-complex protein 1 subunit delta OS=Homo sapiens GN=CCT4 PE=1 SV=4	0.88837 3215	0.589768 112	0.925142 963	0.643941 879
Glutathione S-transferase Mu 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSTM3 PE=1 SV=3	1.25277 0928	0.790770 113	0.925256 843	0.940872 61
T-complex protein 1 subunit alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=TCP1 PE=1 SV=1	1.27435 2566	0.729805 827	0.925681 689	0.808209 479
Actin-related protein 2/3 complex subunit 1A OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARPC1A PE=1 SV=2	1.31379 9217	0.178453 997	0.927747 961	0.549007 177
Oligoribonuclease, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=REXO2 PE=1 SV=3	0.72524 9394	0.754022 777	0.928034 626	0.876180 887
Protein quaking OS=Homo sapiens GN=QKI PE=1 SV=1	0.56434 6515	0.457564 205	0.929708 472	0.786671 102
Cytoplasmic dynein 1 light intermediate chain 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DYNC1LI2 PE=1 SV=1	0.93943 4602	0.813811 123	0.930126 176	0.699022 889
Dual specificity protein phosphatase 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DUSP3 PE=1 SV=1	0.84413 2577	0.325950 503	0.930404 819	0.805162 013
Metalloendopeptidase OMA1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=OMA1 PE=1 SV=1	0.46465 5506	0.427082 3	0.932115 818	0.607613 087
Proteasome activator complex subunit 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSME2 PE=1 SV=4	0.80929 8502	0.304404 289	0.932424 363	0.668072 522
DCC-interacting protein 13-alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=APPL1 PE=1 SV=1	2.36884 2547	0.300518 394	0.933006 367	0.657192 886
Calcium-binding mitochondrial carrier protein Aralar1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC25A12 PE=1 SV=2	0.89971 346	0.763086 379	0.934246 738	0.695385 516
Receptor expression-enhancing protein 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=REEP5 PE=1 SV=3	0.92460 4966	0.317809 403	0.934281 699	0.582934 201
Iron-sulfur protein NUBPL OS=Homo sapiens GN=NUBPL PE=1 SV=3	1.14373 2546	0.920450 211	0.934331 441	0.944166 422
Protein phosphatase 1B OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPM1B PE=1 SV=1	1.02314 1283	0.966320 097	0.934439 683	0.670875 072
60S ribosomal protein L3-like OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL3L PE=2 SV=3	1.22155 5514	0.789353 49	0.934447 594	0.889737 01
Poliovirus receptor OS=Homo sapiens GN=PVR PE=1 SV=2	0.84178 2712	0.196095 303	0.936015 879	0.625183 105

Proteasome-associated protein ECM29 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=ECM29 PE=1 SV=2	0.74221 0846	0.422730 088	0.937034 986	0.643028 021
60S ribosomal protein L13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL13 PE=1 SV=4	0.97905 6959	0.988161 922	0.937172 857	0.925760 508
Dystrobrevin alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=DTNA PE=1 SV=2	0.92895 6172	0.868264 079	0.937937 586	0.906119 406
Selenocysteine-specific elongation factor OS=Homo sapiens GN=EEFSEC PE=1 SV=4	0.43725 3099	0.140931 994	0.938879 019	0.963504 076
Transforming acidic coiled-coil-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TACC2 PE=1 SV=3	0.38172 4251	0.181044 295	0.939324 358	0.905955 315
Host cell factor 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HCFC1 PE=1 SV=2	0.40502 3081	0.530687 69	0.940729 374	0.949402 213
40S ribosomal protein S13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS13 PE=1 SV=2	1.14182 818	0.878372 908	0.941984 137	0.929256 976
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA13 PE=1 SV=3	0.66904 3561	0.689208 925	0.942246 011	0.941898 286
E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase HUWE1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HUWE1 PE=1 SV=3	0.96556 8824	0.923930 883	0.942696 352	0.882625 222
Farnesyl pyrophosphate synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=FDPS PE=1 SV=4	1.02537 0519	0.956058 323	0.942784 289	0.825120 27
MICOS complex subunit MIC19 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CHCHD3 PE=1 SV=1	0.99661 25	0.980638 087	0.943240 554	0.758896 112
Rab3 GTPase-activating protein catalytic subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB3GAP1 PE=1 SV=3	0.36927 7462	0.419116 795	0.944699 234	0.555205 226
40S ribosomal protein S9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS9 PE=1 SV=3	0.73854 2634	0.466881 692	0.945454 775	0.923397 422
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein K OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPK PE=1 SV=1	0.84286 0426	0.109407 902	0.947392 257	0.885433 078
T-complex protein 1 subunit epsilon OS=Homo sapiens GN=CCT5 PE=1 SV=1	1.00967 8696	0.978867 114	0.947421 896	0.872196 913
Sulfide:quinone oxidoreductase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SQRDL PE=1 SV=1	0.83073 7269	0.408231 288	0.947526 021	0.751561 522
Histidine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=HARS PE=1 SV=2	2.06588 7758	0.242930 502	0.947646 335	0.845956 326
Prostaglandin G/H synthase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTGS1 PE=1 SV=2	0.86703 1969	0.945866 227	0.947838 536	0.934581 876
Ankyrin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANK3 PE=1 SV=3	1.04630 3625	0.930126 429	0.947973 283	0.938574 016
Trimethyllysine dioxygenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMLHE PE=1 SV=1	0.79928 386	0.196278 9	0.948103 676	0.852918 923
Cathepsin Z OS=Homo sapiens GN=CTSZ PE=1 SV=1	1.00603 4812	0.984393 12	0.948389 55	0.818622 589
Neural cell adhesion molecule 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NCAM1 PE=1 SV=3	3.24854 8415	0.502219 081	0.950211 743	0.963872 612
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 5A-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF5A PE=1 SV=2	0.94868 3751	0.599216 58	0.951350 802	0.688799 381
Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein glycosyltransferase subunit STT3B OS=Homo sapiens GN=STT3B PE=1 SV=1	1.24053 8291	0.741546 273	0.951735 595	0.704569 101
Sorting and assembly machinery component 50 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=SAMM50 PE=1 SV=3	0.72762 7257	0.167397 201	0.952616 878	0.880891 025
Protein Niban OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAM129A PE=1 SV=1	0.99623 2216	0.984123 528	0.952969 025	0.769889 712
Short-chain specific acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACADS PE=1 SV=1	0.48870 9121	0.163483 605	0.954932 024	0.892631 829
Enoyl-CoA delta isomerase 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ECI2 PE=1 SV=4	0.62347 4816	0.755571 425	0.955054 225	0.919475 377
Glycogen phosphorylase, brain form OS=Homo sapiens GN=PYGB PE=1 SV=5	0.92506 2571	0.682067 096	0.957184 175	0.864636 481

Protein NipSnap homolog 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NIPSNAP1 PE=1 SV=1	0.89117 5095	0.348534 793	0.957582 883	0.889388 084
Proteasome subunit alpha type-4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMA4 PE=1 SV=1	0.81301 5367	0.526687 384	0.959882 717	0.877772 629
DnaJ homolog subfamily A member 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DNAJA2 PE=1 SV=1	0.99855 6079	0.996990 025	0.959899 303	0.947936 475
60S ribosomal protein L35 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL35 PE=1 SV=2	1.12131 0282	0.478624 91	0.960220 913	0.902420 878
Superoxide dismutase [Mn], mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SOD2 PE=1 SV=2	0.89830 7176	0.485485 703	0.960384 162	0.889717 519
EH domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EHD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.90271 857	0.927861 273	0.963416 154	0.982276 678
NEDD8-conjugating enzyme Ubc12 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBE2M PE=1 SV=1	0.88765 408	0.930942 774	0.963690 082	0.885202 587
Profilin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PFN1 PE=1 SV=2	1.55761 225	0.212056 205	0.965322 708	0.984892 428
PDZ and LIM domain protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDLIM1 PE=1 SV=4	1.33567 3086	0.560385 406	0.965613 505	0.956212 521
S-adenosylmethionine synthase isoform type-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAT2A PE=1 SV=1	0.98865 8127	0.967913 389	0.966857 116	0.967720 687
Programmed cell death protein 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDCD6 PE=1 SV=1	0.96590 1697	0.778582 692	0.966925 321	0.823490 918
Cullin-associated NEDD8-dissociated protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAND1 PE=1 SV=2	0.71132 9096	0.347339 809	0.967695 413	0.895403 028
39S ribosomal protein L53, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL53 PE=1 SV=1	1.10881 5961	0.865871 906	0.967809 737	0.938893 616
Putative transferase CAF17, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=IBA57 PE=1 SV=1	0.89836 9323	0.837625 384	0.968473 329	0.937373 817
Protein S100-A4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=S100A4 PE=1 SV=1	0.99778 5951	0.987029 91	0.968695 661	0.822777 689
78 kDa glucose-regulated protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA5 PE=1 SV=2	0.93078 3281	0.844242 871	0.968961 295	0.920320 213
Nuclear protein localization protein 4 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=NPLOC4 PE=1 SV=3	0.91106 1316	0.755253 911	0.969217 669	0.802695 811
14-3-3 protein zeta/delta OS=Homo sapiens GN=YWHAZ PE=1 SV=1	0.99764 557	0.997346 103	0.969599 234	0.960074 782
EH domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EHD2 PE=1 SV=2	1.05871 9459	0.767448 604	0.969870 074	0.901658 475
Sorting nexin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SNX3 PE=1 SV=3	0.96704 7824	0.699201 524	0.969999 83	0.748930 514
Importin subunit beta-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KPNB1 PE=1 SV=2	0.90459 5103	0.725199 223	0.970717 312	0.924136 877
Desmoplakin OS=Homo sapiens GN=DSP PE=1 SV=3	1.41507 707	0.274400 8	0.971041 605	0.958988 488
LIM domain-binding protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LDB3 PE=1 SV=2	0.89639 2336	0.792053 878	0.973579 922	0.974245 906
BAG family molecular chaperone regulator 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BAG3 PE=1 SV=3	0.86020 251	0.416938 007	0.973999 082	0.922986 507
Protein AMBP OS=Homo sapiens GN=AMBP PE=1 SV=1	1.74537 5859	0.833365 917	0.975943 026	0.993138 015
Cystatin-B OS=Homo sapiens GN=CSTB PE=1 SV=2	0.98861 8978	0.937708 318	0.975975 387	0.903586 805
Tripeptidyl-peptidase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TPP2 PE=1 SV=4	0.98457 0777	0.956080 317	0.976282 182	0.953429 282
Elongation factor 1-gamma OS=Homo sapiens GN=EEF1G PE=1 SV=3	0.98515 5622	0.948560 476	0.976562 454	0.924804 211
ATP-dependent 6-phosphofructokinase, platelet type OS=Homo sapiens GN=PFKP PE=1 SV=2	1.05032 0648	0.867399 871	0.977283 988	0.912576 795

MICOS complex subunit MIC60 OS=Homo sapiens GN=IMMT PE=1 SV=1	0.91923 8459	0.612033 308	0.977349 915	0.881784 618
V-type proton ATPase catalytic subunit A OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP6V1A PE=1 SV=2	0.97479 2834	0.976732 671	0.978055 394	0.885433 972
Sorting nexin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SNX2 PE=1 SV=2	0.74551 9255	0.525578 022	0.978268 686	0.956396 222
S-formylglutathione hydrolase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ESD PE=1 SV=2	1.09178 6949	0.840964 317	0.978997 543	0.976913 571
Transcriptional activator protein Pur-alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=PURA PE=1 SV=2	0.60762 0888	0.393243 79	0.979666 045	0.953854 203
Prolyl 4-hydroxylase subunit alpha-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=P4HA1 PE=1 SV=2	1.35124 304	0.889879 584	0.980064 471	0.992411 971
Aflatoxin B1 aldehyde reductase member 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AKR7A2 PE=1 SV=3	0.78114 0748	0.086694 077	0.980490 151	0.984371 424
Monoglyceride lipase OS=Homo sapiens GN=MGLL PE=1 SV=2	1.12889 2693	0.797310 174	0.982307 682	0.959729 195
C-1-tetrahydrofolate synthase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=MTHFD1 PE=1 SV=3	0.89851 5393	0.243775 204	0.983694 234	0.939567 924
Glucosamine-6-phosphate isomerase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GNPDA1 PE=1 SV=1	0.89417 5288	0.654539 227	0.983775 564	0.937289 715
Galectin-3-binding protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=LGALS3BP PE=1 SV=1	1.01954 6516	0.962427 378	0.984093 172	0.840431 392
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD3 PE=1 SV=2	0.89951 7611	0.859739 78	0.984198 702	0.960913 122
IST1 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=IST1 PE=1 SV=1	1.23493 2301	0.239889 607	0.984281 04	0.943383 694
NADPH--cytochrome P450 reductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=POR PE=1 SV=2	1.19275 8174	0.298044 413	0.984913 066	0.929104 626
Coatomer subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=COPB1 PE=1 SV=3	1.26505 8504	0.700169 027	0.985214 862	0.955109 715
Tensin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TNS1 PE=1 SV=2	1.31292 0064	0.362155 706	0.986354 768	0.964271 486
Myosin-7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYH7 PE=1 SV=5	0.98446 5167	0.924055 874	0.986660 35	0.954397 082
Very-long-chain 3-oxoacyl-CoA reductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSD17B12 PE=1 SV=2	3.83113 1418	0.470331 192	0.986840 492	0.932208 18
Propionyl-CoA carboxylase beta chain, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PCCB PE=1 SV=3	0.87720 6019	0.758831 084	0.987376 434	0.977256 417
Ferrochelatase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=FECH PE=1 SV=2	1.17132 2714	0.729802 787	0.988185 28	0.972254 515
Alpha-1-acid glycoprotein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ORM1 PE=1 SV=1	0.97271 0649	0.955337 584	0.988195 058	0.969861 627
Exocyst complex component 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EXOC1 PE=1 SV=4	0.91826 7726	0.887077 391	0.988214 5	0.986436 486
Heat shock protein beta-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPB3 PE=1 SV=2	1.10398 6315	0.351752 102	0.988254 548	0.931861 877
Proteasome subunit alpha type-5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMA5 PE=1 SV=3	0.95765 6237	0.992114 425	0.989580 664	0.996940 911
Trifunctional purine biosynthetic protein adenosine-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GART PE=1 SV=1	1.21025 4504	0.482380 509	0.989791 305	0.961842 418
Methionine adenosyltransferase 2 subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAT2B PE=1 SV=1	1.68200 7186	0.748900 712	0.989864 77	0.934612 811
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein U-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPUL1 PE=1 SV=2	1.20827 9427	0.697501 183	0.989952 031	0.980676 77
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD11 PE=1 SV=3	1.06297 1356	0.620467 782	0.990348 111	0.955396 175
Low molecular weight phosphotyrosine protein phosphatase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACPI PE=1 SV=3	0.88184 5105	0.739859 819	0.991192 286	0.984974 027

Tubulointerstitial nephritis antigen-like OS=Homo sapiens GN=TINAGL1 PE=1 SV=1	0.85086 6872	0.777139 187	0.991524 428	0.946972 072
Histone H1x OS=Homo sapiens GN=H1FX PE=1 SV=1	1.46995 1458	0.583634 079	0.991668 953	0.986222 982
Sodium/calcium exchanger 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC8A1 PE=1 SV=3	0.96252 9695	0.910861 015	0.992585 376	0.970144 987
60S ribosomal protein L5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL5 PE=1 SV=3	1.00526 4855	0.971860 528	0.992945 132	0.930158 019
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD7 PE=1 SV=2	0.91282 4406	0.586815 476	0.993380 078	0.942566 216
LIM and senescent cell antigen-like-containing domain protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LIMS1 PE=1 SV=4	0.45362 4575	0.576345 086	0.993935 042	0.965646 088
Basement membrane-specific heparan sulfate proteoglycan core protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPG2 PE=1 SV=4	0.86336 9263	0.327877 402	0.994042 694	0.975442 529
Palmitoyl-protein thioesterase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPT1 PE=1 SV=1	0.91407 8491	0.612864 196	0.996366 282	0.981422 305
60S ribosomal protein L8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL8 PE=1 SV=2	1.03256 994	0.822120 607	0.996543 002	0.987138 391
40S ribosomal protein S2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS2 PE=1 SV=2	1.06148 5051	0.879327 416	0.996640 325	0.979146 123
Mitochondrial import receptor subunit TOM70 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TOMM70A PE=1 SV=1	0.91947 5139	0.688089 013	0.997022 935	0.985154 688
4-trimethylaminobutyraldehyde dehydrogenase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDH9A1 PE=1 SV=3	1.01546 6278	0.829841 316	0.997169 068	0.978947 818
Transmembrane protein 143 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMEM143 PE=2 SV=1	0.94043 3864	0.892204 225	0.997403 704	0.994841 278
Dihydrolipoyl dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=DLD PE=1 SV=2	0.80364 7306	0.517300 189	0.997416 749	0.995226 622
Plectin OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLEC PE=1 SV=3	1.26609 366	0.355192 81	0.998832 399	0.995711 982
Cell surface glycoprotein MUC18 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MCAM PE=1 SV=2	2.00894 019	0.454421 699	0.998885 207	0.999780 178
Lysosomal alpha-glucosidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GAA PE=1 SV=4	0.77346 6954	0.681236 327	1.000504 45	0.999633 789
Small glutamine-rich tetratricopeptide repeat-containing protein alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=SGTA PE=1 SV=1	0.42381 1766	0.306141 585	1.001236 655	0.998685 181
Chloride intracellular channel protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLIC4 PE=1 SV=4	0.92550 429	0.934392 512	1.001695 044	0.989005 506
PRA1 family protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARL6IP5 PE=1 SV=1	0.94389 7528	0.547123 194	1.001888 377	0.992369 771
40S ribosomal protein S15a OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS15A PE=1 SV=2	0.87612 3928	0.331030 011	1.002032 947	0.992703 378
Delta-sarcoglycan OS=Homo sapiens GN=SGCD PE=1 SV=2	0.87591 1415	0.898857 176	1.002298 859	0.998827 696
40S ribosomal protein S11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS11 PE=1 SV=3	0.84367 0396	0.096844 308	1.002590 675	0.991798 58
Hexokinase-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HK2 PE=1 SV=2	1.01860 7857	0.975857 019	1.004620 464	0.990563 393
B-cell receptor-associated protein 29 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BCAP29 PE=1 SV=2	0.91815 9781	0.605348 229	1.005398 773	0.977689 385
Dynamin-1-like protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=DNM1L PE=1 SV=2	0.89296 3208	0.631361 127	1.005591 489	0.982037 723
Phosphoglucomutase-like protein 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGM5 PE=1 SV=2	1.19177 2112	0.583854 914	1.006902 508	0.986163 676
Glutathione S-transferase P OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSTP1 PE=1 SV=2	1.31128 9181	0.568908 572	1.008808 334	0.996117 473
Atypical kinase ADCK3, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADCK3 PE=1 SV=1	1.03104 2858	0.955046 713	1.008929 425	0.987032 175

6-phosphofructo-2-kinase/fructose-2,6-bisphosphatase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PFKFB2 PE=1 SV=2	1.27786 9859	0.693418 98	1.009567 146	0.980051 279
60S ribosomal protein L35a OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL35A PE=1 SV=2	1.19442 8653	0.163871 795	1.010523 475	0.961364 21
Fructose-bisphosphate aldolase C OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDOC PE=1 SV=2	1.04706 1622	0.920854 986	1.012447 14	0.975180 209
Leukotriene A-4 hydrolase OS=Homo sapiens GN=LTA4H PE=1 SV=2	1.05869 6477	0.762626 529	1.012727 473	0.945109 01
ADP-ribose pyrophosphatase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=NUDT9 PE=1 SV=1	2.18649 3918	0.419778 109	1.014129 445	0.965256 214
Protein AHNAK2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AHNAK2 PE=1 SV=2	1.50414 938	0.758497 179	1.016109 584	0.979513 407
26S protease regulatory subunit 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMC1 PE=1 SV=1	1.09490 113	0.632220 984	1.016387 208	0.929710 984
Cat eye syndrome critical region protein 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CECR5 PE=1 SV=1	0.96487 1026	0.938479 722	1.016593 461	0.970892 787
E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase HECTD1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HECTD1 PE=1 SV=3	2.48989 6067	0.141067 997	1.016899 948	0.993647 575
Polyadenylate-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PABPC1 PE=1 SV=2	0.75350 1715	0.628000 677	1.017258 428	0.984783 471
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex assembly factor 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFAF5 PE=1 SV=1	0.90795 5978	0.890820 622	1.017511 563	0.987558 424
Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP1A1 PE=1 SV=1	0.82224 2619	0.393250 793	1.017788 842	0.862197 399
Erlin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ERLIN2 PE=1 SV=1	0.84439 352	0.784692 585	1.019371 516	0.960549 176
Striatin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=STRN3 PE=1 SV=3	1.14686 8039	0.870565 414	1.019492 182	0.979569 495
Type II inositol 3,4-bisphosphate 4-phosphatase OS=Homo sapiens GN=INPP4B PE=2 SV=4	0.81408 2332	0.830127 478	1.020393 807	0.975289 106
CD59 glycoprotein OS=Homo sapiens GN=CD59 PE=1 SV=1	1.06669 081	0.931161 821	1.020488 893	0.981792 688
Thioredoxin OS=Homo sapiens GN=TXN PE=1 SV=3	0.99403 5744	0.987045 586	1.020662 166	0.938694 417
BTB/POZ domain-containing protein KCTD12 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KCTD12 PE=1 SV=1	0.93828 8723	0.927873 671	1.021646 671	0.951514 9
ATP-dependent (S)-NAD(P)H-hydrate dehydratase OS=Homo sapiens GN=CARKD PE=1 SV=1	1.45692 163	0.242477	1.023320 888	0.916222 811
Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2A 65 kDa regulatory subunit A alpha isoform OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPP2R1A PE=1 SV=4	0.83624 6276	0.366148 114	1.023549 386	0.957744 122
Serine/threonine-protein kinase Nek7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NEK7 PE=1 SV=1	0.91082 4794	0.890040 874	1.025813 393	0.978004 515
Hexokinase-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HK1 PE=1 SV=3	1.09645 6759	0.716453 314	1.027328 597	0.832270 324
N-acetyl-D-glucosamine kinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=NAGK PE=1 SV=4	1.03920 9926	0.937421 62	1.028195 999	0.977528 93
Vesicle-associated membrane protein-associated protein A OS=Homo sapiens GN=VAPA PE=1 SV=3	1.14107 0536	0.892526 329	1.031274 311	0.900276 184
ATP-dependent RNA helicase A OS=Homo sapiens GN=DHX9 PE=1 SV=4	1.10231 8867	0.530225 813	1.031497 94	0.883225 977
MAP7 domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAP7D1 PE=1 SV=1	0.68214 3124	0.332082 987	1.032458 865	0.914613 426
Agrin OS=Homo sapiens GN=AGRN PE=1 SV=5	1.58033 2354	0.369693 995	1.032568 351	0.968513 429
Protein TFG OS=Homo sapiens GN=TFG PE=1 SV=2	0.83187 6201	0.767831 683	1.032995 713	0.990582 287

Gamma-synuclein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SNCG PE=1 SV=2	0.83445 2886	0.696025 193	1.034158 537	0.966943 502
Alpha-2-antiplasmin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINF2 PE=1 SV=3	1.44579 4728	0.175001 904	1.034504 54	0.975252 39
26S protease regulatory subunit 6B OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMC4 PE=1 SV=2	1.19808 794	0.859560 37	1.034621 67	0.923008 8
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD2 PE=1 SV=3	0.97337 2397	0.853055 298	1.035943 958	0.820073 307
Ribosome maturation protein SBDS OS=Homo sapiens GN=SBDS PE=1 SV=4	0.98542 9435	0.874905 407	1.036004 026	0.668574 095
Myosin light chain 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYL3 PE=1 SV=3	1.02939 4646	0.969597 518	1.037796 473	0.955762 088
CAP-Gly domain-containing linker protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLIP1 PE=1 SV=2	1.00501 4404	0.997010 41	1.037924 109	0.902863 681
60S ribosomal protein L36 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL36 PE=1 SV=3	0.98641 4153	0.956588 387	1.038130 076	0.895343 721
Glyoxalase domain-containing protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GLOD4 PE=1 SV=1	1.18874 7116	0.409877 002	1.039110 998	0.912816 823
Ankyrin repeat domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANKRD1 PE=1 SV=2	1.08065 3511	0.685101 092	1.039684 682	0.872677 803
Ubiquitin-fold modifier-conjugating enzyme 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UFC1 PE=1 SV=3	1.19778 6426	0.759921 014	1.039760 778	0.908734 083
cAMP-dependent protein kinase type II-alpha regulatory subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRKAR2A PE=1 SV=2	0.66185 9825	0.363323 987	1.040053 735	0.933402 181
Spermatogenesis-associated protein 20 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPATA20 PE=2 SV=3	0.68583 9512	0.298353 195	1.040076 946	0.896429 3
Hepatoma-derived growth factor OS=Homo sapiens GN=HDGF PE=1 SV=1	0.81016 14	0.937797 427	1.041131 584	0.965496 719
Proteasome subunit alpha type-7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMA7 PE=1 SV=1	1.13325 6694	0.916002 214	1.042618 413	0.976578 712
40S ribosomal protein S16 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS16 PE=1 SV=2	0.82129 0441	0.552029 073	1.045176 042	0.818272 829
Mitochondrial carrier homolog 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MTCH1 PE=1 SV=1	1.93544 7759	0.326778 114	1.046349 499	0.983210 981
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 7A2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COX7A2 PE=1 SV=1	0.94867 1199	0.947144 806	1.046878 813	0.959656 894
Serpin B9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPIN9 PE=1 SV=1	1.30802 9751	0.568020 582	1.047483 475	0.845887 721
Prohibitin OS=Homo sapiens GN=PHB PE=1 SV=1	1.06958 6353	0.921031 892	1.047656 55	0.938310 683
Scavenger receptor cysteine-rich type 1 protein M130 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CD163 PE=1 SV=2	1.35194 1978	0.114270 397	1.048426 927	0.927020 609
Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FKBP5 PE=1 SV=2	2.16299 7009	0.349987 686	1.048509 158	0.954404 891
60S ribosomal protein L4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL4 PE=1 SV=5	1.05451 3305	0.838539 72	1.048740 324	0.859913 17
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2A OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF2A PE=1 SV=3	1.70430 5701	0.329309 702	1.050566 495	0.705293 775
Dynactin subunit 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DCTN1 PE=1 SV=3	1.06271 4486	0.957047 999	1.050842 602	0.957262 218
ATP-binding cassette sub-family F member 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABCF3 PE=1 SV=2	0.54117 7682	0.103862 897	1.051062 815	0.816091 776
Vesicular integral-membrane protein VIP36 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LMAN2 PE=1 SV=1	1.19938 5195	0.431535 989	1.051202 298	0.862964 69
Spectrin alpha chain, non-erythrocytic 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPTAN1 PE=1 SV=3	1.13946 9564	0.384884 089	1.051211 321	0.754191 816
Aldose 1-epimerase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GALM PE=1 SV=1	0.95377 7112	0.700820 684	1.051820 933	0.831633 627

Acyl-coenzyme A thioesterase 9, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACOT9 PE=1 SV=2	0.88488 0609	0.402227 789	1.052095 259	0.810914 874
ATP synthase mitochondrial F1 complex assembly factor 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATPAF2 PE=1 SV=1	1.06497 5897	0.977663 219	1.053094 301	0.988525 391
28S ribosomal protein S36, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS36 PE=1 SV=2	0.75703 6099	0.465952 605	1.054062 461	0.943734 229
Phosphoglucomutase-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGM1 PE=1 SV=3	0.90514 7757	0.722596 884	1.055063 984	0.787750 423
Peroxiredoxin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRDX1 PE=1 SV=1	1.15657 3748	0.692637 384	1.055116 204	0.791101 992
Adenylyl cyclase-associated protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAP2 PE=1 SV=1	0.99468 5435	0.998156 786	1.055533 085	0.973481 178
Leucine-rich repeat-containing protein 59 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LRRC59 PE=1 SV=1	2.60480 0211	0.055666 842	1.056073 063	0.861611 187
Eukaryotic initiation factor 4A-I OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF4A1 PE=1 SV=1	0.88779 0391	0.821231 484	1.056492 43	0.837307 096
Lipoma-preferred partner OS=Homo sapiens GN=LPP PE=1 SV=1	1.20520 9899	0.188221 499	1.058952 209	0.779090 285
General vesicular transport factor p115 OS=Homo sapiens GN=USO1 PE=1 SV=2	0.90326 2417	0.834742 486	1.063753 03	0.889020 383
Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase family member 9, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACAD9 PE=1 SV=1	1.01988 7706	0.953986 585	1.065092 861	0.913673 699
Vesicle-associated membrane protein-associated protein B/C OS=Homo sapiens GN=VAPB PE=1 SV=3	0.76852 4303	0.215111 405	1.067503 165	0.801756 68
Exportin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CSE1L PE=1 SV=3	0.97936 5695	0.966096 52	1.067617 084	0.904940 128
Mitochondrial 2-oxoglutarate/malate carrier protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC25A11 PE=1 SV=3	1.01099 8147	0.971763 909	1.068485 627	0.599636 972
Aminoacylase-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACY1 PE=1 SV=1	1.89034 6232	0.321638 614	1.068963 404	0.813587 487
14-3-3 protein epsilon OS=Homo sapiens GN=YWHAE PE=1 SV=1	1.13812 3176	0.660374 284	1.069484 966	0.753216 326
Apolipoprotein L2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOL2 PE=1 SV=1	0.62593 303	0.663605 213	1.073390 645	0.937558 174
Calpastatin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAST PE=1 SV=4	1.01698 6308	0.973317 325	1.074235 044	0.906703 591
Ras GTPase-activating protein-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=G3BP1 PE=1 SV=1	1.22456 5324	0.717964 828	1.075157 936	0.679970 622
Radixin OS=Homo sapiens GN=RDX PE=1 SV=1	1.06005 6076	0.804775 417	1.077884 003	0.838141 024
Dihydropyrimidinase-related protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DPYSL2 PE=1 SV=1	1.13027 8004	0.775596 023	1.078155 257	0.885705 888
MICOS complex subunit MIC13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MIC13 PE=1 SV=1	1.06258 9362	0.696982 92	1.079507 465	0.672020 018
NADP-dependent malic enzyme OS=Homo sapiens GN=ME1 PE=1 SV=1	1.16880 3919	0.799860 597	1.080115 856	0.701454 818
60S ribosomal protein L31 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL31 PE=1 SV=1	1.16009 4989	0.397065 997	1.081262 846	0.618602 872
GTPase NRas OS=Homo sapiens GN=NRAS PE=1 SV=1	1.03093 2619	0.928528 19	1.082420 586	0.570084 512
Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein glycosyltransferase subunit 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPN1 PE=1 SV=1	1.15128 2012	0.781659 901	1.082708 172	0.858576 894
Tenascin OS=Homo sapiens GN=TNC PE=1 SV=3	1.25456 5548	0.751160 085	1.083064 776	0.946692 288
Dihydropteridine reductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=QDPR PE=1 SV=2	0.54965 1677	0.518976 986	1.084196 321	0.847481 728
Vacuolar protein sorting-associated protein 35 OS=Homo sapiens GN=VPS35 PE=1 SV=2	1.73699 0495	0.296076 387	1.084930 32	0.818678 796

Protein disulfide-isomerase TMX3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMX3 PE=1 SV=2	1.36484 6396	0.350678 205	1.085170 738	0.810118 675
Valine--tRNA ligase OS=Homo sapiens GN=VARS PE=1 SV=4	0.72819 9523	0.038775 612	1.085368 008	0.584651 709
Filamin-B OS=Homo sapiens GN=FLNB PE=1 SV=2	1.35438 8993	0.003806 67	1.086848 064	0.445853 889
Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 L3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBE2L3 PE=1 SV=1	1.86266 3193	0.641722 202	1.087776 12	0.798440 576
Beta-taxilin OS=Homo sapiens GN=TXLNB PE=1 SV=3	0.75072 9913	0.595335 484	1.087792 483	0.784555 614
Aspartate--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=DARS PE=1 SV=2	1.10090 2444	0.417387 813	1.088321 572	0.699913 621
PEST proteolytic signal-containing nuclear protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=PCNP PE=1 SV=2	0.96239 1661	0.792539 001	1.089837 025	0.902186 394
Protein FAM114A2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAM114A2 PE=1 SV=4	1.08212 4846	0.842137 277	1.089850 76	0.628298 521
Long-chain fatty acid transport protein 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC27A6 PE=2 SV=1	1.17923 6925	0.798928 022	1.089961 285	0.893853 784
Neutral alpha-glucosidase AB OS=Homo sapiens GN=GANAB PE=1 SV=3	1.17021 8208	0.594929 516	1.091789 933	0.493585 11
Cleft lip and palate transmembrane protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLPTM1 PE=1 SV=1	1.10762 4574	0.680643 797	1.094680 808	0.566818 714
Alpha-1-acid glycoprotein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ORM2 PE=1 SV=2	1.22785 4408	0.954601 109	1.095189 025	0.970662 475
Aminopeptidase B OS=Homo sapiens GN=RNPEP PE=1 SV=2	1.05459 6891	0.905686 08	1.095510 905	0.418841 809
Clathrin heavy chain 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLTC PE=1 SV=5	1.07631 437	0.496470 6	1.096108 398	0.366409 093
Alcohol dehydrogenase [NADP(+)] OS=Homo sapiens GN=AKR1A1 PE=1 SV=3	0.78420 9184	0.880936 503	1.099714 296	0.938743 83
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein L OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPL PE=1 SV=2	0.80613 3087	0.759930 372	1.100464 843	0.831807 971
Spectrin beta chain, non-erythrocytic 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPTBN1 PE=1 SV=2	0.92783 3952	0.767520 785	1.101112 774	0.818768 382
ATP synthase mitochondrial F1 complex assembly factor 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATPAF1 PE=1 SV=1	0.99184 5066	0.995470 226	1.101564 922	0.923133 671
Amine oxidase [flavin-containing] A OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAOA PE=1 SV=1	0.98588 2152	0.941398 382	1.102178 089	0.949197 59
Alpha-2-macroglobulin receptor-associated protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=LRPAP1 PE=1 SV=1	0.81446 2912	0.478880 793	1.105777 234	0.404131 204
Protein transport protein Sec23A OS=Homo sapiens GN=SEC23A PE=1 SV=2	0.80737 4875	0.325085 908	1.106144 313	0.783846 08
6-phosphogluconate dehydrogenase, decarboxylating OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGD PE=1 SV=3	1.02506 8677	0.886090 1	1.106687 175	0.686676 025
Histone-lysine N-methyltransferase SMYD1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SMYD1 PE=1 SV=1	1.14852 2825	0.750040 472	1.107666 622	0.920276 225
Beta-parvin OS=Homo sapiens GN=PARVB PE=1 SV=1	0.68357 933	0.791953 206	1.109051 248	0.894015 789
COP9 signalosome complex subunit 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=COPS2 PE=1 SV=1	0.79105 9152	0.669108 272	1.110275 318	0.826147 795
Fumarate hydratase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=FH PE=1 SV=3	0.99529 9249	0.992096 782	1.113014 607	0.788362 384
Malectin OS=Homo sapiens GN=MLEC PE=1 SV=1	1.27147 1175	0.423304 29	1.113688 198	0.742920 697
Calreticulin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CALR PE=1 SV=1	1.05937 0522	0.679742 575	1.114192 614	0.912854 612
Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GAPDH PE=1 SV=3	1.08255 8527	0.903187 275	1.115386 242	0.885142 028

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 14 OS=Homo sapiens GN=USP14 PE=1 SV=3	1.09001 7087	0.951326 191	1.115396 327	0.921464 384
60S ribosomal protein L15 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL15 PE=1 SV=2	1.10985 5345	0.206092 402	1.116280 877	0.365869 701
Rab GTPase-binding effector protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RABEP1 PE=1 SV=2	2.57040 1269	0.382207 394	1.116708 701	0.940664 709
SWI/SNF complex subunit SMARCC2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SMARCC2 PE=1 SV=1	1.18349 1602	0.531445 682	1.117201 499	0.475300 193
14-3-3 protein gamma OS=Homo sapiens GN=YWHAG PE=1 SV=2	1.16935 9672	0.395880 61	1.117222 33	0.559383 214
Cysteine-rich protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CRIP2 PE=1 SV=1	0.61217 8328	0.837609 589	1.118662 439	0.977258 98
Inorganic pyrophosphatase 2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPA2 PE=1 SV=2	0.90530 5908	0.898951 411	1.121760 571	0.933594 584
Cardiomyopathy-associated protein 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CMYA5 PE=1 SV=3	1.13491 0408	0.846261 68	1.122461 84	0.926305 115
Gelsolin OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSN PE=1 SV=1	1.13335 5833	0.583033 621	1.122813 555	0.110810 302
Beta-sarcoglycan OS=Homo sapiens GN=SGCB PE=1 SV=1	1.10940 1503	0.929858 983	1.123204 817	0.908677 697
Beta-galactosidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GLB1 PE=1 SV=2	1.04900 688	0.753518 701	1.124353 641	0.261746 198
Cadherin-13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CDH13 PE=1 SV=1	0.83448 7667	0.623585 284	1.124907 74	0.917467 177
Serine beta-lactamase-like protein LACTB, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=LACTB PE=1 SV=2	0.97323 5978	0.938243 985	1.125110 971	0.798317 373
Bifunctional glutamate/proline--tRNA ligase OS=Homo sapiens GN=EPRS PE=1 SV=5	1.29961 5899	0.589413 583	1.125458 308	0.815545 619
Nodal modulator 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NOMO3 PE=3 SV=2	1.70765 2305	0.165853 694	1.127146 418	0.826508 999
60S ribosomal protein L19 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL19 PE=1 SV=1	1.10138 5002	0.748235 822	1.127311 599	0.439023 793
Long-chain fatty acid transport protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC27A1 PE=2 SV=1	1.49325 2503	0.859871 626	1.127974 855	0.877782 583
Protein ERGIC-53 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LMAN1 PE=1 SV=2	1.23028 6195	0.062336 87	1.128119 418	0.208924 904
Microtubule-associated protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAP4 PE=1 SV=3	1.30221 5111	0.350992 411	1.129067 809	0.669798 911
Pantothenate kinase 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PANK4 PE=1 SV=1	1.43692 6981	0.574109 316	1.129633 106	0.882762 372
ER membrane protein complex subunit 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EMC1 PE=1 SV=1	1.23024 5599	0.770614 386	1.130521 117	0.794668 019
Neuroplastin OS=Homo sapiens GN=NPTN PE=1 SV=2	1.01550 5554	0.892223 775	1.130620 844	0.579142 272
Nuclear autoantigenic sperm protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=NASP PE=1 SV=2	1.27244 5148	0.206557 497	1.131022 676	0.604158 819
Endophilin-B1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SH3GLB1 PE=1 SV=1	0.79563 1665	0.835510 314	1.132697 554	0.704958 797
60S ribosomal protein L10a OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL10A PE=1 SV=2	1.16365 1375	0.131010 905	1.134400 64	0.270059 586
V-type proton ATPase subunit C 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP6V1C1 PE=1 SV=4	0.74611 8296	0.823940 516	1.134739 309	0.523792 088
Calpain-2 catalytic subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAPN2 PE=1 SV=6	1.14400 3011	0.475370 198	1.136423 066	0.513595 998
L-2-hydroxyglutarate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=L2HGDH PE=1 SV=3	0.88459 7218	0.837399 125	1.136911 771	0.810006 38
Glutathione synthetase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSS PE=1 SV=1	1.11371 7105	0.229398 996	1.138275 526	0.339830 101

Matrin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MATR3 PE=1 SV=2	0.98636 3467	0.988461 971	1.138569 764	0.939603 388
Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 7A1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=COX7A1 PE=1 SV=2	1.14551 4835	0.799057 007	1.138753 305	0.959331 81
Mitochondrial import inner membrane translocase subunit TIM14 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DNAJC19 PE=1 SV=3	1.01744 7882	0.994128 585	1.139184 376	0.865832 627
Smoothelin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SMTN PE=1 SV=7	0.65141 9523	0.823304 176	1.140613 687	0.857773 006
Septin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SEPT2 PE=1 SV=1	1.15318 7632	0.175275 505	1.142742 246	0.412490 308
Dystrophin OS=Homo sapiens GN=DMD PE=1 SV=3	1.02663 6584	0.898170 471	1.143272 785	0.603238 881
Trans-3-hydroxy-L-proline dehydratase OS=Homo sapiens GN=L3HYPDH PE=1 SV=2	0.75070 7944	0.936652 72	1.143399 321	0.664401 472
3'(2'),5'-bisphosphate nucleotidase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BPNT1 PE=1 SV=1	1.14896 5574	0.877465 904	1.143975 085	0.732632 279
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein M OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPM PE=1 SV=3	1.00209 4354	0.999190 271	1.144669 112	0.923990 011
Heat shock 70 kDa protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA4 PE=1 SV=4	1.06606 8519	0.919092 476	1.145324 339	0.780862 212
Vinculin OS=Homo sapiens GN=VCL PE=1 SV=4	1.21999 4091	0.352899 402	1.145771 746	0.488168 597
KH domain-containing, RNA-binding, signal transduction-associated protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KHDRBS1 PE=1 SV=1	1.78118 758	0.371334 91	1.146126 321	0.760942 4
Complement decay-accelerating factor OS=Homo sapiens GN=CD55 PE=1 SV=4	1.01877 2696	0.977926 91	1.146492 477	0.651639 819
Septin-9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SEPT9 PE=1 SV=2	1.44581 8152	0.592916 071	1.146875 016	0.929402 888
Cofilin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CFL1 PE=1 SV=3	1.23436 6614	0.856051 385	1.147163 127	0.918013 811
Xin actin-binding repeat-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=XIRP2 PE=1 SV=2	2.45775 0729	0.386728 108	1.149439 298	0.605510 592
Tight junction protein ZO-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TJP2 PE=1 SV=2	0.53266 6308	0.104678 601	1.150060 028	0.895932 496
Nicotinamide phosphoribosyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=NAMPT PE=1 SV=1	1.02925 5144	0.798967 123	1.150529 527	0.379122 108
Vacuolar protein-sorting-associated protein 36 OS=Homo sapiens GN=VPS36 PE=1 SV=1	0.79985 217	0.434135 914	1.151240 3	0.750853 717
Calpain small subunit 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAPNS1 PE=1 SV=1	0.67688 5378	0.605223 417	1.151519 623	0.767737 627
Collagen alpha-1(XII) chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=COL12A1 PE=1 SV=2	1.62674 1474	0.468668 789	1.152369 092	0.765916 288
Dynamin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DNM2 PE=1 SV=2	0.61156 7692	0.035108 458	1.154690 705	0.872145 474
28S ribosomal protein S16, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS16 PE=1 SV=1	1.45768 924	0.701412 916	1.155116 67	0.931460 798
Cytochrome b-c1 complex subunit Rieske, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=UQCRC1 PE=1 SV=2	0.86197 6865	0.752472 579	1.156432 164	0.836256 206
Ras suppressor protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RSU1 PE=1 SV=3	0.92227 0177	0.244092 897	1.157166 453	0.483999 491
Endoplasmic reticulum aminopeptidase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ERAP1 PE=1 SV=3	0.66666 2216	0.524818 003	1.157213 464	0.733915 687
Phosphatidylinositol-binding clathrin assembly protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=PICALM PE=1 SV=2	1.26452 2736	0.513898 015	1.157294 087	0.867667 496
60S ribosomal protein L13a OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL13A PE=1 SV=2	1.09096 2838	0.693660 319	1.160807 353	0.164526 999
Ornithine aminotransferase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=OAT PE=1 SV=1	0.44409 4286	0.366321 087	1.162077 408	0.635866 225

Catenin alpha-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CTNNA1 PE=1 SV=1	0.87761 6429	0.767814 577	1.163932 394	0.701931 477
Ras-related protein Rab-6A OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB6A PE=1 SV=3	1.57519 8099	0.790703 177	1.164139 228	0.806945 92
Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP1A OS=Homo sapiens GN=FKBP1A PE=1 SV=2	1.12538 1456	0.437535 197	1.166693 672	0.395276 01
ATP-binding cassette sub-family B member 10, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABCB10 PE=1 SV=2	18.4552 5422	0.412307 411	1.167438 292	0.907572 925
Fermitin family homolog 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FERMT2 PE=1 SV=1	1.27310 9462	0.420358 598	1.168100 415	0.465460 092
Glutathione S-transferase kappa 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSTK1 PE=1 SV=3	0.76214 8635	0.113820 598	1.169933 575	0.649368 286
Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTPN11 PE=1 SV=2	1.17928 5084	0.707249 582	1.171235 873	0.538027 585
GTPase-activating protein and VPS9 domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GAPVD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.99354 7855	0.983312 488	1.171916 637	0.719264 925
Carbonyl reductase [NADPH] 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CBR1 PE=1 SV=3	1.19748 0192	0.711250 126	1.172982 281	0.913822 293
Puromycin-sensitive aminopeptidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=NPEPPS PE=1 SV=2	1.13901 4847	0.540880 322	1.173911 608	0.472394 586
Growth hormone-inducible transmembrane protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=GHITM PE=1 SV=2	1.00240 5395	0.994167 984	1.174115 02	0.859785 914
40S ribosomal protein S19 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS19 PE=1 SV=2	1.16819 1835	0.177518 8	1.174207 383	0.897331 774
Angiotensinogen OS=Homo sapiens GN=AGT PE=1 SV=1	1.12811 0771	0.932856 619	1.177422 524	0.885239 124
N-alpha-acetyltransferase 15, NatA auxiliary subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=NAA15 PE=1 SV=1	1.75352 0871	0.514681 995	1.178013 056	0.346982 002
60S ribosomal protein L27a OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL27A PE=1 SV=2	1.06188 7423	0.976285 696	1.178036 795	0.907666 087
Bifunctional epoxide hydrolase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EPHX2 PE=1 SV=2	1.16028 69	0.374716 61	1.178237 502	0.421931 088
Chloride intracellular channel protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLIC1 PE=1 SV=4	1.13423 1152	0.914245 188	1.178767 562	0.884853 125
Sec1 family domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SCFD1 PE=1 SV=4	0.88428 1196	0.339843 81	1.179579 842	0.807850 42
Endoplasmic reticulum resident protein 29 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ERP29 PE=1 SV=4	1.16533 2239	0.744311 81	1.181855 299	0.730293 095
Ras GTPase-activating-like protein IQGAP1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=IQGAP1 PE=1 SV=1	1.57575 0529	0.131908	1.182625 241	0.609717 071
Vasodilator-stimulated phosphoprotein OS=Homo sapiens GN=VASP PE=1 SV=3	1.34688 5669	0.013468 41	1.184094 172	0.100499 503
Xaa-Pro dipeptidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PEPD PE=1 SV=3	1.52251 4079	0.213152 006	1.185407 18	0.421213 299
26S protease regulatory subunit 10B OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMC6 PE=1 SV=1	0.93032 3406	0.864795 625	1.186291 799	0.329859 614
Dynactin subunit 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DCTN3 PE=1 SV=1	1.38450 389	0.221328 601	1.188330 247	0.230728 805
Uroporphyrinogen decarboxylase OS=Homo sapiens GN=UROD PE=1 SV=2	1.23008 2066	0.292091 31	1.191372 408	0.485465 586
Cell division control protein 42 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=CDC42 PE=1 SV=2	1.28735 175	0.582427 919	1.192551 048	0.346677 095
Guanylate-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GBP1 PE=1 SV=2	1.51757 8245	0.271419 615	1.194538 87	0.323038 697
T-complex protein 1 subunit theta OS=Homo sapiens GN=CCT8 PE=1 SV=4	1.05915 9319	0.891917 884	1.195245 042	0.615569 89
Proteasomal ubiquitin receptor ADRM1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADRM1 PE=1 SV=2	1.59271 9135	0.520310 879	1.195481 726	0.760145 724

Isobutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACAD8 PE=1 SV=1	1.21146 1286	0.717691 72	1.195496 974	0.850740 016
Delta-aminolevulinic acid dehydratase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALAD PE=1 SV=1	0.83180 9056	0.841555 178	1.198444 564	0.713833 57
OCIA domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=OCIAD1 PE=1 SV=1	1.35857 8254	0.351631 79	1.199456 88	0.618720 472
Isocitrate dehydrogenase [NADP] cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=IDH1 PE=1 SV=2	1.03000 9879	0.937368 274	1.199677 992	0.339338 213
Protein LZIC OS=Homo sapiens GN=LZIC PE=1 SV=1	0.37766 7171	0.513774 991	1.200517 381	0.665987 074
Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GNAI2 PE=1 SV=3	1.02817 4575	0.989746 094	1.202628 502	0.692567 587
Kinesin light chain 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KLC1 PE=1 SV=2	1.87957 6248	0.282875 508	1.202914 346	0.607668 4
Cysteine and glycine-rich protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CSRP3 PE=1 SV=1	1.19926 0624	0.763286 173	1.204555 123	0.773975 79
60S ribosomal protein L18 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL18 PE=1 SV=2	1.22165 7806	0.902209 52	1.206938 993	0.913522 124
26S protease regulatory subunit 7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMC2 PE=1 SV=3	1.38332 523	0.058513 839	1.207305 772	0.554305 613
WD repeat-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=WDR1 PE=1 SV=4	1.07699 5972	0.719014 287	1.207639 218	0.467730 91
Cdc42-interacting protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TRIP10 PE=1 SV=3	0.75638 7895	0.854875 326	1.208079 49	0.590300 977
Transgelin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TAGLN2 PE=1 SV=3	1.98824 1829	0.352799 386	1.210428 351	0.882402 122
Niban-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAM129B PE=1 SV=3	0.62205 8072	0.356421 59	1.211257 584	0.845457 315
N-acetylserotonin O-methyltransferase-like protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=ASMTL PE=1 SV=3	1.25622 2892	0.303346 515	1.212269 51	0.304116 696
Nucleobindin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NUCB1 PE=1 SV=4	1.03623 5088	0.926549 017	1.217723 149	0.018977 581
Basal cell adhesion molecule OS=Homo sapiens GN=BCAM PE=1 SV=2	1.33559 4721	0.602596 223	1.219990 986	0.801471 829
60S ribosomal protein L24 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL24 PE=1 SV=1	1.47138 5142	0.692757 726	1.221415 091	0.765097 082
Molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MOCS1 PE=1 SV=3	0.91596 8193	0.824233 89	1.223406 617	0.794289 112
Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2A 56 kDa regulatory subunit alpha isoform OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPP2R5A PE=1 SV=1	0.83393 6571	0.794651 21	1.224534 399	0.687306 225
Tricarboxylate transport protein, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC25A1 PE=1 SV=2	1.04910 6454	0.903242 826	1.225462 828	0.048516 162
Guanine nucleotide-binding protein subunit beta-2-like 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GNB2L1 PE=1 SV=3	1.22266 7855	0.313469 887	1.226496 217	0.517544 925
Zyxin OS=Homo sapiens GN=ZYX PE=1 SV=1	0.84743 9686	0.835655 689	1.226772 71	0.320489 407
Thymidine phosphorylase OS=Homo sapiens GN=TYMP PE=1 SV=2	1.27589 4558	0.778791 01	1.229143 116	0.843247 414
WW domain-binding protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=WBP2 PE=1 SV=1	0.94200 7197	0.695639 908	1.229590 829	0.853073 12
Spliceosome RNA helicase DDX39B OS=Homo sapiens GN=DDX39B PE=1 SV=1	1.26865 8519	0.000977 822	1.230487 955	0.005437 331
Methylmalonyl-CoA mutase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MUT PE=1 SV=4	0.85454 4512	0.824585 617	1.231146 031	0.716878 593
Endoplasmin OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSP90B1 PE=1 SV=1	1.32778 5151	0.082484 543	1.234581 161	0.218331 605
Transaldolase OS=Homo sapiens GN=TALDO1 PE=1 SV=2	1.33152 8989	0.178797 394	1.237814 468	0.372216 791

Receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase C OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTPRC PE=1 SV=2	0.49028 7654	0.636712 015	1.239072 748	0.961512 804
39S ribosomal protein L27, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPL27 PE=1 SV=1	1.44083 6422	0.608603 716	1.241443 202	0.807016 075
Glutaredoxin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GLRX3 PE=1 SV=2	0.78640 5287	0.659231 007	1.243355 854	0.617793 918
Aminomethyltransferase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=AMT PE=1 SV=1	0.89121 7133	0.871574 402	1.245688 168	0.678794 682
Proteasome subunit alpha type-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMA1 PE=1 SV=1	1.27149 7481	0.213076 502	1.248155 058	0.302498 013
Thioredoxin reductase 1, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=TXNRD1 PE=1 SV=3	1.64708 5319	0.290310 502	1.249024 531	0.112748 504
Aminoacyl tRNA synthase complex-interacting multifunctional protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AIMP1 PE=1 SV=2	1.46312 5049	0.688189 805	1.249282 251	0.877488 077
40S ribosomal protein S18 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS18 PE=1 SV=3	1.05398 088	0.775528 61	1.249681 457	0.501114 428
Probable serine carboxypeptidase CPVL OS=Homo sapiens GN=CPVL PE=1 SV=2	1.11373 5588	0.959890 306	1.250956 156	0.335938 394
Protoporphyrinogen oxidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPOX PE=1 SV=1	2.31504 09	0.277078 688	1.251591 587	0.913833 082
Microtubule-associated protein tau OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAPT PE=1 SV=5	0.80843 1596	0.672748 506	1.251871 104	0.701391 995
Cytosolic non-specific dipeptidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=CNDP2 PE=1 SV=2	1.28945 6064	0.540102 303	1.253801 337	0.720793 009
Neuroblast differentiation-associated protein AHNAK OS=Homo sapiens GN=AHNAK PE=1 SV=2	1.17582 7589	0.112365	1.253850 063	0.023498 051
Spartin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPG20 PE=1 SV=1	1.52254 3647	0.882374 585	1.254130 122	0.911256 671
Titin OS=Homo sapiens GN=TTN PE=1 SV=4	1.29973 3294	0.125541 195	1.254582 247	0.254709 005
Flotillin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FLOT1 PE=1 SV=3	1.29137 2715	0.097333 059	1.255771 087	0.394063 413
Phospholipase A-2-activating protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLAA PE=1 SV=2	1.92217 4971	0.282160 014	1.256184 798	0.482603 788
60S ribosomal protein L23 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL23 PE=1 SV=1	0.83416 0556	0.798531 413	1.256387 616	0.722025 394
Putative E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase SH3RF2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SH3RF2 PE=1 SV=3	0.59247 2179	0.768096 328	1.256898 619	0.859827 28
26S proteasome non-ATPase regulatory subunit 9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMD9 PE=1 SV=3	1.35869 84	0.514845 014	1.260306 746	0.447274 297
Electron transfer flavoprotein subunit alpha, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ETF1A PE=1 SV=1	1.09758 3731	0.931900 978	1.260557 02	0.829658 985
Calnexin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CANX PE=1 SV=2	1.36108 9344	0.070557 907	1.261356 896	0.292153 388
CDGSH iron-sulfur domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CISD2 PE=1 SV=1	1.29507 5588	0.232736 2	1.262485 651	0.117662 199
Fatty acid synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=FASN PE=1 SV=3	1.66512 7574	0.393591 702	1.264247 64	0.067634 843
RelA-associated inhibitor OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPP1R13L PE=1 SV=4	0.83158 9795	0.759634 614	1.268700 347	0.842755 497
Spectrin beta chain, erythrocytic OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPTB PE=1 SV=5	1.39062 3718	0.628097 713	1.273075 167	0.051299 911
Tropomyosin alpha-3 chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=TPM3 PE=1 SV=2	1.34042 0578	0.676854 372	1.274208 646	0.641707 48
Hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=HPRT1 PE=1 SV=2	1.73736 6252	0.275888 89	1.274453 243	0.321341 008
60S ribosomal protein L30 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL30 PE=1 SV=2	1.15301 7001	0.579712 629	1.276351 057	0.414891 392

Heat shock protein beta-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPB2 PE=1 SV=2	1.28299 6059	0.578208 387	1.281015 258	0.671258 092
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins C1/C2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPC PE=1 SV=4	1.23025 5432	0.838645 101	1.281935 931	0.852201 283
PITH domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PITHD1 PE=1 SV=1	1.32199 0277	0.253173 798	1.282669 619	0.294126 511
Beta-hexosaminidase subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=HEXB PE=1 SV=3	5.59545 7189	0.297713 697	1.283008 421	0.571847 2
Alpha-actinin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACTN2 PE=1 SV=1	1.27119 8055	0.521303 177	1.285056 321	0.590790 272
Ras-related protein R-Ras OS=Homo sapiens GN=RRAS PE=1 SV=1	1.16395 4681	0.330030 59	1.285065 77	0.175952 002
Signal transducer and activator of transcription 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=STAT3 PE=1 SV=2	0.78782 6502	0.592600 822	1.286501 213	0.214984 402
Palmdelphin OS=Homo sapiens GN=PALMD PE=1 SV=1	0.85497 9994	0.660134 375	1.287104 449	0.637653 41
Phosphoglycerate kinase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGK1 PE=1 SV=3	1.35056 5698	0.706787 527	1.287188 189	0.620979 607
40S ribosomal protein S8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS8 PE=1 SV=2	1.07074 1555	0.570813 179	1.287498 753	0.190717 101
Inactive phospholipase C-like protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLCL2 PE=1 SV=2	0.48218 6101	0.201173 902	1.290566 394	0.321143 299
Phenylalanine--tRNA ligase beta subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=FARSB PE=1 SV=3	1.23647 5081	0.553202 629	1.291433 749	0.099082 418
Adenylosuccinate lyase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADSL PE=1 SV=2	0.77290 4457	0.665927 112	1.291579 299	0.569184 721
Serine--tRNA ligase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SARS2 PE=1 SV=1	0.50358 224	0.578335 702	1.293007 514	0.868487 775
Epididymal secretory protein E1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NPC2 PE=1 SV=1	1.25629 4007	0.413302 6	1.293838 341	0.529103 816
60S ribosomal protein L7a OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL7A PE=1 SV=2	1.22991 9749	0.116151 601	1.298465 428	0.056050 9
Glutathione reductase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSR PE=1 SV=2	1.40739 79	0.634818 196	1.299517 449	0.840958 774
Thioredoxin domain-containing protein 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TXNDC5 PE=1 SV=2	1.28572 727	0.118946 202	1.304256 796	0.447136 79
Ethylmalonyl-CoA decarboxylase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ECHDC1 PE=1 SV=2	0.97308 0747	0.971933 722	1.304341 667	0.879264 712
Actin-related protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACTR3 PE=1 SV=3	1.57849 7262	0.348788 41	1.305905 189	0.564941 883
Wolframín OS=Homo sapiens GN=WFS1 PE=1 SV=2	1.28148 9231	0.727109 015	1.308941 782	0.737276 673
ATP-binding cassette sub-family E member 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABCE1 PE=1 SV=1	1.01632 7731	0.991436 183	1.309928 619	0.333664
Plasma membrane calcium-transporting ATPase 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATP2B4 PE=1 SV=2	1.68794 8373	0.532937 527	1.310260 181	0.388256 013
Fibrinogen alpha chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=FGA PE=1 SV=2	1.43609 6989	0.153193 504	1.312460 651	0.072053 231
Signal transducer and activator of transcription 1-alpha/beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=STAT1 PE=1 SV=2	0.93167 8218	0.865644 991	1.312896 125	0.595366 001
Acyl-CoA synthetase short-chain family member 3, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACSS3 PE=1 SV=1	1.48817 6569	0.438374 102	1.313646 353	0.652990 282
Ribosome-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RRBP1 PE=1 SV=4	2.13281 7372	0.026338 7	1.315347 454	0.467161 089
Proteasome subunit alpha type-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMA3 PE=1 SV=2	1.27427 0585	0.548841 298	1.317989 95	0.525318 027
Carbonic anhydrase 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CA3 PE=1 SV=3	1.31643 3837	0.125974 506	1.318843 146	0.094164 543

Integrin alpha-M OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITGAM PE=1 SV=2	0.95486 7239	0.950902 224	1.322479 112	0.777864 516
von Willebrand factor A domain-containing protein 8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=VWA8 PE=1 SV=2	0.80722 5006	0.552488 983	1.325362 564	0.595343 888
Myosin-9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYH9 PE=1 SV=4	1.34193 5517	0.031402 901	1.326933 993	0.167346 805
Retinol dehydrogenase 13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RDH13 PE=1 SV=2	0.83290 7841	0.357642 204	1.328299 105	0.473284 602
A-kinase anchor protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AKAP2 PE=1 SV=3	1.28056 1281	0.545400 381	1.330079 199	0.781177 7
Guanine nucleotide-binding protein subunit alpha-13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GNA13 PE=1 SV=2	0.61055 9482	0.611265 182	1.331133 451	0.355541 11
Complement factor B OS=Homo sapiens GN=CFB PE=1 SV=2	1.28587 3311	0.629475 474	1.333933 04	0.514220 417
ER membrane protein complex subunit 7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EMC7 PE=1 SV=1	0.84383 4105	0.767608 225	1.334158 348	0.593290 21
60S ribosomal protein L12 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL12 PE=1 SV=1	1.14595 3702	0.774043 024	1.335634 7	0.236567 795
X-ray repair cross-complementing protein 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=XRCC5 PE=1 SV=3	1.63151 7037	0.658465 624	1.335650 65	0.768870 473
Septin-10 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SEPT10 PE=1 SV=2	0.89494 5896	0.834716 082	1.337985 212	0.362587 81
Annexin A2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANXA2 PE=1 SV=2	1.34123 466	0.516670 108	1.339917 108	0.310705 096
RNA 3'-terminal phosphate cyclase OS=Homo sapiens GN=RTCA PE=1 SV=1	1.78839 0799	0.790970 981	1.340411 047	0.856324 792
B-cell receptor-associated protein 31 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BCAP31 PE=1 SV=3	1.26698 3148	0.093258 306	1.341118 44	0.014797 69
Prenylcysteine oxidase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PCYOX1 PE=1 SV=3	1.43431 9944	0.293192 714	1.342973 395	0.693698 525
Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRMT1 PE=1 SV=2	1.94005 0584	0.745403 528	1.345880 389	0.207320 407
Moesin OS=Homo sapiens GN=MSN PE=1 SV=3	1.27528 9663	0.438301 086	1.346564 711	0.324472 606
Transferrin receptor protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TFRC PE=1 SV=2	1.02022 8505	0.942472 517	1.350337 532	0.511108 875
Eukaryotic peptide chain release factor subunit 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ETF1 PE=1 SV=3	1.26444 2015	0.289528 698	1.351003 548	0.244322 196
Ribonuclease inhibitor OS=Homo sapiens GN=RNHI PE=1 SV=2	1.29755 3582	0.817754 328	1.351069 588	0.910600 305
Peroxidasin homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=PXDN PE=1 SV=2	2.55431 8885	0.015398 66	1.351370 491	0.762556 314
Serine/threonine-protein kinase OSR1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=OXSR1 PE=1 SV=1	0.82201 6208	0.464169 115	1.351875 091	0.906122 625
Septin-7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SEPT7 PE=1 SV=2	1.06267 5849	0.945973 098	1.352556 91	0.334704 31
Myeloblastin OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRTN3 PE=1 SV=3	2.49372 2632	0.379640 311	1.353761 362	0.683308 601
CD151 antigen OS=Homo sapiens GN=CD151 PE=1 SV=3	1.40266 7132	0.241133 6	1.353984 895	0.170056 194
Acylpyruvase FAHD1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAHD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.69631 4325	0.177967 295	1.360537 792	0.542437 613
UDP-glucose:glycoprotein glucosyltransferase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UGGT1 PE=1 SV=3	1.32856 8592	0.581551 492	1.362777 349	0.510107 577
Choline transporter-like protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC44A2 PE=1 SV=3	1.32338 2183	0.249155 805	1.365258 671	0.490691 304
Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=USP5 PE=1 SV=2	1.33929 0306	0.446918 696	1.366337 516	0.470105 499

Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 K OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBE2K PE=1 SV=3	0.88336 7226	0.754784 524	1.367343 176	0.762992 918
Cathepsin B OS=Homo sapiens GN=CTSB PE=1 SV=3	1.37033 3803	0.775444 984	1.369124 833	0.583492 398
Testin OS=Homo sapiens GN=TES PE=1 SV=1	0.95569 3139	0.892450 69	1.369126 844	0.025666 03
Ubiquitin-like modifier-activating enzyme 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBA1 PE=1 SV=3	1.17148 9155	0.824203 372	1.370984 74	0.680394 173
Acylamino-acid-releasing enzyme OS=Homo sapiens GN=APEH PE=1 SV=4	2.89047 8265	0.097998 932	1.371118 969	0.328176 796
C4b-binding protein alpha chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=C4BPA PE=1 SV=2	1.67190 1377	0.678916 097	1.372270 177	0.557142 198
Translational activator GCN1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GCN1L1 PE=1 SV=6	0.77773 5027	0.760072 529	1.372898 464	0.784258 723
Nucleobindin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NUCB2 PE=1 SV=2	1.43343 9193	0.051485 87	1.372934 865	0.303022 414
Actin-related protein 2/3 complex subunit 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARPC2 PE=1 SV=1	1.38484 8563	0.573016 703	1.373067 678	0.460950 285
Acylglycerol kinase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=AGK PE=1 SV=2	1.80507 3119	0.465837 091	1.378617 788	0.493946 701
Mitochondrial Rho GTPase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RHOT1 PE=1 SV=2	1.01593 5331	0.945758 998	1.379466 125	0.455257 803
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein D0 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPD PE=1 SV=1	1.47734 267	0.008868 16	1.381523 284	0.786388 218
Biglycan OS=Homo sapiens GN=BGN PE=1 SV=2	3.13042 044	0.273086 101	1.381571 976	0.730640 113
Endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ERGIC1 PE=1 SV=1	1.37105 8798	0.261809 2	1.384658 606	0.402301 103
Glucosidase 2 subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRKCSH PE=1 SV=2	1.53038 4868	0.123311 102	1.386634 788	0.049021 911
Transcription intermediary factor 1-beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=TRIM28 PE=1 SV=5	1.26495 0246	0.361987 889	1.388167 836	0.194472
Alpha-adducin OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADD1 PE=1 SV=2	0.99493 0822	0.997344 077	1.388345 085	0.552445 71
Isovaleryl-CoA dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=IVD PE=1 SV=1	1.05828 6306	0.853927 016	1.388496 295	0.417492 598
Calponin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CNN3 PE=1 SV=1	1.77746 6252	0.291114 092	1.398848 552	0.730846 703
Mitochondrial import inner membrane translocase subunit Tim13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TIMM13 PE=1 SV=1	0.99806 9682	0.999454 081	1.399549 517	0.884061 277
Voltage-dependent calcium channel subunit alpha-2/delta-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CACNA2D1 PE=1 SV=3	1.74517 633	0.004623 866	1.401576 894	0.472772 598
Perilipin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLIN2 PE=1 SV=2	1.68910 6686	0.782084 882	1.402585 868	0.870163 321
Membrane-associated progesterone receptor component 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGRMC2 PE=1 SV=1	1.13096 4959	0.612666 309	1.407211 621	0.243898 898
Prostaglandin reductase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTGR2 PE=1 SV=1	0.79160 4542	0.685387 79	1.407989 881	0.640531 6
Synaptic vesicle membrane protein VAT-1 homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=VAT1 PE=1 SV=2	1.46339 433	0.046511 211	1.414698 1	0.004485 233
Laforin OS=Homo sapiens GN=EPM2A PE=1 SV=2	0.45046 6071	0.115192 004	1.417447 962	0.637066 305
Alpha-1-antitrypsin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINA1 PE=1 SV=3	1.40615 6501	0.145213 395	1.421295 454	0.053407 609
Protein cordon-bleu OS=Homo sapiens GN=COBL PE=1 SV=2	2.02184 2414	0.135184 899	1.421310 505	0.589261 115
Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 15 OS=Homo sapiens GN=USP15 PE=1 SV=3	2.20778 5802	0.178202 197	1.423514 266	0.737273 276

Protein transport protein Sec31A OS=Homo sapiens GN=SEC31A PE=1 SV=3	0.99641 5871	0.995585 024	1.423607 274	0.085028 186
Matrix-remodeling-associated protein 7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MXRA7 PE=1 SV=1	1.50601 0905	0.165651 202	1.423725 304	0.231305 405
AP-2 complex subunit mu OS=Homo sapiens GN=AP2M1 PE=1 SV=2	0.79667 563	0.387610 614	1.430165 403	0.751595 616
Thioredoxin-related transmembrane protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMX1 PE=1 SV=1	1.18299 4488	0.340298 086	1.430423 053	0.501527 786
Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein glycosyltransferase 48 kDa subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=DDOST PE=1 SV=4	1.57163 6306	0.119763 397	1.431714 408	0.546216 786
Drebrin-like protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=DBNL PE=1 SV=1	1.56937 4643	0.317524 701	1.432880 324	0.487052 5
Liver carboxylesterase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CES1 PE=1 SV=2	1.59586 4294	0.022092 92	1.432883 628	0.161078 006
Alcohol dehydrogenase 1B OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADH1B PE=1 SV=2	1.63653 7799	0.310129 791	1.434619 82	0.456576 586
[Pyruvate dehydrogenase (acetyl-transferring)] kinase isozyme 3, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDK3 PE=1 SV=1	0.96419 3741	0.987587 214	1.435152 179	0.436895 609
Serpin H1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINH1 PE=1 SV=2	1.96878 2231	0.319433 004	1.435701 273	0.535173 178
Isoleucine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=IARS PE=1 SV=2	1.33556 3144	0.454491 794	1.435923 191	0.513744 116
Tenascin-X OS=Homo sapiens GN=TNXB PE=1 SV=4	2.57796 3452	0.648087 323	1.437938 829	0.754512 012
Septin-8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SEPT8 PE=1 SV=4	1.44140 9069	0.188786 298	1.440312 079	0.188555 405
Glutaminase kidney isoform, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=GLS PE=1 SV=1	0.85480 1654	0.924426 198	1.441158 464	0.795827 21
Metaxin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MTX1 PE=1 SV=2	1.07584 987	0.877444 685	1.442795 904	0.332183 987
Tetranectin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLEC3B PE=1 SV=3	1.74739 3681	0.224153 697	1.444477 362	0.471208 9
Prefoldin subunit 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=VBP1 PE=1 SV=3	0.52304 2635	0.715749 681	1.444943 637	0.869442 999
Extended synaptotagmin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ESYT2 PE=1 SV=1	1.03213 023	0.819967 091	1.448602 764	0.134343 505
Nuclear transport factor 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NUTF2 PE=1 SV=1	1.23072 4269	0.680348 694	1.448738 736	0.480346 59
Ras-related protein Rab-18 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB18 PE=1 SV=1	1.71900 3116	0.739578 128	1.448972 713	0.829230 726
Beta-2-microglobulin OS=Homo sapiens GN=B2M PE=1 SV=1	1.54784 3878	0.142117 798	1.449189 239	0.256209 314
Protein lunapark OS=Homo sapiens GN=LNP PE=1 SV=2	2.11021 2103	0.718313 813	1.449759 402	0.625805 795
Flotillin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FLOT2 PE=1 SV=2	1.08738 9484	0.908926 725	1.451185 079	0.014430 61
Short/branched chain specific acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACADSB PE=1 SV=1	1.45084 0849	0.242236 495	1.451372 887	0.266257 197
Protein furry homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=FRY PE=1 SV=1	1.06777 9072	0.825406 492	1.453497 011	0.567685 783
Rho GTPase-activating protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARHGAP1 PE=1 SV=1	1.65162 6073	0.002624 564	1.454867 347	0.012705 82
Microtubule-associated protein 1B OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAP1B PE=1 SV=2	1.28578 5308	0.594474 196	1.460114 336	0.499139 994
Unconventional myosin-Ic OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYO1C PE=1 SV=4	1.46452 6009	0.120105 103	1.461638 007	0.091606 557

Clustered mitochondria protein homolog OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLUH PE=1 SV=2	1.57436 8703	0.384777 814	1.463663 199	0.461547 911
Alpha-enolase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ENO1 PE=1 SV=2	1.40763 9971	0.124679 297	1.470541 687	0.018194 471
Sorting nexin-6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SNX6 PE=1 SV=1	1.03565 018	0.877971 411	1.479096 276	0.365583 807
Cytoplasmic dynein 1 intermediate chain 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DYNC1I2 PE=1 SV=3	0.93642 4322	0.822834 79	1.480897 838	0.357076 913
Integrin alpha-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITGA1 PE=1 SV=2	1.52612 7398	0.043044 969	1.487829 346	0.541020 274
Serine protease HTRA2, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=HTRA2 PE=1 SV=2	1.68593 785	0.522520 483	1.490338 508	0.749029 1
Inosine-5'-monophosphate dehydrogenase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=IMPDH2 PE=1 SV=2	1.31633 3132	0.341879 189	1.491130 346	0.660751 224
3-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase type 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BDH2 PE=1 SV=2	0.96091 1998	0.951364 815	1.491500 327	0.177294 806
Rab GDP dissociation inhibitor alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=GDI1 PE=1 SV=2	0.82203 3769	0.890964 21	1.492608 317	0.635739 982
Collagen alpha-1(IV) chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=COL4A1 PE=1 SV=3	3.16953 5071	0.055475 44	1.494916 485	0.774801 016
UV excision repair protein RAD23 homolog B OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAD23B PE=1 SV=1	1.67148 1125	0.341686 308	1.496607 676	0.430785 805
Nuclear mitotic apparatus protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NUMA1 PE=1 SV=2	1.73492 3233	0.529537 618	1.498842 135	0.384241 402
Complement component C8 beta chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=C8B PE=1 SV=3	15.4027 8506	0.412070 811	1.500669 197	0.438821 912
40S ribosomal protein S23 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPS23 PE=1 SV=3	1.25505 4696	0.565605 223	1.504416 842	0.582035 482
Mannose-1-phosphate guanyltransferase beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=GMPPB PE=1 SV=2	2.37484 3992	0.384564 996	1.505255 857	0.522631 526
Ribose-phosphate pyrophosphokinase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRPS1 PE=1 SV=2	1.42291 1093	0.362737 209	1.506474 47	0.346373 498
60S ribosomal protein L28 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL28 PE=1 SV=3	1.41104 0219	0.192640 2	1.507458 937	0.227645 203
Ras-related protein R-Ras2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RRAS2 PE=1 SV=1	0.94166 3948	0.968900 979	1.509509 554	0.774851 918
Dipeptidyl peptidase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CTSC PE=1 SV=2	1.65389 1993	0.130062 103	1.515251 213	0.148644 701
Mitogen-activated protein kinase 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MAPK3 PE=1 SV=4	1.66214 3493	0.374695 688	1.515610 396	0.458029 985
Protein disulfide-isomerase A3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDIA3 PE=1 SV=4	1.67583 0091	0.259154 111	1.516410 821	0.337028 205
Elongation factor 1-delta OS=Homo sapiens GN=EEF1D PE=1 SV=5	1.58134 346	0.408977 687	1.516876 56	0.409286 29
Zinc-alpha-2-glycoprotein OS=Homo sapiens GN=AZGP1 PE=1 SV=2	1.86988 4799	0.000303 76	1.517152 272	0.119499 497
Inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor heavy chain H4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITIH4 PE=1 SV=4	1.85975 0027	0.174422 994	1.518094 152	0.295987 01
RuvB-like 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RUVBL1 PE=1 SV=1	1.74840 8898	0.290895 194	1.519230 189	0.370135 397
Tropomodulin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMOD3 PE=1 SV=1	1.44750 2669	0.209041 595	1.519422 951	0.579655 588
Fibrinogen gamma chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=FGG PE=1 SV=3	1.48394 9283	0.015037 4	1.524054 119	0.017402 271
Syntaxin-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=STXBP1 PE=1 SV=1	0.21029 2115	0.505128 384	1.525896 431	0.526444 316
Methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase subunit alpha, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MCCC1 PE=1 SV=3	1.47075 5813	0.741443 098	1.530646 94	0.533191 383

Polyadenylate-binding protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PABPC4 PE=1 SV=1	0.88702 8862	0.665212 512	1.534405 095	0.260174 9
NADH-cytochrome b5 reductase 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CYB5R3 PE=1 SV=3	1.16766 791	0.570545 614	1.535002 586	0.525443 614
Myoferlin OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYOF PE=1 SV=1	0.70661 1409	0.598394 275	1.539316 144	0.406524 897
Myosin light polypeptide 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYL6 PE=1 SV=2	1.25864 8058	0.493422 806	1.547793 756	0.363716 304
40S ribosomal protein SA OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPSA PE=1 SV=4	1.56862 2787	0.804728 21	1.550661 197	0.752373 219
Haptoglobin OS=Homo sapiens GN=HP PE=1 SV=1	1.47459 6519	0.585444 689	1.552293 635	0.752827 287
Myopalladin OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYPN PE=1 SV=2	1.24487 8382	0.564730 823	1.555059 3	0.152529 702
Protein SCO1 homolog, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SCO1 PE=1 SV=1	0.94016 7727	0.979142 129	1.556147 571	0.290138 394
L-lactate dehydrogenase A chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=LDHA PE=1 SV=2	1.23291 7783	0.475041 3	1.558200 168	0.038043 7
Hypoxia up-regulated protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HYOU1 PE=1 SV=1	1.73129 5858	0.021024 08	1.559991 39	0.000225 928
Exocyst complex component 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EXOC2 PE=1 SV=1	3.73219 2757	0.536340 475	1.562802 773	0.806057 99
Protein disulfide-isomerase OS=Homo sapiens GN=P4HB PE=1 SV=3	1.61760 3683	0.050848 22	1.566252 213	0.137440 905
Nucleoside diphosphate kinase A OS=Homo sapiens GN=NME1 PE=1 SV=1	1.84355 935	0.120477 803	1.568828 434	0.270443 887
Calumenin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CALU PE=1 SV=2	1.35081 6454	0.206095 606	1.570006 882	0.732324 123
Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharide--protein glycosyltransferase subunit STT3A OS=Homo sapiens GN=STT3A PE=1 SV=2	1.69239 2101	0.629693 985	1.572795 387	0.040844 399
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4H OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF4H PE=1 SV=5	1.05893 6502	0.949643 075	1.574180 359	0.588092 685
Adenosine kinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADK PE=1 SV=2	1.52100 8035	0.375558 406	1.574963 574	0.391249 21
EH domain-containing protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EHD3 PE=1 SV=2	1.08009 3256	0.907869 577	1.578988 848	0.149243 593
Multifunctional protein ADE2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PAICS PE=1 SV=3	1.27907 3523	0.252944 41	1.579248 953	0.137386 993
60S ribosomal protein L6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL6 PE=1 SV=3	1.29847 789	0.312980 294	1.588004 281	0.233045 802
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit L OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF3L PE=1 SV=1	1.20331 5534	0.503020 406	1.590163 086	0.458848 506
Nidogen-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NID2 PE=1 SV=3	1.57526 8352	0.065979 19	1.594000 395	0.274759 412
Tumor protein D54 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TPD52L2 PE=1 SV=2	0.72331 6301	0.334869 802	1.598743 054	0.467433 393
Alpha/beta hydrolase domain-containing protein 14B OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABHD14B PE=1 SV=1	1.96105 3193	0.273651 51	1.600086 064	0.154944 301
Basic leucine zipper and W2 domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BZW1 PE=1 SV=1	2.01594 3738	0.181061 894	1.601738 643	0.365876 406
Ferritin heavy chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=FTH1 PE=1 SV=2	1.57174 9531	0.033111 371	1.602758 501	0.094533 801
Bisphosphoglycerate mutase OS=Homo sapiens GN=BPGM PE=1 SV=2	2.51345 6979	0.236944 407	1.604319 338	0.570395 589
Hemopexin OS=Homo sapiens GN=HPX PE=1 SV=2	1.48569 7172	0.505517 781	1.605851 246	0.184826 896
Plastin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LCP1 PE=1 SV=6	1.46681 0143	0.685511 708	1.606602 297	0.713205 695

Fibrinogen beta chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=FGB PE=1 SV=2	1.43405 8927	0.286258 906	1.606881 121	5.29071E -05
Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type II subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAMK2B PE=1 SV=3	0.63199 0188	0.497274 697	1.606984 551	0.725361 288
Sorting nexin-9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SNX9 PE=1 SV=1	1.26792 4286	0.533914 685	1.609387 181	0.525769 889
Sepiapterin reductase OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPR PE=1 SV=1	1.29664 4519	0.638188 779	1.611158 983	0.393971 413
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein U OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPU PE=1 SV=6	1.69439 0334	0.001255 461	1.613635 889	0.003302 687
Aspartyl/asparaginyl beta-hydroxylase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ASPH PE=1 SV=3	0.84456 8223	0.863528 013	1.615791 542	0.423182 309
Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase F, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PIIF PE=1 SV=1	0.56373 5346	0.055155 78	1.617849 987	0.580088 317
Complement component C8 alpha chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=C8A PE=1 SV=2	1.84380 1666	0.381175 399	1.619685 045	0.436957 091
Actin-related protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACTR2 PE=1 SV=1	1.80871 2151	0.212649 599	1.623555 879	0.162075 4
PDZ and LIM domain protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDLIM3 PE=1 SV=1	1.30791 7888	0.915388 525	1.624106 75	0.867121 994
Coatomer subunit beta' OS=Homo sapiens GN=COPB2 PE=1 SV=2	0.78478 6425	0.445094 407	1.626618 296	0.770618 32
Sorbin and SH3 domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SORBS1 PE=1 SV=3	1.77494 6983	0.428566 396	1.627575 352	0.535238 087
Rab GDP dissociation inhibitor beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=GDI2 PE=1 SV=2	1.08372 3735	0.951730 072	1.628461 613	0.441338 39
Ras-related protein Rab-11B OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAB11B PE=1 SV=4	1.95254 3913	0.666810 811	1.631995 692	0.532550 693
Polypyrimidine tract-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTBP1 PE=1 SV=1	2.59685 0865	0.425854 892	1.634297 976	0.147163 302
2',3'-cyclic-nucleotide 3'-phosphodiesterase OS=Homo sapiens GN=CNP PE=1 SV=2	2.48152 4477	0.256874 114	1.642108 857	0.554566 085
N(G),N(G)-dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DDAH2 PE=1 SV=1	1.30690 3943	0.424203 008	1.642884 079	0.161246 404
Alpha-sarcoglycan OS=Homo sapiens GN=SGCA PE=1 SV=1	1.25498 8228	0.590383 589	1.645139 933	0.589148 223
Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase-like 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPIL1 PE=1 SV=1	1.39024 6095	0.740316 927	1.645218 821	0.589834 69
Rho-associated protein kinase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ROCK2 PE=1 SV=4	1.46039 8908	0.801192 105	1.646246 68	0.312654 614
Reticulon-4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RTN4 PE=1 SV=2	1.04331 3721	0.934294 403	1.648998 681	0.013085 66
Spectrin alpha chain, erythrocytic 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPTA1 PE=1 SV=5	1.85025 7971	0.518794 417	1.650029 161	0.216707 706
RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein kinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=AKT1 PE=1 SV=2	1.24293 9131	0.706184 506	1.652766 967	0.267357 111
NAD-dependent protein deacylase sirtuin-5, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=SIRT5 PE=1 SV=2	1.52353 3739	0.332644 403	1.659923 732	0.177671 194
Interleukin enhancer-binding factor 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ILF2 PE=1 SV=2	3.35840 733	0.007950 985	1.664644 651	0.308931 112
Ribonuclease T2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RNASET2 PE=1 SV=2	1.16038 9059	0.775385 022	1.666184 274	0.717768 073
Proteasome subunit alpha type-6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMA6 PE=1 SV=1	0.83211 014	0.858211 815	1.667836 666	0.248944 402
Lysine--tRNA ligase OS=Homo sapiens GN=KARS PE=1 SV=3	1.19719 9145	0.817477 524	1.671528 087	0.699310 005
Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase PGAM5, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGAM5 PE=1 SV=2	0.52726 8219	0.743385 196	1.673554 783	0.256352 514

Reticulon-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RTN2 PE=1 SV=1	0.09151 2992	0.506335 914	1.673988 104	0.190473 303
Long-chain-fatty-acid--CoA ligase 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACSL3 PE=1 SV=3	0.40864 9133	0.331410 11	1.675953 134	0.337349 296
Talin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TLN1 PE=1 SV=3	1.34084 9196	0.181028 202	1.682774 467	0.001616 752
Complement component C1q receptor OS=Homo sapiens GN=CD93 PE=1 SV=3	1.87096 6634	0.364396 304	1.689022 002	0.047303 569
Adenylyl cyclase-associated protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAP1 PE=1 SV=5	1.48545 4079	0.327468 693	1.689863 778	0.103958 301
Heat shock 70 kDa protein 4L OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA4L PE=1 SV=3	0.85394 7664	0.260481 089	1.692043 052	0.545777 321
Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPP5C PE=1 SV=1	1.04002 4077	0.939781 606	1.692828 742	0.595488 727
Kinectin OS=Homo sapiens GN=KTN1 PE=1 SV=1	1.67452 5266	0.469542 593	1.694974 405	0.122935 303
Early endosome antigen 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EEA1 PE=1 SV=2	1.54438 8658	0.085909 709	1.698890 455	0.016044 33
Fatty aldehyde dehydrogenase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDH3A2 PE=1 SV=1	1.80746 7199	0.239466 503	1.703119 886	0.309812 188
Cytoskeleton-associated protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CKAP4 PE=1 SV=2	1.04817 7365	0.992055 118	1.708028 864	0.596127 927
Cytoskeleton-associated protein 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CKAP5 PE=1 SV=3	0.76906 3377	0.791360 021	1.708955 844	0.732784 271
Translation initiation factor eIF-2B subunit delta OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF2B4 PE=1 SV=2	1.98727 5771	0.848271 608	1.710583 622	0.502310 395
Protein phosphatase 1A OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPM1A PE=1 SV=1	1.57088 3165	0.285474 688	1.717501 863	0.624304 712
Transmembrane emp24 domain-containing protein 10 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMED10 PE=1 SV=2	1.72654 3413	0.229315 996	1.723514 519	0.413599 402
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein D-like OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPDL PE=1 SV=3	1.26971 4088	0.911318 779	1.726848 541	0.121883 303
Integrin alpha-5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITGA5 PE=1 SV=2	5.33448 5621	0.618353 128	1.728461 806	0.207716 495
Actin, cytoplasmic 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACTG1 PE=1 SV=1	2.50814 2126	0.002306 582	1.729182 593	0.499367 505
Obscurin OS=Homo sapiens GN=OBSCN PE=1 SV=3	1.11971 3124	0.653119 683	1.729366 538	0.272459 686
Elongation factor G, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=GFM1 PE=1 SV=2	0.81396 7714	0.561151 505	1.729510 227	0.320952 088
Thyroxine-binding globulin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINA7 PE=1 SV=2	1.85760 5216	0.067763 44	1.731564 78	0.059984 74
Fascin OS=Homo sapiens GN=FSCN1 PE=1 SV=3	2.54931 3934	0.457498 491	1.734770 033	0.301164 389
Sorcin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SRI PE=1 SV=1	1.16603 2169	0.349470 496	1.736450 258	0.307031 602
A-kinase anchor protein 13 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AKAP13 PE=1 SV=2	1.25421 3189	0.788872 48	1.739843 044	0.460163 504
Platelet endothelial cell adhesion molecule OS=Homo sapiens GN=PECAM1 PE=1 SV=1	1.71836 1538	0.700787 902	1.742537 911	0.886746 228
Catechol O-methyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=COMT PE=1 SV=2	1.68777 3982	0.832435 787	1.743921 741	0.820657 074
Ceruloplasmin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CP PE=1 SV=1	2.23169 9043	0.007009 84	1.746975 191	0.118960 403
Integrin alpha-7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITGA7 PE=1 SV=3	0.87315 3466	0.903789 997	1.747092 348	0.592114 985
Complement C3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=C3 PE=1 SV=2	1.76260 3472	7.67E-05	1.750174 447	0.000115 96

Phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate synthase-associated protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRPSAP2 PE=1 SV=1	1.18880 8775	0.716879 487	1.765708 255	0.180643 201
Glypican-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GPC1 PE=1 SV=2	2.47309 634	0.730905 473	1.769620 842	0.739096 224
N(G),N(G)-dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DDAH1 PE=1 SV=3	1.57932 1203	0.603452 325	1.770188 83	0.787308 097
Glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenase [NAD(+)], cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=GPD1 PE=1 SV=4	1.62256 1173	0.044472 62	1.770744 287	0.251085 013
Popeye domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=POPCD2 PE=2 SV=2	0.85512 2581	0.669993 818	1.773529 434	0.451984 704
Spermine synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=SMS PE=1 SV=2	1.28130 2007	0.363131 106	1.774447 252	0.153864 294
Calponin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CNN1 PE=1 SV=2	1.95029 6615	0.049431 559	1.777321 45	0.330933 094
STE20-like serine/threonine-protein kinase OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLK PE=1 SV=1	1.75444 7263	0.513094 783	1.779774 02	0.608105 421
Protein S100-A11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=S100A11 PE=1 SV=2	1.47975 8867	0.690233 588	1.786453 37	0.731224 775
Nestin OS=Homo sapiens GN=NES PE=1 SV=2	2.09123 7718	0.091413 431	1.786730 758	0.196283 996
Phosphotriesterase-related protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTER PE=1 SV=1	1.47303 525	0.279077 5	1.792628 361	0.109945 796
A-kinase anchor protein 12 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AKAP12 PE=1 SV=4	1.43276 9459	0.126806 9	1.805189 652	0.002057 542
Nucleosome assembly protein 1-like 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NAP1L1 PE=1 SV=1	1.85870 1095	0.613426 685	1.811796 341	0.718213 499
Glutamate--cysteine ligase catalytic subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=GCLC PE=1 SV=2	2.58323 7152	0.551408 41	1.814359 764	0.412576 407
ERO1-like protein alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=ERO1A PE=1 SV=2	1.74288 1671	0.619413 614	1.816602 102	0.196030 498
Splicing factor, proline- and glutamine-rich OS=Homo sapiens GN=SFPQ PE=1 SV=2	1.22813 3132	0.289283 812	1.824544 125	0.497105 39
Isochorismatase domain-containing protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ISOC1 PE=1 SV=3	1.14224 5173	0.831387 222	1.826891 691	0.496880 502
Clathrin light chain A OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLTA PE=1 SV=1	1.82834 605	0.291893 214	1.829409 464	0.144230 798
Myeloid-associated differentiation marker OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYADM PE=1 SV=2	1.87019 7043	0.113660 201	1.831537 408	0.222429 499
Actin-related protein 2/3 complex subunit 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARPC3 PE=1 SV=3	1.60730 308	0.499563 396	1.833244 133	0.378256 589
Fatty acid-binding protein, adipocyte OS=Homo sapiens GN=FABP4 PE=1 SV=3	1.76247 2561	0.636129 677	1.840560 396	0.456727 386
DNA-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRKDC PE=1 SV=3	1.59368 8932	0.168483 198	1.842341 035	0.263669 789
Collagen alpha-2(I) chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=COL1A2 PE=1 SV=7	1.16365 0972	0.925093 412	1.843660 24	0.742272 317
Plasma protease C1 inhibitor OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPING1 PE=1 SV=2	2.18805 93	0.005497 242	1.854495 444	0.037506 599
Erythrocyte band 7 integral membrane protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=STOM PE=1 SV=3	1.46954 0729	0.403567 493	1.857231 986	0.266780 496
Purine nucleoside phosphorylase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PNP PE=1 SV=2	1.99018 125	0.324543 715	1.862420 029	0.571820 676
Annexin A1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ANXA1 PE=1 SV=2	2.28846 4172	0.001567 722	1.864882 515	0.000561 166
Alanine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=AARS PE=1 SV=2	2.12489 7181	0.171545 699	1.868084 033	0.137106 806
Protein S100-A9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=S100A9 PE=1 SV=1	4.39276 4142	0.323952 913	1.872361 853	0.334533 9

Rho GDP-dissociation inhibitor 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARHGDIB PE=1 SV=3	0.84567 2438	0.937710 583	1.873869 865	0.261366 904
28S ribosomal protein S35, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS35 PE=1 SV=1	0.95094 821	0.956040 382	1.881202 003	0.657402 217
AP-2 complex subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=AP2B1 PE=1 SV=1	2.43573 0223	0.162148 103	1.882006 224	0.316244 513
ATP-binding cassette sub-family D member 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABCD3 PE=1 SV=1	2.52794 5134	0.374666 303	1.883848 963	0.427325 904
Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RAC1 PE=1 SV=1	1.16694 9213	0.538873 613	1.887410 659	0.107480 302
Myosin-11 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYH11 PE=1 SV=3	2.30860 5551	0.015985 999	1.890196 936	0.050586 309
Complement component C9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=C9 PE=1 SV=2	1.95171 8705	0.015213 4	1.894289 249	0.000787 229
Collagen alpha-1(I) chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=COL1A1 PE=1 SV=5	1.35062 2017	0.871782 482	1.895169 78	0.805754 483
SPARC-like protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPARCL1 PE=1 SV=2	2.03873 2255	0.033404 38	1.899629 262	0.016729 631
ATP-dependent 6-phosphofructokinase, liver type OS=Homo sapiens GN=PFKL PE=1 SV=6	1.44442 4384	0.052543 551	1.903438 148	0.134306 207
E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase UBR4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBR4 PE=1 SV=1	1.06406 8505	0.928206 503	1.905203 465	0.053542 349
60S ribosomal protein L17 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL17 PE=1 SV=3	0.96244 168	0.978433 49	1.905804 9	0.402976 096
Gamma-glutamyltransferase 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GGT5 PE=1 SV=2	1.79255 4238	0.022618 709	1.909295 03	0.018202 73
Transmembrane protein 43 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMEM43 PE=1 SV=1	2.51053 9281	0.546577 513	1.911302 881	0.023634 89
Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme L1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UCHL1 PE=1 SV=2	1.33872 551	0.788453 698	1.919205 212	0.652391 016
Elongation factor 1-alpha 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EEF1A1 PE=1 SV=1	1.48371 1486	0.819107 711	1.923635 067	0.675364 673
Mitochondrial dicarboxylate carrier OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC25A10 PE=1 SV=2	1.50674 4384	0.725564 599	1.924536 695	0.569418 192
Cysteine and glycine-rich protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CSRP1 PE=1 SV=3	1.73548 2627	0.700063 586	1.928712 92	0.692659 795
Epoxide hydrolase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EPHX1 PE=1 SV=1	1.18975 5512	0.218611 807	1.928957 736	0.497291 088
Ig lambda chain V-I region WAH OS=Homo sapiens PE=1 SV=1	2.53019 1605	0.073574 603	1.940592 74	0.504453 719
Atlastin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ATL3 PE=1 SV=1	1.19641 0202	0.763985 813	1.941661 333	0.537326 574
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein A1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPA1 PE=1 SV=5	1.74792 9277	0.374805 987	1.944484 675	0.015997 78
UPF0568 protein C14orf166 OS=Homo sapiens GN=C14orf166 PE=1 SV=1	1.25769 1878	0.655125 082	1.947786 028	0.070683 964
Alpha-1B-glycoprotein OS=Homo sapiens GN=A1BG PE=1 SV=4	1.81623 7694	0.013490 49	1.952572 091	0.112862 699
Complement component C7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=C7 PE=1 SV=2	1.70324 0572	0.039957 762	1.954516 515	0.048393 25
CD44 antigen OS=Homo sapiens GN=CD44 PE=1 SV=3	2.22164 2134	0.119401 596	1.961463 588	0.092733 353
Complement component C6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=C6 PE=1 SV=3	1.71037 5577	0.103959 396	1.962998 246	0.124721 996
GDH/6PGL endoplasmic bifunctional protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=H6PD PE=1 SV=2	1.37978 2762	0.042994 902	1.966089 984	0.097004 861
Coronin-1A OS=Homo sapiens GN=CORO1A PE=1 SV=4	3.78136 7342	0.692197 025	1.968812 496	0.030827 731

Adipocyte plasma membrane-associated protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=APMAP PE=1 SV=2	1.81195 3077	0.100284 196	1.971348 892	0.054175 898
Fibulin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FBLN1 PE=1 SV=4	2.05389 3285	0.000607 699	1.971503 869	0.000507 982
Prelamin-A/C OS=Homo sapiens GN=LMNA PE=1 SV=1	2.03796 5285	0.000304 832	1.977373 817	0.063723 259
Calmodulin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CALM1 PE=1 SV=2	1.75591 1092	0.172372 803	1.984545 185	0.259359 986
Complement factor H OS=Homo sapiens GN=CFH PE=1 SV=4	1.94890 2178	0.106877 103	1.985064 819	0.224534 303
RuvB-like 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RUVBL2 PE=1 SV=3	1.10304 1863	0.794644 892	1.991321 478	0.237390 906
Dihydropyrimidinase-related protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DPYSL3 PE=1 SV=1	1.94850 2679	0.643159 986	2.006046 999	0.540496 528
Protein disulfide-isomerase A6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDIA6 PE=1 SV=1	2.59629 388	0.189597 204	2.013995 268	0.606347 62
Rho GDP-dissociation inhibitor 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARHGDI1 PE=1 SV=3	1.00002 4379	1	2.014178 182	0.650587 082
Ig gamma-2 chain C region OS=Homo sapiens GN=IGHG2 PE=1 SV=2	2.90818 2223	0.574812 889	2.026569 498	0.672347 426
Twinfilin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TWF2 PE=1 SV=2	2.41201 7521	0.145790 696	2.027061 656	0.377039 492
CD109 antigen OS=Homo sapiens GN=CD109 PE=1 SV=2	0.41009 0186	0.582730 83	2.030423 895	0.641815 007
[Pyruvate dehydrogenase (acetyl-transferring)] kinase isozyme 1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=PDK1 PE=1 SV=1	3.22933 7879	0.074842 803	2.036122 041	0.329310 685
Fibrillin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FBN1 PE=1 SV=3	1.65710 735	0.305343 091	2.038311 303	0.005685 858
Plastin-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLS3 PE=1 SV=4	2.13748 7866	0.452238 411	2.042410 671	0.105403 602
Lysozyme C OS=Homo sapiens GN=LYZ PE=1 SV=1	2.05804 8941	0.762217 879	2.043150 51	0.766556 68
Vitamin D-binding protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=GC PE=1 SV=1	1.76478 8871	0.362631 589	2.044873 156	0.041018 829
Heat shock protein 105 kDa OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPH1 PE=1 SV=1	0.84883 014	0.535799 921	2.047635 815	0.646537 423
Retinol-binding protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RBP4 PE=1 SV=3	2.34795 4645	0.620446 384	2.047833 763	0.124054 998
Glucose-6-phosphate 1-dehydrogenase OS=Homo sapiens GN=G6PD PE=1 SV=4	1.94698 3589	0.011057 55	2.048817 576	0.002920 064
Transketolase OS=Homo sapiens GN=TKT PE=1 SV=3	2.05552 4671	0.000381 536	2.062357 832	7.69527E -05
MICOS complex subunit MIC25 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CHCHD6 PE=1 SV=1	2.37560 6151	0.212688 297	2.064113 795	0.563501 477
Interleukin enhancer-binding factor 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ILF3 PE=1 SV=3	2.39432 1235	0.366569 31	2.066046 508	0.018641 621
Reticulocalbin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RCN1 PE=1 SV=1	1.88991 2254	0.006528 728	2.068073 083	0.012744 35
CD9 antigen OS=Homo sapiens GN=CD9 PE=1 SV=4	1.99128 1298	0.143990 904	2.069652 016	0.017026 86
Transmembrane emp24 domain-containing protein 9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMED9 PE=1 SV=2	1.83511 7218	0.799848 497	2.070186 399	0.803283 513
Actin-binding LIM protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABLIM1 PE=1 SV=3	0.95786 4551	0.952324 39	2.080199 544	0.548726 678
Retinal dehydrogenase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALDH1A1 PE=1 SV=2	2.55243 3369	0.364640 802	2.087243 464	0.410031 408
Protein diaphanous homolog 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=DIAPH1 PE=1 SV=2	2.15679 1879	0.331299 096	2.094442 185	0.357904 196

Translin OS=Homo sapiens GN=TSN PE=1 SV=1	2.44820 8229	0.651557 624	2.096139 041	0.593912 184
Syntaxin-7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=STX7 PE=1 SV=4	1.56627 2538	0.138023 704	2.100559 633	0.183817 193
28S ribosomal protein S25, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS25 PE=1 SV=1	1.71001 1403	0.451734 513	2.117783 446	0.531471 61
Kallistatin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINA4 PE=1 SV=3	1.54894 9812	0.697575 212	2.121713 352	0.180849 805
Serum paraoxonase/arylesterase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PON1 PE=1 SV=3	4.64830 8987	0.013445 4	2.128765 633	0.330039 71
60S ribosomal protein L7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL7 PE=1 SV=1	1.49162 5639	0.076111 957	2.131560 719	0.068835 393
Clusterin OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLU PE=1 SV=1	2.50426 3552	0.140119 404	2.132120 644	0.147330 701
Apolipoprotein B-100 OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOB PE=1 SV=2	2.72166 9079	2.17E-05	2.135584 377	0.004921 414
S-phase kinase-associated protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SKP1 PE=1 SV=2	1.18838 9842	0.334967 196	2.139215 392	0.201907 799
Proteasome subunit beta type-8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PSMB8 PE=1 SV=3	1.93506 2684	0.220324 293	2.140608 903	0.851557 612
Corticosteroid-binding globulin OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINA6 PE=1 SV=1	2.01833 0881	0.275638 61	2.149222 283	0.083927 803
Immunoglobulin lambda-like polypeptide 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=IGLL5 PE=2 SV=2	3.00532 2525	0.054217 681	2.150467 327	0.320969 701
Hemoglobin subunit delta OS=Homo sapiens GN=HBD PE=1 SV=2	2.68780 5703	0.528403 401	2.154509 348	0.502805 114
Ubiquitin-like modifier-activating enzyme 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBA6 PE=1 SV=1	1.79302 8195	0.248175 204	2.161054 239	0.181787 193
Filamin-A OS=Homo sapiens GN=FLNA PE=1 SV=4	2.29454 3708	0.001211 877	2.163280 929	0.000704 373
Rho-associated protein kinase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ROCK1 PE=1 SV=1	6.01647 4535	0.358274 192	2.165501 032	0.383541 197
Complement C1s subcomponent OS=Homo sapiens GN=C1S PE=1 SV=1	1.77366 4993	0.802725 911	2.174655 781	0.208602 205
Actin-related protein 2/3 complex subunit 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARPC4 PE=1 SV=3	2.03941 6997	0.444226 205	2.175230 964	0.011683 46
Arylsulfatase B OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARSB PE=1 SV=1	1.34756 3437	0.854148 328	2.188664 58	0.860333 383
Lysosome-associated membrane glycoprotein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LAMP1 PE=1 SV=3	2.13594 1091	0.232313 395	2.193346 99	0.104848 199
Prolow-density lipoprotein receptor-related protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LRP1 PE=1 SV=2	1.17261 2945	0.611965 716	2.207271 1	0.012548 64
Lysosome membrane protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SCARB2 PE=1 SV=2	1.01637 8341	0.919889 39	2.211462 788	0.326595 485
C-reactive protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=CRP PE=1 SV=1	0.62369 1017	0.297595 888	2.212606 79	0.840730 906
Carbonic anhydrase 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CA2 PE=1 SV=2	2.20234 5809	0.045092 229	2.215572 114	0.002439 72
RNA-binding protein Raly OS=Homo sapiens GN=RALY PE=1 SV=1	1.88464 7192	0.539903 82	2.229833 949	0.398137 987
Glycogen phosphorylase, liver form OS=Homo sapiens GN=PYGL PE=1 SV=4	3.12223 1839	0.013938 41	2.236948 861	0.147967 905
Integrin alpha-V OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITGAV PE=1 SV=2	1.27666 0688	0.484901 905	2.250160 223	0.000180 148
Protein FAM49B OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAM49B PE=1 SV=1	1.32625 6054	0.276648 611	2.260270 038	0.556745 172
Mast cell carboxypeptidase A OS=Homo sapiens GN=CPA3 PE=1 SV=2	2.49945 5816	0.132718 205	2.261131 214	0.077924 728

Laminin subunit alpha-4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LAMA4 PE=1 SV=4	1.06528 2222	0.908517 48	2.271072 43	0.199651 703
Splicing factor 3A subunit 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SF3A2 PE=1 SV=2	1.13210 4892	0.759579 182	2.273021 806	0.263286 293
Alpha-actinin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACTN1 PE=1 SV=2	1.41316 8298	0.885853 887	2.280284 343	0.722704 589
60 kDa SS-A/Ro ribonucleoprotein OS=Homo sapiens GN=TROVE2 PE=1 SV=2	0.97935 6205	0.968565 881	2.286547 906	0.481439 71
Lamin-B2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LMNB2 PE=1 SV=4	1.95705 8191	0.014568 07	2.286893 09	0.009523 212
T-complex protein 1 subunit gamma OS=Homo sapiens GN=CCT3 PE=1 SV=4	1.59654 9207	0.373478 204	2.287043 195	0.233441 696
Adapter molecule crk OS=Homo sapiens GN=CRK PE=1 SV=2	0.92684 8472	0.943063 498	2.297114 842	0.299510 896
Caldesmon OS=Homo sapiens GN=CALD1 PE=1 SV=3	1.83749 8528	0.027112 16	2.311360 673	0.098798 551
Thrombospondin-4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=THBS4 PE=1 SV=2	1.57587 1008	0.610911 787	2.314828 808	0.370757 997
Heat shock-related 70 kDa protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA2 PE=1 SV=1	2.05133 8809	0.569605 708	2.315904 685	0.579368 591
Tubulin alpha-8 chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=TUBA8 PE=1 SV=1	2.87937 9049	0.514698 923	2.329790 783	0.603725 612
Phosphoglucomutase-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PGM2 PE=1 SV=4	4.16342 2594	0.153330 296	2.342651 643	0.347057 909
SPARC OS=Homo sapiens GN=SPARC PE=1 SV=1	4.17643 7721	0.089747 228	2.367903 57	0.433354 199
Complement C5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=C5 PE=1 SV=4	1.41791 1926	0.311266 512	2.385805 712	0.020790 709
Synaptopodin 2-like protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SYNPO2L PE=2 SV=3	2.77638 7359	0.330309 808	2.388405 853	0.381384 104
Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2A activator OS=Homo sapiens GN=PPP2R4 PE=1 SV=3	2.46411 9992	0.318556 398	2.391948 432	0.455773 205
Synaptopodin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SYNPO2 PE=1 SV=2	1.49676 2691	0.865336 716	2.396234 06	0.256738 186
Tryptase alpha/beta-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TPSAB1 PE=1 SV=1	2.95372 0131	0.012233 4	2.404194 023	0.047113 691
Ig lambda-2 chain C regions OS=Homo sapiens GN=IGLC2 PE=1 SV=1	2.40966 8713	0.461033 195	2.404485 353	0.322117 805
Nicotinamide N-methyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=NNMT PE=1 SV=1	2.36223 608	0.105181 798	2.406636 936	0.110900 797
Peroxiredoxin-4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRDX4 PE=1 SV=1	1.38198 6678	0.846495 509	2.407485 797	0.435381 591
Thymosin beta-4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMSB4X PE=1 SV=2	2.47047 3604	0.012503 65	2.422165 598	0.079084 218
Alpha-synuclein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SNCA PE=1 SV=1	1.38648 9828	0.701993 585	2.428074 941	0.121327 497
Arsenite methyltransferase OS=Homo sapiens GN=AS3MT PE=1 SV=3	2.00685 1341	0.133707 806	2.429065 244	0.383323 61
Inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor heavy chain H2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITIH2 PE=1 SV=2	2.15929 7389	0.003293 055	2.433254 034	0.000940 557
Periostin OS=Homo sapiens GN=POSTN PE=1 SV=2	3.57770 4897	0.007831 546	2.444010 739	0.302646 697
ATPase ASNA1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ASNA1 PE=1 SV=2	2.00527 7935	0.098455 22	2.446018 259	0.193408 906
Serine/threonine-protein kinase PAK 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PAK2 PE=1 SV=3	1.99006 6757	0.297426 909	2.454716 068	0.196151 897
Perilipin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLIN1 PE=1 SV=2	2.84562 4525	0.000920 325	2.461507 041	0.038353 499

NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFA5 PE=1 SV=3	0.74670 3279	0.835803 509	2.468956 658	0.441382 2
Reticulon-3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RTN3 PE=1 SV=2	1.63541 6323	0.346079 29	2.473415 73	0.581277 788
Integrin beta-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITGB2 PE=1 SV=2	2.49211 4261	0.008570 669	2.490003 788	0.019969 92
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4B OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF4B PE=1 SV=2	1.38070 3207	0.799700 379	2.506017 531	0.507223 725
Membrane primary amine oxidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=AOC3 PE=1 SV=3	2.58495 6569	0.000192 288	2.513990 287	3.96782E -05
Plasminogen OS=Homo sapiens GN=PLG PE=1 SV=2	2.61418 7672	0.065449 849	2.521450 691	0.088371 433
Coatomer subunit gamma-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=COPG1 PE=1 SV=1	1.29303 2926	0.688593 626	2.534701 332	0.499089 003
28S ribosomal protein S22, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=MRPS22 PE=1 SV=1	1.13656 2411	0.934243 679	2.542533 467	0.540297 389
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins A2/B1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPA2B1 PE=1 SV=2	2.29341 5943	0.137644 798	2.553098 733	0.243090 793
Beta-glucuronidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=GUSB PE=1 SV=2	2.53645 6424	0.000256 819	2.575639 496	0.015550 79
Complement C1q subcomponent subunit B OS=Homo sapiens GN=C1QB PE=1 SV=3	2.81544 6005	0.830767 512	2.585537 987	0.799131 274
Heat shock 70 kDa protein 12A OS=Homo sapiens GN=HSPA12A PE=1 SV=2	2.11631 39	0.485264 897	2.586638 198	0.236020 699
Collagen alpha-3(VI) chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=COL6A3 PE=1 SV=5	3.20424 6044	0.000501 002	2.596565 712	0.001634 675
Histidine-rich glycoprotein OS=Homo sapiens GN=HRG PE=1 SV=1	2.94384 4051	0.017479 06	2.604279 831	0.383861 81
Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FKBP8 PE=1 SV=2	3.38252 7776	0.070977 382	2.607463 385	0.126384 899
Catenin beta-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CTNNB1 PE=1 SV=1	2.64285 3514	0.146113 902	2.607622 453	0.468906 701
Serum albumin OS=Homo sapiens GN=ALB PE=1 SV=2	2.65536 6035	0.002667 488	2.608754 321	0.002877 688
Apolipoprotein A-I OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOA1 PE=1 SV=1	2.65003 4284	0.257418 513	2.612370 381	0.051003 579
Collagen alpha-1(XVIII) chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=COL18A1 PE=1 SV=5	2.26294 5729	0.197383 106	2.620965 36	0.007313 928
ATP-binding cassette sub-family A member 8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABCA8 PE=1 SV=3	2.22794 2531	0.353955 597	2.627045 87	0.486532 986
Alpha-2-macroglobulin OS=Homo sapiens GN=A2M PE=1 SV=3	2.85708 4032	0.066910 788	2.636327 838	0.001475 765
ATP-dependent Clp protease ATP-binding subunit clpX-like, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=CLPX PE=1 SV=2	2.26941 1848	0.428809 285	2.659426 584	0.263378 59
Protein S100-A8 OS=Homo sapiens GN=S100A8 PE=1 SV=1	2.77680 9659	0.007730 038	2.669047 466	0.002363 267
Kininogen-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=KNG1 PE=1 SV=2	3.20290 6691	0.333110 988	2.673908 988	0.061255 459
NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex assembly factor 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDUFAF3 PE=1 SV=1	1.63697 8195	0.785403 192	2.691168 599	0.321038 902
Major vault protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=MVP PE=1 SV=4	2.54211 2005	0.165165 201	2.691548 747	0.443375 2
Prothrombin OS=Homo sapiens GN=F2 PE=1 SV=2	2.84980 5852	0.000547 972	2.696692 684	0.029427 23
Immunoglobulin J chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=JCHAIN PE=1 SV=4	2.71798 1426	0.261593 312	2.732935 662	0.211158 007
Desmin OS=Homo sapiens GN=DES PE=1 SV=3	1.81794 7134	0.098020 427	2.734214 827	0.016756 21

14-3-3 protein eta OS=Homo sapiens GN=YWHAH PE=1 SV=4	1.60785 5303	0.075470 708	2.742925 903	0.229325 801
Protein NDRG3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NDRG3 PE=1 SV=2	2.90173 59	0.373759 687	2.752873 358	0.603193 879
Probable glutamate--tRNA ligase, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=EARS2 PE=1 SV=2	4.37120 2466	0.356987 387	2.753008 423	0.393688 589
Histone H4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=HIST1H4A PE=1 SV=2	3.12606 6798	0.397807 091	2.775068 21	0.262176 603
Cx9C motif-containing protein 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CMC4 PE=1 SV=1	0.80958 218	0.637503 386	2.811838 598	0.775547 802
Coagulation factor XII OS=Homo sapiens GN=F12 PE=1 SV=3	2.44104 754	0.006473 297	2.812449 013	0.001892 614
Collagen alpha-1(XIV) chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=COL14A1 PE=1 SV=3	4.06782 1941	0.031326 38	2.828202 362	0.073163 42
Lactadherin OS=Homo sapiens GN=MFGE8 PE=1 SV=2	2.82956 274	0.013550 26	2.836947 138	0.032137 77
Pigment epithelium-derived factor OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINF1 PE=1 SV=4	2.30002 5931	0.378323 615	2.841242 517	0.693128 526
Serotransferrin OS=Homo sapiens GN=TF PE=1 SV=3	2.69793 9657	0.004267 934	2.845169 456	0.001971 648
60S acidic ribosomal protein P0 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPLP0 PE=1 SV=1	1.56452 6832	0.316316 307	2.856747 867	0.351984 59
Transthyretin OS=Homo sapiens GN=TTR PE=1 SV=1	2.52734 5163	0.268960 714	2.894806 781	0.034105 901
Catalase OS=Homo sapiens GN=CAT PE=1 SV=3	3.42934 3495	0.052379 731	2.897305 344	0.037975 602
Vitronectin OS=Homo sapiens GN=VTN PE=1 SV=1	3.28664 002	0.000224 752	2.900875 689	0.009785 079
Charged multivesicular body protein 4b OS=Homo sapiens GN=CHMP4B PE=1 SV=1	0.26975 4014	0.630300 581	2.918755 367	0.124767 996
Ig mu chain C region OS=Homo sapiens GN=IGHM PE=1 SV=3	3.06746 0219	0.021798 87	2.920470 385	0.042634 93
Protein FAM177A1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAM177A1 PE=1 SV=1	1.74159 5666	0.112224 497	2.951719 416	0.565894 425
Prostacyclin synthase OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTGIS PE=1 SV=1	3.36161 4452	0.111336 097	2.954692 365	0.137125 596
Cancer-related nucleoside-triphosphatase OS=Homo sapiens GN=NTPCR PE=1 SV=1	2.50413 684	0.746671 021	2.980620 619	0.765427 172
Extracellular superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn] OS=Homo sapiens GN=SOD3 PE=1 SV=2	2.83417 8773	0.092586 324	2.991335 989	0.058394 6
Inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor heavy chain H1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ITIH1 PE=1 SV=3	2.11513 7543	0.020815 59	2.991704 577	0.032021 411
Hemoglobin subunit beta OS=Homo sapiens GN=HBB PE=1 SV=2	2.17833 0339	0.529350 579	3.000336 029	0.289443 612
Collagen alpha-1(VI) chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=COL6A1 PE=1 SV=3	3.49512 0082	0.008622 92	3.008859 045	0.019892 169
Apolipoprotein A-II OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOA2 PE=1 SV=1	2.95988 3744	0.394007 504	3.037750 127	0.398611 486
Myeloperoxidase OS=Homo sapiens GN=MPO PE=1 SV=1	3.08856 3515	0.000666 379	3.048427 251	0.005765 616
Coatomer subunit epsilon OS=Homo sapiens GN=COPE PE=1 SV=3	1.22643 6146	0.336984 485	3.069401 668	0.456077 904
Heparin cofactor 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPIND1 PE=1 SV=3	2.55999 1406	0.003124 726	3.086339 687	5.43365E -05
Vacuolar protein sorting-associated protein 13C OS=Homo sapiens GN=VPS13C PE=1 SV=1	1.55704 5296	0.394924 611	3.143760 301	0.423832 089
LIM and SH3 domain protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LASP1 PE=1 SV=2	4.15680 8033	0.121205 203	3.150969 835	0.205784 202

Apolipoprotein E OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOE PE=1 SV=1	4.09777 1266	0.009595 795	3.160813 873	0.002975 04
Band 3 anion transport protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC4A1 PE=1 SV=3	3.02814 1937	0.018745 219	3.179327 832	0.021778 431
Tropomyosin alpha-4 chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=TPM4 PE=1 SV=3	1.76057 7364	0.311956 704	3.184267 186	0.002701 025
ADP-ribosylation factor-like protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARL2 PE=1 SV=4	3.55510 6891	0.154608 294	3.216317 218	0.264789 611
Replication protein A 70 kDa DNA-binding subunit OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPA1 PE=1 SV=2	4.70958 367	0.213122 8	3.251734 336	0.228666 693
Cathepsin G OS=Homo sapiens GN=CTSG PE=1 SV=2	5.30304 8052	0.009868 966	3.290553 808	0.327077 001
Putative peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase PTRHD1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PTRHD1 PE=1 SV=1	1.75109 8584	0.427248 001	3.292848 779	0.377221 614
Vitamin K-dependent protein S OS=Homo sapiens GN=PROS1 PE=1 SV=1	0.64690 7946	0.598947 585	3.329464 388	0.079437 517
Decorin OS=Homo sapiens GN=DCN PE=1 SV=1	3.30700 9402	0.001989 11	3.335988 715	0.100683 801
Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FKBP4 PE=1 SV=3	1.09160 6799	0.970809 996	3.344829 387	0.303661 793
Dermatopontin OS=Homo sapiens GN=DPT PE=1 SV=2	3.15917 949	0.081260 972	3.357888 414	0.065583 579
Carbonic anhydrase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CA1 PE=1 SV=2	2.87735 1656	0.139050 603	3.387484 399	0.104874 499
Alpha-actinin-4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACTN4 PE=1 SV=2	1.83543 8037	0.621214 271	3.455165 851	0.006239 873
Thrombospondin-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=THBS1 PE=1 SV=2	4.81456 4667	0.229463 995	3.457591 161	0.077218 883
Collagen alpha-2(VI) chain OS=Homo sapiens GN=COL6A2 PE=1 SV=4	3.66904 8919	0.006222 4	3.471391 854	0.018086 5
Afamin OS=Homo sapiens GN=AFM PE=1 SV=1	4.15893 0992	6.33E-05	3.488281 494	4.54155E -05
Fibronectin OS=Homo sapiens GN=FN1 PE=1 SV=4	3.53111 2145	0.003442 999	3.534751 605	0.000236 694
Sorbitol dehydrogenase OS=Homo sapiens GN=SORD PE=1 SV=4	1.23053 6781	0.653794 229	3.545365 224	0.365061 79
Lactotransferrin OS=Homo sapiens GN=LTF PE=1 SV=6	3.02333 7443	0.239436 403	3.548267 405	0.108184 204
Prefoldin subunit 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=PFDN6 PE=1 SV=1	1.90222 8936	0.503596 485	3.559010 032	0.715898 573
Apolipoprotein D OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOD PE=1 SV=1	3.55175 9609	0.374321 193	3.618888 903	0.223010 197
Glutathione peroxidase 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GPX1 PE=1 SV=4	2.06480 515	0.426021 397	3.643147 672	0.295708 805
Complement C1r subcomponent OS=Homo sapiens GN=C1R PE=1 SV=2	6.19981 6321	0.286443 502	3.752425 419	0.068836 197
Apolipoprotein C-I OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOC1 PE=1 SV=1	4.04983 0841	0.016972 48	3.799089 041	0.019202 581
Alpha-2-HS-glycoprotein OS=Homo sapiens GN=AHSG PE=1 SV=1	4.44235 9525	0.010443 44	3.799913 367	0.143620 104
ADP-ribosylation factor 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARF4 PE=1 SV=3	3.79754 8047	0.275877 714	3.801328 805	0.323268 086
Cysteine--tRNA ligase, cytoplasmic OS=Homo sapiens GN=CARS PE=1 SV=3	1.25129 5395	0.264803 201	3.851774 372	0.705561 28
Glutathione S-transferase Mu 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=GSTM1 PE=1 SV=3	2.99876 7674	0.057954 099	3.900649 003	0.012226 33
Target of Nesh-SH3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ABI3BP PE=1 SV=1	2.98492 8502	0.004428 824	3.900866 669	0.085180 767

60S ribosomal protein L9 OS=Homo sapiens GN=RPL9 PE=1 SV=1	3.12640 8748	0.220682 904	3.996748 232	0.252316 892
Neutral amino acid transporter B(0) OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC1A5 PE=1 SV=2	4.64761 5576	0.141556 799	4.011240 989	0.124105 498
Versican core protein OS=Homo sapiens GN=VCAN PE=1 SV=3	5.94266 765	0.001937 294	4.065324 96	0.007026 166
Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein R OS=Homo sapiens GN=HNRNPR PE=1 SV=1	4.98619 5709	0.274219 096	4.073160 568	0.431173 891
UPF0160 protein MYG1, mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=C12orf10 PE=1 SV=2	2.17219 4111	0.202727 407	4.236596 888	0.111136 198
Apolipoprotein A-IV OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOA4 PE=1 SV=3	2.78940 8829	0.000165 889	4.270885 243	1.35427E -05
Transgelin OS=Homo sapiens GN=TAGLN PE=1 SV=4	4.09359 5912	0.056313 392	4.323834 46	0.010744 63
Solute carrier family 2, facilitated glucose transporter member 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SLC2A1 PE=1 SV=2	4.11773 2449	0.284068 495	4.330603 521	0.089002 587
NudC domain-containing protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=NUDC3 PE=1 SV=3	1.55163 5684	0.727097 571	4.375992 187	0.358155 102
Transforming growth factor-beta-induced protein ig-h3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TGFBI PE=1 SV=1	3.10901 8651	7.84E-05	4.379505 057	9.06807E -05
Lumican OS=Homo sapiens GN=LUM PE=1 SV=2	4.62545 8289	0.020486 31	4.411310 711	0.011517 78
Hemoglobin subunit alpha OS=Homo sapiens GN=HBA1 PE=1 SV=2	4.44498 7693	0.006178 602	4.426664 897	0.001038 925
EGF-containing fibulin-like extracellular matrix protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EFEMP1 PE=1 SV=2	4.37280 4333	0.417968 392	4.467121 436	0.410077 304
UBX domain-containing protein 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBXN6 PE=1 SV=1	1.03768 4656	0.948951 781	4.535990 834	0.661503 613
Histone H3.3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=H3F3A PE=1 SV=2	4.49434 5675	0.051535 07	4.598988 863	0.001006 64
Exportin-7 OS=Homo sapiens GN=XPO7 PE=1 SV=3	2.86372 8673	0.596832 097	4.710364 465	0.656389 713
Lipoprotein lipase OS=Homo sapiens GN=LPL PE=1 SV=1	5.07469 202	0.505734 503	4.878358 035	0.515476 286
Prolargin OS=Homo sapiens GN=PRELP PE=1 SV=1	5.49414 934	1.69E-06	4.880824 979	0.000415 894
Gamma-enolase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ENO2 PE=1 SV=3	5.87332 8598	0.005672 461	4.903080 796	0.219779
Adipocyte enhancer-binding protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=AEBP1 PE=1 SV=1	2.41108 6284	0.216654 003	4.955170 418	0.001420 253
Dihydroorotate dehydrogenase (quinone), mitochondrial OS=Homo sapiens GN=DHODH PE=1 SV=3	1.35233 0905	0.945236 027	5.088400 918	0.680948 973
Long-chain-fatty-acid--CoA ligase 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACSL4 PE=1 SV=2	2.26178 797	0.503445 625	5.110400 065	0.273050 1
Complement factor H-related protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CFHR1 PE=1 SV=2	1.63084 0957	0.832286 596	5.404856 367	0.199229 404
Brain acid soluble protein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=BASP1 PE=1 SV=2	5.31469 3551	0.045464 989	5.487775 407	0.043232 53
Latent-transforming growth factor beta-binding protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=LTBP2 PE=1 SV=3	6.98282 1199	0.031819 12	5.540071 052	0.069268 487
Complement factor D OS=Homo sapiens GN=CFD PE=1 SV=5	6.72862 3725	0.125059 098	5.581687 099	0.037296 671
Complement C1q subcomponent subunit C OS=Homo sapiens GN=C1QC PE=1 SV=3	5.86141 0366	0.037946 232	5.709806 084	0.050659 921
Actin-related protein 2/3 complex subunit 1B OS=Homo sapiens GN=ARPC1B PE=1 SV=3	1.52983 4907	0.364642 411	5.714344 687	0.186322 793
Neutrophil elastase OS=Homo sapiens GN=ELANE PE=1 SV=1	5.45850 3245	0.097694 427	5.790904 51	0.012232 03

Vimentin OS=Homo sapiens GN=VIM PE=1 SV=4	9.41174 7282	0.016868 69	5.839767 164	0.003402 783
Syntaxin-binding protein 3 OS=Homo sapiens GN=STXBP3 PE=1 SV=2	0.94287 4045	0.674619 973	5.947856 156	0.597771 704
SUMO-activating enzyme subunit 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=UBA2 PE=1 SV=2	0.64931 6939	0.163382 396	5.965440 748	0.290498 793
Antithrombin-III OS=Homo sapiens GN=SERPINC1 PE=1 SV=1	5.65007 518	0.000652 791	6.074083 165	0.003373 662
SUN domain-containing protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SUN2 PE=1 SV=3	6.96013 3658	0.065864 563	6.808955 79	0.028926 341
TBC1 domain family member 4 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TBC1D4 PE=1 SV=2	7.02254 5568	0.356984 288	6.908620 088	0.371125 102
Calponin-2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=CNN2 PE=1 SV=4	7.75711 5751	0.180538 893	7.327220 698	0.250395
Myosin-10 OS=Homo sapiens GN=MYH10 PE=1 SV=3	1.66178 6069	0.689796 925	7.532701 074	0.514012 218
Signal transducer and activator of transcription 6 OS=Homo sapiens GN=STAT6 PE=1 SV=1	6.27908 385	0.234502 599	7.695634 399	0.149483 8
Switch-associated protein 70 OS=Homo sapiens GN=SWAP70 PE=1 SV=1	1.02113 1309	0.820005 417	7.739057 311	0.287163 407
Beta-2-glycoprotein 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=APOH PE=1 SV=3	8.03841 0622	0.024007 181	8.198273 801	0.03297
FAS-associated factor 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=FAF1 PE=1 SV=2	1.20180 2774	0.858720 779	10.09736 79	0.354990 989
Mimecan OS=Homo sapiens GN=OGN PE=1 SV=1	11.0547 1327	2.38E-06	10.12882 113	2.07301E -06
Eukaryotic translation elongation factor 1 epsilon-1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=EEF1E1 PE=1 SV=1	10.6400 0685	0.353393 704	10.84800 716	0.497508 287
Threonine synthase-like 1 OS=Homo sapiens GN=THNSL1 PE=1 SV=2	13.7792 2095	0.481973 708	12.45834 991	0.472389 698
Dystonin OS=Homo sapiens GN=DST PE=1 SV=4	0.50011 3036	0.588713 109	13.83557 835	0.041281 51
Azurocidin OS=Homo sapiens GN=AZU1 PE=1 SV=3	14.8403 1388	0.100722	14.76752 884	0.333791 703
GTP-binding protein RAD OS=Homo sapiens GN=RRAD PE=1 SV=2	2.53043 6031	0.805507 302	16.58975 386	0.538157 701
Thioredoxin-related transmembrane protein 2 OS=Homo sapiens GN=TMX2 PE=1 SV=1	34.5348 3495	0.640312 314	17.02575 694	0.486936 301
Adenylate cyclase type 5 OS=Homo sapiens GN=ADCY5 PE=1 SV=3	5.40690 1744	0.334143 788	22.46330 83	0.110302 798
3-ketoacyl-CoA thiolase, peroxisomal OS=Homo sapiens GN=ACAA1 PE=1 SV=2	0.63716 1425	0.735376 775	26.77640 644	0.462312 49
Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit K OS=Homo sapiens GN=EIF3K PE=1 SV=1	2.78795 682	0.553674 519	49.67675 162	0.017134 53

Table S3. A total of 167 differentially expressed proteins were found in the left ventricles of ICM patients compared with the normal samples.

Gene	Average	Go			Function
		Biological process	Molecular function	Cellular component	

FLII	0.08	actin cytoskeleton organization [GO:0030036]; actin filament severing [GO:0051014]; multicellular organism development [GO:0007275]; regulation of transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006355]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]	actin binding [GO:0003779]	brush border [GO:0005903]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; microtubule organizing center [GO:0005815]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]	FUNCTION: May play a role as coactivator in transcriptional activation by hormone-activated nuclear receptors (NR) and acts in cooperation with NCOA2 and CARM1. Involved in estrogen hormone signaling. Involved in early embryonic development (By similarity). May play a role in regulation of cytoskeletal rearrangements involved in cytokinesis and cell migration, by inhibiting Rac1-dependent paxillin phosphorylation. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14966289}.
RCSD1	0.08	cellular hyperosmotic response [GO:0071474]; skeletal muscle contraction [GO:0003009]	actin filament binding [GO:0051015]	actin filament [GO:0005884]	FUNCTION: Stress-induced phosphorylation of CAPZIP may regulate the ability of F-actin-capping protein to remodel actin filament assembly. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15850461}.
TNNC1	0.10	cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060048]; diaphragm contraction [GO:0002086]; muscle filament sliding [GO:0030049]; regulation of ATPase activity [GO:0043462]; regulation of muscle contraction [GO:0006937]; regulation of muscle filament sliding speed [GO:0032972]; response to metal ion [GO:0010038]; skeletal muscle contraction [GO:0003009]; transition between fast and slow fiber [GO:0014883]; ventricular cardiac muscle tissue morphogenesis [GO:0055010]	actin filament binding [GO:0051015]; calcium-dependent protein binding [GO:0048306]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; troponin I binding [GO:0031013]; troponin T binding [GO:0031014]	actin cytoskeleton [GO:0015629]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; troponin complex [GO:0005861]	FUNCTION: Troponin is the central regulatory protein of striated muscle contraction. Tn consists of three components: Tn-I which is the inhibitor of actomyosin ATPase, Tn-T which contains the binding site for tropomyosin and Tn-C. The binding of calcium to Tn-C abolishes the inhibitory action of Tn on actin filaments.

SLC3A2	0.10	<p>amino acid transport [GO:0006865]; calcium ion transport [GO:0006816]; carbohydrate metabolic process [GO:0005975]; cell growth [GO:0016049]; leucine import [GO:0060356]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; response to exogenous dsRNA [GO:0043330]; tryptophan transport [GO:0015827]</p>	<p>calcium:sodium antiporter activity [GO:0005432]; catalytic activity [GO:0003824]; double-stranded RNA binding [GO:0003725]; neutral amino acid transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015175]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]</p>	<p>apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Required for the function of light chain amino-acid transporters. Involved in sodium-independent, high-affinity transport of large neutral amino acids such as phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, arginine and tryptophan. Involved in guiding and targeting of LAT1 and LAT2 to the plasma membrane. When associated with SLC7A6 or SLC7A7 acts as an arginine/glutamine exchanger, following an antiport mechanism for amino acid transport, influencing arginine release in exchange for extracellular amino acids. Plays a role in nitric oxide synthesis in human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs) via transport of L-arginine. Required for normal and neoplastic cell growth. When associated with SLC7A5/LAT1, is also involved in the transport of L-DOPA across the blood-brain barrier, and that of thyroid hormones triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4) across the cell membrane in tissues such as placenta. Involved in the uptake of methylmercury (MeHg) when administered as the L-cysteine or D,L-homocysteine complexes, and hence plays a role in metal ion homeostasis and toxicity. When associated with SLC7A5 or SLC7A8, involved in the cellular activity of small molecular weight nitrosothiols, via the stereoselective transport of L-nitrosocysteine (L-CNSO) across the transmembrane. Together with ICAM1, regulates the transport activity LAT2 in polarized intestinal cells, by generating and delivering intracellular signals. When associated with SLC7A5, plays an important role in</p>
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					<p>transporting L-leucine from the circulating blood to the retina across the inner blood-retinal barrier. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:10903140, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11311135, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11389679, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11557028, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11564694, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11742812, ECO:0000269 PubMed:12117417, ECO:0000269 PubMed:12225859, ECO:0000269 PubMed:12716892, ECO:0000269 PubMed:14603368, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15769744, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15980244, ECO:0000269 PubMed:9751058, ECO:0000269 PubMed:9829974, ECO:0000269 PubMed:9878049}.</p>
CHCHD2	0.12	<p>positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; regulation of cellular response to hypoxia [GO:1900037]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]</p>	<p>sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0043565]; transcription factor binding [GO:0008134]</p>	<p>mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Transcription factor. Binds to the oxygen responsive element of COX4I2 and activates its transcription under hypoxia conditions (4% oxygen), as well as normoxia conditions (20% oxygen) (PubMed:23303788). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:23303788}.</p>
CASQ2	0.20	<p>cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060048]; cellular response to caffeine [GO:0071313]; detection of calcium ion [GO:0005513]; ion transmembrane transport [GO:0034220]; negative regulation of potassium ion transmembrane transporter activity</p>	<p>calcium-dependent protein binding [GO:0048306]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]</p>	<p>calcium channel complex [GO:0034704]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; intracellular [GO:0005622]; junctional membrane complex [GO:003031</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Calsequestrin is a high-capacity, moderate affinity, calcium-binding protein and thus acts as an internal calcium store in muscle. Calcium ions are bound by clusters of acidic residues at the protein surface, especially at the interface between subunits. Can bind around 60 Ca(2+) ions. Regulates the release of luminal Ca(2+) via the calcium release channel RYR2; this plays an</p>

		<p>[GO:1901017]; negative regulation of potassium ion transport [GO:0043267]; negative regulation of ryanodine-sensitive calcium-release channel activity [GO:0060315]; protein polymerization [GO:0051258]; Purkinje myocyte to ventricular cardiac muscle cell signaling [GO:0086029]; regulation of cardiac conduction [GO:1903779]; regulation of cardiac muscle contraction by regulation of the release of sequestered calcium ion [GO:0010881]; regulation of cell communication by electrical coupling [GO:0010649]; regulation of heart rate [GO:0002027]; regulation of membrane repolarization [GO:0060306]; regulation of release of sequestered calcium ion into cytosol by sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0010880]; sarcomere organization [GO:0045214]; sequestering of calcium ion [GO:0051208]; striated muscle contraction [GO:0006941]</p>		<p>4]; junctional sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0014701]; sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0016529]; sarcoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0033018]; sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0033017]; Z disc [GO:0030018]</p>	<p>important role in triggering muscle contraction. Plays a role in excitation-contraction coupling in the heart and in regulating the rate of heart beats. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:16908766, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17881003, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18399795, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21416293}.</p>
TUBB	0.21	<p>cell division [GO:0051301]; cellular process [GO:0009987]; cytoskeleton-dependent intracellular transport</p>	<p>GTPase activity [GO:0003924]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]; MHC</p>	<p>cell body [GO:0044297]; cytoplasmic ribonucleoprotein granule [GO:003646</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules. It binds two moles of GTP, one at an exchangeable site on the beta chain and one at a non-</p>

		[GO:0030705]; G2/M transition of mitotic cell cycle [GO:0000086]; microtubule-based process [GO:0007017]; movement of cell or subcellular component [GO:0006928]; natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity [GO:0042267]; spindle assembly [GO:0051225]	class I protein binding [GO:0042288]; structural constituent of cytoskeleton [GO:0005200]; structural molecule activity [GO:0005198]; ubiquitin protein ligase binding [GO:0031625]	4]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; microtubule [GO:0005874]; nuclear envelope lumen [GO:0005641]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; protein complex [GO:0043234]	exchangeable site on the alpha chain.
NIPSNA P3B	0.22				
HMGB1	0.22	activation of innate immune response [GO:0002218]; apoptotic cell clearance [GO:0043277]; apoptotic DNA fragmentation [GO:0006309]; autophagy [GO:0006914]; base-excision repair [GO:0006284]; chromatin assembly [GO:0031497]; dendritic cell chemotaxis [GO:0002407]; DNA geometric change [GO:0032392]; DNA ligation involved in DNA repair [GO:0051103]; DNA recombination [GO:0006310]; DNA topological change [GO:0006265]; endothelial cell chemotaxis [GO:0035767]; endothelial cell proliferation [GO:0001935]; eye development	bubble DNA binding [GO:0000405]; calcium-dependent protein kinase regulator activity [GO:0010858]; chemoattractant activity [GO:0042056]; C-X-C chemokine binding [GO:0019958]; cytokine activity [GO:0005125]; damaged DNA binding [GO:0003684]; DNA binding, bending [GO:0008301]; DNA polymerase binding [GO:0070182]; double-	cell surface [GO:0009986]; condensed chromosome [GO:0000793]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment [GO:0005793]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; neuron projection [GO:0043005]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005632]; plasma	FUNCTION: Multifunctional redox sensitive protein with various roles in different cellular compartments. In the nucleus is one of the major chromatin-associated non-histone proteins and acts as a DNA chaperone involved in replication, transcription, chromatin remodeling, V(D)J recombination, DNA repair and genome stability. Proposed to be an universal biosensor for nucleic acids. Promotes host inflammatory response to sterile and infectious signals and is involved in the coordination and integration of innate and adaptive immune responses. In the cytoplasm functions as sensor and/or chaperone for immunogenic nucleic acids implicating the activation of TLR9-mediated immune responses, and mediates autophagy. Acts as danger associated molecular pattern (DAMP) molecule that amplifies immune responses during tissue injury. Released to the extracellular environment can bind DNA,

	<p>[GO:0001654]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; inflammatory response to antigenic stimulus [GO:0002437]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; lung development [GO:0030324]; macrophage activation involved in immune response [GO:0002281]; myeloid dendritic cell activation [GO:0001773]; negative regulation of apoptotic cell clearance [GO:2000426]; negative regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell migration [GO:0043537]; negative regulation of CD4-positive, alpha-beta T cell differentiation [GO:0043371]; negative regulation of interferon-gamma production [GO:0032689]; negative regulation of RNA polymerase II transcriptional preinitiation complex assembly [GO:0017055]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; neuron projection development [GO:0031175]; neutrophil clearance [GO:0097350]; plasmacytoid dendritic cell activation [GO:0002270]; positive regulation of activated T cell</p>	<p>stranded DNA binding [GO:0003690]; double-stranded RNA binding [GO:0003725]; four-way junction DNA binding [GO:0000400]; lipopolysaccharide binding [GO:0001530]; lyase activity [GO:0016829]; phosphatidylserine binding [GO:0001786]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein kinase activator activity [GO:0030295]; RAGE receptor binding [GO:0050786]; repressing transcription factor binding [GO:0070491]; single-stranded DNA binding [GO:0003697]; single-stranded RNA binding [GO:0003727]; supercoiled DNA binding</p>	<p>membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>nucleosomes, IL-1 beta, CXCL12, AGER isoform 2/sRAGE, lipopolysaccharide (LPS) and lipoteichoic acid (LTA), and activates cells through engagement of multiple surface receptors. In the extracellular compartment fully reduced HMGB1 (released by necrosis) acts as a chemokine, disulfide HMGB1 (actively secreted) as a cytokine, and sulfonyl HMGB1 (released from apoptotic cells) promotes immunological tolerance (PubMed:23519706, PubMed:23446148, PubMed:23994764, PubMed:25048472). Has proangiogenic activity (By similarity). May be involved in platelet activation (By similarity). Binds to phosphatidylserine and phosphatidylethanolamide (By similarity). Bound to RAGE mediates signaling for neuronal outgrowth (By similarity). May play a role in accumulation of expanded polyglutamine (polyQ) proteins such as huntingtin (HTT) or TBP (PubMed:23303669, PubMed:25549101). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P10103, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P12682, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P63158, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P63159, ECO:0000269 PubMed:23303669, ECO:0000269 PubMed:25549101, ECO:0000305 PubMed:23446148, ECO:0000305 PubMed:23519706, ECO:0000305 PubMed:23994764, ECO:0000305 PubMed:25048472}.; FUNCTION: Nuclear functions are attributed to fully reduced HGMB1. Associates with</p>
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	<p>proliferation [GO:0042104]; positive regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043065]; positive regulation of cysteine-type endopeptidase activity involved in apoptotic process [GO:0043280]; positive regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0007204]; positive regulation of dendritic cell differentiation [GO:2001200]; positive regulation of DNA binding [GO:0043388]; positive regulation of DNA ligation [GO:0051106]; positive regulation of ERK1 and ERK2 cascade [GO:0070374]; positive regulation of glycogen catabolic process [GO:0045819]; positive regulation of interferon-alpha production [GO:0032727]; positive regulation of interferon-beta production [GO:0032728]; positive regulation of interleukin-10 production [GO:0032733]; positive regulation of interleukin-12 production [GO:0032735]; positive regulation of interleukin-1 beta secretion [GO:0050718]; positive regulation of interleukin-1 secretion [GO:0050716]; positive regulation of interleukin-6 secretion</p>	<p>[GO:0097100]; transcription factor activity, sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0003700]; transcription factor binding [GO:0008134]</p>	<p>chromatin and binds DNA with a preference to non-canonical DNA structures such as single-stranded DNA, DNA-containing cruciforms or bent structures, supercoiled DNA and ZDNA. Can bent DNA and enhance DNA flexibility by looping thus providing a mechanism to promote activities on various gene promoters by enhancing transcription factor binding and/or bringing distant regulatory sequences into close proximity (PubMed:20123072). May have an enhancing role in nucleotide excision repair (NER) (By similarity). However, effects in NER using in vitro systems have been reported conflictingly (PubMed:19446504, PubMed:19360789). May be involved in mismatch repair (MMR) and base excision repair (BER) pathways (PubMed:15014079, PubMed:16143102, PubMed:17803946). May be involved in double strand break repair such as non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) (By similarity). Involved in V(D)J recombination by acting as a cofactor of the RAG complex: acts by stimulating cleavage and RAG protein binding at the 23 bp spacer of conserved recombination signal sequences (RSS) (By similarity). In vitro can displace histone H1 from highly bent DNA (By similarity). Can restructure the canonical nucleosome leading to relaxation of structural constraints for transcription factor-binding (By similarity). Enhances binding of sterol regulatory element-binding proteins (SREBPs) such as SREBF1 to their cognate DNA sequences and increases their transcriptional activities (By similarity). Facilitates</p>
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	<p>[GO:2000778]; positive regulation of JNK cascade [GO:0046330]; positive regulation of MAPK cascade [GO:0043410]; positive regulation of mismatch repair [GO:0032425]; positive regulation of monocyte chemotaxis [GO:0090026]; positive regulation of myeloid cell differentiation [GO:0045639]; positive regulation of NIK/NF-kappaB signaling [GO:1901224]; positive regulation of sprouting angiogenesis [GO:1903672]; positive regulation of toll-like receptor 2 signaling pathway [GO:0034137]; positive regulation of toll-like receptor 4 signaling pathway [GO:0034145]; positive regulation of toll-like receptor 9 signaling pathway [GO:0034165]; positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor production [GO:0032760]; positive regulation of wound healing [GO:0090303]; regulation of autophagy [GO:0010506]; regulation of nucleotide-excision repair [GO:2000819]; regulation of restriction endodeoxyribonuclea</p>		<p>binding of TP53 to DNA (PubMed:23063560). Proposed to be involved in mitochondrial quality control and autophagy in a transcription-dependent fashion implicating HSPB1; however, this function has been questioned (By similarity). Can modulate the activity of the telomerase complex and may be involved in telomere maintenance (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P10103, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P63158, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P63159, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15014079, ECO:0000269 PubMed:16143102, ECO:0000269 PubMed:17803946, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19446504, ECO:0000269 PubMed:23063560, ECO:0000305 PubMed:19360789, ECO:0000305 PubMed:20123072}.; FUNCTION: In the cytoplasm proposed to dissociate the BECN1:BCL2 complex via competitive interaction with BECN1 leading to autophagy activation (PubMed:20819940). Involved in oxidative stress-mediated autophagy (PubMed:21395369). Can protect BECN1 and ATG5 from calpain-mediated cleavage and thus proposed to control their proautophagic and proapoptotic functions and to regulate the extent and severity of inflammation-associated cellular injury (By similarity). In myeloid cells has a protective role against endotoxemia and bacterial infection by promoting autophagy (By similarity). Involved in endosomal translocation and activation</p>
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		<p>se activity [GO:0032072]; regulation of T cell mediated immune response to tumor cell [GO:0002840]; regulation of tolerance induction [GO:0002643]; regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0006357]; response to glucocorticoid [GO:0051384]; T-helper 1 cell activation [GO:0035711]; T-helper 1 cell differentiation [GO:0045063]; tumor necrosis factor secretion [GO:1990774]; V(D)J recombination [GO:0033151]</p>		<p>of TLR9 in response to CpG-DNA in macrophages (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P63158, ECO:0000269 PubMed:20819940, ECO:0000269 PubMed:21395369}.; FUNCTION: In the extracellular compartment (following either active secretion or passive release) involved in regulation of the inflammatory response. Fully reduced HMGB1 (which subsequently gets oxidized after release) in association with CXCL12 mediates the recruitment of inflammatory cells during the initial phase of tissue injury; the CXCL12:HMGB1 complex triggers CXCR4 homodimerization (PubMed:22370717). Induces the migration of monocyte-derived immature dendritic cells and seems to regulate adhesive and migratory functions of neutrophils implicating AGER/RAGE and ITGAM (By similarity). Can bind to various types of DNA and RNA including microbial unmethylated CpG-DNA to enhance the innate immune response to nucleic acids. Proposed to act in promiscuous DNA/RNA sensing which cooperates with subsequent discriminative sensing by specific pattern recognition receptors (By similarity). Promotes extracellular DNA-induced AIM2 inflammasome activation implicating AGER/RAGE (PubMed:24971542). Disulfide HMGB1 binds to transmembrane receptors, such as AGER/RAGE, TLR2, TLR4 and probably TREM1, thus activating their signal transduction pathways. Mediates the release of cytokines/chemokines such</p>
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				<p>as TNF, IL-1, IL-6, IL-8, CCL2, CCL3, CCL4 and CXCL10 (PubMed:12765338, PubMed:18354232, PubMed:19264983, PubMed:20547845, PubMed:24474694). Promotes secretion of interferon-gamma by macrophage-stimulated natural killer (NK) cells in concert with other cytokines like IL-2 or IL-12 (PubMed:15607795). TLR4 is proposed to be the primary receptor promoting macrophage activation and signaling through TLR4 seems to implicate LY96/MD-2 (PubMed:20547845). In bacterial LPS- or LTA-mediated inflammatory responses binds to the endotoxins and transfers them to CD14 for signaling to the respective TLR4:LY96 and TLR2 complexes (PubMed:18354232, PubMed:21660935, PubMed:25660311). Contributes to tumor proliferation by association with ACER/RAGE (By similarity). Can bind to IL1-beta and signals through the IL1R1:IL1RAP receptor complex (PubMed:18250463). Binding to class A CpG activates cytokine production in plasmacytoid dendritic cells implicating TLR9, MYD88 and AGER/RAGE and can activate autoreactive B cells. Via HMGB1-containing chromatin immune complexes may also promote B cell responses to endogenous TLR9 ligands through a B-cell receptor (BCR)-dependent and ACER/RAGE-independent mechanism (By similarity). Inhibits phagocytosis of apoptotic cells by macrophages; the function is</p>
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				<p>dependent on poly-ADP-ribosylation and involves binding to phosphatidylserine on the cell surface of apoptotic cells (By similarity). In adaptive immunity may be involved in enhancing immunity through activation of effector T cells and suppression of regulatory T (TReg) cells (PubMed:15944249, PubMed:22473704). In contrast, without implicating effector or regulatory T-cells, required for tumor infiltration and activation of T-cells expressing the lymphotoxin LTA:LTB heterotrimer thus promoting tumor malignant progression (By similarity). Also reported to limit proliferation of T-cells (By similarity). Released HMGB1:nucleosome complexes formed during apoptosis can signal through TLR2 to induce cytokine production (PubMed:19064698). Involved in induction of immunological tolerance by apoptotic cells; its pro-inflammatory activities when released by apoptotic cells are neutralized by reactive oxygen species (ROS)-dependent oxidation specifically on Cys-106 (PubMed:18631454). During macrophage activation by activated lymphocyte-derived self apoptotic DNA (ALD-DNA) promotes recruitment of ALD-DNA to endosomes (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P10103, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P63158, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P63159, ECO:0000269 PubMed:12765338, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15607795, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15944249, ECO:0000269 PubMed:1825</p>
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					0463, ECO:0000269 PubMed:1835 4232, ECO:0000269 PubMed:1863 1454, ECO:0000269 PubMed:1906 4698, ECO:0000269 PubMed:1926 4983, ECO:0000269 PubMed:2054 7845, ECO:0000269 PubMed:2166 0935, ECO:0000269 PubMed:2237 0717, ECO:0000269 PubMed:2247 3704, ECO:0000269 PubMed:2447 4694, ECO:0000269 PubMed:2497 1542, ECO:0000269 PubMed:2566 0311, ECO:0000269 Ref.8).
HRC	0.23	muscle contraction [GO:0006936]; negative regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0051481]; positive regulation of heart contraction [GO:0045823]; positive regulation of heart rate [GO:0010460]; positive regulation of relaxation of cardiac muscle [GO:1901899]; regulation of calcium ion transmembrane transport [GO:1903169]; regulation of cardiac muscle contraction by regulation of the release of sequestered calcium ion [GO:0010881]; regulation of cell communication by electrical coupling involved in cardiac conduction [GO:1901844]; regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0051480]; regulation of heart	ATPase binding [GO:005111 7]; calcium ion binding [GO:000550 9]; ion channel binding [GO:004432 5]	sarcoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:003301 8]; sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:003301 7]; Z disc [GO:003001 8]	FUNCTION: May play a role in the regulation of calcium sequestration or release in the SR of skeletal and cardiac muscle.

		rate [GO:0002027]; regulation of peptidyl-serine phosphorylation [GO:0033135]; regulation of release of sequestered calcium ion into cytosol by sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0010880]; regulation of ryanodine-sensitive calcium-release channel activity [GO:0060314]			
DNAJA1	0.24	androgen receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030521]; DNA damage response, detection of DNA damage [GO:0042769]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of JUN kinase activity [GO:0043508]; negative regulation of protein ubiquitination [GO:0031397]; positive regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043065]; protein folding [GO:0006457]; protein localization to mitochondrion [GO:0070585]; regulation of protein transport [GO:0051223]; response to heat [GO:0009408]; response to unfolded protein [GO:0006986]; spermatogenesis [GO:0007283]; sperm motility [GO:0030317]; toxin transport [GO:1901998]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; C3HC4-type RING finger domain binding [GO:0055131]; chaperone binding [GO:0051087]; G-protein coupled receptor binding [GO:0001664]; Hsp70 protein binding [GO:0030544]; low-density lipoprotein particle receptor binding [GO:0050750]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; ubiquitin protein ligase binding [GO:0031625]	cytoplasmic side of endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0098554]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; membrane [GO:0016020]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]	FUNCTION: Co-chaperone for HSPA8/Hsc70 (PubMed:10816573). Stimulates ATP hydrolysis, but not the folding of unfolded proteins mediated by HSPA1A (in vitro) (PubMed:24318877). Plays a role in protein transport into mitochondria via its role as co-chaperone. Functions as co-chaperone for HSPA1B and negatively regulates the translocation of BAX from the cytosol to mitochondria in response to cellular stress, thereby protecting cells against apoptosis (PubMed:14752510). Promotes apoptosis in response to cellular stress mediated by exposure to anisomycin or UV (PubMed:24512202). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10816573, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14752510, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24318877, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24512202, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9192730}.
NCKAP1	0.25	apoptotic process [GO:0006915]; central nervous	protein complex binding	cytosol [GO:0005829];	FUNCTION: Part of the WAVE complex that regulates lamellipodia

		system development [GO:0007417]; Fc-gamma receptor signaling pathway involved in phagocytosis [GO:0038096]; positive regulation of Arp2/3 complex-mediated actin nucleation [GO:2000601]; positive regulation of lamellipodium assembly [GO:0010592]; Rac protein signal transduction [GO:0016601]; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048010]; viral process [GO:0016032]	[GO:0032403]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; lamellipodium membrane [GO:0031258]; SCAR complex [GO:0031209]	formation. The WAVE complex regulates actin filament reorganization via its interaction with the Arp2/3 complex. Actin remodeling activity is regulated by RAC1.
HDLBP	0.27	cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; lipid transport [GO:0006869]	lipid binding [GO:0008289]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	FUNCTION: Appears to play a role in cell sterol metabolism. It may function to protect cells from over-accumulation of cholesterol.
ABHD10	0.27	cellular glucuronidation [GO:0052695]; glucuronoside catabolic process [GO:0019391]	hydrolase activity, hydrolyzing O-glycosyl compounds [GO:0004553]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	FUNCTION: Catalyzes the deglucuronidation of mycophenolic acid acyl-glucuronide, a metabolite of the immunosuppressant drug mycophenolate. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:22294686}.
SDCBP	0.28	actin cytoskeleton organization [GO:0030036]; ephrin receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048013]; intracellular signal transduction [GO:0035556]; negative regulation	cytoskeletal adaptor activity [GO:0008093]; frizzled binding [GO:0005109]; identical protein binding	adherens junction [GO:0005912]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cytoplasm [GO:000573	FUNCTION: Multifunctional adapter protein involved in diverse array of functions including trafficking of transmembrane proteins, neuro and immunomodulation, exosome biogenesis, and tumorigenesis (PubMed:26291527).

	<p>of proteasomal ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process [GO:0032435]; negative regulation of receptor internalization [GO:0002091]; positive regulation of cell growth [GO:0030307]; positive regulation of cell migration [GO:0030335]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; positive regulation of epithelial to mesenchymal transition [GO:0010718]; positive regulation of exosomal secretion [GO:1903543]; positive regulation of extracellular exosome assembly [GO:1903553]; positive regulation of JNK cascade [GO:0046330]; positive regulation of pathway-restricted SMAD protein phosphorylation [GO:0010862]; positive regulation of phosphorylation [GO:0042327]; positive regulation of transforming growth factor beta receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030511]; protein targeting to membrane [GO:0006612]; Ras protein signal transduction [GO:0007265]; regulation of mitotic cell cycle [GO:0007346]; substrate-dependent cell migration, cell extension [GO:0006930];</p>	<p>[GO:0042802]; interleukin-5 receptor binding [GO:0005137]; protein heterodimerization activity [GO:0046982]; protein N-terminus binding [GO:0047485]; syndecan binding [GO:0045545]</p>	<p>7]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0005789]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; interleukin-5 receptor complex [GO:0005895]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; membrane raft [GO:0045121]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>Positively regulates TGFβ1-mediated SMAD2/3 activation and TGFβ1-induced epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition (EMT) and cell migration in various cell types. May increase TGFβ1 signaling by enhancing cell-surface expression of TGFβ1 by preventing the interaction between TGFβ1 and CAV1 and subsequent CAV1-dependent internalization and degradation of TGFβ1 (PubMed:25893292). In concert with SDC1/4 and PDCD6IP, regulates exosome biogenesis (PubMed:22660413). Regulates migration, growth, proliferation, and cell cycle progression in a variety of cancer types (PubMed:26539120). In adherens junctions may function to couple syndecans to cytoskeletal proteins or signaling components. Seems to couple transcription factor SOX4 to the IL-5 receptor (IL5RA) (PubMed:11498591). May also play a role in vesicular trafficking (PubMed:11179419). Seems to be required for the targeting of TGFA to the cell surface in the early secretory pathway (PubMed:10230395). {ECO:0000269 PubMed:10230395, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11179419, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11498591, ECO:0000269 PubMed:22660413, ECO:0000269 PubMed:25893292, ECO:0000269 PubMed:26539120, ECO:0000303 PubMed:26291527}.</p>
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		synaptic transmission [GO:0007268]			
TGM2	0.28	apoptotic cell clearance [GO:0043277]; branching involved in salivary gland morphogenesis [GO:0060445]; negative regulation of endoplasmic reticulum calcium ion concentration [GO:0032471]; peptide cross-linking [GO:0018149]; phospholipase C-activating G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007200]; positive regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043065]; positive regulation of cell adhesion [GO:0045785]; positive regulation of mitochondrial calcium ion concentration [GO:0051561]; salivary gland cavitation [GO:0060662]	metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase activity [GO:0003810]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; intrinsic component of plasma membrane [GO:0031226]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	FUNCTION: Catalyzes the cross-linking of proteins and the conjugation of polyamines to proteins.
ANXA7	0.28	autophagy [GO:0006914]; cell proliferation [GO:0008283]; cellular calcium ion homeostasis [GO:0006874]; cellular water homeostasis [GO:0009992]; epithelial cell differentiation [GO:0030855]; hemostasis [GO:0007599]; membrane fusion [GO:0061025]; negative regulation of gene expression [GO:0010629]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592];	calcium-dependent phospholipid binding [GO:0005544]; calcium-dependent protein binding [GO:0048306]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0005789]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nuclear envelope [GO:0005635]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	FUNCTION: Calcium/phospholipid-binding protein which promotes membrane fusion and is involved in exocytosis.

		response to organic cyclic compound [GO:0014070]; response to salt stress [GO:0009651]; social behavior [GO:0035176]			
UFD1L	0.28	ER-associated misfolded protein catabolic process [GO:0071712]; error-free translesion synthesis [GO:0070987]; retrograde protein transport, ER to cytosol [GO:0030970]; skeletal system development [GO:0001501]; ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process [GO:0006511]	thiol-dependent ubiquitin-specific protease activity [GO:0004843]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; UFD1-NPL4 complex [GO:0036501]; VCP-NPL4-UFD1 AAA ATPase complex [GO:0034098]	FUNCTION: Essential component of the ubiquitin-dependent proteolytic pathway which degrades ubiquitin fusion proteins. The ternary complex containing UFD1L, VCP and NPLOC4 binds ubiquitinated proteins and is necessary for the export of misfolded proteins from the ER to the cytoplasm, where they are degraded by the proteasome. The NPLOC4-UFD1L-VCP complex regulates spindle disassembly at the end of mitosis and is necessary for the formation of a closed nuclear envelope. It may be involved in the development of some ectoderm-derived structures.
ANXA11	0.28	cell cycle [GO:0007049]; cell division [GO:0051301]; phagocytosis [GO:0006909]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]	calcium-dependent phospholipid binding [GO:0005544]; calcium-dependent protein binding [GO:0048306]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; MHC class II protein complex binding [GO:0023026]; phosphatidylethanolamine binding [GO:0008429]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; S100 protein binding	azurophil granule [GO:0042582]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; midbody [GO:0030496]; nuclear envelope [GO:0005635]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; phagocytic vesicle [GO:0045335]; specific granule [GO:004258	FUNCTION: Binds specifically to calyculin in a calcium-dependent manner (By similarity). Required for midbody formation and completion of the terminal phase of cytokinesis. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15197175}.

			[GO:0044548]	1]; spindle [GO:0005819]	
XPNPE P3	0.28	glomerular filtration [GO:0003094]; protein processing [GO:0016485]	aminopeptidase activity [GO:0004177]; manganese ion binding [GO:0030145]; metalloproteinase activity [GO:0008237]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	
TSTA3	0.29	'de novo' GDP-L-fucose biosynthetic process [GO:0042351]; cytolysis [GO:0019835]; GDP-mannose metabolic process [GO:0019673]; leukocyte cell-cell adhesion [GO:0007159]	coenzyme binding [GO:0050662]; electron carrier activity [GO:0009055]; GDP-4-dehydro-D-rhamnose reductase activity [GO:0042356]; GDP-L-fucose synthase activity [GO:0050577]; isomerase activity [GO:0016853]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]	FUNCTION: Catalyzes the two-step NADP-dependent conversion of GDP-4-dehydro-6-deoxy-D-mannose to GDP-fucose, involving an epimerase and a reductase reaction. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:8910301}.
MECR	0.29	fatty acid biosynthetic process [GO:0006633]; fatty acid metabolic process [GO:0006631]	trans-2-enoyl-CoA reductase (NADPH) activity [GO:0019166]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: Oxidoreductase with a preference for short and medium chain substrates, including trans-2-hexenoyl-CoA (C6), trans-2-decenoyl-CoA (C10), and trans-2-hexadecenoyl-CoA (C16). May play a role in mitochondrial fatty acid synthesis. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:18479707}.
PSMF1	0.29	anaphase-promoting complex-dependent catabolic process [GO:0031145]; antigen processing and presentation of exogenous peptide antigen via MHC class I, TAP-	endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004866]; proteasome binding [GO:0070628]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; membrane [GO:001602	FUNCTION: Plays an important role in control of proteasome function. Inhibits the hydrolysis of protein and peptide substrates by the 20S proteasome. Also inhibits the activation of the proteasome by the proteasome regulatory proteins PA700 and PA28.

	<p>dependent [GO:0002479]; Fc- epsilon receptor signaling pathway [GO:0038095]; MAPK cascade [GO:0000165]; negative regulation of canonical Wnt signaling pathway [GO:0090090]; negative regulation of proteasomal protein catabolic process [GO:1901799]; negative regulation of ubiquitin-protein ligase activity involved in mitotic cell cycle [GO:0051436]; NIK/NF-kappaB signaling [GO:0038061]; positive regulation of canonical Wnt signaling pathway [GO:0090263]; positive regulation of ubiquitin-protein ligase activity involved in regulation of mitotic cell cycle transition [GO:0051437]; proteasome-mediated ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process [GO:0043161]; protein polyubiquitination [GO:0000209]; regulation of cellular amino acid metabolic process [GO:0006521]; regulation of mRNA stability [GO:0043488]; stimulatory C-type lectin receptor signaling pathway [GO:0002223]; T cell receptor signaling pathway [GO:0050852]; tumor necrosis factor-mediated</p>		<p>0]; nucleoplasm [GO:000565 4]; proteasome core complex [GO:000583 9]</p>	<p>{ECO:0000269 PubMed:107 64772}.</p>
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		signaling pathway [GO:0033209]; ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process [GO:0006511]; Wnt signaling pathway, planar cell polarity pathway [GO:0060071]			
MRPS23	0.29	mitochondrial translational elongation [GO:0070125]; mitochondrial translational termination [GO:0070126]	poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; structural constituent of ribosome [GO:0003735]	intermediate filament cytoskeleton [GO:0045111]; mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nuclear membrane [GO:0031965]; ribosome [GO:0005840]	
DPYD	0.31	beta-alanine biosynthetic process [GO:0019483]; purine nucleobase catabolic process [GO:0006145]; pyrimidine nucleobase catabolic process [GO:0006208]; pyrimidine nucleoside catabolic process [GO:0046135]; thymidine catabolic process [GO:0006214]; thymine catabolic process [GO:0006210]; uracil catabolic process [GO:0006212]	4 iron, 4 sulfur cluster binding [GO:0051539]; dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (NADP+) activity [GO:0017113]; flavin adenine dinucleotide binding [GO:0050660]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; NADP binding [GO:0050661]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]	FUNCTION: Involved in pyrimidine base degradation. Catalyzes the reduction of uracil and thymine. Also involved the degradation of the chemotherapeutic drug 5-fluorouracil.
FHL2	0.31	androgen receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030521]; atrial	androgen receptor binding	actin cytoskeleton [GO:001562]	FUNCTION: May function as a molecular transmitter linking various signaling

		cardiac muscle cell development [GO:0055014]; heart trabecula formation [GO:0060347]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; osteoblast differentiation [GO:0001649]; positive regulation of transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0045893]; response to hormone [GO:0009725]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]; ventricular cardiac muscle cell development [GO:0055015]	[GO:0050681]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; transcription coactivator activity [GO:0003713]; transcription factor binding [GO:0008134]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	9]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; M band [GO:0031430]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; Z disc [GO:0030018]	pathways to transcriptional regulation. Negatively regulates the transcriptional repressor E4F1 and may function in cell growth. Inhibits the transcriptional activity of FOXO1 and its apoptotic function by enhancing the interaction of FOXO1 with SIRT1 and FOXO1 deacetylation. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15692560, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16652157, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18853468}.
RAB12	0.32	autophagy [GO:0006914]; cellular protein catabolic process [GO:0044257]; endosome to lysosome transport [GO:0008333]; positive regulation of macroautophagy [GO:0016239]; protein transport [GO:0015031]; small GTPase mediated signal transduction [GO:0007264]	GDP binding [GO:0019003]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]	autophagosome [GO:0005776]; cytoplasmic vesicle [GO:0031410]; Golgi membrane [GO:0000139]; lysosomal membrane [GO:0005765]; lysosome [GO:0005764]; recycling endosome membrane [GO:0055038]	FUNCTION: The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane trafficking, from the formation of transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes. Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different set of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion. That Rab may play a role in protein transport from recycling endosomes to lysosomes regulating, for instance, the degradation of the transferrin receptor. Involved in autophagy (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
GCDH	0.33	fatty acid beta-oxidation using acyl-CoA dehydrogenase [GO:0033539]; fatty-acyl-CoA biosynthetic process [GO:0046949]; lipid homeostasis	electron carrier activity [GO:0009055]; fatty-acyl-CoA binding [GO:000006	mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	FUNCTION: Catalyzes the oxidative decarboxylation of glutaryl-CoA to crotonyl-CoA and CO(2) in the degradative pathway of L-lysine, L-hydroxylysine, and L-tryptophan metabolism. It uses electron transfer

		[GO:0055088]; lysine catabolic process [GO:0006554]; tryptophan metabolic process [GO:0006568]	2]; flavin adenine dinucleotide binding [GO:0050660]; glutaryl-CoA dehydrogenase activity [GO:0004361]; oxidoreductase activity, acting on the CH-CH group of donors, with a flavin as acceptor [GO:0052890]		flavoprotein as its electron acceptor. Isoform Short is inactive. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:17176108, ECO:0000269|PubMed:6423663, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8541831}.
TNNT2	0.35	actin crosslink formation [GO:0051764]; cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060048]; muscle filament sliding [GO:0030049]; negative regulation of ATPase activity [GO:0032780]; positive regulation of ATPase activity [GO:0032781]; protein heterooligomerization [GO:0051291]; regulation of heart contraction [GO:0008016]; regulation of muscle filament sliding speed [GO:0032972]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]; ventricular cardiac muscle tissue morphogenesis [GO:0055010]	actin binding [GO:0003779]; tropomyosin binding [GO:0005523]; troponin C binding [GO:0030172]; troponin I binding [GO:0031013]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; sarcomere [GO:0030017]; striated muscle thin filament [GO:0005865]; troponin complex [GO:0005861]	FUNCTION: Troponin T is the tropomyosin-binding subunit of troponin, the thin filament regulatory complex which confers calcium-sensitivity to striated muscle actomyosin ATPase activity.
NPM1	0.41	cell aging [GO:0007569]; CENP-A containing nucleosome assembly [GO:0034080]; centrosome cycle [GO:0007098]; DNA	histone binding [GO:0042393]; NF-kappaB binding [GO:0051059]; poly(A)	centrosome [GO:0005813]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; focal	FUNCTION: Involved in diverse cellular processes such as ribosome biogenesis, centrosome duplication, protein chaperoning, histone assembly, cell proliferation, and regulation of tumor suppressors p53/TP53 and

	<p>damage response, signal transduction by p53 class mediator resulting in cell cycle arrest [GO:0006977]; DNA repair [GO:0006281]; intracellular protein transport [GO:0006886]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008285]; negative regulation of centrosome duplication [GO:0010826]; negative regulation of protein kinase activity by regulation of protein phosphorylation [GO:0044387]; nucleocytoplasmic transport [GO:0006913]; nucleosome assembly [GO:0006334]; positive regulation of cell cycle G2/M phase transition [GO:1902751]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; positive regulation of NF-kappaB transcription factor activity [GO:0051092]; positive regulation of transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0045893]; positive regulation of translation [GO:0045727]; protein localization [GO:0008104]; protein oligomerization [GO:0051259]; regulation of centriole replication [GO:0046599];</p>	<p>RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein heterodimerization activity [GO:0046982]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; protein kinase binding [GO:0019901]; protein kinase inhibitor activity [GO:0004860]; ribosomal large subunit binding [GO:0043023]; ribosomal small subunit binding [GO:0043024]; RNA binding [GO:0003723]; Tat protein binding [GO:0030957]; transcription coactivator activity [GO:0003713]; unfolded protein binding [GO:0051082]</p>	<p>adhesion [GO:0005925]; intracellular ribonucleoprotein complex [GO:0030529]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleolus [GO:0005730]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; spindle pole centrosome [GO:0031616]</p>	<p>ARF. Binds ribosome presumably to drive ribosome nuclear export. Associated with nucleolar ribonucleoprotein structures and bind single-stranded nucleic acids. Acts as a chaperonin for the core histones H3, H2B and H4. Stimulates APEX1 endonuclease activity on apurinic/aprimidinic (AP) double-stranded DNA but inhibits APEX1 endonuclease activity on AP single-stranded RNA. May exert a control of APEX1 endonuclease activity within nucleoli devoted to repair AP on rDNA and the removal of oxidized rRNA molecules. In concert with BRCA2, regulates centrosome duplication. Regulates centriole duplication: phosphorylation by PLK2 is able to trigger centriole replication. Negatively regulates the activation of EIF2AK2/PKR and suppresses apoptosis through inhibition of EIF2AK2/PKR autophosphorylation. Antagonizes the inhibitory effect of ATF5 on cell proliferation and relieves ATF5-induced G2/M blockade (PubMed:22528486). {ECO:0000269 PubMed:12882984, ECO:0000269 PubMed:16107701, ECO:0000269 PubMed:17015463, ECO:0000269 PubMed:18809582, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19188445, ECO:0000269 PubMed:20352051, ECO:0000269 PubMed:21084279, ECO:0000269 PubMed:22002061, ECO:0000269 PubMed:22528486}.</p>
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		<p>regulation of eIF2 alpha phosphorylation by dsRNA [GO:0060735];</p> <p>regulation of endodeoxyribonuclease activity [GO:0032071];</p> <p>regulation of endoribonuclease activity [GO:0060699];</p> <p>response to stress [GO:0006950];</p> <p>ribosome assembly [GO:0042255];</p> <p>signal transduction [GO:0007165]; viral process [GO:0016032]</p>			
ACAT1	0.43	<p>adipose tissue development [GO:0060612]; brain development [GO:0007420]; branched-chain amino acid catabolic process [GO:0009083]; ketone body biosynthetic process [GO:0046951]; ketone body catabolic process [GO:0046952]; liver development [GO:0001889]; metanephric proximal convoluted tubule development [GO:0072229]; protein homooligomerization [GO:0051260]; response to hormone [GO:0009725]; response to organic cyclic compound [GO:0014070]; response to starvation [GO:0042594]</p>	<p>acetyl-CoA C-acetyltransferase activity [GO:0003985];</p> <p>coenzyme binding [GO:0050662]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Plays a major role in ketone body metabolism.</p>
HSP90AA1	0.46	<p>cardiac muscle cell apoptotic process [GO:0010659]; chaperone-mediated autophagy [GO:0061684]; chaperone-mediated</p>	<p>ATPase activity [GO:0016887]; ATP binding [GO:0005524]; CTP</p>	<p>apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324]; basolateral plasma</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Molecular chaperone that promotes the maturation, structural maintenance and proper regulation of specific target proteins involved for instance in cell cycle control</p>

	<p>protein complex assembly [GO:0051131]; ERBB2 signaling pathway [GO:0038128]; Fc-gamma receptor signaling pathway involved in phagocytosis [GO:0038096]; G2/M transition of mitotic cell cycle [GO:0000086]; mitochondrial transport [GO:0006839]; neuron migration [GO:0001764]; positive regulation of cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060452]; positive regulation of cell size [GO:0045793]; positive regulation of lamellipodium assembly [GO:0010592]; positive regulation of nitric oxide biosynthetic process [GO:0045429]; positive regulation of protein import into nucleus, translocation [GO:0033160]; protein import into mitochondrial outer membrane [GO:0045040]; protein refolding [GO:0042026]; protein stabilization [GO:0050821]; protein unfolding [GO:0043335]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; regulation of cellular response to heat [GO:1900034]; regulation of nitric-oxide synthase activity [GO:0050999]; regulation of protein</p>	<p>binding [GO:0002135]; dATP binding [GO:0032564]; GTPase binding [GO:0051020]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]; histone deacetylase binding [GO:0042826]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; MHC class II protein complex binding [GO:0023026]; mRNA binding [GO:0003729]; nitric-oxide synthase regulator activity [GO:0030235]; nucleotide binding [GO:0000166]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; protein tyrosine kinase activity [GO:0004713]; TPR domain binding [GO:0030911]; UTP binding [GO:0002134]</p>	<p>membrane [GO:0016323]; brush border membrane [GO:0031526]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; endocytic vesicle lumen [GO:0071682]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; neuron projection [GO:0043005]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]; plasma</p>	<p>and signal transduction. Undergoes a functional cycle that is linked to its ATPase activity. This cycle probably induces conformational changes in the client proteins, thereby causing their activation. Interacts dynamically with various co-chaperones that modulate its substrate recognition, ATPase cycle and chaperone function. Binds bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) et mediates LPS-induced inflammatory response, including TNF secretion by monocytes. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:11274138, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11276205, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15577939, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15937123}.</p>
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		<p>complex assembly [GO:0043254]; regulation of protein ubiquitination [GO:0031396]; response to antibiotic [GO:0046677]; response to cold [GO:0009409]; response to estrogen [GO:0043627]; response to heat [GO:0009408]; response to salt stress [GO:0009651]; response to unfolded protein [GO:0006986]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]; skeletal muscle contraction [GO:0003009]; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048010]</p>		<p>membrane [GO:0005886]; protein complex [GO:0043234]; ruffle membrane [GO:0032587]</p>	
ANXA5	0.46	<p>blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; cellular response to gonadotropin-releasing hormone [GO:0097211]; cellular response to lead ion [GO:0071284]; mitophagy in response to mitochondrial depolarization [GO:0098779]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030195]; negative regulation of prolactin secretion [GO:1902721]; positive regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043065]; positive regulation of defense response to virus by host [GO:0002230]; protein homooligomerization</p>	<p>calcium-dependent phospholipid binding [GO:0005544]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; calcium-transporting ATPase activity [GO:0005388]; peptide hormone binding [GO:0017046]; phospholipase inhibitor activity [GO:0004859]; phospholipid binding [GO:0005543]</p>	<p>axon terminus [GO:0043679]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; dendrite [GO:0030425]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; endothelial microparticle [GO:0072563]; external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925];</p>	<p>FUNCTION: This protein is an anticoagulant protein that acts as an indirect inhibitor of the thromboplastin-specific complex, which is involved in the blood coagulation cascade.</p>

		[GO:0051260]; regulation of sperm motility [GO:1901317]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]; response to thyroid hormone [GO:0097066]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]; xenophagy [GO:0098792]		intercalated disc [GO:0014704]; intracellular [GO:0005622]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; perikaryon [GO:0043204]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]; synaptic vesicle [GO:0008021]; Z disc [GO:0030018]	
MYOM2	0.49	muscle contraction [GO:0006936]	structural constituent of muscle [GO:0008307]	M band [GO:0031430]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; myosin filament [GO:0032982]	FUNCTION: Major component of the vertebrate myofibrillar M band. Binds myosin, titin, and light meromyosin. This binding is dose dependent.
GPT	0.51	cellular amino acid biosynthetic process [GO:0008652]; L-alanine catabolic process [GO:0042853]	L-alanine:2-oxoglutarate aminotransferase activity [GO:0004021]; pyridoxal phosphate binding [GO:0030170]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]	FUNCTION: Catalyzes the reversible transamination between alanine and 2-oxoglutarate to form pyruvate and glutamate. Participates in cellular nitrogen metabolism and also in liver gluconeogenesis starting with precursors transported from skeletal muscles (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
TIMM44	0.54	protein import into mitochondrial matrix [GO:0030150]; protein targeting to mitochondrion [GO:0006626]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; chaperone binding [GO:0051087]	mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	FUNCTION: Essential component of the PAM complex, a complex required for the translocation of transit peptide-containing proteins from the inner membrane into the mitochondrial matrix in an ATP-dependent manner. Recruits mitochondrial HSP70 to drive protein translocation into the matrix using ATP as an energy source.

DBI	0.55	phosphatidylcholine acyl-chain remodeling [GO:0036151]; transport [GO:0006810]	benzodiazepine receptor binding [GO:0030156]; lipid binding [GO:0008289]; long-chain fatty acyl-CoA binding [GO:0036042]; protein dimerization activity [GO:0046983]	endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; perinuclear endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0097038]	FUNCTION: Binds medium- and long-chain acyl-CoA esters with very high affinity and may function as an intracellular carrier of acyl-CoA esters. It is also able to displace diazepam from the benzodiazepine (BZD) recognition site located on the GABA type A receptor. It is therefore possible that this protein also acts as a neuropeptide to modulate the action of the GABA receptor.
WARS	0.56	angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; negative regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008285]; regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0045765]; translation [GO:0006412]; tRNA aminoacylation for protein translation [GO:0006418]; tryptophanyl-tRNA aminoacylation [GO:0006436]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; tryptophan-tRNA ligase activity [GO:0004830]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: Isoform 1, isoform 2 and T1-TrpRS have aminoacylation activity while T2-TrpRS lacks it. Isoform 2, T1-TrpRS and T2-TrpRS possess angiostatic activity whereas isoform 1 lacks it. T2-TrpRS inhibits fluid shear stress-activated responses of endothelial cells. Regulates ERK, Akt, and eNOS activation pathways that are associated with angiogenesis, cytoskeletal reorganization and shear stress-responsive gene expression. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:11773625, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11773626, ECO:0000269|PubMed:137391, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14630953}.
IDH2	0.56	2-oxoglutarate metabolic process [GO:0006103]; carbohydrate metabolic process [GO:0005975]; glyoxylate cycle [GO:0006097]; isocitrate metabolic process [GO:0006102]; tricarboxylic acid cycle [GO:0006099]	isocitrate dehydrogenase (NADP+) activity [GO:0004450]; magnesium ion binding [GO:0000287]; NAD binding [GO:0051287]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondri	FUNCTION: Plays a role in intermediary metabolism and energy production. It may tightly associate or interact with the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex.

				on [GO:0005739]; peroxisome [GO:0005777]	
NCL	0.57	angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; cellular response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0071222]; endocytosis [GO:0006897]; liver regeneration [GO:0097421]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; positive regulation of interleukin-6 secretion [GO:2000778]; positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; positive regulation of transcription of nuclear large rRNA transcript from RNA polymerase I promoter [GO:1901838]; positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor production [GO:0032760]; regulation of rRNA processing [GO:2000232]; spermatogenesis [GO:0007283]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; nucleotide binding [GO:0000166]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein C-terminus binding [GO:0008022]; RNA binding [GO:0003723]; rRNA primary transcript binding [GO:0042134]; selenocysteine insertion sequence binding [GO:0035368]; single-stranded DNA binding [GO:0003697]; telomeric DNA binding [GO:0042162]	cell cortex [GO:0005938]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasmic ribonucleoprotein granule [GO:0036464]; dense fibrillar component [GO:0001651]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; fibrillar center [GO:0001650]; intracellular ribonucleoprotein complex [GO:0030529]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleolus [GO:0005730]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: Nucleolin is the major nucleolar protein of growing eukaryotic cells. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-ribosomal particles. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly. May play a role in the process of transcriptional elongation. Binds RNA oligonucleotides with 5'-UUAGGG-3' repeats more tightly than the telomeric single-stranded DNA 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeats. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10393184}.
HADHA	0.57	cardiolipin acyl-chain remodeling [GO:0035965]; fatty acid beta-oxidation [GO:0006635]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to insulin [GO:0032868]	3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase activity [GO:0003857]; acetyl-CoA C-acetyltransferase activity [GO:000398	mitochondrial fatty acid beta-oxidation multienzyme complex [GO:0016507]; mitochondrial inner membrane	FUNCTION: Bifunctional subunit.

			5]; enoyl-CoA hydratase activity [GO:0004300]; fatty-acyl-CoA binding [GO:0000062]; long-chain-3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase activity [GO:0016509]; long-chain-enoil-CoA hydratase activity [GO:0016508]; NAD binding [GO:0051287]	[GO:0005743]; mitochondrial nucleoid [GO:0042645]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	
IDH3B	0.58	2-oxoglutarate metabolic process [GO:0006103]; isocitrate metabolic process [GO:0006102]; NADH metabolic process [GO:0006734]; tricarboxylic acid cycle [GO:0006099]	electron carrier activity [GO:0009055]; isocitrate dehydrogenase (NAD+) activity [GO:0004449]; magnesium ion binding [GO:0000287]; NAD binding [GO:0051287]	mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	
ACSL1	0.58	adiponectin-activated signaling pathway [GO:0033211]; alpha-linolenic acid metabolic process [GO:0036109]; linoleic acid metabolic process [GO:0043651]; lipid biosynthetic process [GO:0008610]; long-chain fatty acid import [GO:0044539]; long-chain fatty acid metabolic process [GO:0001676]; long-	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; long-chain fatty acid-CoA ligase activity [GO:0004467]	endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0005789]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; membrane [GO:0016020]; mitochondrial outer membrane [GO:000574	FUNCTION: Activation of long-chain fatty acids for both synthesis of cellular lipids, and degradation via beta-oxidation. Preferentially uses palmitoleate, oleate and linoleate.

		<p>chain fatty-acyl-CoA biosynthetic process [GO:0035338]; positive regulation of protein serine/threonine kinase activity [GO:0071902]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to nutrient [GO:0007584]; response to oleic acid [GO:0034201]; response to organic cyclic compound [GO:0014070]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]; xenobiotic catabolic process [GO:0042178]</p>		<p>1]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; peroxisomal membrane [GO:0005778]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	
RYR2	0.60	<p>BMP signaling pathway [GO:0030509]; calcium ion transport [GO:0006816]; calcium ion transport into cytosol [GO:0060402]; calcium-mediated signaling [GO:0019722]; calcium-mediated signaling using intracellular calcium source [GO:0035584]; canonical Wnt signaling pathway [GO:0060070]; cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060048]; cardiac muscle hypertrophy [GO:0003300]; cell communication by electrical coupling involved in cardiac conduction [GO:0086064]; cellular calcium ion homeostasis [GO:0006874]; cellular response to caffeine [GO:0071313]; cellular response to</p>	<p>calcium channel activity [GO:0005262]; calcium-induced calcium release activity [GO:0048763]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; calcium-release channel activity [GO:0015278]; calmodulin binding [GO:0005516]; enzyme binding [GO:0019899]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; ion channel binding [GO:0044325]; protein kinase A catalytic subunit</p>	<p>calcium channel complex [GO:0034704]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; junctional sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0014701]; membrane [GO:0016020]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; protein complex [GO:0043234]; sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0016529]; sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0033017]; smooth endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005790]; Z disc</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Calcium channel that mediates the release of Ca(2+) from the sarcoplasmic reticulum into the cytoplasm and thereby plays a key role in triggering cardiac muscle contraction. Aberrant channel activation can lead to cardiac arrhythmia. In cardiac myocytes, calcium release is triggered by increased Ca(2+) levels due to activation of the L-type calcium channel CACNA1C. The calcium channel activity is modulated by formation of heterotetramers with RYR3. Required for cellular calcium ion homeostasis. Required for embryonic heart development. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10830164, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20056922}.</p>

	<p>epinephrine stimulus [GO:0071872]; detection of calcium ion [GO:0005513]; embryonic heart tube morphogenesis [GO:0003143]; establishment of protein localization to endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0072599]; ion transmembrane transport [GO:0034220]; left ventricular cardiac muscle tissue morphogenesis [GO:0003220]; positive regulation of calcium-transporting ATPase activity [GO:1901896]; positive regulation of heart rate [GO:0010460]; positive regulation of sequestering of calcium ion [GO:0051284]; positive regulation of the force of heart contraction [GO:0098735]; Purkinje myocyte to ventricular cardiac muscle cell signaling [GO:0086029]; regulation of atrial cardiac muscle cell action potential [GO:0098910]; regulation of AV node cell action potential [GO:0098904]; regulation of cardiac conduction [GO:1903779]; regulation of cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0055117]; regulation of cardiac muscle contraction by calcium ion signaling [GO:0010882]; regulation of cardiac muscle contraction by regulation of the</p>	<p>binding [GO:0034236]; protein kinase A regulatory subunit binding [GO:0034237]; ryanodine-sensitive calcium-release channel activity [GO:0005219]; suramin binding [GO:0043924]</p>	<p>[GO:0030018]</p>	
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		<p>release of sequestered calcium ion [GO:0010881]; regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0051480]; regulation of heart rate [GO:0002027]; regulation of SA node cell action potential [GO:0098907]; regulation of ventricular cardiac muscle cell action potential [GO:0098911]; release of sequestered calcium ion into cytosol [GO:0051209]; release of sequestered calcium ion into cytosol by sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0014808]; response to caffeine [GO:0031000]; response to hypoxia [GO:0001666]; response to muscle activity [GO:0014850]; response to muscle stretch [GO:0035994]; response to redox state [GO:0051775]; sarcoplasmic reticulum calcium ion transport [GO:0070296]; type B pancreatic cell apoptotic process [GO:0097050]; ventricular cardiac muscle cell action potential [GO:0086005]</p>			
ALDH6 A1	0.61	<p>beta-alanine catabolic process [GO:0019484]; branched-chain amino acid catabolic process [GO:0009083]; brown fat cell differentiation</p>	<p>aldehyde dehydrogenase (NAD) activity [GO:0004029]; fatty-acyl-CoA binding [GO:000006</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondri</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Plays a role in valine and pyrimidine metabolism. Binds fatty acyl-CoA.</p>

		[GO:0050873]; thymine catabolic process [GO:0006210]; thymine metabolic process [GO:0019859]; valine catabolic process [GO:0006574]; valine metabolic process [GO:0006573]	2]; malonate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase (acetylating) activity [GO:0018478]; methylmalonate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase (acylating) activity [GO:0004491]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; thioester hydrolase activity [GO:0016790]	on [GO:0005739]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]	
PCCA	0.61	biotin metabolic process [GO:0006768]; short-chain fatty acid catabolic process [GO:0019626]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; biotin binding [GO:0009374]; biotin carboxylase activity [GO:0004075]; enzyme binding [GO:0019899]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; propionyl-CoA carboxylase activity [GO:0004658]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]	
NDUFB4	0.62	mitochondrial electron transport, NADH to ubiquinone [GO:0006120]; mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I assembly [GO:0032981]; response to oxidative stress [GO:0006979]	NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) activity [GO:0008137]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; mitochondri	FUNCTION: Accessory subunit of the mitochondrial membrane respiratory chain NADH dehydrogenase (Complex I), that is believed not to be involved in catalysis. Complex I functions in the transfer of electrons from NADH to the respiratory chain. The

				al inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I [GO:0005747]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nuclear membrane [GO:0031965]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]	immediate electron acceptor for the enzyme is believed to be ubiquinone.
TMOD1	0.62	actin filament organization [GO:0007015]; adult locomotory behavior [GO:0008344]; lens fiber cell development [GO:0070307]; muscle contraction [GO:0006936]; muscle filament sliding [GO:0030049]; myofibril assembly [GO:0030239]; pointed-end actin filament capping [GO:0051694]	tropomyosin binding [GO:0005523]	cortical cytoskeleton [GO:0030863]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; striated muscle thin filament [GO:0005865]	FUNCTION: Blocks the elongation and depolymerization of the actin filaments at the pointed end. The Tmod/TM complex contributes to the formation of the short actin protofilament, which in turn defines the geometry of the membrane skeleton. May play an important role in regulating the organization of actin filaments by preferentially binding to a specific tropomyosin isoform at its N-terminus. {ECO:000269|PubMed:8002995}.
GRPEL1	0.64	protein folding [GO:0006457]	adenyl-nucleotide exchange factor activity [GO:0000774]; unfolded protein binding [GO:0051082]	mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: Essential component of the PAM complex, a complex required for the translocation of transit peptide-containing proteins from the inner membrane into the mitochondrial matrix in an ATP-dependent manner. Seems to control the nucleotide-dependent binding of mitochondrial HSP70 to substrate proteins.
NDUFA6	0.65	mitochondrial electron transport, NADH to ubiquinone [GO:0006120]; mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I assembly [GO:0032981];	NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) activity [GO:0008137]	mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial membrane [GO:0031965]	FUNCTION: Accessory subunit of the mitochondrial membrane respiratory chain NADH dehydrogenase (Complex I), that is believed to be not involved in catalysis. Complex I functions in the transfer of

		response to oxidative stress [GO:0006979]		6]; mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I [GO:0005747]	electrons from NADH to the respiratory chain. The immediate electron acceptor for the enzyme is believed to be ubiquinone.
NUDC	0.65	cell division [GO:0051301]; cell proliferation [GO:0008283]; mitotic nuclear division [GO:0007067]; multicellular organism development [GO:0007275]; sister chromatid cohesion [GO:0007062]		cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; microtubule [GO:0005874]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]	FUNCTION: Plays a role in neurogenesis and neuronal migration (By similarity). Necessary for correct formation of mitotic spindles and chromosome separation during mitosis. Necessary for cytokinesis and cell proliferation. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12679384, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12852857}.
NFS1	0.66	[2Fe-2S] cluster assembly [GO:0044571]; iron incorporation into metallo-sulfur cluster [GO:0018283]; molybdopterin cofactor biosynthetic process [GO:0032324]; Molybdopterin cofactor biosynthetic process [GO:0006777]; protein complex assembly [GO:0006461]; small molecule metabolic process [GO:0044281]; sulfur amino acid metabolic process [GO:0000096]	cysteine desulfurase activity [GO:0031071]; iron-sulfur cluster binding [GO:0051536]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; pyridoxal phosphate binding [GO:0030170]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleolus [GO:0005730]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: Catalyzes the removal of elemental sulfur from cysteine to produce alanine. It supplies the inorganic sulfur for iron-sulfur (Fe-S) clusters. May be involved in the biosynthesis of molybdenum cofactor. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:18650437}.
ME2	0.66	malate metabolic process [GO:0006108]; regulation of NADP metabolic process [GO:1902031]	electron carrier activity [GO:0009055]; malate dehydrogenase (decarboxylating) (NAD+) activity [GO:000447	intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion	

			1]; malic enzyme activity [GO:0004470]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; NAD binding [GO:0051287]; oxaloacetate decarboxylase activity [GO:0008948]	[GO:0005739]	
IDH3G	0.66	2-oxoglutarate metabolic process [GO:0006103]; carbohydrate metabolic process [GO:0005975]; isocitrate metabolic process [GO:0006102]; NADH metabolic process [GO:0006734]; negative regulation of growth [GO:0045926]; tricarboxylic acid cycle [GO:0006099]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; isocitrate dehydrogenase (NAD+) activity [GO:0004449]; magnesium ion binding [GO:0000287]; NAD binding [GO:0051287]	mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleolus [GO:0005730]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]	
GBAS	0.67	ATP biosynthetic process [GO:0006754]; negative regulation of ATP citrate synthase activity [GO:2000984]; oxidative phosphorylation [GO:0006119]		integral component of plasma membrane [GO:0005887]; membrane [GO:0016020]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	
COX5B	0.67	mitochondrial electron transport, cytochrome c to oxygen [GO:0006123]; respiratory gaseous exchange [GO:0007585]	cytochrome-c oxidase activity [GO:0004129]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	FUNCTION: This protein is one of the nuclear-coded polypeptide chains of cytochrome c oxidase, the terminal oxidase in mitochondrial electron transport.

TPP1	0.68	bone resorption [GO:0045453]; central nervous system development [GO:0007417]; epithelial cell differentiation [GO:0030855]; IRE1-mediated unfolded protein response [GO:0036498]; lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]; lysosome organization [GO:0007040]; nervous system development [GO:0007399]; neuromuscular process controlling balance [GO:0050885]; peptide catabolic process [GO:0043171]; protein catabolic process [GO:0030163]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]	endopeptidase activity [GO:0004175]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; peptidase activity [GO:0008233]; peptide binding [GO:0042277]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; serine-type peptidase activity [GO:0008236]; tripeptidyl-peptidase activity [GO:0008240]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; lysosome [GO:0005764]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	FUNCTION: Lysosomal serine protease with tripeptidyl-peptidase I activity. May act as a non-specific lysosomal peptidase which generates tripeptides from the breakdown products produced by lysosomal proteinases. Requires substrates with an unsubstituted N-terminus (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
ATP1A3	0.69	adult locomotory behavior [GO:0008344]; ATP hydrolysis coupled proton transport [GO:0015991]; cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060048]; cell communication by electrical coupling involved in cardiac conduction [GO:0086064]; cellular potassium ion homeostasis [GO:0030007]; cellular response to steroid hormone stimulus [GO:0071383]; cellular sodium ion homeostasis [GO:0006883]; ionotropic glutamate receptor signaling pathway [GO:0035235]; ion	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; chaperone binding [GO:0051087]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; sodium:potassium-exchanging ATPase activity [GO:0005391]; sodium:potassium-exchanging ATPase activity involved in regulation of cardiac muscle cell membrane potential	axon [GO:0030424]; dendritic spine head [GO:0044327]; dendritic spine neck [GO:0044326]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; nucleus	FUNCTION: This is the catalytic component of the active enzyme, which catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the exchange of sodium and potassium ions across the plasma membrane. This action creates the electrochemical gradient of sodium and potassium ions, providing the energy for active transport of various nutrients.

		transmembrane transport [GO:0034220]; memory [GO:0007613]; potassium ion import [GO:0010107]; regulation of cardiac conduction [GO:1903779]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to glycoside [GO:1903416]; sodium ion export from cell [GO:0036376]; visual learning [GO:0008542]	[GO:0086037]; steroid hormone binding [GO:1990239]	[GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]; sodium:pota ssium-exchanging ATPase complex [GO:0005890]; synapse [GO:0045202]	
COX6B1	0.70	mitochondrial electron transport, cytochrome c to oxygen [GO:0006123]; substantia nigra development [GO:0021762]	cytochrome-c oxidase activity [GO:0004129]	mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial intermembrane space [GO:0005758]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	FUNCTION: Connects the two COX monomers into the physiological dimeric form. {ECO:0000250}.
LMCD1	0.70	cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; mitophagy in response to mitochondrial depolarization [GO:0098779]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; positive regulation of calcineurin-NFAT signaling cascade [GO:0070886]; positive regulation of defense response to virus by host [GO:0002230]; regulation of cardiac muscle hypertrophy [GO:0010611]; transcription, DNA-templated	transcription corepressor activity [GO:0003714]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: Transcriptional cofactor that restricts GATA6 function by inhibiting DNA-binding, resulting in repression of GATA6 transcriptional activation of downstream target genes. Represses GATA6-mediated trans activation of lung- and cardiac tissue-specific promoters. Inhibits DNA-binding by GATA4 and GATA1 to the cTNC promoter (By similarity). Plays a critical role in the development of cardiac hypertrophy via activation of calcineurin/nuclear factor of activated T-cells signaling pathway. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20026769}.

		[GO:0006351]; xenophagy [GO:0098792]			
ST13	0.72	chaperone cofactor-dependent protein refolding [GO:0070389]; negative regulation of protein refolding [GO:0061084]; protein folding [GO:0006457]; protein homooligomerization [GO:0051260]	dATP binding [GO:0032564]; protein binding, bridging [GO:0030674]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; protein complex [GO:0043234]	FUNCTION: One HIP oligomer binds the ATPase domains of at least two HSC70 molecules dependent on activation of the HSC70 ATPase by HSP40. Stabilizes the ADP state of HSC70 that has a high affinity for substrate protein. Through its own chaperone activity, it may contribute to the interaction of HSC70 with various target proteins (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
FLNC	0.73	cell junction assembly [GO:0034329]; muscle fiber development [GO:0048747]	ankyrin binding [GO:0030506]; cytoskeletal protein binding [GO:0008092]	costamere [GO:0043034]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]; sarcoplasm [GO:0016528]; Z disc [GO:0030018]	FUNCTION: Muscle-specific filamin, which plays a central role in muscle cells, probably by functioning as a large actin-cross-linking protein. May be involved in reorganizing the actin cytoskeleton in response to signaling events, and may also display structural functions at the Z lines in muscle cells. Critical for normal myogenesis and for maintaining the structural integrity of the muscle fibers.
STIP1	0.78	response to stress [GO:0006950]	poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]	Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; protein complex [GO:0043234]	FUNCTION: Mediates the association of the molecular chaperones HSC70 and HSP90 (HSPCA and HSPCB).
DDX39B	1.25	liver development [GO:0001889]; mRNA 3'-end processing [GO:0031124];	ATPase activity [GO:0016887]; ATP binding	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; nuclear matrix [GO:001636	FUNCTION: Involved in nuclear export of spliced and unspliced mRNA. Assembling component of the TREX complex which is

		<p>mRNA export from nucleus [GO:0006406]; mRNA splicing, via spliceosome [GO:0000398]; negative regulation of DNA damage checkpoint [GO:2000002]; positive regulation of cell growth involved in cardiac muscle cell development [GO:0061051]; positive regulation of DNA biosynthetic process [GO:2000573]; positive regulation of DNA-templated transcription, elongation [GO:0032786]; positive regulation of translation [GO:0045727]; positive regulation of vascular smooth muscle cell proliferation [GO:1904707]; RNA export from nucleus [GO:0006405]; RNA secondary structure unwinding [GO:0010501]; RNA splicing [GO:0008380]; spliceosomal complex assembly [GO:0000245]; termination of RNA polymerase II transcription [GO:0006369]; viral mRNA export from host cell nucleus [GO:0046784]</p>	<p>[GO:0005524]; ATP-dependent protein binding [GO:0043008]; ATP-dependent RNA helicase activity [GO:0004004]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; RNA-dependent ATPase activity [GO:0008186]; U4 snRNA binding [GO:0030621]; U6 snRNA binding [GO:0017070]</p>	<p>3]; nuclear speck [GO:0016607]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; spliceosomal complex [GO:0005681]; transcription export complex [GO:0000346]</p>	<p>thought to couple mRNA transcription, processing and nuclear export, and specifically associates with spliced mRNA and not with unspliced pre-mRNA. TREX is recruited to spliced mRNAs by a transcription-independent mechanism, binds to mRNA upstream of the exon-junction complex (EJC) and is recruited in a splicing- and cap-dependent manner to a region near the 5' end of the mRNA where it functions in mRNA export to the cytoplasm via the TAP/NFX1 pathway. May undergo several rounds of ATP hydrolysis during assembly of TREX to drive subsequent loading of components such as ALYREF/THOC and CHTOP onto mRNA. The TREX complex is essential for the export of Kaposi's sarcoma-associated herpesvirus (KSHV) intronless mRNAs and infectious virus production. Also associates with pre-mRNA independent of ALYREF/THOC4 and the THO complex. Involved in the nuclear export of intronless mRNA; the ATP-bound form is proposed to recruit export adapter ALYREF/THOC4 to intronless mRNA; its ATPase activity is cooperatively stimulated by RNA and ALYREF/THOC4 and ATP hydrolysis is thought to trigger the dissociation from RNA to allow the association of ALYREF/THOC4 and the NXF1-NXT1 heterodimer. Involved in transcription elongation and genome stability.; FUNCTION: Splice factor that is required for the first ATP-dependent step in spliceosome assembly and for the interaction of U2 snRNP with the branchpoint. Has both RNA-stimulated ATP</p>
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					binding/hydrolysis activity and ATP-dependent RNA unwinding activity. Even with the stimulation of RNA, the ATPase activity is weak. Can only hydrolyze ATP but not other NTPs. The RNA stimulation of ATPase activity does not have a strong preference for the sequence and length of the RNA. However, ssRNA stimulates the ATPase activity much more strongly than dsRNA. Can unwind 5' or 3' overhangs or blunt end RNA duplexes in vitro. The ATPase and helicase activities are not influenced by U2AF2; the effect of ALYREF/THOC4 is reported conflictingly with [PubMed:23299939] reporting a stimulatory effect.
VAT1	1.44	negative regulation of mitochondrial fusion [GO:0010637]	oxidoreductase activity [GO:0016491]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; mitochondrial outer membrane [GO:0005741]	FUNCTION: Possesses ATPase activity (By similarity). Plays a part in calcium-regulated keratinocyte activation in epidermal repair mechanisms. Has no effect on cell proliferation. Negatively regulates mitochondrial fusion in cooperation with mitofusin proteins (MFN1-2). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12898150, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17105775, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19508442}.
FGG	1.50	blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; blood coagulation, fibrin clot formation [GO:0072378]; cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0007160]; cellular protein complex assembly [GO:0043623]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; fibrinolysis [GO:0042730]; negative regulation	cell adhesion molecule binding [GO:0050839]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]; structural molecule activity [GO:0005198]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cell cortex [GO:0005938]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897];	FUNCTION: Together with fibrinogen alpha (FGA) and fibrinogen beta (FGB), polymerizes to form an insoluble fibrin matrix. Has a major function in hemostasis as one of the primary components of blood clots. In addition, functions during the early stages of wound repair to stabilize the lesion and guide cell migration during re-epithelialization. Was originally thought to be essential for platelet aggregation, based on in

		<p>of endothelial cell apoptotic process [GO:2000352]; negative regulation of extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway via death domain receptors [GO:1902042]; plasminogen activation [GO:0031639]; platelet aggregation [GO:0070527]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of ERK1 and ERK2 cascade [GO:0070374]; positive regulation of exocytosis [GO:0045921]; positive regulation of heterotypic cell-cell adhesion [GO:0034116]; positive regulation of peptide hormone secretion [GO:0090277]; positive regulation of protein secretion [GO:0050714]; positive regulation of substrate adhesion-dependent cell spreading [GO:1900026]; positive regulation of vasoconstriction [GO:0045907]; protein polymerization [GO:0051258]; protein secretion [GO:0009306]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]</p>		<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; fibrinogen complex [GO:0005577]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; platelet alpha granule [GO:0031091]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]</p>	<p>vitro studies using anticoagulated blood. However, subsequent studies have shown that it is not absolutely required for thrombus formation in vivo. Enhances expression of SELP in activated platelets via an ITGB3-dependent pathway. Maternal fibrinogen is essential for successful pregnancy. Fibrin deposition is also associated with infection, where it protects against IFNG-mediated hemorrhage. May also facilitate the antibacterial immune response via both innate and T-cell mediated pathways. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:E9PV24}.</p>
ARHGA P1	1.55	<p>regulation of small GTPase mediated signal transduction [GO:0051056]; Rho protein signal transduction [GO:0007266]; small GTPase mediated</p>	<p>GTPase activator activity [GO:0005096]; SH3/SH2 adaptor activity</p>	<p>cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:007006</p>	<p>FUNCTION: GTPase activator for the Rho, Rac and Cdc42 proteins, converting them to the putatively inactive GDP-bound state. Cdc42 seems to be the preferred substrate.</p>

		signal transduction [GO:0007264]	[GO:0005070]	2]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]	
HYOU1	1.65	cellular response to hypoxia [GO:0071456]; ER to Golgi vesicle-mediated transport [GO:0006888]; IRE1-mediated unfolded protein response [GO:0036498]; negative regulation of endoplasmic reticulum stress-induced neuron intrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway [GO:1903382]; negative regulation of hypoxia-induced intrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway [GO:1903298]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; response to endoplasmic reticulum stress [GO:0034976]; response to ischemia [GO:0002931]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; chaperone binding [GO:0051087]	endocytic vesicle lumen [GO:0071682]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; endoplasmic reticulum chaperone complex [GO:0034663]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; membrane [GO:0016020]; smooth endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005790]	FUNCTION: Has a pivotal role in cytoprotective cellular mechanisms triggered by oxygen deprivation. May play a role as a molecular chaperone and participate in protein folding. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10037731}.
HNRNP U	1.65	cellular response to dexamethasone stimulus [GO:0071549]; circadian regulation of gene expression [GO:0032922]; CRD-mediated mRNA stabilization [GO:0070934]; gene expression [GO:0010467]; mRNA splicing, via spliceosome [GO:0000398]; negative regulation	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; core promoter binding [GO:0001047]; DNA binding [GO:0003677]; enhancer binding [GO:0035326]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:004482	catalytic step 2 spliceosome [GO:0071013]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; CRD-mediated mRNA stability complex [GO:0070937]; cytoplasmic ribonucleopr	FUNCTION: Component of the CRD-mediated complex that promotes MYC mRNA stabilization. Binds to pre-mRNA. Has high affinity for scaffold-attached region (SAR) DNA. Binds to double- and single-stranded DNA and RNA. Plays a role in the circadian regulation of the core clock component ARNTL/BMAL1 transcription (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8VEK3,

		of telomere maintenance via telomerase [GO:0032211]; osteoblast differentiation [GO:0001649]; positive regulation of DNA topoisomerase (ATP-hydrolyzing) activity [GO:2000373]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; RNA processing [GO:0006396]	2]; poly(G) binding [GO:0034046]; ribonucleoprotein complex binding [GO:0043021]; RNA binding [GO:0003723]; telomerase RNA binding [GO:0070034]	otein granule [GO:0036464]; intracellular ribonucleoprotein complex [GO:0030529]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	ECO:0000269|PubMed:19029303}.
C3	1.76	blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, alternative pathway [GO:0006957]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; fatty acid metabolic process [GO:0006631]; G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007186]; immune response [GO:0006955]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; positive regulation of activation of membrane attack complex [GO:0001970]; positive regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0045766]; positive regulation of apoptotic cell clearance [GO:2000427]; positive regulation of developmental growth [GO:0048639]; positive regulation of	C5L2 anaphylatoxin chemotactic receptor binding [GO:0031715]; cofactor binding [GO:0048037]; endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004866]; lipid binding [GO:0008289]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	FUNCTION: C3 plays a central role in the activation of the complement system. Its processing by C3 convertase is the central reaction in both classical and alternative complement pathways. After activation C3b can bind covalently, via its reactive thioester, to cell surface carbohydrates or immune aggregates.; FUNCTION: Derived from proteolytic degradation of complement C3, C3a anaphylatoxin is a mediator of local inflammatory process. In chronic inflammation, acts as a chemoattractant for neutrophils (By similarity). It induces the contraction of smooth muscle, increases vascular permeability and causes histamine release from mast cells and basophilic leukocytes. {ECO:0000250}.; FUNCTION: C3-beta-c: Acts as a chemoattractant for neutrophils in chronic inflammation. {ECO:0000250}.; FUNCTION: Acylation stimulating protein: adipogenic hormone that stimulates triglyceride (TG) synthesis and glucose transport in adipocytes, regulating fat storage and playing a role in postprandial TG clearance. Appears to

		<p>ERK1 and ERK2 cascade [GO:0070374]; positive regulation of glucose transport [GO:0010828]; positive regulation of G-protein coupled receptor protein signaling pathway [GO:0045745]; positive regulation of lipid storage [GO:0010884]; positive regulation of protein phosphorylation [GO:0001934]; positive regulation of type IIa hypersensitivity [GO:0001798]; positive regulation of vascular endothelial growth factor production [GO:0010575]; regulation of complement activation [GO:0030449]; regulation of immune response [GO:0050776]; regulation of triglyceride biosynthetic process [GO:0010866]; response to estradiol [GO:0032355]; response to glucocorticoid [GO:0051384]; response to magnesium ion [GO:0032026]; response to progesterone [GO:0032570]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]; tolerance induction [GO:0002507]</p>			<p>stimulate TG synthesis via activation of the PLC, MAPK and AKT signaling pathways. Ligand for C5AR2. Promotes the phosphorylation, ARRB2-mediated internalization and recycling of C5AR2 (PubMed:8376604, PubMed:2909530, PubMed:9059512, PubMed:10432298, PubMed:15833747, PubMed:16333141, PubMed:19615750). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10432298, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15833747, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16333141, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19615750, ECO:0000269|PubMed:2909530, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8376604, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9059512}.</p>
C7	1.83	<p>complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, alternative pathway [GO:0006957];</p>		<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:000557</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Constituent of the membrane attack complex (MAC) that plays a key role in the innate and adaptive immune response by forming pores in the plasma membrane of target</p>

		complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; cytolysis [GO:0019835]; regulation of complement activation [GO:0030449]		6]; membrane attack complex [GO:0005579]	cells. C7 serves as a membrane anchor.
GGT5	1.85	cellular amino acid metabolic process [GO:0006520]; glutathione biosynthetic process [GO:0006750]; glutathione metabolic process [GO:0006749]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; leukotriene biosynthetic process [GO:0019370]; leukotriene metabolic process [GO:0006691]	gamma-glutamyltransferase activity [GO:0003840]; glutathione hydrolase activity [GO:0036374]	anchored component of external side of plasma membrane [GO:0031362]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	FUNCTION: Cleaves the gamma-glutamyl peptide bond of glutathione conjugates, but maybe not glutathione itself. Converts leukotriene C4 (LTC4) to leukotriene D4 (LTD4).
C9	1.92	complement activation, alternative pathway [GO:0006957]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; hemolysis by symbiont of host erythrocytes [GO:0019836]; regulation of complement activation [GO:0030449]		blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; integral component of plasma membrane [GO:0005887]; membrane attack complex [GO:0005579]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	FUNCTION: Constituent of the membrane attack complex (MAC) that plays a key role in the innate and adaptive immune response by forming pores in the plasma membrane of target cells. C9 is the pore-forming subunit of the MAC.
SPARC L1	1.97	signal transduction [GO:0007165]	calcium ion binding	extracellular exosome [GO:007006	

			[GO:0005509]	2]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	
RCN1	1.98	camera-type eye development [GO:0043010]; in utero embryonic development [GO:0001701]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]	endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]	FUNCTION: May regulate calcium-dependent activities in the endoplasmic reticulum lumen or post-ER compartment.
G6PD	2.00	cellular response to oxidative stress [GO:0034599]; cholesterol biosynthetic process [GO:0006695]; erythrocyte maturation [GO:0043249]; glucose 6-phosphate metabolic process [GO:0051156]; glucose metabolic process [GO:0006006]; glutathione metabolic process [GO:0006749]; lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]; NADPH regeneration [GO:0006740]; NADP metabolic process [GO:0006739]; negative regulation of protein glutathionylation [GO:0010734]; oxidation-reduction process [GO:0055114]; pentose biosynthetic process [GO:0019322]; pentose-phosphate shunt [GO:0006098]; pentose-phosphate shunt, oxidative	glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase activity [GO:0004345]; glucose binding [GO:0005536]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; NADP binding [GO:0050661]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]	centrosome [GO:0005813]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoplasmic side of plasma membrane [GO:0009898]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; membrane [GO:0016020]; microtubule organizing center [GO:0005815]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: Catalyzes the rate-limiting step of the oxidative pentose-phosphate pathway, which represents a route for the dissimilation of carbohydrates besides glycolysis. The main function of this enzyme is to provide reducing power (NADPH) and pentose phosphates for fatty acid and nucleic acid synthesis. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15858258, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24769394}.

		<p>branch [GO:0009051]; regulation of neuron apoptotic process [GO:0043523]; response to ethanol [GO:0045471]; response to food [GO:0032094]; response to organic cyclic compound [GO:0014070]; ribose phosphate biosynthetic process [GO:0046390]; substantia nigra development [GO:0021762]</p>			
FBLN1	2.01	<p>blood coagulation, fibrin clot formation [GO:0072378]; embryo implantation [GO:0007566]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; negative regulation of cell adhesion [GO:0007162]; negative regulation of cell motility [GO:2000146]; negative regulation of ERK1 and ERK2 cascade [GO:0070373]; negative regulation of protein phosphorylation [GO:0001933]; negative regulation of stem cell proliferation [GO:2000647]; negative regulation of substrate adhesion-dependent cell spreading [GO:1900025]; negative regulation of transformation of host cell by virus [GO:1904188]; negative regulation of transforming growth factor-beta secretion [GO:2001202]; positive regulation of fibroblast</p>	<p>calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; extracellular matrix structural constituent [GO:0005201]; fibrinogen binding [GO:0070051]; fibronectin binding [GO:0001968]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]; peptidase activator activity [GO:0016504]; protein complex binding [GO:0032403]; protein C-terminus binding [GO:0008022]</p>	<p>basement membrane [GO:0005604]; elastic fiber [GO:0071953]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Incorporated into fibronectin-containing matrix fibers. May play a role in cell adhesion and migration along protein fibers within the extracellular matrix (ECM). Could be important for certain developmental processes and contribute to the supramolecular organization of ECM architecture, in particular to those of basement membranes. Has been implicated in a role in cellular transformation and tumor invasion, it appears to be a tumor suppressor. May play a role in haemostasis and thrombosis owing to its ability to bind fibrinogen and incorporate into clots. Could play a significant role in modulating the neurotrophic activities of APP, particularly soluble APP. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:11792823, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9393974, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9466671}.</p>

		proliferation [GO:0048146]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; positive regulation of substrate-dependent cell migration, cell attachment to substrate [GO:1904237]; viral process [GO:0016032]			
SERPIN G1	2.02	aging [GO:0007568]; blood circulation [GO:0008015]; blood coagulation, intrinsic pathway [GO:0007597]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; fibrinolysis [GO:0042730]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; negative regulation of complement activation, lectin pathway [GO:0001869]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]	serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]	FUNCTION: Activation of the C1 complex is under control of the C1-inhibitor. It forms a proteolytically inactive stoichiometric complex with the C1r or C1s proteases. May play a potentially crucial role in regulating important physiological pathways including complement activation, blood coagulation, fibrinolysis and the generation of kinins. Very efficient inhibitor of FXIIa. Inhibits chymotrypsin and kallikrein. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:8495195}.
TKT	2.06	glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate biosynthetic process [GO:0046166]; pentose-phosphate shunt [GO:0006098]; pentose-phosphate shunt, non-oxidative branch [GO:0009052]; regulation of growth [GO:0040008]; xylulose biosynthetic process [GO:0005999]	cofactor binding [GO:0048037]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; transketolase activity [GO:0004802]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; peroxisome [GO:0005777]; vesicle [GO:0031982]	FUNCTION: Catalyzes the transfer of a two-carbon ketol group from a ketose donor to an aldose acceptor, via a covalent intermediate with the cofactor thiamine pyrophosphate.
ANXA1	2.08	actin cytoskeleton reorganization [GO:0031532]; adaptive immune	annealing helicase activity [GO:003631	apical plasma membrane [GO:001632	FUNCTION: Plays important roles in the innate immune response as effector of glucocorticoid-mediated

	<p>response [GO:0002250]; alpha-beta T cell differentiation [GO:0046632]; arachidonic acid secretion [GO:0050482]; cell surface receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007166]; cellular response to glucocorticoid stimulus [GO:0071385]; cellular response to hydrogen peroxide [GO:0070301]; DNA duplex unwinding [GO:0032508]; DNA rewinding [GO:0036292]; endocrine pancreas development [GO:0031018]; estrous cycle [GO:0044849]; gliogenesis [GO:0042063]; G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway, coupled to cyclic nucleotide second messenger [GO:0007187]; granulocyte chemotaxis [GO:0071621]; hepatocyte differentiation [GO:0070365]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; insulin secretion [GO:0030073]; keratinocyte differentiation [GO:0030216]; monocyte chemotaxis [GO:0002548]; myoblast migration involved in skeletal muscle regeneration [GO:0014839]; negative regulation</p>	<p>0]; calcium-dependent phospholipid binding [GO:0005544]; calcium-dependent protein binding [GO:0048306]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; double-stranded DNA-dependent ATPase activity [GO:0033676]; helicase activity [GO:0004386]; phospholipase A2 inhibitor activity [GO:0019834]; phospholipid binding [GO:0005543]; protein binding, bridging [GO:0030674]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]; single-stranded DNA binding [GO:0003697]; single-stranded RNA binding [GO:0003727]; structural molecule activity [GO:0005198]</p>	<p>4]; basolateral plasma membrane [GO:0016323]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; cornified envelope [GO:0001533]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoplasmic vesicle membrane [GO:0030659]; early endosome membrane [GO:0031901]; endosome [GO:0005768]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extrinsic component of endosome membrane [GO:0031313]; extrinsic component of external side of plasma membrane [GO:0031232]; extrinsic component of membrane [GO:0019898]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; lateral plasma</p>	<p>responses and regulator of the inflammatory process. Has anti-inflammatory activity (PubMed:8425544). Plays a role in glucocorticoid-mediated down-regulation of the early phase of the inflammatory response (By similarity). Promotes resolution of inflammation and wound healing (PubMed:25664854). Functions at least in part by activating the formyl peptide receptors and downstream signaling cascades (PubMed:15187149, PubMed:25664854). Promotes chemotaxis of granulocytes and monocytes via activation of the formyl peptide receptors (PubMed:15187149). Contributes to the adaptive immune response by enhancing signaling cascades that are triggered by T-cell activation, regulates differentiation and proliferation of activated T-cells (PubMed:17008549). Promotes the differentiation of T-cells into Th1 cells and negatively regulates differentiation into Th2 cells (PubMed:17008549). Has no effect on unstimulated T cells (PubMed:17008549). Promotes rearrangement of the actin cytoskeleton, cell polarization and cell migration (PubMed:15187149). Negatively regulates hormone exocytosis via activation of the formyl peptide receptors and reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton (PubMed:19625660). Has high affinity for Ca(2+) and can bind up to eight Ca(2+) ions (By similarity). Displays Ca(2+)-dependent binding to phospholipid membranes (PubMed:2532504, PubMed:8557678). Plays a role in the formation of</p>
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	<p>of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of exocytosis [GO:0045920]; negative regulation of interleukin-8 secretion [GO:2000483]; negative regulation of phospholipase A2 activity [GO:1900138]; negative regulation of T-helper 2 cell differentiation [GO:0045629]; neutrophil clearance [GO:0097350]; neutrophil homeostasis [GO:0001780]; peptide cross-linking [GO:0018149]; phagocytosis [GO:0006909]; positive regulation of G1/S transition of mitotic cell cycle [GO:1900087]; positive regulation of interleukin-2 production [GO:0032743]; positive regulation of neutrophil apoptotic process [GO:0033031]; positive regulation of prostaglandin biosynthetic process [GO:0031394]; positive regulation of T cell proliferation [GO:0042102]; positive regulation of T-helper 1 cell differentiation [GO:0045627]; positive regulation of vesicle fusion [GO:0031340]; positive regulation of wound healing [GO:0090303]; prolactin secretion [GO:0070459]; prostate gland development [GO:0030850];</p>		<p>membrane [GO:0016328]; mast cell granule [GO:0042629]; mitochondrial membrane [GO:0031966]; motile cilium [GO:0031514]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; phagocytic cup [GO:0001891]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; protein complex [GO:0043234]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]; vesicle [GO:0031982]</p>	<p>phagocytic cups and phagosomes. Plays a role in phagocytosis by mediating the Ca(2+)-dependent interaction between phagosomes and the actin cytoskeleton (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P10107, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P19619, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15187149, ECO:0000269 PubMed:17008549, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19625660, ECO:0000269 PubMed:2532504, ECO:0000269 PubMed:25664854, ECO:0000269 PubMed:2936963, ECO:0000269 PubMed:8425544, ECO:0000269 PubMed:8557678}.</p>
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		<p>regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; regulation of hormone secretion [GO:0046883]; regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050727]; regulation of interleukin-1 production [GO:0032652]; regulation of leukocyte migration [GO:0002685]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to estradiol [GO:0032355]; response to interleukin-1 [GO:0070555]; response to peptide hormone [GO:0043434]; response to X-ray [GO:0010165]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]</p>			
LMNB2	2.12		<p>structural molecule activity [GO:0005198]</p>	<p>lamin filament [GO:0005638]; nuclear inner membrane [GO:0005637]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Lamins are components of the nuclear lamina, a fibrous layer on the nucleoplasmic side of the inner nuclear membrane, which is thought to provide a framework for the nuclear envelope and may also interact with chromatin.</p>
CA2	2.21	<p>angiotensin-activated signaling pathway [GO:0038166]; bicarbonate transport [GO:0015701]; carbon dioxide transport [GO:0015670]; cellular response to fluid shear stress [GO:0071498]; kidney development [GO:0001822]; morphogenesis of an epithelium [GO:0002009]; odontogenesis of dentin-containing tooth [GO:0042475]; one-carbon</p>	<p>arylesterase activity [GO:0004064]; carbonate dehydratase activity [GO:0004089]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]</p>	<p>apical part of cell [GO:0045177]; axon [GO:0030424]; basolateral plasma membrane [GO:0016323]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062];</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Essential for bone resorption and osteoclast differentiation (By similarity). Reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. Can hydrate cyanamide to urea. Involved in the regulation of fluid secretion into the anterior chamber of the eye. Contributes to intracellular pH regulation in the duodenal upper villous epithelium during proton-coupled peptide absorption. Stimulates the chloride-bicarbonate exchange activity of SLC26A6. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10550681,</p>

		<p>metabolic process [GO:0006730]; positive regulation of bone resorption [GO:0045780]; positive regulation of cellular pH reduction [GO:0032849]; positive regulation of dipeptide transmembrane transport [GO:2001150]; positive regulation of osteoclast differentiation [GO:0045672]; positive regulation of synaptic transmission, GABAergic [GO:0032230]; regulation of anion transport [GO:0044070]; regulation of chloride transport [GO:2001225]; regulation of intracellular pH [GO:0051453]; response to estrogen [GO:0043627]; response to pH [GO:0009268]; response to zinc ion [GO:0010043]; secretion [GO:0046903]</p>		<p>extracellular space [GO:0005615]; microvillus [GO:0005902]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>ECO:0000269|PubMed:11831900, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15990874}.</p>
FLNA	2.23	<p>actin crosslink formation [GO:0051764]; actin cytoskeleton reorganization [GO:0031532]; adenylate cyclase-inhibiting dopamine receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007195]; cell junction assembly [GO:0034329]; cilium assembly [GO:0042384]; cytoplasmic sequestering of protein [GO:0051220]; establishment of protein localization</p>	<p>actin filament binding [GO:0051015]; Fc-gamma receptor I complex binding [GO:0034988]; glycoprotein binding [GO:0001948]; G-protein coupled receptor binding [GO:0001664]; GTPase binding</p>	<p>actin cytoskeleton [GO:0015629]; actin filament [GO:0005884]; apical dendrite [GO:0097440]; cell-cell junction [GO:0005911]; cortical cytoskeleton [GO:0030863]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; dendritic</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Promotes orthogonal branching of actin filaments and links actin filaments to membrane glycoproteins. Anchors various transmembrane proteins to the actin cytoskeleton and serves as a scaffold for a wide range of cytoplasmic signaling proteins. Interaction with FLNA may allow neuroblast migration from the ventricular zone into the cortical plate. Tethers cell surface-localized furin, modulates its rate of internalization and directs its intracellular trafficking (By similarity). Involved in ciliogenesis. Plays a role in</p>

	<p>[GO:0045184]; mitotic spindle assembly [GO:0090307]; mRNA transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0042789]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of protein catabolic process [GO:0042177]; negative regulation of sequence-specific DNA binding transcription factor activity [GO:0043433]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase I promoter [GO:0016479]; platelet activation [GO:0030168]; platelet aggregation [GO:0070527]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of I-kappaB kinase/NF-kappaB signaling [GO:0043123]; positive regulation of integrin-mediated signaling pathway [GO:2001046]; positive regulation of substrate adhesion-dependent cell spreading [GO:1900026]; positive regulation of transcription factor import into nucleus [GO:0042993]; protein localization to cell surface [GO:0034394]; protein stabilization [GO:0050821]; receptor clustering [GO:0043113]; regulation of cell migration</p>	<p>[GO:0051020]; kinase binding [GO:0019900]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; Rac GTPase binding [GO:0048365]; Ral GTPase binding [GO:0017160]; Rho GTPase binding [GO:0017048]; signal transducer activity [GO:0004871]; small GTPase binding [GO:0031267]; transcription factor binding [GO:0008134]</p>	<p>shaft [GO:0043198]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; membrane [GO:0016020]; Myb complex [GO:0031523]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; nucleolus [GO:0005730]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>cell-cell contacts and adherens junctions during the development of blood vessels, heart and brain organs. Plays a role in platelets morphology through interaction with SYK that regulates ITAM- and ITAM-like-containing receptor signaling, resulting in by platelet cytoskeleton organization maintainance (By similarity). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q8BTM8, ECO:0000269 PubMed:22121117}.</p>
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		[GO:0030334]; semaphorin-plexin signaling pathway [GO:0071526]; wound healing, spreading of cells [GO:0044319]			
ITIH2	2.30	hyaluronan metabolic process [GO:0030212]	endopeptida se inhibitor activity [GO:000486 6]; serine- type endopeptida se inhibitor activity [GO:000486 7]	blood microparticl e [GO:007256 2]; extracellular exosome [GO:007006 2]; extracellular region [GO:000557 6]	FUNCTION: May act as a carrier of hyaluronan in serum or as a binding protein between hyaluronan and other matrix protein, including those on cell surfaces in tissues to regulate the localization, synthesis and degradation of hyaluronan which are essential to cells undergoing biological processes.
APOB	2.43	artery morphogenesis [GO:0048844]; cellular protein catabolic process [GO:0044257]; cellular response to prostaglandin stimulus [GO:0071379]; cellular response to tumor necrosis factor [GO:0071356]; cholesterol efflux [GO:0033344]; cholesterol homeostasis [GO:0042632]; cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; cholesterol transport [GO:0030301]; fertilization [GO:0009566]; in utero embryonic development [GO:0001701]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; lipoprotein biosynthetic process [GO:0042158]; lipoprotein catabolic process [GO:0042159]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157]; lipoprotein transport [GO:0042953]; low-	cholesterol transporter activity [GO:001712 7]; heparin binding [GO:000820 1]; lipase binding [GO:003547 3]; low- density lipoprotein particle receptor binding [GO:005075 0]; phospholipid binding [GO:000554 3]	actin cytoskeleton [GO:001562 9]; chylomicron [GO:004262 7]; chylomicron remnant [GO:003436 0]; clathrin- coated endocytic vesicle membrane [GO:003066 9]; cytoplasm [GO:000573 7]; cytosol [GO:000582 9]; early endosome [GO:000576 9]; endocytic vesicle lumen [GO:007168 2]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:000578 8]; endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:000578 9]; endosome	FUNCTION: Apolipoprotein B is a major protein constituent of chylomicrons (apo B-48), LDL (apo B- 100) and VLDL (apo B- 100). Apo B-100 functions as a recognition signal for the cellular binding and internalization of LDL particles by the apoB/E receptor.

	<p>density lipoprotein particle clearance [GO:0034383]; low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034374]; nervous system development [GO:0007399]; positive regulation of cholesterol storage [GO:0010886]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; positive regulation of lipid storage [GO:0010884]; positive regulation of macrophage derived foam cell differentiation [GO:0010744]; post-embryonic development [GO:0009791]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; regulation of cholesterol biosynthetic process [GO:0045540]; response to carbohydrate [GO:0009743]; response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0032496]; response to selenium ion [GO:0010269]; response to virus [GO:0009615]; retinoid metabolic process [GO:0001523]; spermatogenesis [GO:0007283]; sperm motility [GO:0030317]; triglyceride catabolic process [GO:0019433]; triglyceride mobilization [GO:0006642]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle assembly [GO:0034379]</p>		<p>lumen [GO:0031904]; endosome membrane [GO:0010008]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; intermediate-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034363]; intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034362]; mature chylomicron [GO:0034359]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]</p>	
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ITGB2	2.49	<p>aging [GO:0007568]; apoptotic process [GO:0006915]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell-cell signaling [GO:0007267]; cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0007160]; cellular extravasation [GO:0045123]; cellular response to low-density lipoprotein particle stimulus [GO:0071404]; endodermal cell differentiation [GO:0035987]; endothelial cell migration [GO:0043542]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; heterotypic cell-cell adhesion [GO:0034113]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; integrin-mediated signaling pathway [GO:0007229]; leukocyte cell-cell adhesion [GO:0007159]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; leukocyte migration involved in inflammatory response [GO:0002523]; natural killer cell activation [GO:0030101]; neutrophil chemotaxis [GO:0030593]; positive regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0045766]; positive regulation of NF-kappaB transcription factor activity [GO:0051092]; positive regulation of nitric oxide</p>	<p>cell adhesion molecule binding [GO:0050839]; glycoprotein binding [GO:0001948]; ICAM-3 receptor activity [GO:0030369]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; protein kinase binding [GO:0019901]</p>	<p>cell surface [GO:0009986]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; integrin alphaL-beta2 complex [GO:0034687]; integrin complex [GO:0008305]; membrane [GO:0016020]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; receptor complex [GO:0043235]; secretory granule [GO:0030141]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Integrin alpha-L/beta-2 is a receptor for ICAM1, ICAM2, ICAM3 and ICAM4. Integrins alpha-M/beta-2 and alpha-X/beta-2 are receptors for the iC3b fragment of the third complement component and for fibrinogen. Integrin alpha-X/beta-2 recognizes the sequence G-P-R in fibrinogen alpha-chain. Integrin alpha-M/beta-2 recognizes P1 and P2 peptides of fibrinogen gamma chain. Integrin alpha-M/beta-2 is also a receptor for factor X. Integrin alpha-D/beta-2 is a receptor for ICAM3 and VCAM1. Contributes to natural killer cell cytotoxicity (PubMed:15356110). Involved in leukocyte adhesion and transmigration of leukocytes including T-cells and neutrophils (PubMed:11812992). Triggers neutrophil transmigration during lung injury through PTK2B/PYK2-mediated activation (PubMed:18587400). Integrin alpha-L/beta-2 in association with ICAM3, contributes to apoptotic neutrophil phagocytosis by macrophages (PubMed:23775590). {ECO:0000269 PubMed:11812992, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15356110, ECO:0000269 PubMed:18587400, ECO:0000269 PubMed:23775590}.</p>
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		biosynthetic process [GO:0045429]; receptor clustering [GO:0043113]; receptor internalization [GO:0031623]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; regulation of immune response [GO:0050776]; regulation of peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation [GO:0050730]; toll-like receptor 4 signaling pathway [GO:0034142]			
AOC3	2.55	amine metabolic process [GO:0009308]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; response to antibiotic [GO:0046677]; xenobiotic metabolic process [GO:0006805]	aliphatic-amine oxidase activity [GO:0052595]; aminoacetone: oxygen oxidoreductase (deaminating) activity [GO:0052594]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; copper ion binding [GO:0005507]; phenethylamine: oxygen oxidoreductase (deaminating) activity [GO:0052596]; primary amine oxidase activity [GO:0008131]; protein heterodimerization activity [GO:0046982]; protein homodimerization activity	cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; microvillus [GO:0005902]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	FUNCTION: Cell adhesion protein that participates in lymphocyte extravasation and recirculation by mediating the binding of lymphocytes to peripheral lymph node vascular endothelial cells in an L-selectin-independent fashion. Has semicarbazide-sensitive (SSAO) monoamine oxidase activity. May play a role in adipogenesis. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:17400359, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19588076, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23349812, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9653080}.

			[GO:0042803]; quinone binding [GO:0048038]; tryptamine:oxygen oxidoreductase (deaminating) activity [GO:0052593]		
ITIH1	2.55	hyaluronan metabolic process [GO:0030212]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]	FUNCTION: May act as a carrier of hyaluronan in serum or as a binding protein between hyaluronan and other matrix protein, including those on cell surfaces in tissues to regulate the localization, synthesis and degradation of hyaluronan which are essential to cells undergoing biological processes.; FUNCTION: Contains a potential peptide which could stimulate a broad spectrum of phagocytotic cells.
GUSB	2.56	carbohydrate metabolic process [GO:0005975]; glycosaminoglycan catabolic process [GO:0006027]; hyaluronan catabolic process [GO:0030214]	beta-glucuronidase activity [GO:0004566]; protein domain specific binding [GO:0019904]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; membrane [GO:0016020]	FUNCTION: Plays an important role in the degradation of dermatan and keratan sulfates.
F12	2.63	blood coagulation, intrinsic pathway [GO:0007597]; Factor XII activation [GO:0002542]; fibrinolysis [GO:0042730]; innate immune response	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; misfolded protein binding [GO:0051787]; serine-	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular	FUNCTION: Factor XII is a serum glycoprotein that participates in the initiation of blood coagulation, fibrinolysis, and the generation of bradykinin and angiotensin. Prekallikrein is cleaved by factor XII to form kallikrein, which then

		[GO:0045087]; plasma kallikrein-kinin cascade [GO:0002353]; positive regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030194]; positive regulation of fibrinolysis [GO:0051919]; positive regulation of plasminogen activation [GO:0010756]; protein autoprocesing [GO:0016540]; protein processing [GO:0016485]; response to misfolded protein [GO:0051788]; zymogen activation [GO:0031638]	type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]	space [GO:0005615]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	cleaves factor XII first to alpha-factor XIIa and then trypsin cleaves it to beta-factor XIIa. Alpha-factor XIIa activates factor XI to factor XIa. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:21304106}.
ALB	2.63	bile acid and bile salt transport [GO:0015721]; cellular response to starvation [GO:0009267]; hemolysis by symbiont of host erythrocytes [GO:0019836]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157]; maintenance of mitochondrion location [GO:0051659]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of programmed cell death [GO:0043069]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of circadian sleep/wake cycle, non-REM sleep [GO:0046010]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; response to mercury ion [GO:0046689]; response to nutrient	antioxidant activity [GO:0016209]; chaperone binding [GO:0051087]; copper ion binding [GO:0005507]; DNA binding [GO:0003677]; drug binding [GO:0008144]; fatty acid binding [GO:0005504]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; pyridoxal phosphate binding [GO:0030170]; toxic substance binding [GO:0015643]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	basement membrane [GO:0005604]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:003109	FUNCTION: Serum albumin, the main protein of plasma, has a good binding capacity for water, Ca(2+), Na(+), K(+), fatty acids, hormones, bilirubin and drugs. Its main function is the regulation of the colloidal osmotic pressure of blood. Major zinc transporter in plasma, typically binds about 80% of all plasma zinc. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:19021548}.

		[GO:0007584]; response to organic substance [GO:0010033]; response to platinum ion [GO:0070541]; retina homeostasis [GO:0001895]; sodium-independent organic anion transport [GO:0043252]; transport [GO:0006810]		3]; protein complex [GO:0043234]	
PLIN1	2.65	lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]	lipid binding [GO:0008289]	endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; lipid particle [GO:0005811]	FUNCTION: Modulator of adipocyte lipid metabolism. Coats lipid storage droplets to protect them from breakdown by hormone-sensitive lipase (HSL). Its absence may result in leanness. Plays a role in unilocular lipid droplet formation by activating CIDEC. Their interaction promotes lipid droplet enlargement and directional net neutral lipid transfer. May modulate lipolysis and triglyceride levels. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:23399566}.
TPSAB1	2.68	defense response [GO:0006952]; extracellular matrix disassembly [GO:0022617]	serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; serine-type peptidase activity [GO:0008236]	extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]	FUNCTION: Trypsin is the major neutral protease present in mast cells and is secreted upon the coupled activation-degranulation response of this cell type. May play a role in innate immunity. Isoform 2 cleaves large substrates, such as fibronectin, more efficiently than isoform 1, but seems less efficient toward small substrates (PubMed:18854315). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21845, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18854315}.
S100A8	2.72	activation of cysteine-type endopeptidase activity involved in apoptotic process [GO:0006919]; acute inflammatory response [GO:0002526];	arachidonic acid binding [GO:0050544]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; microtubule binding	cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062];	FUNCTION: S100A8 is a calcium- and zinc-binding protein which plays a prominent role in the regulation of inflammatory processes and immune response. It can induce neutrophil chemotaxis and adhesion. Predominantly

	<p>astrocyte development [GO:0014002]; autophagy [GO:0006914]; chemokine production [GO:0032602]; chronic inflammatory response [GO:0002544]; cytokine production [GO:0001816]; defense response to bacterium [GO:0042742]; defense response to fungus [GO:0050832]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; leukocyte migration involved in inflammatory response [GO:0002523]; neutrophil aggregation [GO:0070488]; neutrophil chemotaxis [GO:0030593]; peptidyl-cysteine S-nitrosylation [GO:0018119]; positive regulation of cell growth [GO:0030307]; positive regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050729]; positive regulation of intrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway [GO:2001244]; positive regulation of NF-kappaB transcription factor activity [GO:0051092]; positive regulation of peptide secretion [GO:0002793]; regulation of</p>	<p>[GO:0008017]; RAGE receptor binding [GO:0050786]; Toll-like receptor 4 binding [GO:0035662]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]</p>	<p>extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>found as calprotectin (S100A8/A9) which has a wide plethora of intra- and extracellular functions. The intracellular functions include: facilitating leukocyte arachidonic acid trafficking and metabolism, modulation of the tubulin-dependent cytoskeleton during migration of phagocytes and activation of the neutrophilic NADPH-oxidase. Activates NADPH-oxidase by facilitating the enzyme complex assembly at the cell membrane, transferring arachidonic acid, an essential cofactor, to the enzyme complex and S100A8 contributes to the enzyme assembly by directly binding to NCF2/P67PHOX. The extracellular functions involve proinflammatory, antimicrobial, oxidant-scavenging and apoptosis-inducing activities. Its proinflammatory activity includes recruitment of leukocytes, promotion of cytokine and chemokine production, and regulation of leukocyte adhesion and migration. Acts as an alarmin or a danger associated molecular pattern (DAMP) molecule and stimulates innate immune cells via binding to pattern recognition receptors such as Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4) and receptor for advanced glycation endproducts (AGER). Binding to TLR4 and AGER activates the MAP-kinase and NF-kappa-B signaling pathways resulting in the amplification of the proinflammatory cascade. Has antimicrobial activity towards bacteria and fungi and exerts its antimicrobial activity probably via chelation of Zn(2+) which is essential for microbial growth. Can induce cell death via autophagy and apoptosis and this occurs through the</p>
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		<p>cytoskeleton organization [GO:0051493]; response to ethanol [GO:0045471]; response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0032496]; response to zinc ion [GO:0010043]; sequestering of zinc ion [GO:0032119]; wound healing [GO:0042060]</p>			<p>cross-talk of mitochondria and lysosomes via reactive oxygen species (ROS) and the process involves BNIP3. Can regulate neutrophil number and apoptosis by an anti-apoptotic effect; regulates cell survival via ITGAM/ITGB and TLR4 and a signaling mechanism involving MEK-ERK. Its role as an oxidant scavenger has a protective role in preventing exaggerated tissue damage by scavenging oxidants. Can act as a potent amplifier of inflammation in autoimmunity as well as in cancer development and tumor spread. The iNOS-S100A8/A9 transnitrosylase complex directs selective inflammatory stimulus-dependent S-nitrosylation of GAPDH and probably multiple targets such as ANXA5, EZR, MSN and VIM by recognizing a [IL]-x-C-x-x-[DE] motif; S100A8 seems to contribute to S-nitrosylation site selectivity. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:12626582, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15331440, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15598812, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15642721, ECO:0000269 PubMed:16258195, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19087201, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19122197, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19935772, ECO:0000269 PubMed:21487906, ECO:0000269 PubMed:22363402, ECO:0000269 PubMed:22808130, ECO:0000269 PubMed:25417112}.</p>
TF	2.77	<p>cellular iron ion homeostasis [GO:0006879]; cellular response to iron ion</p>	<p>ferric iron binding [GO:0008199]; ferric iron</p>	<p>apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324]; basal part</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Transferrins are iron binding transport proteins which can bind two Fe(3+) ions in association with the binding of an anion,</p>

	<p>[GO:0071281]; ferrous iron import into cell [GO:0097460]; iron ion homeostasis [GO:0055072]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0048260]; regulation of protein stability [GO:0031647]; retina homeostasis [GO:0001895]; transferrin transport [GO:0033572]</p>	<p>transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015091]; ferrous iron binding [GO:0008198]; transferrin receptor binding [GO:1990459]</p>	<p>of cell [GO:0045178]; basal plasma membrane [GO:0009925]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; coated pit [GO:0005905]; cytoplasmic, membrane-bounded vesicle [GO:0016023]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endocytic vesicle [GO:0030139]; endosome membrane [GO:0010008]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extrinsic component of external side of plasma membrane [GO:0031232]; HFE-transferrin receptor complex [GO:1990712]; late endosome [GO:0005770];</p>	<p>usually bicarbonate. It is responsible for the transport of iron from sites of absorption and heme degradation to those of storage and utilization. Serum transferrin may also have a further role in stimulating cell proliferation.</p>
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				perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]; recycling endosome [GO:0055037]; secretory granule lumen [GO:0034774]; vesicle [GO:0031982]	
F2	2.77	acute-phase response [GO:0006953]; blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; blood coagulation, intrinsic pathway [GO:0007597]; cell surface receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007166]; cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; cellular response to mechanical stimulus [GO:0071260]; ER to Golgi vesicle-mediated transport [GO:0006888]; fibrinolysis [GO:0042730]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; multicellular organism development [GO:0007275]; negative regulation of astrocyte differentiation [GO:0048712]; negative regulation of fibrinolysis [GO:0051918]; negative regulation of platelet activation [GO:0010544]; negative regulation of proteolysis [GO:0045861]; peptidyl-glutamic acid carboxylation [GO:0017187]; platelet activation [GO:0030168]; positive regulation of	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; growth factor activity [GO:0008083]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; thrombospondin receptor activity [GO:0070053]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; Golgi lumen [GO:0005796]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	FUNCTION: Thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VII, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C. Functions in blood homeostasis, inflammation and wound healing. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:2856554}.

		<p> blood coagulation [GO:0030194]; positive regulation of cell growth [GO:0030307]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; positive regulation of collagen biosynthetic process [GO:0032967]; positive regulation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling [GO:0014068]; positive regulation of phospholipase C- activating G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:1900738]; positive regulation of protein phosphorylation [GO:0001934]; positive regulation of reactive oxygen species metabolic process [GO:2000379]; positive regulation of release of sequestered calcium ion into cytosol [GO:0051281]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]; regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030193]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0051480]; regulation of gene expression [GO:0010468]; response to inactivity [GO:0014854]; response to wounding [GO:0009611]; signal peptide processing [GO:0006465] </p>			
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SERPIND1	2.82	bioluminescence [GO:0008218]; blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; chemotaxis [GO:0006935]	endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004866]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]	FUNCTION: Thrombin inhibitor activated by the glycosaminoglycans, heparin or dermatan sulfate. In the presence of the latter, HC-II becomes the predominant thrombin inhibitor in place of antithrombin III (AT-III). Also inhibits chymotrypsin, but in a glycosaminoglycan-independent manner. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:1939083}.; FUNCTION: Peptides at the N-terminal of HC-II have chemotactic activity for both monocytes and neutrophils. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:1939083}.
MFGE8	2.83	angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; phagocytosis, engulfment [GO:0006911]; phagocytosis, recognition [GO:0006910]; positive regulation of apoptotic cell clearance [GO:2000427]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; response to estrogen [GO:0043627]; single fertilization [GO:0007338]; viral process [GO:0016032]	phosphatidylethanolamine binding [GO:0008429]; phosphatidylserine binding [GO:0001786]	external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; extrinsic component of plasma membrane [GO:0019897]; membrane [GO:0016020]	FUNCTION: Plays an important role in the maintenance of intestinal epithelial homeostasis and the promotion of mucosal healing. Promotes VEGF-dependent neovascularization (By similarity). Contributes to phagocytic removal of apoptotic cells in many tissues. Specific ligand for the alpha-v/beta-3 and alpha-v/beta-5 receptors. Also binds to phosphatidylserine-enriched cell surfaces in a receptor-independent manner. Zona pellucida-binding protein which may play a role in gamete interaction. Binds specifically to rotavirus and inhibits its replication. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19204935}.; FUNCTION: Medin is the main constituent of aortic medial amyloid. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:19204935}.
COL6A3	2.90	cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; collagen catabolic process [GO:0030574]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; muscle organ development [GO:0007517]	serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]	collagen type VI trimer [GO:0005589]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular	FUNCTION: Collagen VI acts as a cell-binding protein.

				<p>exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]</p>	
IGHM	2.99	<p>adaptive immune response [GO:0002250]; antibacterial humoral response [GO:0019731]; B cell receptor signaling pathway [GO:0050853]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; defense response to Gram-negative bacterium [GO:0050829]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; phagocytosis, engulfment [GO:0006911]; phagocytosis, recognition [GO:0006910]; positive regulation of B cell activation [GO:0050871]</p>	<p>antigen binding [GO:0003823]</p>	<p>blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; hexameric IgM immunoglobulin complex [GO:0071757]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021];</p>	<p>FUNCTION: IgM antibodies play an important role in primary defense mechanisms. They have been shown to be involved in early recognition of external invaders like bacteria and viruses, cellular waste and modified self, as well as in recognition and elimination of precancerous and cancerous lesions. The membrane-bound form is found in the majority of normal B-cells alongside with IgD. Membrane-bound IgM induces the phosphorylation of CD79A and CD79B by the Src family of protein tyrosine kinases. It may cause death of cells by apoptosis. It is also found in soluble form, which represents about 30% of the total serum immunoglobulins where it is found almost exclusively as a homopentamer. After the antigen binds to the B-cell receptor, the secreted form is secreted in large amounts.</p>

				pentameric IgM immunoglobulin complex [GO:0071756]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	{ECO:0000269|PubMed:3137579}.
MPO	3.07	aging [GO:0007568]; defense response [GO:0006952]; defense response to fungus [GO:0050832]; hydrogen peroxide catabolic process [GO:0042744]; hypochlorous acid biosynthetic process [GO:0002149]; low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034374]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of growth of symbiont in host [GO:0044130]; oxidation-reduction process [GO:0055114]; removal of superoxide radicals [GO:0019430]; respiratory burst involved in defense response [GO:0002679]; response to food [GO:0032094]; response to gold nanoparticle [GO:1990268]; response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0032496]; response to mechanical stimulus [GO:0009612]; response to oxidative stress [GO:0006979]; response to yeast [GO:0001878]	chromatin binding [GO:0003682]; heme binding [GO:0020037]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; peroxidase activity [GO:0004601]	azurophil granule [GO:0042582]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; lysosome [GO:0005764]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; secretory granule [GO:0030141]	FUNCTION: Part of the host defense system of polymorphonuclear leukocytes. It is responsible for microbicidal activity against a wide range of organisms. In the stimulated PMN, MPO catalyzes the production of hypohalous acids, primarily hypochlorous acid in physiologic situations, and other toxic intermediates that greatly enhance PMN microbicidal activity.
VTN	3.09	cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell adhesion mediated by integrin	extracellular matrix binding [GO:005084	alphav-beta3 integrin-vitronectin complex	FUNCTION: Vitronectin is a cell adhesion and spreading factor found in serum and tissues. Vitronectin interact

		<p>[GO:0033627]; cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0007160]; endodermal cell differentiation [GO:0035987]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; immune response [GO:0006955]; negative regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030195]; negative regulation of endopeptidase activity [GO:0010951]; oligodendrocyte differentiation [GO:0048709]; positive regulation of cell-substrate adhesion [GO:0010811]; positive regulation of peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation [GO:0050731]; positive regulation of protein binding [GO:0032092]; positive regulation of receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0048260]; positive regulation of smooth muscle cell migration [GO:0014911]; positive regulation of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030949]; positive regulation of wound healing [GO:0090303]; regulation of complement activation [GO:0030449]; smooth muscle cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0061302]</p>	<p>0]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]; polysaccharide binding [GO:0030247]; scavenger receptor activity [GO:0005044]</p>	<p>[GO:0071062]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]</p>	<p>with glycosaminoglycans and proteoglycans. Is recognized by certain members of the integrin family and serves as a cell-to-substrate adhesion molecule. Inhibitor of the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolitic complement pathway.; FUNCTION: Somatomedin-B is a growth hormone-dependent serum factor with protease-inhibiting activity.</p>
SLC4A1	3.10	<p>anion transport [GO:0006820]; bicarbonate transport [GO:0015701];</p>	<p>anion:anion antiporter activity [GO:001530</p>	<p>basolateral plasma membrane [GO:001632</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Functions both as a transporter that mediates electroneutral anion exchange across the cell</p>

		cellular ion homeostasis [GO:0006873]; chloride transmembrane transport [GO:1902476]; chloride transport [GO:0006821]; regulation of intracellular pH [GO:0051453]	1]; anion transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0008509]; ankyrin binding [GO:0030506]; bicarbonate transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015106]; chloride transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015108]; inorganic anion exchanger activity [GO:0005452]; protein anchor [GO:0043495]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]	3]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cortical cytoskeleton [GO:0030863]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; integral component of plasma membrane [GO:0005887]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; Z disc [GO:0030018]	membrane and as a structural protein. Major integral membrane glycoprotein of the erythrocyte membrane; required for normal flexibility and stability of the erythrocyte membrane and for normal erythrocyte shape via the interactions of its cytoplasmic domain with cytoskeletal proteins, glycolytic enzymes, and hemoglobin. Functions as a transporter that mediates the 1:1 exchange of inorganic anions across the erythrocyte membrane. Mediates chloride-bicarbonate exchange in the kidney, and is required for normal acidification of the urine. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10926824, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14734552, ECO:0000269|PubMed:1538405, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20151848, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24121512}.
COL6A1	3.25	cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cellular response to amino acid stimulus [GO:0071230]; collagen catabolic process [GO:0030574]; endodermal cell differentiation [GO:0035987]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; osteoblast differentiation [GO:0001649]; protein heterotrimerization [GO:0070208]	platelet-derived growth factor binding [GO:0048407]	collagen type VI trimer [GO:0005589]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; lysosomal membrane	FUNCTION: Collagen VI acts as a cell-binding protein.

				[GO:0005765]; membrane [GO:0016020]; protein complex [GO:0043234]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]	
ARL2	3.39	bicellular tight junction assembly [GO:0070830]; cell cycle [GO:0007049]; centrosome organization [GO:0051297]; maintenance of protein location in nucleus [GO:0051457]; negative regulation of GTPase activity [GO:0034260]; positive regulation of cell-substrate adhesion [GO:0010811]; positive regulation of microtubule polymerization [GO:0031116]; regulation of insulin secretion [GO:0050796]; regulation of microtubule polymerization [GO:0031113]; small GTPase mediated signal transduction [GO:0007264]; tubulin complex assembly [GO:0007021]	GTPase activity [GO:0003924]; GTPase inhibitor activity [GO:0005095]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]	centrosome [GO:0005813]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; lateral plasma membrane [GO:0016328]; mitochondrial intermembrane space [GO:0005758]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: Small GTP-binding protein which cycles between an inactive GDP-bound and an active GTP-bound form, and the rate of cycling is regulated by guanine nucleotide exchange factors (GEF) and GTPase-activating proteins (GAP). GTP-binding protein that does not act as an allosteric activator of the cholera toxin catalytic subunit. Regulates formation of new microtubules and centrosome integrity. Prevents the TBCD-induced microtubule destruction. Participates in association with TBCD, in the disassembly of the apical junction complexes. Antagonizes the effect of TBCD on epithelial cell detachment and tight and adherens junctions disassembly. Together with ARL2, plays a role in the nuclear translocation, retention and transcriptional activity of STAT3. Component of a regulated secretory pathway involved in Ca(2+)-dependent release of acetylcholine. Required for normal progress through the cell cycle. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10831612, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16525022, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18234692, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18588884, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20740604}.
PON1	3.39	aromatic compound catabolic process	acyl-L-homoserine-	blood microparticl	FUNCTION: Hydrolyzes the toxic metabolites of a variety

		[GO:0019439]; carboxylic acid catabolic process [GO:0046395]; cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; organophosphate catabolic process [GO:0046434]; phosphatidylcholine metabolic process [GO:0046470]; positive regulation of binding [GO:0051099]; positive regulation of cholesterol efflux [GO:0010875]; positive regulation of transporter activity [GO:0032411]; response to external stimulus [GO:0009605]; response to fatty acid [GO:0070542]; response to fluoride [GO:1902617]; response to nutrient levels [GO:0031667]; response to toxic substance [GO:0009636]	lactone lactonohydr olase activity [GO:010200 7]; aryldialkylp hosphatase activity [GO:000406 3]; arylesterase activity [GO:000406 4]; calcium ion binding [GO:000550 9]; phospholipid binding [GO:000554 3]; protein homodimeri zation activity [GO:004280 3]	e [GO:007256 2]; extracellular exosome [GO:007006 2]; extracellular region [GO:000557 6]; extracellular space [GO:000561 5]; high- density lipoprotein particle [GO:003436 4]; intracellular membrane- bounded organelle [GO:004323 1]; spherical high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:003436 6]	of organophosphorus insecticides. Capable of hydrolyzing a broad spectrum of organophosphate substrates and lactones, and a number of aromatic carboxylic acid esters. Mediates an enzymatic protection of low density lipoproteins against oxidative modification and the consequent series of events leading to atheroma formation. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:104 79665, ECO:0000269|PubMed:1577 2423}.
ABI3BP	3.44	extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; positive regulation of cell-substrate adhesion [GO:0010811]	heparin binding [GO:000820 1]	extracellular space [GO:000561 5]; interstitial matrix [GO:000561 4]	
COL14 A1	3.45	collagen fibril organization [GO:0030199]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; single organismal cell-cell adhesion [GO:0016337]	collagen binding [GO:000551 8]; extracellular matrix structural constituent [GO:000520 1]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:004482 2]; protein binding, bridging	collagen trimer [GO:000558 1]; collagen type XIV trimer [GO:000559 6]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:000578 8]; extracellular exosome [GO:007006 2];	FUNCTION: Plays an adhesive role by integrating collagen bundles. It is probably associated with the surface of interstitial collagen fibrils via COL1. The COL2 domain may then serve as a rigid arm which sticks out from the fibril and protrudes the large N- terminal globular domain into the extracellular space, where it might interact with other matrix molecules or cell surface receptors (By similarity). {ECO:0000250,

			[GO:0030674]	extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	ECO:0000269|PubMed:2187872}.
GSTM1	3.45	cellular detoxification of nitrogen compound [GO:0070458]; glutathione derivative biosynthetic process [GO:1901687]; glutathione metabolic process [GO:0006749]; nitrobenzene metabolic process [GO:0018916]; xenobiotic catabolic process [GO:0042178]	enzyme binding [GO:0019899]; glutathione binding [GO:0043295]; glutathione transferase activity [GO:0004364]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]	FUNCTION: Conjugation of reduced glutathione to a wide number of exogenous and endogenous hydrophobic electrophiles. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:16548513}.
CFHR1	3.52	complement activation [GO:0006956]		blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]	FUNCTION: Involved in complement regulation. The dimerized forms have avidity for tissue-bound complement fragments and efficiently compete with the physiological complement inhibitor CFH. Can associate with lipoproteins and may play a role in lipid metabolism. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:23487775}.
APOA4	3.53	cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; cholesterol biosynthetic process [GO:0006695]; cholesterol efflux [GO:0033344]; cholesterol homeostasis [GO:0042632]; cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; chylomicron	antioxidant activity [GO:0016209]; cholesterol binding [GO:0015485]; cholesterol transporter activity [GO:0017127]; copper ion binding [GO:000550	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; chylomicron [GO:0042627]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endoplasmic reticulum	FUNCTION: May have a role in chylomicrons and VLDL secretion and catabolism. Required for efficient activation of lipoprotein lipase by ApoC-II; potent activator of LCAT. ApoA-IV is a major component of HDL and chylomicrons.

	<p>assembly [GO:0034378]; chylomicron remodeling [GO:0034371]; high-density lipoprotein particle assembly [GO:0034380]; high-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034375]; hydrogen peroxide catabolic process [GO:0042744]; innate immune response in mucosa [GO:0002227]; leukocyte cell-cell adhesion [GO:0007159]; lipid homeostasis [GO:0055088]; lipid transport [GO:0006869]; lipoprotein biosynthetic process [GO:0042158]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157]; multicellular organism lipid catabolic process [GO:0044240]; negative regulation of plasma lipoprotein particle oxidation [GO:0034445]; neuron projection regeneration [GO:0031102]; phosphatidylcholine metabolic process [GO:0046470]; phospholipid efflux [GO:0033700]; positive regulation of cholesterol esterification [GO:0010873]; positive regulation of fatty acid biosynthetic process [GO:0045723]; positive regulation of lipoprotein lipase activity [GO:0051006]; positive regulation of triglyceride catabolic</p>	<p>7]; lipid binding [GO:0008289]; lipid transporter activity [GO:0005319]; phosphatidylcholine binding [GO:0031210]; phosphatidylcholine-sterol O-acyltransferase activator activity [GO:0060228]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]</p>	<p>lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]</p>	
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		<p>process [GO:0010898]; protein-lipid complex assembly [GO:0065005]; regulation of cholesterol transport [GO:0032374]; regulation of intestinal cholesterol absorption [GO:0030300]; removal of superoxide radicals [GO:0019430]; response to lipid hydroperoxide [GO:0006982]; response to stilbenoid [GO:0035634]; retinoid metabolic process [GO:0001523]; reverse cholesterol transport [GO:0043691]; triglyceride homeostasis [GO:0070328]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034372]</p>			
ITGA5	3.53	<p>angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell-cell adhesion mediated by integrin [GO:0033631]; cell-substrate adhesion [GO:0031589]; cell-substrate junction assembly [GO:0007044]; endodermal cell differentiation [GO:0035987]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; heterophilic cell-cell adhesion via plasma membrane cell adhesion molecules [GO:0007157]; heterotypic cell-cell adhesion [GO:0034113];</p>	<p>metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; platelet-derived growth factor receptor binding [GO:0005161]; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2 binding [GO:0043184]; virus receptor activity [GO:0001618]</p>	<p>alphav-beta3 integrin-vitronectin complex [GO:0071062]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasmic vesicle [GO:0031410]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; Golgi apparatus</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Integrin alpha-5/beta-1 is a receptor for fibronectin and fibrinogen. It recognizes the sequence R-G-D in its ligands. ITGA5:ITGB1 binds to PLA2G2A via a site (site 2) which is distinct from the classical ligand-binding site (site 1) and this induces integrin conformational changes and enhanced ligand binding to site 1 (PubMed:18635536, PubMed:25398877). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:18635536, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25398877}.; FUNCTION: (Microbial infection) Integrin ITGA5:ITGB1 acts as a receptor for human metapneumovirus (PubMed:12907437). Integrin ITGA2:ITGB1 acts as a receptor for human</p>

		<p>integrin-mediated signaling pathway [GO:0007229]; leukocyte cell-cell adhesion [GO:0007159]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; memory [GO:0007613]; negative regulation of anoikis [GO:2000811]; positive regulation of cell migration [GO:0030335]; positive regulation of cell-substrate adhesion [GO:0010811]; positive regulation of peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation [GO:0050731]; positive regulation of sprouting angiogenesis [GO:1903672]; positive regulation of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030949]; wound healing, spreading of epidermal cells [GO:0035313]</p>		<p>[GO:0005794]; integrin complex [GO:0008305]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; ruffle [GO:0001726]; synapse [GO:0045202]</p>	<p>parvovirus B19 (PubMed:24478423). In case of HIV-1 infection, the interaction with extracellular viral Tat protein seems to enhance angiogenesis in Kaposi's sarcoma lesions (PubMed:10397733). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10397733, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12907437, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24478423}.</p>
FN1	3.53	<p>acute-phase response [GO:0006953]; angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; calcium-independent cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0007161]; cell activation [GO:0001775]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell-substrate junction assembly [GO:0007044]; cellular response to BMP stimulus [GO:0071773]; cellular response to glucose stimulus [GO:0071333]; cellular response to interleukin-1</p>	<p>collagen binding [GO:0005518]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]; mercury ion binding [GO:0045340]; peptidase activator activity [GO:0016504]; protease binding</p>	<p>apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324]; basal lamina [GO:0005605]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment [GO:0005793]; extracellular exosome</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Fibronectins bind cell surfaces and various compounds including collagen, fibrin, heparin, DNA, and actin. Fibronectins are involved in cell adhesion, cell motility, opsonization, wound healing, and maintenance of cell shape. Involved in osteoblast compaction through the fibronectin fibrillogenesis cell-mediated matrix assembly process, essential for osteoblast mineralization. Participates in the regulation of type I collagen deposition by osteoblasts.; FUNCTION: Anastellin binds fibronectin and induces fibril formation. This fibronectin polymer,</p>

		<p>[GO:0071347]; cellular response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0071222]; cellular response to mercury ion [GO:0071288]; cellular response to platelet-derived growth factor stimulus [GO:0036120]; cellular response to prostaglandin E stimulus [GO:0071380]; cellular response to transforming growth factor beta stimulus [GO:0071560]; cellular response to vascular endothelial growth factor stimulus [GO:0035924]; endodermal cell differentiation [GO:0035987]; extracellular matrix disassembly [GO:0022617]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; glial cell migration [GO:0008347]; integrin activation [GO:0033622]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of transforming growth factor-beta secretion [GO:2001202]; peptide cross-linking [GO:0018149]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of axon extension [GO:0045773]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; positive regulation of</p>	[GO:0002020]	<p>[GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; fibrinogen complex [GO:0005577]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]</p>	<p>named superfibronectin, exhibits enhanced adhesive properties. Both anastellin and superfibronectin inhibit tumor growth, angiogenesis and metastasis. Anastellin activates p38 MAPK and inhibits lysophospholipid signaling.</p>
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		chemotaxis [GO:0050921]; positive regulation of fibroblast proliferation [GO:0048146]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; positive regulation of substrate-dependent cell migration, cell attachment to substrate [GO:1904237]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; regulation of ERK1 and ERK2 cascade [GO:0070372]; regulation of protein phosphorylation [GO:0001932]; response to glucocorticoid [GO:0051384]; response to ischemia [GO:0002931]; response to ozone [GO:0010193]; response to wounding [GO:0009611]; substrate adhesion- dependent cell spreading [GO:0034446]; wound healing [GO:0042060]			
EARS2	3.56	glutamyl-tRNA aminoacylation [GO:0006424]; tRNA aminoacylation for mitochondrial protein translation [GO:0070127]	ATP binding [GO:000552 4]; glutamate- tRNA(Gln) ligase activity [GO:005056 1]; glutamate- tRNA ligase activity [GO:000481 8]; RNA binding [GO:000372 3]; tRNA binding [GO:000004 9]	mitochondri al matrix [GO:000575 9]; mitochondri on [GO:000573 9]	FUNCTION: Catalyzes the attachment of glutamate to tRNA(Glu) in a two-step reaction: glutamate is first activated by ATP to form Glu-AMP and then transferred to the acceptor end of tRNA(Glu). {ECO:0000250}.

RPL9	3.56	cytoplasmic translation [GO:0002181]; nuclear-transcribed mRNA catabolic process, nonsense-mediated decay [GO:0000184]; rRNA processing [GO:0006364]; SRP-dependent cotranslational protein targeting to membrane [GO:0006614]; translation [GO:0006412]; translational initiation [GO:0006413]; viral transcription [GO:0019083]	RNA binding [GO:0003723]; rRNA binding [GO:0019843]; structural constituent of ribosome [GO:0003735]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; cytosolic large ribosomal subunit [GO:0022625]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleolus [GO:0005730]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; ribosome [GO:0005840]	
COL6A2	3.57	cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; collagen catabolic process [GO:0030574]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; protein heterotrimerization [GO:0070208]; response to glucose [GO:0009749]		collagen trimer [GO:0005581]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]; protein complex [GO:0043234];	FUNCTION: Collagen VI acts as a cell-binding protein.

				sarcolemma [GO:0042383]	
APOD	3.59	aging [GO:0007568]; angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; brain development [GO:0007420]; glucose metabolic process [GO:0006006]; lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]; negative regulation of cytokine production involved in inflammatory response [GO:1900016]; negative regulation of focal adhesion assembly [GO:0051895]; negative regulation of lipoprotein lipid oxidation [GO:0060588]; negative regulation of monocyte chemotactic protein-1 production [GO:0071638]; negative regulation of platelet-derived growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0010642]; negative regulation of protein import into nucleus [GO:0042308]; negative regulation of smooth muscle cell-matrix adhesion [GO:2000098]; negative regulation of smooth muscle cell proliferation [GO:0048662]; negative regulation of T cell migration [GO:2000405]; peripheral nervous system axon regeneration [GO:0014012]; response to axon injury [GO:0048678];	cholesterol binding [GO:0015485]; lipid transporter activity [GO:0005319]	cytosolic ribosome [GO:0022626]; dendrite [GO:0030425]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]	FUNCTION: APOD occurs in the macromolecular complex with lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase. It is probably involved in the transport and binding of bilin. Appears to be able to transport a variety of ligands in a number of different contexts.

		response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to reactive oxygen species [GO:0000302]; tissue regeneration [GO:0042246]			
ARPC1 B	3.62	Arp2/3 complex-mediated actin nucleation [GO:0034314]; ephrin receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048013]; Fc-gamma receptor signaling pathway involved in phagocytosis [GO:0038096]; movement of cell or subcellular component [GO:0006928]	structural constituent of cytoskeleton [GO:0005200]	actin cytoskeleton [GO:0015629]; Arp2/3 protein complex [GO:0005885]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]	FUNCTION: Functions as component of the Arp2/3 complex which is involved in regulation of actin polymerization and together with an activating nucleation-promoting factor (NPF) mediates the formation of branched actin networks.
APOE	3.63	AMPA glutamate receptor clustering [GO:0097113]; artery morphogenesis [GO:0048844]; cellular calcium ion homeostasis [GO:0006874]; cGMP-mediated signaling [GO:0019934]; cholesterol catabolic process [GO:0006707]; cholesterol efflux [GO:0033344]; cholesterol homeostasis [GO:0042632]; cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; chylomicron remnant clearance [GO:0034382]; cytoskeleton organization [GO:0007010]; fatty acid homeostasis [GO:0055089]; G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007186]; high-density lipoprotein particle assembly	antioxidant activity [GO:0016209]; beta-amyloid binding [GO:0001540]; cholesterol binding [GO:0015485]; cholesterol transporter activity [GO:0017127]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; lipid binding [GO:0008289]; lipid transporter activity [GO:0005319]; lipoprotein particle binding [GO:0071813]; low-	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; chylomicron [GO:0042627]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; dendrite [GO:0030425]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endocytic vesicle lumen [GO:0071682]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576];	FUNCTION: Mediates the binding, internalization, and catabolism of lipoprotein particles. It can serve as a ligand for the LDL (apo B/E) receptor and for the specific apo-E receptor (chylomicron remnant) of hepatic tissues. {ECO:0000303|PubMed:3283935}.

	<p>[GO:0034380]; high-density lipoprotein particle clearance [GO:0034384]; high-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034375]; intracellular transport [GO:0046907]; lipoprotein biosynthetic process [GO:0042158]; lipoprotein catabolic process [GO:0042159]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157]; long-chain fatty acid transport [GO:0015909]; low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034374]; maintenance of location in cell [GO:0051651]; negative regulation of beta-amyloid formation [GO:1902430]; negative regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030195]; negative regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell migration [GO:0043537]; negative regulation of canonical Wnt signaling pathway [GO:0090090]; negative regulation of cholesterol biosynthetic process [GO:0045541]; negative regulation of cholesterol efflux [GO:0090370]; negative regulation of dendritic spine development [GO:0061000]; negative regulation of dendritic spine maintenance [GO:1902951]; negative regulation of endothelial cell</p>	<p>density lipoprotein particle receptor binding [GO:0050750]; metal chelating activity [GO:0046911]; phosphatidylcholine-sterol O-acyltransferase activator activity [GO:0060228]; phospholipid binding [GO:0005543]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; tau protein binding [GO:0048156]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle receptor binding [GO:0070326]</p>	<p>extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; intermediate-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034363]; low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034362]; membrane [GO:0016020]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]</p>	
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	<p>proliferation [GO:0001937]; negative regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050728]; negative regulation of lipid biosynthetic process [GO:0051055]; negative regulation of lipid transport across blood brain barrier [GO:1903001]; negative regulation of MAP kinase activity [GO:0043407]; negative regulation of neuron apoptotic process [GO:0043524]; negative regulation of neuron death [GO:1901215]; negative regulation of phospholipid efflux [GO:1902999]; negative regulation of platelet activation [GO:0010544]; negative regulation of postsynaptic membrane organization [GO:1901627]; negative regulation of presynaptic membrane organization [GO:1901630]; neuron projection regeneration [GO:0031102]; nitric oxide mediated signal transduction [GO:0007263]; NMDA glutamate receptor clustering [GO:0097114]; phospholipid efflux [GO:0033700]; positive regulation by host of viral process [GO:0044794]; positive regulation of beta-amyloid</p>			
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		<p>formation [GO:1902004]; positive regulation of cGMP biosynthetic process [GO:0030828]; positive regulation of cholesterol efflux [GO:0010875]; positive regulation of cholesterol esterification [GO:0010873]; positive regulation of dendritic spine development [GO:0060999]; positive regulation of dendritic spine maintenance [GO:1902952]; positive regulation of lipid biosynthetic process [GO:0046889]; positive regulation of lipid transport across blood brain barrier [GO:1903002]; positive regulation of low-density lipoprotein particle receptor catabolic process [GO:0032805]; positive regulation of membrane protein ectodomain proteolysis [GO:0051044]; positive regulation of neurofibrillary tangle assembly [GO:1902998]; positive regulation of neuron death [GO:1901216]; positive regulation of nitric-oxide synthase activity [GO:0051000]; positive regulation of phospholipid efflux [GO:1902995]; positive regulation of postsynaptic membrane organization [GO:1901628]; positive regulation of</p>			
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	<p> presynaptic membrane organization [GO:1901631]; protein import [GO:0017038]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; regulation of axon extension [GO:0030516]; regulation of beta-amyloid clearance [GO:1900221]; regulation of Cdc42 protein signal transduction [GO:0032489]; regulation of gene expression [GO:0010468]; regulation of neuronal synaptic plasticity [GO:0048168]; regulation of neuron death [GO:1901214]; regulation of tau-protein kinase activity [GO:1902947]; response to dietary excess [GO:0002021]; response to reactive oxygen species [GO:0000302]; retinoid metabolic process [GO:0001523]; reverse cholesterol transport [GO:0043691]; synaptic transmission, cholinergic [GO:0007271]; triglyceride catabolic process [GO:0019433]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]; vasodilation [GO:0042311]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle clearance [GO:0034447]; very- </p>			
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		low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034372]; virion assembly [GO:0019068]			
LASP1	3.65	ion transport [GO:0006811]	ion transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015075]; SH3/SH2 adaptor activity [GO:0005070]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	cortical actin cytoskeleton [GO:0030864]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]	FUNCTION: Plays an important role in the regulation of dynamic actin-based, cytoskeletal activities. Agonist-dependent changes in LASP1 phosphorylation may also serve to regulate actin-associated ion transport activities, not only in the parietal cell but also in certain other F-actin-rich secretory epithelial cell types (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
AEBP1	3.68	muscle organ development [GO:0007517]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; peptide metabolic process [GO:0006518]; protein processing [GO:0016485]; skeletal system development [GO:0001501]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]	carboxypeptidase activity [GO:0004180]; metalloproteinase activity [GO:0004181]; RNA polymerase II regulatory region sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0000977]; serine-type carboxypeptidase activity [GO:0004185]; transcriptional repressor activity, RNA polymerase II transcription regulatory region sequence-specific binding [GO:0001227]; transcription corepressor activity	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: May positively regulate MAP-kinase activity in adipocytes, leading to enhanced adipocyte proliferation and reduced adipocyte differentiation. May also positively regulate NF-kappa-B activity in macrophages by promoting the phosphorylation and subsequent degradation of I-kappa-B-alpha (NFKBIA), leading to enhanced macrophage inflammatory responsiveness. Can act as a transcriptional repressor. {ECO:0000250}.

			[GO:0003714]; transcription factor activity, sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0003700]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]		
ACSL4	3.69	dendritic spine development [GO:0060996]; embryonic process involved in female pregnancy [GO:0060136]; fatty acid transport [GO:0015908]; lipid biosynthetic process [GO:0008610]; lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]; long-chain fatty-acyl-CoA biosynthetic process [GO:0035338]; negative regulation of prostaglandin secretion [GO:0032307]; positive regulation of cell growth [GO:0030307]; response to interleukin-15 [GO:0070672]; response to nutrient [GO:0007584]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]	arachidonate-CoA ligase activity [GO:0047676]; ATP binding [GO:0005524]; long-chain fatty acid-CoA ligase activity [GO:0004467]; very long-chain fatty acid-CoA ligase activity [GO:0031957]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0005789]; ER-mitochondrion membrane contact site [GO:0044233]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; lipid particle [GO:0005811]; membrane [GO:0016020]; mitochondrial outer membrane [GO:0005741]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; peroxisomal membrane [GO:0005778]	FUNCTION: Activation of long-chain fatty acids for both synthesis of cellular lipids, and degradation via beta-oxidation. Preferentially uses arachidonate and eicosapentaenoate as substrates.
TGFBI	3.74	angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell proliferation	collagen binding [GO:0005518]; extracellular	basement membrane [GO:0005604]; extracellular	FUNCTION: Plays a role in cell adhesion (PubMed:8024701). May play a role in cell-collagen interactions (By similarity).

		[GO:0008283]; cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; chondrocyte differentiation [GO:0002062]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; negative regulation of cell adhesion [GO:0007162]; response to stimulus [GO:0050896]; visual perception [GO:0007601]	matrix binding [GO:005084 0]; integrin binding [GO:000517 8]	exosome [GO:007006 2]; extracellular region [GO:000557 6]; extracellular space [GO:000561 5]; plasma membrane [GO:000588 6]; proteinaceou s extracellular matrix [GO:000557 8]; trans- Golgi network [GO:000580 2]	{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB: O11780, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8024 701 }.
XPO7	3.79	mRNA transport [GO:0051028]; protein export from nucleus [GO:0006611]	nuclear export signal receptor activity [GO:000504 9]; Ran GTPase binding [GO:000853 6]	cytoplasm [GO:000573 7]; nuclear pore [GO:000564 3]; nucleus [GO:000563 4]	FUNCTION: Mediates the nuclear export of proteins (cargos) with broad substrate specificity. In the nucleus binds cooperatively to its cargo and to the GTPase Ran in its active GTP-bound form. Docking of this trimeric complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) is mediated through binding to nucleoporins. Upon transit of a nuclear export complex into the cytoplasm, disassembling of the complex and hydrolysis of Ran-GTP to Ran-GDP (induced by RANBP1 and RANGAP1, respectively) cause release of the cargo from the export receptor. XPO7 then return to the nuclear compartment and mediate another round of transport. The directionality of nuclear export is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP- and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm and nucleus. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:110 24021, ECO:0000269|PubMed:1528 2546}.

ARF4	3.80	<p>activation of phospholipase D activity [GO:0031584]; apical protein localization [GO:0045176]; brain development [GO:0007420]; cell migration [GO:0016477]; dendritic spine development [GO:0060996]; epidermal growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007173]; ER to Golgi vesicle-mediated transport [GO:0006888]; establishment or maintenance of epithelial cell apical/basal polarity [GO:0045197]; learning [GO:0007612]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; protein ADP-ribosylation [GO:0006471]; protein localization to cilium [GO:0061512]; protein transport [GO:0015031]; regulation of reactive oxygen species metabolic process [GO:2000377]; response to axon injury [GO:0048678]; retrograde vesicle-mediated transport, Golgi to ER [GO:0006890]; small GTPase mediated signal transduction [GO:0007264]</p>	<p>ARF guanyl-nucleotide exchange factor activity [GO:0005086]; epidermal growth factor receptor binding [GO:0005154]; GTPase activity [GO:0003924]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]</p>	<p>cytosol [GO:0005829]; dendritic spine [GO:0043197]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; membrane [GO:0016020]; ruffle membrane [GO:0032587]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: GTP-binding protein that functions as an allosteric activator of the cholera toxin catalytic subunit, an ADP-ribosyltransferase. Involved in protein trafficking; may modulate vesicle budding and uncoating within the Golgi apparatus.</p>
AFM	3.82	<p>vitamin transport [GO:0051180]</p>	<p>vitamin E binding</p>	<p>blood microparticl</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Vitamin E binding protein. May</p>

			[GO:0008431]	e [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]	transport vitamin E in body fluids under conditions where the lipoprotein system is not sufficient. May be involved in the regulation and transport of vitamin E at the blood-brain barrier. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:12463752, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15952736, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19046407}.
APOC1	3.92	cholesterol efflux [GO:0033344]; cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; chylomicron remnant clearance [GO:0034382]; high-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034375]; lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157]; negative regulation of cholesterol transport [GO:0032375]; negative regulation of fatty acid biosynthetic process [GO:0045717]; negative regulation of lipid catabolic process [GO:0050995]; negative regulation of lipid metabolic process [GO:0045833]; negative regulation of lipoprotein lipase activity [GO:0051005]; negative regulation of phosphatidylcholine catabolic process [GO:0010900]; negative regulation of receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0048261];	fatty acid binding [GO:0005504]; lipase inhibitor activity [GO:0055102]; phosphatidylcholine binding [GO:0031210]; phosphatidylcholine-sterol O-acyltransferase activator activity [GO:0060228]; phospholipase inhibitor activity [GO:0004859]	chylomicron [GO:0042627]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]	FUNCTION: Inhibitor of lipoprotein binding to the low density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor, LDL receptor-related protein, and very low density lipoprotein (VLDL) receptor. Associates with high density lipoproteins (HDL) and the triacylglycerol-rich lipoproteins in the plasma and makes up about 10% of the protein of the VLDL and 2% of that of HDL. Appears to interfere directly with fatty acid uptake and is also the major plasma inhibitor of cholesteryl ester transfer protein (CETP). Binds free fatty acids and reduces their intracellular esterification. Modulates the interaction of APOE with beta-migrating VLDL and inhibits binding of beta-VLDL to the LDL receptor-related protein. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:17339654, ECO:0000303|PubMed:25160599}.

		<p>negative regulation of very-low-density lipoprotein particle clearance [GO:0010916]; phospholipid efflux [GO:0033700]; plasma lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034369]; positive regulation of cholesterol esterification [GO:0010873]; regulation of cholesterol transport [GO:0032374]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle assembly [GO:0034379]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle clearance [GO:0034447]</p>			
RPA1	3.98	<p>base-excision repair [GO:0006284]; DNA damage response, detection of DNA damage [GO:0042769]; DNA-dependent DNA replication [GO:0006261]; DNA recombination [GO:0006310]; DNA repair [GO:0006281]; DNA replication [GO:0006260]; double-strand break repair via homologous recombination [GO:0000724]; error-free translesion synthesis [GO:0070987]; error-prone translesion synthesis [GO:0042276]; G1/S transition of mitotic cell cycle [GO:0000082]; interstrand cross-link repair [GO:0036297];</p>	<p>damaged DNA binding [GO:0003684]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; single-stranded DNA binding [GO:0003697]</p>	<p>DNA replication factor A complex [GO:0005662]; nuclear chromosome, telomeric region [GO:0000784]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; PML body [GO:0016605]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: As part of the heterotrimeric replication protein A complex (RPA/RP-A), binds and stabilizes single-stranded DNA intermediates, that form during DNA replication or upon DNA stress. It prevents their reannealing and in parallel, recruits and activates different proteins and complexes involved in DNA metabolism. Thereby, it plays an essential role both in DNA replication and the cellular response to DNA damage (PubMed:9430682). In the cellular response to DNA damage, the RPA complex controls DNA repair and DNA damage checkpoint activation. Through recruitment of ATRIP activates the ATR kinase a master regulator of the DNA damage response (PubMed:24332808). It is required for the recruitment of the DNA double-strand break repair factors RAD51 and RAD52 to chromatin in response to DNA damage</p>

		<p>mismatch repair [GO:0006298]; nucleotide-excision repair [GO:0006289]; nucleotide-excision repair, DNA gap filling [GO:0006297]; nucleotide-excision repair, DNA incision [GO:0033683]; nucleotide-excision repair, DNA incision, 3'-to lesion [GO:0006295]; nucleotide-excision repair, DNA incision, 5'-to lesion [GO:0006296]; nucleotide-excision repair, preincision complex assembly [GO:0006294]; nucleotide-excision repair, preincision complex stabilization [GO:0006293]; protein sumoylation [GO:0016925]; regulation of cellular response to heat [GO:1900034]; regulation of signal transduction by p53 class mediator [GO:1901796]; telomere maintenance [GO:0000723]; telomere maintenance via recombination [GO:0000722]; transcription-coupled nucleotide-excision repair [GO:0006283]; translesion synthesis [GO:0019985]</p>		<p>(PubMed:17765923). Also recruits to sites of DNA damage proteins like XPA and XPG that are involved in nucleotide excision repair and is required for this mechanism of DNA repair (PubMed:7697716). Plays also a role in base excision repair (BER) probably through interaction with UNG (PubMed:9765279). Through RFW3 may activate CHEK1 and play a role in replication checkpoint control. Also recruits SMARCAL1/HARP, which is involved in replication fork restart, to sites of DNA damage. May also play a role in telomere maintenance (PubMed:17959650). As part of the alternative replication protein A complex, aRPA, binds single-stranded DNA and probably plays a role in DNA repair. Compared to the RPA2-containing, canonical RPA complex, may not support chromosomal DNA replication and cell cycle progression through S-phase. The aRPA may not promote efficient priming by DNA polymerase alpha but could support DNA synthesis by polymerase delta in presence of PCNA and replication factor C (RFC), the dual incision/excision reaction of nucleotide excision repair and RAD51-dependent strand exchange (PubMed:19996105). {ECO:0000269 PubMed:12791985, ECO:0000269 PubMed:17765923, ECO:0000269 PubMed:17959650, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19116208, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19996105, ECO:0000269 PubMed:24332808, ECO:0000269 PubMed:7697716, ECO:0000269 PubMed:7700</p>
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					386, ECO:0000269 PubMed:9430 682, ECO:0000269 PubMed:9765 279}.
ROCK1	4.09	actin cytoskeleton organization [GO:0030036]; apical constriction [GO:0003383]; bleb assembly [GO:0032060]; cellular component disassembly involved in execution phase of apoptosis [GO:0006921]; cortical actin cytoskeleton organization [GO:0030866]; ephrin receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048013]; establishment of protein localization to plasma membrane [GO:0090002]; I-kappaB kinase/NF-kappaB signaling [GO:0007249]; leukocyte cell-cell adhesion [GO:0007159]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; leukocyte tethering or rolling [GO:0050901]; membrane to membrane docking [GO:0022614]; myoblast migration [GO:0051451]; negative regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0016525]; negative regulation of bicellular tight junction assembly [GO:1903347]; negative regulation of myosin-light-chain-phosphatase activity [GO:0035509]; negative regulation of neuron apoptotic process [GO:0043524];	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; protein kinase activity [GO:0004672]; protein serine/threonine kinase activity [GO:0004674]	bleb [GO:0032059]; centriole [GO:0005814]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; Golgi membrane [GO:0000139]; lamellipodium [GO:0030027]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; ruffle [GO:0001726]	FUNCTION: Protein kinase which is a key regulator of actin cytoskeleton and cell polarity. Involved in regulation of smooth muscle contraction, actin cytoskeleton organization, stress fiber and focal adhesion formation, neurite retraction, cell adhesion and motility via phosphorylation of DAPK3, GFAP, LIMK1, LIMK2, MYL9/MLC2, PFN1 and PPP1R12A. Phosphorylates FHOD1 and acts synergistically with it to promote SRC-dependent non-apoptotic plasma membrane blebbing. Phosphorylates JIP3 and regulates the recruitment of JNK to JIP3 upon UVB-induced stress. Acts as a suppressor of inflammatory cell migration by regulating PTEN phosphorylation and stability. Acts as a negative regulator of VEGF-induced angiogenic endothelial cell activation. Required for centrosome positioning and centrosome-dependent exit from mitosis. Plays a role in terminal erythroid differentiation. May regulate closure of the eyelids and ventral body wall by inducing the assembly of actomyosin bundles. Promotes keratinocyte terminal differentiation. Involved in osteoblast compaction through the fibronectin fibrillogenesis cell-mediated matrix assembly process, essential for osteoblast mineralization. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:10436159, ECO:0000269 PubMed:10652353, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11018042, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11283607,

		<p>negative regulation of protein binding [GO:0032091]; positive regulation of focal adhesion assembly [GO:0051894]; protein phosphorylation [GO:0006468]; regulation of actin cytoskeleton organization [GO:0032956]; regulation of cell adhesion [GO:0030155]; regulation of cell motility [GO:2000145]; regulation of establishment of cell polarity [GO:2000114]; regulation of establishment of endothelial barrier [GO:1903140]; regulation of focal adhesion assembly [GO:0051893]; regulation of keratinocyte differentiation [GO:0045616]; regulation of stress fiber assembly [GO:0051492]; Rho protein signal transduction [GO:0007266]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]; smooth muscle contraction [GO:0006939]; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048010]</p>			<p>ECO:0000269|PubMed:17158456, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18573880, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18694941, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19036714, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19131646, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19181962, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19997641, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21072057, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8617235, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9722579}.</p>
AHSG	4.12	<p>acute-phase response [GO:0006953]; negative regulation of biomineral tissue development [GO:0070168]; negative regulation of bone mineralization</p>	<p>cysteine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004869]; endopeptidase inhibitor</p>	<p>blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062];</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Promotes endocytosis, possesses opsonic properties and influences the mineral phase of bone. Shows affinity for calcium and barium ions.</p>

		[GO:0030502]; negative regulation of insulin receptor signaling pathway [GO:0046627]; ossification [GO:0001503]; pinocytosis [GO:0006907]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of phagocytosis [GO:0050766]; regulation of bone mineralization [GO:0030500]; regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050727]; skeletal system development [GO:0001501]	activity [GO:0004866]; kinase inhibitor activity [GO:0019210]	extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]	
THBS1	4.14	activation of MAPK activity [GO:0000187]; behavioral response to pain [GO:0048266]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell cycle arrest [GO:0007050]; cell migration [GO:0016477]; cellular response to heat [GO:0034605]; chronic inflammatory response [GO:0002544]; engulfment of apoptotic cell [GO:0043652]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; immune response [GO:0006955]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; negative regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0016525]; negative regulation of antigen processing and presentation of	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; collagen V binding [GO:0070052]; fibrinogen binding [GO:0070051]; fibroblast growth factor binding [GO:0017134]; fibronectin binding [GO:0001968]; glycoprotein binding [GO:0001948]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]; laminin binding	cell surface [GO:0009986]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; fibrinogen complex	FUNCTION: Adhesive glycoprotein that mediates cell-to-cell and cell-to-matrix interactions. Binds heparin. May play a role in dentinogenesis and/or maintenance of dentin and dental pulp (By similarity). Ligand for CD36 mediating antiangiogenic properties. Plays a role in ER stress response, via its interaction with the activating transcription factor 6 alpha (ATF6) which produces adaptive ER stress response factors (By similarity). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11134179, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15014436}.

	<p>peptide or polysaccharide antigen via MHC class II [GO:0002581]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell migration [GO:0043537]; negative regulation of cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0001953]; negative regulation of cGMP-mediated signaling [GO:0010754]; negative regulation of cysteine-type endopeptidase activity involved in apoptotic process [GO:0043154]; negative regulation of dendritic cell antigen processing and presentation [GO:0002605]; negative regulation of endothelial cell chemotaxis [GO:2001027]; negative regulation of endothelial cell migration [GO:0010596]; negative regulation of endothelial cell proliferation [GO:0001937]; negative regulation of extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway [GO:2001237]; negative regulation of fibrinolysis [GO:0051918]; negative regulation of fibroblast growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0040037]; negative regulation of focal adhesion assembly [GO:0051895];</p>	<p>[GO:0043236]; low-density lipoprotein particle binding [GO:0030169]; phosphatidylserine binding [GO:0001786]; proteoglycan binding [GO:0043394]; transforming growth factor beta binding [GO:0050431]</p>	<p>[GO:0005577]; platelet alpha granule [GO:0031091]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]; sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0016529]; secretory granule [GO:0030141]</p>	
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		<p>negative regulation of interleukin-12 production [GO:0032695]; negative regulation of nitric oxide mediated signal transduction [GO:0010751]; negative regulation of plasma membrane long-chain fatty acid transport [GO:0010748]; negative regulation of plasminogen activation [GO:0010757]; peptide cross-linking [GO:0018149]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0045766]; positive regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030194]; positive regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell migration [GO:0043536]; positive regulation of cell migration [GO:0030335]; positive regulation of chemotaxis [GO:0050921]; positive regulation of endothelial cell apoptotic process [GO:2000353]; positive regulation of endothelial cell migration [GO:0010595]; positive regulation of extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway via death domain receptors [GO:1902043]; positive regulation of fibroblast migration [GO:0010763]; positive regulation of macrophage activation</p>			
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		<p>[GO:0043032]; positive regulation of macrophage chemotaxis [GO:0010759]; positive regulation of phosphorylation [GO:0042327]; positive regulation of protein kinase B signaling [GO:0051897]; positive regulation of reactive oxygen species metabolic process [GO:2000379]; positive regulation of transforming growth factor beta1 production [GO:0032914]; positive regulation of transforming growth factor beta receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030511]; positive regulation of translation [GO:0045727]; positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor biosynthetic process [GO:0042535]; protein O-linked fucosylation [GO:0036066]; regulation of cGMP metabolic process [GO:0030823]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to endoplasmic reticulum stress [GO:0034976]; response to glucose [GO:0009749]; response to hypoxia [GO:0001666]; response to magnesium ion [GO:0032026]; response to progesterone [GO:0032570]; response to unfolded protein</p>			
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		[GO:0006986]; sprouting angiogenesis [GO:0002040]			
TAGLN	4.21	epithelial cell differentiation [GO:0030855]; muscle organ development [GO:0007517]		cytoplasm [GO:0005737]	FUNCTION: Actin cross-linking/gelling protein (By similarity). Involved in calcium interactions and contractile properties of the cell that may contribute to replicative senescence. {ECO:0000250}.
SLC2A1	4.22	cellular response to glucose starvation [GO:0042149]; glucose transport [GO:0015758]; lactose biosynthetic process [GO:0005989]; L-ascorbic acid metabolic process [GO:0019852]; protein complex assembly [GO:0006461]; regulation of insulin secretion [GO:0050796]; response to osmotic stress [GO:0006970]	dehydroascorbic acid transporter activity [GO:0033300]; D-glucose transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0055056]; glucose transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0005355]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; protein self-association [GO:0043621]; xenobiotic transporter activity [GO:0042910]	apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324]; basolateral plasma membrane [GO:0016323]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; caveola [GO:0005901]; cell-cell junction [GO:0005911]; cortical actin cytoskeleton [GO:0030864]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; female pronucleus [GO:0001939]; Golgi membrane [GO:0000139]; integral component of plasma membrane [GO:0005887]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; midbody [GO:0030496]; plasma	FUNCTION: Facilitative glucose transporter. This isoform may be responsible for constitutive or basal glucose uptake. Has a very broad substrate specificity; can transport a wide range of aldoses including both pentoses and hexoses. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:18245775, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19449892}.

				membrane [GO:0005886]	
CTSG	4.30	angiotensin maturation [GO:0002003]; cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; defense response to fungus [GO:0050832]; extracellular matrix disassembly [GO:0022617]; immune response [GO:0006955]; negative regulation of growth of symbiont in host [GO:0044130]; neutrophil mediated killing of gram-positive bacterium [GO:0070946]; positive regulation of immune response [GO:0050778]; protein phosphorylation [GO:0006468]; protein processing [GO:0016485]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]; response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0032496]	heparin binding [GO:0008201]; peptidase activity [GO:0008233]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]	cell surface [GO:0009986]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; secretory granule [GO:0030141]	FUNCTION: Serine protease with trypsin- and chymotrypsin-like specificity. Cleaves complement C3. Has antibacterial activity against the Gram-negative bacterium P.aeruginosa, antibacterial activity is inhibited by LPS from P.aeruginosa, Z-Gly-Leu-Phe-CH2Cl and phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:1861080, ECO:0000269|PubMed:1937776, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8194606}.
SLC1A5	4.33	amino acid transport [GO:0006865]; glutamine transport [GO:0006868]; neutral amino acid transport [GO:0015804]	amino acid transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015171]; L-glutamine transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015186]; neutral amino acid transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015175]; receptor activity	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; integral component of plasma membrane [GO:0005887]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	FUNCTION: Sodium-dependent amino acids transporter that has a broad substrate specificity, with a preference for zwitterionic amino acids. It accepts as substrates all neutral amino acids, including glutamine, asparagine, and branched-chain and aromatic amino acids, and excludes methylated, anionic, and cationic amino acids. May also be activated by insulin. Through binding of the fusogenic protein syncytin-1/ERVW-1 may mediate trophoblasts syncytialization, the spontaneous fusion of their plasma membranes, an essential process in placental development

			[GO:0004872]; symporter activity [GO:0015293]; virus receptor activity [GO:0001618]		(PubMed:10708449, PubMed:23492904). Acts as a cell surface receptor for feline endogenous virus RD114, baboon M7 endogenous virus and type D simian retroviruses (PubMed:10051606, PubMed:10196349). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10051606, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10196349, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10708449, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23492904}.
EFEMP1	4.42	camera-type eye development [GO:0043010]; embryonic eye morphogenesis [GO:0048048]; epidermal growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007173]; negative regulation of chondrocyte differentiation [GO:0032331]; negative regulation of neuron projection development [GO:0010977]; peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation [GO:0018108]; positive regulation of cell projection organization [GO:0031346]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; post-embryonic eye morphogenesis [GO:0048050]; regulation of glial cell migration [GO:1903975]; regulation of transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006355]; visual perception [GO:0007601]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; epidermal growth factor-activated receptor activity [GO:0005006]; epidermal growth factor receptor binding [GO:0005154]	basement membrane [GO:0005604]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	FUNCTION: Binds EGFR, the EGF receptor, inducing EGFR autophosphorylation and the activation of downstream signaling pathways. May play a role in cell adhesion and migration. May function as a negative regulator of chondrocyte differentiation. In the olfactory epithelium, it may regulate glial cell migration, differentiation and the ability of glial cells to support neuronal neurite outgrowth. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:19804359, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19887559, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20005202}.
HBA1	4.44	bicarbonate transport [GO:0015701]; cellular oxidant	heme binding [GO:002003	blood microparticle	FUNCTION: Involved in oxygen transport from the

		<p>detoxification [GO:0098869]; hydrogen peroxide catabolic process [GO:0042744]; oxygen transport [GO:0015671]; positive regulation of cell death [GO:0010942]; protein heterooligomerization [GO:0051291]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; response to hydrogen peroxide [GO:0042542]</p>	<p>7]; iron ion binding [GO:0005506]; oxygen binding [GO:0019825]; oxygen transporter activity [GO:0005344]</p>	<p>[GO:0072562]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; cytosolic small ribosomal subunit [GO:0022627]; endocytic vesicle lumen [GO:0071682]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; haptoglobin-hemoglobin complex [GO:0031838]; hemoglobin complex [GO:0005833]; membrane [GO:0016020]</p>	<p>lung to the various peripheral tissues.</p>
LUM	4.52	<p>cartilage development [GO:0051216]; collagen fibril organization [GO:0030199]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; keratan sulfate biosynthetic process [GO:0018146]; keratan sulfate catabolic process [GO:0042340]; positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; positive regulation of transforming growth factor beta1 production [GO:0032914]; response to growth factor</p>	<p>collagen binding [GO:0005518]; extracellular matrix structural constituent [GO:0005201]</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; fibrillar collagen trimer [GO:0005583]; Golgi lumen [GO:0005796]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix</p>	

		[GO:0070848]; response to organic cyclic compound [GO:0014070]; visual perception [GO:0007601]		[GO:0005578]	
HNRNP R	4.53	circadian rhythm [GO:0007623]; gene expression [GO:0010467]; mRNA destabilization [GO:0061157]; mRNA processing [GO:0006397]; mRNA splicing, via spliceosome [GO:0000398]; negative regulation of catalytic activity [GO:0043086]; positive regulation of mRNA catabolic process [GO:0061014]	mRNA 3'-UTR binding [GO:0003730]; nucleotide binding [GO:0000166]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; RNA binding [GO:0003723]	axon terminus [GO:0043679]; catalytic step 2 spliceosome [GO:0071013]; dendrite [GO:0030425]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; growth cone [GO:0030426]; intracellular ribonucleoprotein complex [GO:0030529]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; spliceosomal complex [GO:0005681]	FUNCTION: Component of ribonucleosomes, which are complexes of at least 20 other different heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins (hnRNP). hnRNP play an important role in processing of precursor mRNA in the nucleus.
H3F3A	4.55	blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; brain development [GO:0007420]; cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; chromatin silencing at rDNA [GO:0000183]; DNA replication-independent nucleosome assembly [GO:0006336]; gene silencing by RNA [GO:0031047]; negative regulation of gene expression, epigenetic [GO:0045814]; nucleosome assembly [GO:0006334];	histone binding [GO:0042393]; nucleosomal DNA binding [GO:0031492]; RNA polymerase II core promoter sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0000979]; RNA polymerase II distal enhancer sequence-specific DNA	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; nuclear chromosome [GO:0000228]; nuclear chromosome, telomeric region [GO:0000784]; nuclear nucleosome [GO:0000788]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleosome [GO:000078	FUNCTION: Variant histone H3 which replaces conventional H3 in a wide range of nucleosomes in active genes. Constitutes the predominant form of histone H3 in non-dividing cells and is incorporated into chromatin independently of DNA synthesis. Deposited at sites of nucleosomal displacement throughout transcribed genes, suggesting that it represents an epigenetic imprint of transcriptionally active chromatin. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation,

		positive regulation of cell growth [GO:0030307]; positive regulation of gene expression, epigenetic [GO:0045815]; response to hormone [GO:0009725]; telomere organization [GO:0032200]	binding [GO:0000980]	6]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; protein complex [GO:0043234]	DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:14718166, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15776021, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16258499}.
MYH10	4.60	actin filament-based movement [GO:0030048]; actomyosin structure organization [GO:0031032]; adult heart development [GO:0007512]; aorta development [GO:0035904]; axon guidance [GO:0007411]; cardiac myofibril assembly [GO:0055003]; cardiac septum development [GO:0003279]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell proliferation [GO:0008283]; cerebellar Purkinje cell layer development [GO:0021680]; coronary vasculature development [GO:0060976]; exocytosis [GO:0006887]; fourth ventricle development [GO:0021592]; in utero embryonic development [GO:0001701]; lateral ventricle development [GO:0021670]; mitotic cytokinesis [GO:0000281]; neuromuscular process controlling balance [GO:0050885];	actin binding [GO:0003779]; actin-dependent ATPase activity [GO:0030898]; actin filament binding [GO:0051015]; ADP binding [GO:0043531]; ATP binding [GO:0005524]; microfilament motor activity [GO:0000146]	actin cytoskeleton [GO:0015629]; actomyosin [GO:0042641]; axon [GO:0030424]; brush border [GO:0005903]; cell cortex [GO:0005938]; cleavage furrow [GO:0032154]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; dendritic spine [GO:0043197]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; growth cone [GO:0030426]; lamellipodium [GO:0030027]; midbody [GO:0030496]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; myosin complex [GO:0016459]; myosin II	FUNCTION: Cellular myosin that appears to play a role in cytokinesis, cell shape, and specialized functions such as secretion and capping. Involved with LARP6 in the stabilization of type I collagen mRNAs for CO1A1 and CO1A2. During cell spreading, plays an important role in cytoskeleton reorganization, focal contacts formation (in the central part but not the margins of spreading cells), and lamellipodial extension; this function is mechanically antagonized by MYH9. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:20052411, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20603131}.

		neuron migration [GO:0001764]; nuclear migration [GO:0007097]; plasma membrane repair [GO:0001778]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; retina development in camera-type eye [GO:0060041]; substrate-dependent cell migration, cell extension [GO:0006930]; third ventricle development [GO:0021678]; ventricular cardiac muscle cell development [GO:0055015]		complex [GO:0016460]; myosin II filament [GO:0097513]; neuromuscular junction [GO:0031594]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; spindle [GO:0005819]; stress fiber [GO:0001725]	
C1R	4.98	complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; immune response [GO:0006955]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; serine-type peptidase activity [GO:0008236]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]	FUNCTION: C1r B chain is a serine protease that combines with C1q and C1s to form C1, the first component of the classical pathway of the complement system.
LPL	4.98	cholesterol homeostasis [GO:0042632]; chylomicron remodeling [GO:0034371]; fatty acid biosynthetic process [GO:0006633]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157]; phospholipid metabolic process [GO:0006644]; positive regulation of chemokine secretion [GO:0090197]; positive regulation of cholesterol storage [GO:0010886]; positive regulation of	apolipoprotein binding [GO:0034185]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; lipoprotein lipase activity [GO:0004465]; phospholipase activity [GO:0004620]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]; triglyceride binding [GO:001712	anchored component of membrane [GO:0031225]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; chylomicron [GO:0042627]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region	FUNCTION: The primary function of this lipase is the hydrolysis of triglycerides of circulating chylomicrons and very low density lipoproteins (VLDL). Binding to heparin sulfate proteoglycans at the cell surface is vital to the function. The apolipoprotein, APOC2, acts as a coactivator of LPL activity in the presence of lipids on the luminal surface of vascular endothelium (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.

		<p>inflammatory response [GO:0050729]; positive regulation of macrophage derived foam cell differentiation [GO:0010744]; positive regulation of sequestering of triglyceride [GO:0010890]; response to cold [GO:0009409]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to glucose [GO:0009749]; retinoid metabolic process [GO:0001523]; triglyceride biosynthetic process [GO:0019432]; triglyceride catabolic process [GO:0019433]; triglyceride homeostasis [GO:0070328]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034372]</p>	<p>9]; triglyceride lipase activity [GO:0004806]</p>	<p>[GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]</p>	
VCAN	5.00	<p>cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell recognition [GO:0008037]; central nervous system development [GO:0007417]; chondroitin sulfate biosynthetic process [GO:0030206]; chondroitin sulfate catabolic process [GO:0030207]; dermatan sulfate biosynthetic process [GO:0030208]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; glial cell migration [GO:0008347]; glycosaminoglycan metabolic process</p>	<p>calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; carbohydrate binding [GO:0030246]; extracellular matrix structural constituent [GO:0005201]; glycosaminoglycan binding [GO:0005539]; hyaluronic acid binding [GO:0005540]</p>	<p>extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; Golgi lumen [GO:0005796]; intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; lysosomal lumen</p>	<p>FUNCTION: May play a role in intercellular signaling and in connecting cells with the extracellular matrix. May take part in the regulation of cell motility, growth and differentiation. Binds hyaluronic acid.</p>

		[GO:0030203]; multicellular organism development [GO:0007275]; osteoblast differentiation [GO:0001649]; skeletal system development [GO:0001501]		[GO:0043202]; membrane [GO:0016020]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	
PRELP	5.19	cell aging [GO:0007569]; keratan sulfate biosynthetic process [GO:0018146]; keratan sulfate catabolic process [GO:0042340]; skeletal system development [GO:0001501]	extracellular matrix structural constituent [GO:0005201]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; Golgi lumen [GO:0005796]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	FUNCTION: May anchor basement membranes to the underlying connective tissue. {ECO:0000250}.
ENO2	5.39	canonical glycolysis [GO:0061621]; gluconeogenesis [GO:0006094]	magnesium ion binding [GO:0000287]; phosphopyruvate hydratase activity [GO:0004634]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; perikaryon [GO:0043204]; phosphopyruvate hydratase	FUNCTION: Has neurotrophic and neuroprotective properties on a broad spectrum of central nervous system (CNS) neurons. Binds, in a calcium-dependent manner, to cultured neocortical neurons and promotes cell survival (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.

				complex [GO:0000015]; photoreceptor inner segment [GO:0001917]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	
BASP1	5.40	diaphragm development [GO:0060539]; glomerular visceral epithelial cell differentiation [GO:0072112]; gonad development [GO:0008406]; mesenchymal to epithelial transition [GO:0060231]; metanephric mesenchyme development [GO:0072075]; negative regulation of transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0045892]; positive regulation of heart growth [GO:0060421]; positive regulation of metanephric ureteric bud development [GO:2001076]; substantia nigra development [GO:0021762]; thorax and anterior abdomen determination [GO:0007356]	protein domain specific binding [GO:0019904]; transcription corepressor activity [GO:0003714]; transcription regulatory region DNA binding [GO:0044212]	cell junction [GO:0030054]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; growth cone [GO:0030426]; nuclear speck [GO:0016607]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; vesicle [GO:0031982]	
ELANE	5.63	acute inflammatory response to antigenic stimulus [GO:0002438]; cellular calcium ion homeostasis [GO:0006874]; defense response to bacterium [GO:0042742]; extracellular matrix disassembly [GO:0022617]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900];	cytokine binding [GO:0019955]; endopeptidase activity [GO:0004175]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; peptidase activity [GO:0008233]; protease binding	cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular	FUNCTION: Modifies the functions of natural killer cells, monocytes and granulocytes. Inhibits C5a-dependent neutrophil enzyme release and chemotaxis. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15140022}.

		<p>negative regulation of chemokine biosynthetic process [GO:0045079]; negative regulation of chemotaxis [GO:0050922]; negative regulation of growth of symbiont in host [GO:0044130]; negative regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050728]; negative regulation of interleukin-8 biosynthetic process [GO:0045415]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; neutrophil mediated killing of fungus [GO:0070947]; phagocytosis [GO:0006909]; positive regulation of immune response [GO:0050778]; positive regulation of interleukin-8 biosynthetic process [GO:0045416]; positive regulation of MAP kinase activity [GO:0043406]; positive regulation of smooth muscle cell proliferation [GO:0048661]; protein catabolic process [GO:0030163]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]; response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0032496]; response to UV [GO:0009411]; response to yeast [GO:0001878]</p>	<p>[GO:0002020]; RNA polymerase II transcription corepressor activity [GO:0001106]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]</p>	<p>space [GO:0005615]; secretory granule [GO:0030141]; transcriptional repressor complex [GO:0017053]</p>	
CIQC	5.79	<p>complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, classical</p>	<p>serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]</p>	<p>blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; collagen</p>	<p>FUNCTION: C1q associates with the proenzymes C1r and C1s to yield C1, the first component of the serum complement system. The</p>

		<p>pathway [GO:0006958]; immune response [GO:0006955]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; negative regulation of granulocyte differentiation [GO:0030853]; negative regulation of macrophage differentiation [GO:0045650]</p>		<p>trimer [GO:0005581]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]</p>	<p>collagen-like regions of C1q interact with the Ca(2+)-dependent C1r(2)C1s(2) proenzyme complex, and efficient activation of C1 takes place on interaction of the globular heads of C1q with the Fc regions of IgG or IgM antibody present in immune complexes.</p>
SERPIN C1	5.86	<p>blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; negative regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050728]; regulation of blood coagulation, intrinsic pathway [GO:2000266]; response to nutrient [GO:0007584]</p>	<p>heparin binding [GO:0008201]; protease binding [GO:0002020]; serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]</p>	<p>blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Most important serine protease inhibitor in plasma that regulates the blood coagulation cascade. AT-III inhibits thrombin, matriptase-3/TMPRSS7, as well as factors IXa, Xa and XIa. Its inhibitory activity is greatly enhanced in the presence of heparin. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15853774}.</p>
CFD	6.16	<p>complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, alternative pathway [GO:0006957]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]</p>	<p>serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; serine-type peptidase activity [GO:0008236]</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Factor D cleaves factor B when the latter is complexed with factor C3b, activating the C3bbb complex, which then becomes the C3 convertase of the alternate pathway. Its function is homologous to that of C1s in the classical pathway.</p>
LTBP2	6.26	<p>extracellular fibril organization [GO:0043206]; protein secretion [GO:0009306]; protein targeting [GO:0006605]; transforming growth</p>	<p>calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615];</p>	<p>FUNCTION: May play an integral structural role in elastic-fiber architectural organization and/or assembly.</p>

		factor beta receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007179]		intracellular [GO:0005622]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	
SUN2	6.89	centrosome localization [GO:0051642]; cytoskeletal anchoring at nuclear membrane [GO:0090286]; mitotic spindle organization [GO:0007052]; nuclear envelope organization [GO:0006998]; nuclear matrix anchoring at nuclear membrane [GO:0090292]; nuclear migration [GO:0007097]; nuclear migration along microfilament [GO:0031022]; positive regulation of cell migration [GO:0030335]	identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; lamin binding [GO:0005521]; microtubule binding [GO:0008017]	condensed nuclear chromosome [GO:0000794]; endosome membrane [GO:0010008]; integral component of nuclear inner membrane [GO:0005639]; LINC complex [GO:0034993]; nuclear chromosome, telomeric region [GO:0000784]; nuclear envelope [GO:0005635]; nuclear membrane [GO:0031965]	FUNCTION: Component of SUN-protein-containing multivariate complexes also called LINC complexes which link the nucleoskeleton and cytoskeleton by providing versatile outer nuclear membrane attachment sites for cytoskeletal filaments. Specifically, SYNE2 and SUN2 assemble in arrays of transmembrane actin-associated nuclear (TAN) lines which are bound to F-actin cables and couple the nucleus to retrograde actin flow during actin-dependent nuclear movement. Required for interkinetic nuclear migration (INM) and essential for nucleokinesis and centrosome-nucleus coupling during radial neuronal migration in the cerebral cortex and during glial migration. Anchors chromosome movement in the prophase of meiosis and is involved in selective gene expression of coding and non-coding RNAs needed for gametogenesis. Required for telomere attachment to nuclear envelope and gametogenesis. May also function on endocytic vesicles as a receptor for RAB5-GDP and participate in the activation of RAB5. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:18396275}.
TBC1D4	6.97	activation of GTPase activity [GO:0090630]; cellular response to insulin stimulus [GO:0032869]; intracellular protein transport [GO:0006886];	GTPase activator activity [GO:0005096]; Rab GTPase binding [GO:0017137]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoplasmic vesicle membrane [GO:0030659]; endomembra	FUNCTION: May act as a GTPase-activating protein for RAB2A, RAB8A, RAB10 and RAB14. Isoform 2 promotes insulin-induced glucose transporter SLC2A4/GLUT4 translocation at the plasma membrane, thus increasing

		<p>membrane organization [GO:0061024]; negative regulation of vesicle fusion [GO:0031339]; regulation of vesicle fusion [GO:0031338]; vesicle-mediated transport [GO:0016192]</p>		<p>ne system [GO:0012505]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; intracellular [GO:0005622]</p>	<p>glucose uptake. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15971998, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18771725, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22908308}.</p>
STAT6	6.99	<p>cellular response to hydrogen peroxide [GO:0070301]; cellular response to reactive nitrogen species [GO:1902170]; interleukin-4-mediated signaling pathway [GO:0035771]; mammary gland epithelial cell proliferation [GO:0033598]; mammary gland morphogenesis [GO:0060443]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; negative regulation of type 2 immune response [GO:0002829]; positive regulation of isotype switching to IgE isotypes [GO:0048295]; positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; positive regulation of type I interferon production [GO:0032481]; regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0042127]; regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0006357];</p>	<p>identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; protein phosphatase binding [GO:0019903]; RNA polymerase II core promoter sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0000979]; signal transducer activity [GO:0004871]; transcription factor activity, sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0003700]</p>	<p>cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; membrane raft [GO:0045121]; nuclear chromatin [GO:0000790]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]</p>	<p>FUNCTION: Carries out a dual function: signal transduction and activation of transcription. Involved in IL4/interleukin-4- and IL3/interleukin-3-mediated signaling. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:17210636}.</p>

		signal transduction [GO:0007165]; T-helper 1 cell lineage commitment [GO:0002296]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]			
CNN2	7.54	actomyosin structure organization [GO:0031032]; cellular response to mechanical stimulus [GO:0071260]; cytoskeleton organization [GO:0007010]; regulation of actin filament-based process [GO:0032970]	actin binding [GO:0003779]	cell-cell junction [GO:0005911]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; membrane [GO:0016020]; stress fiber [GO:0001725]	FUNCTION: Thin filament-associated protein that is implicated in the regulation and modulation of smooth muscle contraction. It is capable of binding to actin, calmodulin, troponin C and tropomyosin. The interaction of calponin with actin inhibits the actomyosin Mg-ATPase activity.
VIM	7.63	astrocyte development [GO:0014002]; Bergmann glial cell differentiation [GO:0060020]; intermediate filament organization [GO:0045109]; lens fiber cell development [GO:0070307]; movement of cell or subcellular component [GO:0006928]; muscle filament sliding [GO:0030049]; negative regulation of neuron projection development [GO:0010977]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; SMAD protein signal transduction [GO:0060395]; viral process [GO:0016032]	double-stranded RNA binding [GO:0003725]; glycoprotein binding [GO:0001948]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; keratin filament binding [GO:1990254]; protein C-terminus binding [GO:0008022]; scaffold protein binding [GO:0097110]; structural constituent of cytoskeleton [GO:0005200]; structural constituent	cell leading edge [GO:0031252]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; intermediate filament [GO:0005882]; intermediate filament cytoskeleton [GO:0045111]; neuron projection [GO:0043005]; peroxisome	FUNCTION: Vimentins are class-III intermediate filaments found in various non-epithelial cells, especially mesenchymal cells. Vimentin is attached to the nucleus, endoplasmic reticulum, and mitochondria, either laterally or terminally. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:21746880}.; FUNCTION: Involved with LARP6 in the stabilization of type I collagen mRNAs for CO1A1 and CO1A2. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:21746880}.

			of eye lens [GO:0005212]	[GO:0005777]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	
APOH	8.12	aging [GO:0007568]; blood coagulation, intrinsic pathway [GO:0007597]; negative regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0016525]; negative regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030195]; negative regulation of endothelial cell migration [GO:0010596]; negative regulation of endothelial cell proliferation [GO:0001937]; negative regulation of fibrinolysis [GO:0051918]; negative regulation of myeloid cell apoptotic process [GO:0033033]; negative regulation of respiratory burst [GO:0060268]; negative regulation of smooth muscle cell apoptotic process [GO:0034392]; organ regeneration [GO:0031100]; plasminogen activation [GO:0031639]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030194]; positive regulation of lipoprotein lipase activity [GO:0051006]; positive regulation of triglyceride catabolic process [GO:0010898]; regulation of fibrinolysis [GO:0051917]; response to	glycoprotein binding [GO:0001948]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; lipid binding [GO:0008289]; lipoprotein lipase activator activity [GO:0060230]; phospholipid binding [GO:0005543]	cell surface [GO:0009986]; chylomicron [GO:0042627]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; platelet dense granule lumen [GO:0031089]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]	FUNCTION: Binds to various kinds of negatively charged substances such as heparin, phospholipids, and dextran sulfate. May prevent activation of the intrinsic blood coagulation cascade by binding to phospholipids on the surface of damaged cells.

		triglyceride [GO:0034014]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]; triglyceride transport [GO:0034197]			
C8B	8.45	complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, alternative pathway [GO:0006957]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; cytolysis [GO:0019835]; immune response [GO:0006955]; regulation of complement activation [GO:0030449]		extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; membrane [GO:0016020]; membrane attack complex [GO:0005579]	FUNCTION: Constituent of the membrane attack complex (MAC) that plays a key role in the innate and adaptive immune response by forming pores in the plasma membrane of target cells.
RRAD	9.56	negative regulation of cell growth [GO:0030308]; small GTPase mediated signal transduction [GO:0007264]	GTPase activity [GO:0003924]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]	intracellular [GO:0005622]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	FUNCTION: May play an important role in cardiac antiarrhythmia via the strong suppression of voltage-gated L-type Ca(2+) currents. Regulates voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel subunit alpha-1C trafficking to the cell membrane (By similarity). Inhibits cardiac hypertrophy through the calmodulin-dependent kinase II (CaMKII) pathway. Inhibits phosphorylation and activation of CAMK2D. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18056528}.
OGN	10.59	axonogenesis [GO:0007409]; keratan sulfate biosynthetic process [GO:0018146]; keratan sulfate catabolic process [GO:0042340]; negative regulation of smooth muscle	heparin binding [GO:0008201]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:000561	FUNCTION: Induces bone formation in conjunction with TGF-beta-1 or TGF-beta-2.

		cell proliferation [GO:0048662]		5]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; Golgi lumen [GO:0005796]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	
EEF1E1	10.74	glutathione metabolic process [GO:0006749]; negative regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008285]; positive regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043065]; positive regulation of cellular senescence [GO:2000774]; positive regulation of DNA damage response, signal transduction by p53 class mediator [GO:0043517]; tRNA aminoacylation for protein translation [GO:0006418]	glutathione transferase activity [GO:0004364]; translation elongation factor activity [GO:0003746]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: Positive modulator of ATM response to DNA damage.
THNSL1	13.12		pyridoxal phosphate binding [GO:0030170]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	
ADCY5	13.94	activation of adenylate cyclase activity [GO:0007190]; activation of protein kinase A activity [GO:0034199]; adenosine receptor	adenylate cyclase activity [GO:0004016]; adenylate cyclase binding [GO:000817	integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; intracellular [GO:000562	FUNCTION: Catalyzes the formation of the signaling molecule cAMP in response to G-protein signaling (PubMed:15385642, PubMed:26206488, PubMed:24700542). Mediates signaling

		<p>signaling pathway [GO:0001973]; adenylylase-activating dopamine receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007191]; adenylylase-activating G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007189]; adenylylase-inhibiting dopamine receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007195]; adenylylase-inhibiting G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007193]; cAMP biosynthetic process [GO:0006171]; cAMP-mediated signaling [GO:0019933]; cellular response to forskolin [GO:1904322]; cellular response to glucagon stimulus [GO:0071377]; locomotory behavior [GO:0007626]; neuromuscular process controlling balance [GO:0050885]; positive regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0007204]; regulation of insulin secretion involved in cellular response to glucose stimulus [GO:0061178]; renal water homeostasis [GO:0003091]</p>	<p>9]; ATP binding [GO:0005524]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; protein heterodimerization activity [GO:0046982]</p>	<p>2]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; primary cilium [GO:0072372]</p>	<p>downstream of ADRB1 (PubMed:24700542). Regulates the increase of free cytosolic Ca(2+) in response to increased blood glucose levels and contributes to the regulation of Ca(2+)-dependent insulin secretion (PubMed:24740569). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15385642, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24700542, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24740569, ECO:0000269|PubMed:26206488}.</p>
AZU1	14.80	<p>antimicrobial humoral response [GO:0019730]; calcium-mediated signaling using intracellular calcium source [GO:0035584]; cell chemotaxis</p>	<p>heparan sulfate proteoglycan binding [GO:0043395]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; peptidase</p>	<p>azurophil granule [GO:0042582]; azurophil granule membrane [GO:0035577]; extracellular</p>	<p>FUNCTION: This is a neutrophil granule-derived antibacterial and monocyte- and fibroblast-specific chemotactic glycoprotein. Binds heparin. The cytotoxic action is limited to many species of Gram-negative bacteria; this specificity may</p>

	<p>[GO:0060326]; cellular extravasation [GO:0045123]; defense response to Gram-negative bacterium [GO:0050829]; defense response to virus [GO:0051607]; glial cell migration [GO:0008347]; induction of positive chemotaxis [GO:0050930]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; macrophage chemotaxis [GO:0048246]; microglial cell activation [GO:0001774]; monocyte activation [GO:0042117]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; neutrophil mediated killing of bacterium [GO:0070944]; positive regulation of cell adhesion [GO:0045785]; positive regulation of fractalkine biosynthetic process [GO:0050754]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; positive regulation of interleukin-1 beta biosynthetic process [GO:0050725]; positive regulation of MHC class II biosynthetic process [GO:0045348]; positive regulation of peptidyl-threonine phosphorylation [GO:0010800]; positive regulation of phagocytosis [GO:0050766]; positive regulation of protein kinase activity [GO:0045860];</p>	<p>activity [GO:0008233]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; toxic substance binding [GO:0015643]</p>	<p>exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extrinsic component of membrane [GO:0019898]</p>	<p>be explained by a strong affinity of the very basic N-terminal half for the negatively charged lipopolysaccharides that are unique to the Gram-negative bacterial outer envelope. It may play a role in mediating recruitment of monocytes in the second wave of inflammation. Has antibacterial activity against the Gram-negative bacterium <i>P.aeruginosa</i>, this activity is inhibited by LPS from <i>P.aeruginosa</i>. Acting alone, it does not have antimicrobial activity against the Gram-negative bacteria <i>A.actinomycetemcomitans</i> ATCC 29532, <i>A.actinomycetemcomitans</i> NCTC 9709, <i>A.actinomycetemcomitans</i> FDC-Y4, <i>H.aphrophilus</i> ATCC 13252, <i>E.corrodens</i> ATCC 23834, <i>C.sputigena</i> ATCC 33123, <i>Capnocytophaga</i> sp ATCC 33124, <i>Capnocytophaga</i> sp ATCC 27872 or <i>E.coli</i> ML-35. Has antibacterial activity against <i>C.sputigena</i> ATCC 33123 when acting synergistically with either elastase or cathepsin G. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:1399008, ECO:0000269 PubMed:1937776, ECO:0000269 PubMed:231733}.</p>
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		positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor biosynthetic process [GO:0042535]; protein kinase C-activating G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007205]; protein kinase C signaling [GO:0070528]; protein processing [GO:0016485]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]; regulation of vascular permeability [GO:0043114]			
TMX2	25.78	cell redox homeostasis [GO:0045454]		cell [GO:0005623]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]	
EIF3K	26.23	formation of translation preinitiation complex [GO:0001731]; regulation of translational initiation [GO:0006446]; translational initiation [GO:0006413]	ribosome binding [GO:0043022]; translation initiation factor activity [GO:0003743]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; eukaryotic 43S preinitiation complex [GO:0016282]; eukaryotic 48S preinitiation complex [GO:0033290]; eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 complex [GO:0005852]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	FUNCTION: Component of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 (eIF-3) complex, which is required for several steps in the initiation of protein synthesis. The eIF-3 complex associates with the 40S ribosome and facilitates the recruitment of eIF-1, eIF-1A, eIF-2:GTP:methionyl-tRNA ⁱ and eIF-5 to form the 43S preinitiation complex (43S PIC). The eIF-3 complex stimulates mRNA recruitment to the 43S PIC and scanning of the mRNA for AUG recognition. The eIF-3 complex is also required for disassembly and recycling of post-termination ribosomal complexes and subsequently prevents premature joining of the 40S and 60S ribosomal subunits prior to initiation.

Table S4. All the proteins involved in the network analysis were summarized.

Gene	Clusters	Go			Function
		Biological process	Molecular function	Cellular component	
RCS D1	cardiac muscle contraction	cellular hyperosmotic response [GO:0071474]; skeletal muscle contraction [GO:0003009]	actin filament binding [GO:0051015]	actin filament [GO:0005884]	Stress-induced phosphorylation of CAPZIP may regulate the ability of F-actin-capping protein to remodel actin filament assembly. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15850461}.
TNN C1	cardiac muscle contraction	cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060048]; diaphragm contraction [GO:0002086]; muscle filament sliding [GO:0030049]; regulation of ATPase activity [GO:0043462]; regulation of muscle contraction [GO:0006937]; regulation of muscle filament sliding speed [GO:0032972]; response to metal ion [GO:0010038]; skeletal muscle contraction [GO:0003009]; transition between fast and slow fiber [GO:0014883]; ventricular cardiac muscle tissue morphogenesis [GO:0055010]	actin filament binding [GO:0051015]; calcium-dependent protein binding [GO:0048306]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; troponin I binding [GO:0031013]; troponin T binding [GO:0031014]	actin cytoskeleton [GO:0015629]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; troponin complex [GO:0005861]	Troponin is the central regulatory protein of striated muscle contraction. Tn consists of three components: Tn-I which is the inhibitor of actomyosin ATPase, Tn-T which contains the binding site for tropomyosin and Tn-C. The binding of calcium to Tn-C abolishes the inhibitory action of Tn on actin filaments.
CAS Q2	cardiac muscle contraction	cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060048]; cellular response to caffeine [GO:0071313]; detection of calcium ion [GO:0005513]; ion transmembrane transport	calcium-dependent protein binding [GO:0048306]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; protein homodimeriz	calcium channel complex [GO:0034704]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; intracellular junctional membrane	Calsequestrin is a high-capacity, moderate affinity, calcium-binding protein and thus acts as an internal calcium store in muscle. Calcium ions are bound by clusters of acidic residues at the protein surface, especially at the interface between

		<p>[GO:0034220]; negative regulation of potassium ion transmembrane transporter activity [GO:1901017]; negative regulation of potassium ion transport [GO:0043267]; negative regulation of ryanodine-sensitive calcium-release channel activity [GO:0060315]; protein polymerization [GO:0051258]; Purkinje myocyte to ventricular cardiac muscle cell signaling [GO:0086029]; regulation of cardiac conduction [GO:1903779]; regulation of cardiac muscle contraction by regulation of the release of sequestered calcium ion [GO:0010881]; regulation of cell communication by electrical coupling [GO:0010649]; regulation of heart rate [GO:0002027]; regulation of membrane repolarization [GO:0060306]; regulation of release of sequestered calcium ion into cytosol by sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0010880]; sarcomere organization [GO:0045214]; sequestering of calcium ion [GO:0051208]; striated muscle contraction [GO:0006941]</p>	<p>ation activity [GO:0042803]</p>	<p>complex [GO:0030314]; junctional sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0014701]; sarcoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0016529]; sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0033018]; Z disc [GO:0030018]</p>	<p>subunits. Can bind around 60 Ca(2+) ions. Regulates the release of luminal Ca(2+) via the calcium release channel RYR2; this plays an important role in triggering muscle contraction. Plays a role in excitation-contraction coupling in the heart and in regulating the rate of heart beats. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:16908766, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17881003, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18399795, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21416293}.</p>
HRC	cardiac muscle	<p>muscle contraction [GO:0006936];</p>	<p>ATPase binding</p>	<p>sarcoplasmic reticulum</p>	<p>May play a role in the regulation of calcium</p>

	contract ion	negative regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0051481]; positive regulation of heart contraction [GO:0045823]; positive regulation of heart rate [GO:0010460]; positive regulation of relaxation of cardiac muscle [GO:1901899]; regulation of calcium ion transmembrane transport [GO:1903169]; regulation of cardiac muscle contraction by regulation of the release of sequestered calcium ion [GO:0010881]; regulation of cell communication by electrical coupling involved in cardiac conduction [GO:1901844]; regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0051480]; regulation of heart rate [GO:0002027]; regulation of peptidyl-serine phosphorylation [GO:0033135]; regulation of release of sequestered calcium ion into cytosol by sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0010880]; regulation of ryanodine-sensitive calcium-release channel activity [GO:0060314]	[GO:0051117]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; ion channel binding [GO:0044325]	lumen [GO:0033018]; sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0033017]; Z disc [GO:0030018]	sequestration or release in the SR of skeletal and cardiac muscle.
FHL 2	cardiac muscle contract ion	androgen receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030521]; atrial cardiac muscle cell development [GO:0055014]; heart trabecula formation [GO:0060347];	androgen receptor binding [GO:0050681]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]	actin cytoskeleton [GO:0015629]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; M band [GO:0031430]; nucleoplasm	May function as a molecular transmitter linking various signaling pathways to transcriptional regulation. Negatively regulates the transcriptional repressor E4F1 and may function in

		negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; osteoblast differentiation [GO:0001649]; positive regulation of transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0045893]; response to hormone [GO:0009725]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]; ventricular cardiac muscle cell development [GO:0055015]	]; transcription coactivator activity [GO:0003713]; transcription factor binding [GO:0008134]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	[GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; Z disc [GO:0030018]	cell growth. Inhibits the transcriptional activity of FOXO1 and its apoptotic function by enhancing the interaction of FOXO1 with SIRT1 and FOXO1 deacetylation. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15692560, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16652157, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18853468}.
TNN T2	cardiac muscle contraction	actin crosslink formation [GO:0051764]; cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060048]; muscle filament sliding [GO:0030049]; negative regulation of ATPase activity [GO:0032780]; positive regulation of ATPase activity [GO:0032781]; protein heterooligomerization [GO:0051291]; regulation of heart contraction [GO:0008016]; regulation of muscle filament sliding speed [GO:0032972]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]; ventricular cardiac muscle tissue morphogenesis [GO:0055010]	actin binding [GO:0003779]; tropomyosin binding [GO:0005523]; troponin C binding [GO:0030172]; troponin I binding [GO:0031013]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; sarcomere [GO:0030017]; striated muscle thin filament [GO:0005865]; troponin complex [GO:0005861]	Troponin T is the tropomyosin-binding subunit of troponin, the thin filament regulatory complex which confers calcium-sensitivity to striated muscle actomyosin ATPase activity.
MY OM2	cardiac muscle contraction	muscle contraction [GO:0006936]	structural constituent of muscle [GO:0008307]	M band [GO:0031430]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; myosin	Major component of the vertebrate myofibrillar M band. Binds myosin, titin, and light meromyosin.

				filament [GO:0032982]	This binding is dose dependent.
RYR 2	cardiac muscle contract ion	BMP signaling pathway [GO:0030509]; calcium ion transport [GO:0006816]; calcium ion transport into cytosol [GO:0060402]; calcium-mediated signaling [GO:0019722]; calcium-mediated signaling using intracellular calcium source [GO:0035584]; canonical Wnt signaling pathway [GO:0060070]; cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060048]; cardiac muscle hypertrophy [GO:0003300]; cell communication by electrical coupling involved in cardiac conduction [GO:0086064]; cellular calcium ion homeostasis [GO:0006874]; cellular response to caffeine [GO:0071313]; cellular response to epinephrine stimulus [GO:0071872]; detection of calcium ion [GO:0005513]; embryonic heart tube morphogenesis [GO:0003143]; establishment of protein localization to endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0072599]; ion transmembrane transport [GO:0034220]; left ventricular cardiac muscle tissue morphogenesis [GO:0003220]; positive regulation of calcium-transporting	calcium channel activity [GO:0005262]; calcium-induced calcium release activity [GO:0048763]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; calcium-release channel activity [GO:0015278]; calmodulin binding [GO:0005516]; enzyme binding [GO:0019899]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; ion channel binding [GO:0044325]; protein kinase A catalytic subunit binding [GO:0034236]; protein kinase A regulatory subunit binding [GO:0034237]; ryanodine-sensitive calcium-release channel activity [GO:0005219]; suramin binding [GO:0043924]	calcium channel complex [GO:0034704]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; junctional sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0014701]; membrane [GO:0016020]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; protein complex [GO:0043234]; sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0016529]; sarcoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0033017]; smooth endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005790]; Z disc [GO:0030018]	Calcium channel that mediates the release of Ca(2+) from the sarcoplasmic reticulum into the cytoplasm and thereby plays a key role in triggering cardiac muscle contraction. Aberrant channel activation can lead to cardiac arrhythmia. In cardiac myocytes, calcium release is triggered by increased Ca(2+) levels due to activation of the L-type calcium channel CACNA1C. The calcium channel activity is modulated by formation of heterotetramers with RYR3. Required for cellular calcium ion homeostasis. Required for embryonic heart development. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10830164, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20056922}.

	<p>ATPase activity [GO:1901896]; positive regulation of heart rate [GO:0010460]; positive regulation of sequestering of calcium ion [GO:0051284]; positive regulation of the force of heart contraction [GO:0098735]; Purkinje myocyte to ventricular cardiac muscle cell signaling [GO:0086029]; regulation of atrial cardiac muscle cell action potential [GO:0098910]; regulation of AV node cell action potential [GO:0098904]; regulation of cardiac conduction [GO:1903779]; regulation of cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0055117]; regulation of cardiac muscle contraction by calcium ion signaling [GO:0010882]; regulation of cardiac muscle contraction by regulation of the release of sequestered calcium ion [GO:0010881]; regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0051480]; regulation of heart rate [GO:0002027]; regulation of SA node cell action potential [GO:0098907]; regulation of ventricular cardiac muscle cell action potential [GO:0098911]; release of sequestered calcium ion into cytosol</p>			
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		[GO:0051209]; release of sequestered calcium ion into cytosol by sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0014808]; response to caffeine [GO:0031000]; response to hypoxia [GO:0001666]; response to muscle activity [GO:0014850]; response to muscle stretch [GO:0035994]; response to redox state [GO:0051775]; sarcoplasmic reticulum calcium ion transport [GO:0070296]; type B pancreatic cell apoptotic process [GO:0097050]; ventricular cardiac muscle cell action potential [GO:0086005]			
TM OD1	cardiac muscle contract ion	actin filament organization [GO:0007015]; adult locomotory behavior [GO:0008344]; lens fiber cell development [GO:0070307]; muscle contraction [GO:0006936]; muscle filament sliding [GO:0030049]; myofibril assembly [GO:0030239]; pointed-end actin filament capping [GO:0051694]	tropomyosin binding [GO:0005523)	cortical cytoskeleton [GO:0030863]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; striated muscle thin filament [GO:0005865]	Blocks the elongation and depolymerization of the actin filaments at the pointed end. The Tmod/TM complex contributes to the formation of the short actin protofilament, which in turn defines the geometry of the membrane skeleton. May play an important role in regulating the organization of actin filaments by preferentially binding to a specific tropomyosin isoform at its N-terminus. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:8 002995}.
ATP 1A3	cardiac muscle contract ion	adult locomotory behavior [GO:0008344]; ATP hydrolysis coupled proton transport [GO:0015991]; cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060048]; cell communication by electrical coupling	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; chaperone binding [GO:0051087]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; sodium:potass ium-	axon [GO:0030424]; dendritic spine head [GO:0044327]; dendritic spine neck [GO:0044326]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783];	This is the catalytic component of the active enzyme, which catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled with the exchange of sodium and potassium ions across the plasma membrane. This action creates the electrochemical gradient of sodium and potassium

		involved in cardiac conduction [GO:0086064]; cellular potassium ion homeostasis [GO:0030007]; cellular response to steroid hormone stimulus [GO:0071383]; cellular sodium ion homeostasis [GO:0006883]; ionotropic glutamate receptor signaling pathway [GO:0035235]; ion transmembrane transport [GO:0034220]; memory [GO:0007613]; potassium ion import [GO:0010107]; regulation of cardiac conduction [GO:1903779]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to glycoside [GO:1903416]; sodium ion export from cell [GO:0036376]; visual learning [GO:0008542]	exchanging ATPase activity [GO:0005391]; sodium:potassium-exchanging ATPase activity [GO:0086037]; steroid hormone binding [GO:1990239]	extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]; sodium:potassium-exchanging ATPase complex [GO:0005890]; synapse [GO:0045202]	ions, providing the energy for active transport of various nutrients.
FLN C	cardiac muscle contraction	cell junction assembly [GO:0034329]; muscle fiber development [GO:0048747]	ankyrin binding [GO:0030506]; cytoskeletal protein binding [GO:0008092]	costamere [GO:0043034]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]; sarcoplasm [GO:0016528]; Z disc [GO:0030018]	Muscle-specific filamin, which plays a central role in muscle cells, probably by functioning as a large actin-cross-linking protein. May be involved in reorganizing the actin cytoskeleton in response to signaling events, and may also display structural functions at the Z lines in muscle cells. Critical for normal myogenesis and for maintaining the structural integrity of the muscle fibers.
RRA D	cardiac muscle contraction	negative regulation of cell growth [GO:0030308]; small GTPase mediated	GTPase activity [GO:0003924]; GTP binding	intracellular [GO:0005622]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	May play an important role in cardiac antiarrhythmia via the strong suppression of voltage-gated L-type

		signal transduction [GO:0007264]	[GO:0005525]		Ca(2+) currents. Regulates voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel subunit alpha-1C trafficking to the cell membrane (By similarity). Inhibits cardiac hypertrophy through the calmodulin-dependent kinase II (CaMKII) pathway. Inhibits phosphorylation and activation of CAMK2D. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18056528}.
FLII	cytoskeleton organization	actin cytoskeleton organization [GO:0030036]; actin filament severing [GO:0051014]; multicellular organism development [GO:0007275]; regulation of transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006355]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]	actin binding [GO:0003779]	brush border [GO:0005903]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; microtubule organizing center [GO:0005815]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]	May play a role as coactivator in transcriptional activation by hormone-activated nuclear receptors (NR) and acts in cooperation with NCOA2 and CARM1. Involved in estrogen hormone signaling. Involved in early embryonic development (By similarity). May play a role in regulation of cytoskeletal rearrangements involved in cytokinesis and cell migration, by inhibiting Rac1-dependent paxillin phosphorylation. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14966289}.
TUBB	cytoskeleton organization	cell division [GO:0051301]; cellular process [GO:0009987]; cytoskeleton-dependent intracellular transport [GO:0030705]; G2/M transition of mitotic cell cycle [GO:0000086]; microtubule-based process [GO:0007017]; movement of cell or subcellular component [GO:0006928]; natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity	GTPase activity [GO:0003924]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]; MHC class I protein binding [GO:0042288]; structural constituent of cytoskeleton [GO:0005200]; structural molecule activity [GO:0005198]; ubiquitin protein ligase binding	cell body [GO:0044297]; cytoplasmic ribonucleoprotein granule [GO:0036464]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; microtubule [GO:0005874]; nuclear envelope lumen [GO:0005641]; nucleus	Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules. It binds two moles of GTP, one at an exchangeable site on the beta chain and one at a non-exchangeable site on the alpha chain.

		[GO:0042267]; spindle assembly [GO:0051225]	[GO:0031625]	[GO:0005634]; protein complex [GO:0043234]	
NCK API	cytoskeleton organization	apoptotic process [GO:0006915]; central nervous system development [GO:0007417]; Fc-gamma receptor signaling pathway involved in phagocytosis [GO:0038096]; positive regulation of Arp2/3 complex-mediated actin nucleation [GO:2000601]; positive regulation of lamellipodium assembly [GO:0010592]; Rac protein signal transduction [GO:0016601]; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048010]; viral process [GO:0016032]	protein complex binding [GO:0032403]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; lamellipodium membrane [GO:0031258]; SCAR complex [GO:0031209]	Part of the WAVE complex that regulates lamellipodia formation. The WAVE complex regulates actin filament reorganization via its interaction with the Arp2/3 complex. Actin remodeling activity is regulated by RAC1.
SDC BP	cytoskeleton organization	actin cytoskeleton organization [GO:0030036]; ephrin receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048013]; intracellular signal transduction [GO:0035556]; negative regulation of proteasomal ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process [GO:0032435]; negative regulation of receptor internalization [GO:0002091]; positive regulation of cell growth [GO:0030307]; positive regulation of cell migration [GO:0030335]; positive regulation of cell proliferation	cytoskeletal adaptor activity [GO:0008093]; frizzled binding [GO:0005109]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; interleukin-5 receptor binding [GO:0005137]; protein heterodimerization activity [GO:0046982]; protein N-terminus binding [GO:0047485]; syndecan binding [GO:0045545]	adherens junction [GO:0005912]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0005789]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925];	Multifunctional adapter protein involved in diverse array of functions including trafficking of transmembrane proteins, neuro and immunomodulation, exosome biogenesis, and tumorigenesis (PubMed:26291527). Positively regulates TGFB1-mediated SMAD2/3 activation and TGFB1-induced epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition (EMT) and cell migration in various cell types. May increase TGFB1 signaling by enhancing cell-surface expression of TGFR1 by preventing the interaction between TGFR1 and CAV1 and subsequent CAV1-dependent internalization and degradation of TGFR1

		<p>[GO:0008284]; positive regulation of epithelial to mesenchymal transition [GO:0010718]; positive regulation of exosomal secretion [GO:1903543]; positive regulation of extracellular exosome assembly [GO:1903553]; positive regulation of JNK cascade [GO:0046330]; positive regulation of pathway-restricted SMAD protein phosphorylation [GO:0010862]; positive regulation of phosphorylation [GO:0042327]; positive regulation of transforming growth factor beta receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030511]; protein targeting to membrane [GO:0006612]; Ras protein signal transduction [GO:0007265]; regulation of mitotic cell cycle [GO:0007346]; substrate-dependent cell migration, cell extension [GO:0006930]; synaptic transmission [GO:0007268]</p>		<p>interleukin-5 receptor complex [GO:0005895]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; membrane raft [GO:0045121]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>(PubMed:25893292). In concert with SDC1/4 and PDCD6IP, regulates exosome biogenesis (PubMed:22660413). Reg</p>
FLN A	cytoskeleton organization	<p>actin crosslink formation [GO:0051764]; actin cytoskeleton reorganization [GO:0031532]; adenylate cyclase-inhibiting dopamine receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007195]; cell junction assembly [GO:0034329]; cilium assembly [GO:0042384]; cytoplasmic</p>	<p>actin filament binding [GO:0051015]; Fc-gamma receptor I complex binding [GO:0034988]; glycoprotein binding [GO:0001948]; G-protein coupled receptor binding</p>	<p>actin cytoskeleton [GO:0015629]; actin filament [GO:0005884]; apical dendrite [GO:0097440]; cell-cell junction [GO:0005911]; cortical cytoskeleton [GO:0030863]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol</p>	<p>Promotes orthogonal branching of actin filaments and links actin filaments to membrane glycoproteins. Anchors various transmembrane proteins to the actin cytoskeleton and serves as a scaffold for a wide range of cytoplasmic signaling proteins. Interaction with FLNA may allow neuroblast migration from the ventricular zone into the cortical plate. Tethers cell surface-localized</p>

	<p>sequestering of protein [GO:0051220]; establishment of protein localization [GO:0045184]; mitotic spindle assembly [GO:0090307]; mRNA transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0042789]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of protein catabolic process [GO:0042177]; negative regulation of sequence-specific DNA binding transcription factor activity [GO:0043433]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase I promoter [GO:0016479]; platelet activation [GO:0030168]; platelet aggregation [GO:0070527]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of I-kappaB kinase/NF-kappaB signaling [GO:0043123]; positive regulation of integrin-mediated signaling pathway [GO:2001046]; positive regulation of substrate adhesion-dependent cell spreading [GO:1900026]; positive regulation of transcription factor import into nucleus [GO:0042993]; protein localization to cell surface [GO:0034394]; protein stabilization</p>	<p>[GO:0001664]; GTPase binding [GO:0051020]; kinase binding [GO:0019900]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; Rac GTPase binding [GO:0048365]; Ral GTPase binding [GO:0017160]; Rho GTPase binding [GO:0017048]; signal transducer activity [GO:0004871]; small GTPase binding [GO:0031267]; transcription factor binding [GO:0008134]</p>	<p>[GO:0005829]; dendritic shaft [GO:0043198]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; membrane [GO:0016020]; Myb complex [GO:0031523]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; nucleolus [GO:0005730]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>furin, modulates its rate of internalization and directs its intracellular trafficking (By similarity). Involved in ciliogenesis. Plays a role in cell-cell contacts and adherens junctions during the development of blood vessels, heart and brain organs. Plays a role in platelets morphology</p>
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		[GO:0050821]; receptor clustering [GO:0043113]; regulation of cell migration [GO:0030334]; semaphorin-plexin signaling pathway [GO:0071526]; wound healing, spreading of cells [GO:0044319]			
ARP C1B	cytoske leton organiz ation	Arp2/3 complex- mediated actin nucleation [GO:0034314]; ephrin receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048013]; Fc- gamma receptor signaling pathway involved in phagocytosis [GO:0038096]; movement of cell or subcellular component [GO:0006928]	structural constituent of cytoskeleton [GO:0005200]	actin cytoskeleton [GO:0015629]; Arp2/3 protein complex [GO:0005885]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]	Functions as component of the Arp2/3 complex which is involved in regulation of actin polymerization and together with an activating nucleation- promoting factor (NPF) mediates the formation of branched actin networks.
LAS P1	cytoske leton organiz ation	ion transport [GO:0006811]	ion transmembran e transporter activity [GO:0015075]; SH3/SH2 adaptor activity [GO:0005070]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	cortical actin cytoskeleton [GO:0030864]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]	Plays an important role in the regulation of dynamic actin-based, cytoskeletal activities. Agonist- dependent changes in LASP1 phosphorylation may also serve to regulate actin-associated ion transport activities, not only in the parietal cell but also in certain other F- actin-rich secretory epithelial cell types (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
ROC K1	cytoske leton organiz ation	actin cytoskeleton organization [GO:0030036]; apical constriction [GO:0003383]; bleb assembly [GO:0032060]; cellular component disassembly involved in execution phase of apoptosis [GO:0006921]; cortical actin cytoskeleton organization [GO:0030866]; ephrin receptor	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; protein kinase activity [GO:0004672]; protein serine/threoni ne kinase activity [GO:0004674]	bleb [GO:0032059]; centriole [GO:0005814]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; Golgi membrane [GO:0000139]; lamellipodium [GO:0030027]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886];	Protein kinase which is a key regulator of actin cytoskeleton and cell polarity. Involved in regulation of smooth muscle contraction, actin cytoskeleton organization, stress fiber and focal adhesion formation, neurite retraction, cell adhesion and motility via phosphorylation of DAPK3, GFAP, LIMK1, LIMK2, MYL9/MLC2, PFN1 and PPP1R12A. Phosphorylates FHOD1 and acts synergistically

	<p>signaling pathway [GO:0048013]; establishment of protein localization to plasma membrane [GO:0090002]; I-kappaB kinase/NF-kappaB signaling [GO:0007249]; leukocyte cell-cell adhesion [GO:0007159]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; leukocyte tethering or rolling [GO:0050901]; membrane to membrane docking [GO:0022614]; myoblast migration [GO:0051451]; negative regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0016525]; negative regulation of bicellular tight junction assembly [GO:1903347]; negative regulation of myosin-light-chain-phosphatase activity [GO:0035509]; negative regulation of neuron apoptotic process [GO:0043524]; negative regulation of protein binding [GO:0032091]; positive regulation of focal adhesion assembly [GO:0051894]; protein phosphorylation [GO:0006468]; regulation of actin cytoskeleton organization [GO:0032956]; regulation of cell adhesion [GO:0030155]; regulation of cell motility [GO:2000145]; regulation of establishment of cell</p>		<p>ruffle [GO:0001726]</p>	<p>with it to promote SRC-dependent non-apoptotic plasma membrane blebbing. Phosphorylates JIP3 and regulates the recruitment of JNK to JIP3 upon UVB-induced stress. Acts as a suppressor of inflammatory cell migration by regulating PTEN phosphorylation and stability. Acts as a negative r</p>
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		<p>polarity [GO:2000114]; regulation of establishment of endothelial barrier [GO:1903140]; regulation of focal adhesion assembly [GO:0051893]; regulation of keratinocyte differentiation [GO:0045616]; regulation of stress fiber assembly [GO:0051492]; Rho protein signal transduction [GO:0007266]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]; smooth muscle contraction [GO:0006939]; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048010]</p>			
TAG LN	cytoskeleton organization	<p>epithelial cell differentiation [GO:0030855]; muscle organ development [GO:0007517]</p>		cytoplasm [GO:0005737]	<p>Actin cross-linking/gelling protein (By similarity). Involved in calcium interactions and contractile properties of the cell that may contribute to replicative senescence. {ECO:0000250}.</p>
MY H10	cytoskeleton organization	<p>actin filament-based movement [GO:0030048]; actomyosin structure organization [GO:0031032]; adult heart development [GO:0007512]; aorta development [GO:0035904]; axon guidance [GO:0007411]; cardiac myofibril assembly [GO:0055003]; cardiac septum development [GO:0003279]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell proliferation [GO:0008283];</p>	<p>actin binding [GO:0003779]; actin-dependent ATPase activity [GO:0030898]; actin filament binding [GO:0051015]; ADP binding [GO:0043531]; ATP binding [GO:0005524]; microfilament motor activity [GO:0000146]</p>	<p>actin cytoskeleton [GO:0015629]; actomyosin [GO:0042641]; axon [GO:0030424]; brush border [GO:0005903]; cell cortex [GO:0005938]; cleavage furrow [GO:0032154]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; dendritic spine [GO:0043197]; extracellular exosome</p>	<p>Cellular myosin that appears to play a role in cytokinesis, cell shape, and specialized functions such as secretion and capping. Involved with LARP6 in the stabilization of type I collagen mRNAs for CO1A1 and CO1A2. During cell spreading, plays an important role in cytoskeleton reorganization, focal contacts formation (in the central part but not the margins of spreading cells), and lamellipodial extension; this function is mechanically antagonized by MYH9. {ECO:0000269}PubMed:20052411,</p>

		<p>cerebellar Purkinje cell layer development [GO:0021680]; coronary vasculature development [GO:0060976]; exocytosis [GO:0006887]; fourth ventricle development [GO:0021592]; in utero embryonic development [GO:0001701]; lateral ventricle development [GO:0021670]; mitotic cytokinesis [GO:0000281]; neuromuscular process controlling balance [GO:0050885]; neuron migration [GO:0001764]; nuclear migration [GO:0007097]; plasma membrane repair [GO:0001778]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; retina development in camera-type eye [GO:0060041]; substrate-dependent cell migration, cell extension [GO:0006930]; third ventricle development [GO:0021678]; ventricular cardiac muscle cell development [GO:0055015]</p>		<p>[GO:0070062]; growth cone [GO:0030426]; lamellipodium [GO:0030027]; midbody [GO:0030496]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; myosin complex [GO:0016459]; myosin II complex [GO:0016460]; myosin II filament [GO:0097513]; neuromuscular junction [GO:0031594]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; spindle [GO:0005819]; stress fiber [GO:0001725]</p>	<p>ECO:0000269|PubMed:20603131}.</p>
SUN2	cytoskeleton organization	<p>centrosome localization [GO:0051642]; cytoskeletal anchoring at nuclear membrane [GO:0090286]; mitotic spindle organization [GO:0007052]; nuclear envelope organization</p>	<p>identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; lamin binding [GO:0005521]; microtubule binding [GO:0008017]</p>	<p>condensed nuclear chromosome [GO:0000794]; endosome membrane [GO:0010008]; integral component of nuclear inner membrane [GO:0005639];</p>	<p>Component of SUN-protein-containing multivariate complexes also called LINC complexes which link the nucleoskeleton and cytoskeleton by providing versatile outer nuclear membrane attachment sites for cytoskeletal filaments. Specifically, SYNE2 and SUN2</p>

		[GO:0006998]; nuclear matrix anchoring at nuclear membrane [GO:0090292]; nuclear migration [GO:0007097]; nuclear migration along microfilament [GO:0031022]; positive regulation of cell migration [GO:0030335]		LINC complex [GO:0034993]; nuclear chromosome, telomeric region [GO:0000784]; nuclear envelope [GO:0005635]; nuclear membrane [GO:0031965]	assemble in arrays of transmembrane actin-associated nuclear (TAN) lines which are bound to F-actin cables and couple the nucleus to retrograde actin flow during actin-dependent nuclear movement. Required for interkinetic nuclear migration (INM) and essential for nucleokinesis and centrosome-nucleus coupling during radial neuronal migration in the cerebral cortex and during glial migration. Anchors chromosome mo
CNN 2	cytoskeleton organization	actomyosin structure organization [GO:0031032]; cellular response to mechanical stimulus [GO:0071260]; cytoskeleton organization [GO:0007010]; regulation of actin filament-based process [GO:0032970]	actin binding [GO:0003779]	cell-cell junction [GO:0005911]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; membrane [GO:0016020]; stress fiber [GO:0001725]	Thin filament-associated protein that is implicated in the regulation and modulation of smooth muscle contraction. It is capable of binding to actin, calmodulin, troponin C and tropomyosin. The interaction of calponin with actin inhibits the actomyosin Mg-ATPase activity.
VIM	cytoskeleton organization	astrocyte development [GO:0014002]; Bergmann glial cell differentiation [GO:0060020]; intermediate filament organization [GO:0045109]; lens fiber cell development [GO:0070307]; movement of cell or subcellular component [GO:0006928]; muscle filament sliding [GO:0030049]; negative regulation of neuron projection development [GO:0010977]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; SMAD protein signal transduction	double-stranded RNA binding [GO:0003725]; glycoprotein binding [GO:0001948]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; keratin filament binding [GO:1990254]; protein C-terminus binding [GO:0008022]; scaffold protein binding [GO:0097110]; structural constituent of cytoskeleton [GO:0005200]	cell leading edge [GO:0031252]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; intermediate filament [GO:0005882]; intermediate filament cytoskeleton [GO:0045111]; neuron projection [GO:0043005]; peroxisome [GO:0005777]; plasma	Vimentins are class-III intermediate filaments found in various non-epithelial cells, especially mesenchymal cells. Vimentin is attached to the nucleus, endoplasmic reticulum, and mitochondria, either laterally or terminally. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:21746880}.; FUNCTION: Involved with LARP6 in the stabilization of type I collagen mRNAs for CO1A1 and CO1A2. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:21746880}.

		[GO:0060395]; viral process [GO:0016032]	]; structural constituent of eye lens [GO:0005212]	membrane [GO:0005886]	
LMC D1	extracellular matrix	cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; mitophagy in response to mitochondrial depolarization [GO:0098779]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; positive regulation of calcineurin-NFAT signaling cascade [GO:0070886]; positive regulation of defense response to virus by host [GO:0002230]; regulation of cardiac muscle hypertrophy [GO:0010611]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]; xenophagy [GO:0098792]	transcription corepressor activity [GO:0003714]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	Transcriptional cofactor that restricts GATA6 function by inhibiting DNA-binding, resulting in repression of GATA6 transcriptional activation of downstream target genes. Represses GATA6-mediated trans activation of lung- and cardiac tissue-specific promoters. Inhibits DNA-binding by GATA4 and GATA1 to the cTNC promoter (By similarity). Plays a critical role in the development of cardiac hypertrophy via activation of calcineurin/nuclear factor of activated T-cells signaling pathway. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20026769}.
SPARCL1	extracellular matrix	signal transduction [GO:0007165]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	
FBLN1	extracellular matrix	blood coagulation, fibrin clot formation [GO:0072378]; embryo implantation [GO:0007566]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; negative regulation of cell adhesion [GO:0007162]; negative regulation of cell motility [GO:2000146]; negative regulation of ERK1 and ERK2	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; extracellular matrix structural constituent [GO:0005201]; fibrinogen binding [GO:0070051]; fibronectin binding [GO:0001968]; identical	basement membrane [GO:0005604]; elastic fiber [GO:0071953]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; proteinaceous extracellular	Incorporated into fibronectin-containing matrix fibers. May play a role in cell adhesion and migration along protein fibers within the extracellular matrix (ECM). Could be important for certain developmental processes and contribute to the supramolecular organization of ECM architecture, in particular to those of basement membranes. Has been

		<p>cascade [GO:0070373]; negative regulation of protein phosphorylation [GO:0001933]; negative regulation of stem cell proliferation [GO:2000647]; negative regulation of substrate adhesion-dependent cell spreading [GO:1900025]; negative regulation of transformation of host cell by virus [GO:1904188]; negative regulation of transforming growth factor-beta secretion [GO:2001202]; positive regulation of fibroblast proliferation [GO:0048146]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; positive regulation of substrate-dependent cell migration, cell attachment to substrate [GO:1904237]; viral process [GO:0016032]</p>	<p>protein binding [GO:0042802]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]; peptidase activator activity [GO:0016504]; protein complex binding [GO:0032403]; protein C-terminus binding [GO:0008022]</p>	<p>matrix [GO:0005578]</p>	<p>implicated in a role in cellular transformation and tumor invasion, it appears to be a tumor suppressor. May play a role in haemostasis and thrombosis owing to its ability to bind fibrinogen and incorporate into clots. Could play a significant role in modulating the neurotrophic activities of APP, particularly soluble APP.</p>
TPS AB1	extracellular matrix	<p>defense response [GO:0006952]; extracellular matrix disassembly [GO:0022617]</p>	<p>serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; serine-type peptidase activity [GO:0008236]</p>	<p>extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]</p>	<p>Tryptase is the major neutral protease present in mast cells and is secreted upon the coupled activation-degranulation response of this cell type. May play a role in innate immunity. Isoform 2 cleaves large substrates, such as fibronectin, more efficiently than isoform 1, but seems less efficient toward small substrates (PubMed:18854315). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P21845, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18854315}.</p>

F2	extracellular matrix	<p>acute-phase response [GO:0006953]; blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; blood coagulation, intrinsic pathway [GO:0007597]; cell surface receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007166]; cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; cellular response to mechanical stimulus [GO:0071260]; ER to Golgi vesicle-mediated transport [GO:0006888]; fibrinolysis [GO:0042730]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; multicellular organism development [GO:0007275]; negative regulation of astrocyte differentiation [GO:0048712]; negative regulation of fibrinolysis [GO:0051918]; negative regulation of platelet activation [GO:0010544]; negative regulation of proteolysis [GO:0045861]; peptidyl-glutamic acid carboxylation [GO:0017187]; platelet activation [GO:0030168]; positive regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030194]; positive regulation of cell growth [GO:0030307]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; positive regulation of collagen biosynthetic process [GO:0032967]; positive regulation of phosphatidylinositol</p>	<p>calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; growth factor activity [GO:0008083]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; thrombospondin receptor activity [GO:0070053]</p>	<p>blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; Golgi lumen [GO:0005796]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>Thrombin, which cleaves bonds after Arg and Lys, converts fibrinogen to fibrin and activates factors V, VII, VIII, XIII, and, in complex with thrombomodulin, protein C. Functions in blood homeostasis, inflammation and wound healing. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:2856554}.</p>
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		<p>3-kinase signaling [GO:0014068]; positive regulation of phospholipase C-activating G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:1900738]; positive regulation of protein phosphorylation [GO:0001934]; positive regulation of reactive oxygen species metabolic process [GO:2000379]; positive regulation of release of sequestered calcium ion into cytosol [GO:0051281]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]; regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030193]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0051480]; regulation of gene expression [GO:0010468]; response to inactivity [GO:0014854]; response to wounding [GO:0009611]; signal peptide processing [GO:0006465]</p>			
SERPIND1	extracellular matrix	<p>bioluminescence [GO:0008218]; blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; chemotaxis [GO:0006935]</p>	<p>endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004866]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]</p>	<p>Thrombin inhibitor activated by the glycosaminoglycans, heparin or dermatan sulfate. In the presence of the latter, HC-II becomes the predominant thrombin inhibitor in place of antithrombin III (AT-III). Also inhibits chymotrypsin, but in a glycosaminoglycan-independent manner. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:1939083}.; FUNCTION:</p>

					Peptides at the N-terminal of HC-II have chemotactic activity for both monocytes and neutrophils. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:1939083}.
MFG E8	extracellular matrix	angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; phagocytosis, engulfment [GO:0006911]; phagocytosis, recognition [GO:0006910]; positive regulation of apoptotic cell clearance [GO:2000427]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; response to estrogen [GO:0043627]; single fertilization [GO:0007338]; viral process [GO:0016032]	phosphatidylethanolamine binding [GO:0008429]; phosphatidylserine binding [GO:0001786]	external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; extrinsic component of plasma membrane [GO:0019897]; membrane [GO:0016020]	Plays an important role in the maintenance of intestinal epithelial homeostasis and the promotion of mucosal healing. Promotes VEGF-dependent neovascularization (By similarity). Contributes to phagocytic removal of apoptotic cells in many tissues. Specific ligand for the alpha-v/beta-3 and alpha-v/beta-5 receptors. Also binds to phosphatidylserine-enriched cell surfaces in a receptor-independent manner. Zona pellucida-binding protein which may play a role in gamete interaction. Binds specifically to rotavirus and inhibits its replication. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19204935}.; FUNCTION: Medin is the main constituent of aortic medial amyloid. {ECO:0000269}
COL 6A3	extracellular matrix	cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; collagen catabolic process [GO:0030574]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; muscle organ development [GO:0007517]	serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]	collagen type VI trimer [GO:0005589]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561];	Collagen VI acts as a cell-binding protein.

				proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]	
VTN	extracellular matrix	cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell adhesion mediated by integrin [GO:0033627]; cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0007160]; endodermal cell differentiation [GO:0035987]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; immune response [GO:0006955]; negative regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030195]; negative regulation of endopeptidase activity [GO:0010951]; oligodendrocyte differentiation [GO:0048709]; positive regulation of cell-substrate adhesion [GO:0010811]; positive regulation of peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation [GO:0050731]; positive regulation of protein binding [GO:0032092]; positive regulation of receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0048260]; positive regulation of smooth muscle cell migration [GO:0014911]; positive regulation of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030949]; positive regulation of wound healing [GO:0090303]; regulation of	extracellular matrix binding [GO:0050840]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]; polysaccharide binding [GO:0030247]; scavenger receptor activity [GO:0005044]	alphav-beta3 integrin-vitronectin complex [GO:0071062]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	Vitronectin is a cell adhesion and spreading factor found in serum and tissues. Vitronectin interact with glycosaminoglycans and proteoglycans. Is recognized by certain members of the integrin family and serves as a cell-to-substrate adhesion molecule. Inhibitor of the membrane-damaging effect of the terminal cytolytic complement pathway.; FUNCTION: Somatomedin-B is a growth hormone-dependent serum factor with protease-inhibiting activity.

		complement activation [GO:0030449]; smooth muscle cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0061302]			
COL 6A1	extracellular matrix	cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cellular response to amino acid stimulus [GO:0071230]; collagen catabolic process [GO:0030574]; endodermal cell differentiation [GO:0035987]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; osteoblast differentiation [GO:0001649]; protein heterotrimerization [GO:0070208]	platelet-derived growth factor binding [GO:0048407]	collagen type VI trimer [GO:0005589]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; lysosomal membrane [GO:0005765]; membrane [GO:0016020]; protein complex [GO:0043234]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]	Collagen VI acts as a cell-binding protein.
ABI 3BP	extracellular matrix	extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; positive regulation of cell-substrate adhesion [GO:0010811]	heparin binding [GO:0008201]	extracellular space [GO:0005615]; interstitial matrix [GO:0005614]	
COL 14A 1	extracellular matrix	collagen fibril organization [GO:0030199]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; single organismal cell-cell adhesion [GO:0016337]	collagen binding [GO:0005518]; extracellular matrix structural constituent [GO:0005201]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein binding, bridging [GO:0030674]	collagen trimer [GO:0005581]; collagen type XIV trimer [GO:0005596]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; proteinaceous extracellular	Plays an adhesive role by integrating collagen bundles. It is probably associated with the surface of interstitial collagen fibrils via COL1. The COL2 domain may then serve as a rigid arm which sticks out from the fibril and protrudes the large N-terminal globular domain into the extracellular space, where it might interact with other matrix molecules or cell surface receptors (By similarity). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:2187872}.

				matrix [GO:0005578]	
FN1	extracellular matrix	acute-phase response [GO:0006953]; angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; calcium-independent cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0007161]; cell activation [GO:0001775]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell-substrate junction assembly [GO:0007044]; cellular response to BMP stimulus [GO:0071773]; cellular response to glucose stimulus [GO:0071333]; cellular response to interleukin-1 [GO:0071347]; cellular response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0071222]; cellular response to mercury ion [GO:0071288]; cellular response to platelet-derived growth factor stimulus [GO:0036120]; cellular response to prostaglandin E stimulus [GO:0071380]; cellular response to transforming growth factor beta stimulus [GO:0071560]; cellular response to vascular endothelial growth factor stimulus [GO:0035924]; endodermal cell differentiation [GO:0035987]; extracellular matrix disassembly [GO:0022617]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; glial cell migration [GO:0008347];	collagen binding [GO:0005518]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]; mercury ion binding [GO:0045340]; peptidase activator activity [GO:0016504]; protease binding [GO:0002020]	apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324]; basal lamina [GO:0005605]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment [GO:0005793]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; fibrinogen complex [GO:0005577]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]	Fibronectins bind cell surfaces and various compounds including collagen, fibrin, heparin, DNA, and actin. Fibronectins are involved in cell adhesion, cell motility, opsonization, wound healing, and maintenance of cell shape. Involved in osteoblast compaction through the fibronectin fibrillogenesis cell-mediated matrix assembly process, essential for osteoblast mineralization. Participates in the regulation of type I collagen deposition by osteoblasts.; FUNCTION: Anstellin binds fibronectin and induces fibril formation. This fibronectin polymer, named superfibronectin, exhibits enhanced adhesive properties. Both anastellin and superfibronectin inhibit tumor g

	<p>integrin activation [GO:0033622]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of transforming growth factor-beta secretion [GO:2001202]; peptide cross-linking [GO:0018149]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of axon extension [GO:0045773]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; positive regulation of chemotaxis [GO:0050921]; positive regulation of fibroblast proliferation [GO:0048146]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; positive regulation of substrate-dependent cell migration, cell attachment to substrate [GO:1904237]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; regulation of ERK1 and ERK2 cascade [GO:0070372]; regulation of protein phosphorylation [GO:0001932]; response to glucocorticoid [GO:0051384]; response to ischemia [GO:0002931]; response to ozone [GO:0010193]; response to wounding [GO:0009611]; substrate adhesion- dependent cell</p>			
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		spreading [GO:0034446]; wound healing [GO:0042060]			
COL 6A2	extracel lular matrix	cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; collagen catabolic process [GO:0030574]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; protein heterotrimerization [GO:0070208]; response to glucose [GO:0009749]		collagen trimer [GO:0005581]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]; protein complex [GO:0043234]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]	Collagen VI acts as a cell- binding protein.
APO E	extracel lular matrix	AMPA glutamate receptor clustering [GO:0097113]; artery morphogenesis [GO:0048844]; cellular calcium ion homeostasis [GO:0006874]; cGMP-mediated signaling [GO:0019934]; cholesterol catabolic process [GO:0006707]; cholesterol efflux [GO:0033344]; cholesterol homeostasis [GO:0042632]; cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; chylomicron remnant clearance [GO:0034382]; cytoskeleton	antioxidant activity [GO:0016209]; beta- amyloid binding [GO:0001540]; cholesterol binding [GO:0015485]; cholesterol transporter activity [GO:0017127]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; lipid binding [GO:0008289]; lipid transporter	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; chylomicron [GO:0042627]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; dendrite [GO:0030425]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endocytic vesicle lumen [GO:0071682]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region	Mediates the binding, internalization, and catabolism of lipoprotein particles. It can serve as a ligand for the LDL (apo B/E) receptor and for the specific apo-E receptor (chylomicron remnant) of hepatic tissues. {ECO:0000303|PubMed:3 283935}.

	<p>organization [GO:0007010]; fatty acid homeostasis [GO:0055089]; G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007186]; high-density lipoprotein particle assembly [GO:0034380]; high-density lipoprotein particle clearance [GO:0034384]; high-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034375]; intracellular transport [GO:0046907]; lipoprotein biosynthetic process [GO:0042158]; lipoprotein catabolic process [GO:0042159]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157]; long-chain fatty acid transport [GO:0015909]; low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034374]; maintenance of location in cell [GO:0051651]; negative regulation of beta-amyloid formation [GO:1902430]; negative regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030195]; negative regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell migration [GO:0043537]; negative regulation of canonical Wnt signaling pathway [GO:0090090]; negative regulation of cholesterol biosynthetic process [GO:0045541]; negative regulation of cholesterol efflux [GO:0090370];</p>	<p>activity [GO:0005319]; lipoprotein particle binding [GO:0071813]; low-density lipoprotein particle receptor binding [GO:0050750]; metal chelating activity [GO:0046911]; phosphatidylcholine-sterol O-acyltransferase activator activity [GO:0060228]; phospholipid binding [GO:0005543]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; tau protein binding [GO:0048156]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle receptor binding [GO:0070326]</p>	<p>[GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; intermediate-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034363]; low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034362]; membrane [GO:0016020]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]</p>	
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	<p>negative regulation of dendritic spine development [GO:0061000]; negative regulation of dendritic spine maintenance [GO:1902951]; negative regulation of endothelial cell proliferation [GO:0001937]; negative regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050728]; negative regulation of lipid biosynthetic process [GO:0051055]; negative regulation of lipid transport across blood brain barrier [GO:1903001]; negative regulation of MAP kinase activity [GO:0043407]; negative regulation of neuron apoptotic process [GO:0043524]; negative regulation of neuron death [GO:1901215]; negative regulation of phospholipid efflux [GO:1902999]; negative regulation of platelet activation [GO:0010544]; negative regulation of postsynaptic membrane organization [GO:1901627]; negative regulation of presynaptic membrane organization [GO:1901630]; neuron projection regeneration [GO:0031102]; nitric oxide mediated signal transduction [GO:0007263]; NMDA glutamate</p>			
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	receptor clustering [GO:0097114]; phospholipid efflux [GO:0033700]; positive regulation by host of viral process [GO:0044794]; positive regulation of beta-amyloid formation [GO:1902004]; positive regulation of cGMP biosynthetic process [GO:0030828]; positive regulation of cholesterol efflux [GO:0010875]; positive regulation of cholesterol esterification [GO:0010873]; positive regulation of dendritic spine development [GO:0060999]; positive regulation of dendritic spine maintenance [GO:1902952]; positive regulation of lipid biosynthetic process [GO:0046889]; positive regulation of lipid transport across blood brain barrier [GO:1903002]; positive regulation of low-density lipoprotein particle receptor catabolic process [GO:0032805]; positive regulation of membrane protein ectodomain proteolysis [GO:0051044]; positive regulation of neurofibrillary tangle assembly [GO:1902998]; positive regulation of neuron death [GO:1901216]; positive regulation of nitric-oxide synthase activity			
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	<p>[GO:0051000]; positive regulation of phospholipid efflux [GO:1902995]; positive regulation of postsynaptic membrane organization [GO:1901628]; positive regulation of presynaptic membrane organization [GO:1901631]; protein import [GO:0017038]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; regulation of axon extension [GO:0030516]; regulation of beta- amyloid clearance [GO:1900221]; regulation of Cdc42 protein signal transduction [GO:0032489]; regulation of gene expression [GO:0010468]; regulation of neuronal synaptic plasticity [GO:0048168]; regulation of neuron death [GO:1901214]; regulation of tau- protein kinase activity [GO:1902947]; response to dietary excess [GO:0002021]; response to reactive oxygen species [GO:0000302]; retinoid metabolic process [GO:0001523]; reverse cholesterol transport [GO:0043691]; synaptic transmission, cholinergic [GO:0007271]; triglyceride catabolic process</p>			
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		[GO:0019433]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]; vasodilation [GO:0042311]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle clearance [GO:0034447]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034372]; virion assembly [GO:0019068]			
AEB P1	extracellular matrix	muscle organ development [GO:0007517]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; peptide metabolic process [GO:0006518]; protein processing [GO:0016485]; skeletal system development [GO:0001501]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]	carboxypeptidase activity [GO:0004180]; metallocarboxypeptidase activity [GO:0004181]; RNA polymerase II regulatory region sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0000977]; serine-type carboxypeptidase activity [GO:0004185]; transcriptional repressor activity, RNA polymerase II transcription regulatory region sequence-specific binding [GO:0001227]; transcription corepressor activity [GO:0003714]; transcription factor activity, sequence-specific DNA binding	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	May positively regulate MAP-kinase activity in adipocytes, leading to enhanced adipocyte proliferation and reduced adipocyte differentiation. May also positively regulate NF-kappa-B activity in macrophages by promoting the phosphorylation and subsequent degradation of I-kappa-B-alpha (NFKBIA), leading to enhanced macrophage inflammatory responsiveness. Can act as a transcriptional repressor. {ECO:0000250}.

			[GO:0003700]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]		
TGF BI	extracellular matrix	angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell proliferation [GO:0008283]; cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; chondrocyte differentiation [GO:0002062]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; negative regulation of cell adhesion [GO:0007162]; response to stimulus [GO:0050896]; visual perception [GO:0007601]	collagen binding [GO:0005518]; extracellular matrix binding [GO:0050840]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]	basement membrane [GO:0005604]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]; trans-Golgi network [GO:0005802]	Plays a role in cell adhesion (PubMed:8024701). May play a role in cell-collagen interactions (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O11780, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8024701}.
AHS G	extracellular matrix	acute-phase response [GO:0006953]; negative regulation of biomineral tissue development [GO:0070168]; negative regulation of bone mineralization [GO:0030502]; negative regulation of insulin receptor signaling pathway [GO:0046627]; ossification [GO:0001503]; pinocytosis [GO:0006907]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of phagocytosis [GO:0050766]; regulation of bone mineralization [GO:0030500]; regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050727]; skeletal system	cysteine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004869]; endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004866]; kinase inhibitor activity [GO:0019210]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]	Promotes endocytosis, possesses opsonic properties and influences the mineral phase of bone. Shows affinity for calcium and barium ions.

		development [GO:0001501]			
THB S1	extracellular matrix	activation of MAPK activity [GO:0000187]; behavioral response to pain [GO:0048266]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell cycle arrest [GO:0007050]; cell migration [GO:0016477]; cellular response to heat [GO:0034605]; chronic inflammatory response [GO:0002544]; engulfment of apoptotic cell [GO:0043652]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; immune response [GO:0006955]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; negative regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0016525]; negative regulation of antigen processing and presentation of peptide or polysaccharide antigen via MHC class II [GO:0002581]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell migration [GO:0043537]; negative regulation of cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0001953]; negative regulation of cGMP-mediated signaling [GO:0010754]; negative regulation of cysteine-type	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; collagen V binding [GO:0070052]; fibrinogen binding [GO:0070051]; fibroblast growth factor binding [GO:0017134]; fibronectin binding [GO:0001968]; glycoprotein binding [GO:0001948]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]; laminin binding [GO:0043236]; low-density lipoprotein particle binding [GO:0030169]; phosphatidylerine binding [GO:0001786]; proteoglycan binding [GO:0043394]; transforming growth factor beta binding [GO:0050431]	cell surface [GO:0009986]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; fibrinogen complex [GO:0005577]; platelet alpha granule [GO:0031091]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]; sarcoplasmic reticulum [GO:0016529]; secretory granule [GO:0030141]	Adhesive glycoprotein that mediates cell-to-cell and cell-to-matrix interactions. Binds heparin. May play a role in dentinogenesis and/or maintenance of dentin and dental pulp (By similarity). Ligand for CD36 mediating antiangiogenic properties. Plays a role in ER stress response, via its interaction with the activating transcription factor 6 alpha (ATF6) which produces adaptive ER stress response factors (By similarity). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11134179, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15014436}.

	<p>endopeptidase activity involved in apoptotic process [GO:0043154]; negative regulation of dendritic cell antigen processing and presentation [GO:0002605]; negative regulation of endothelial cell chemotaxis [GO:2001027]; negative regulation of endothelial cell migration [GO:0010596]; negative regulation of endothelial cell proliferation [GO:0001937]; negative regulation of extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway [GO:2001237]; negative regulation of fibrinolysis [GO:0051918]; negative regulation of fibroblast growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0040037]; negative regulation of focal adhesion assembly [GO:0051895]; negative regulation of interleukin-12 production [GO:0032695]; negative regulation of nitric oxide mediated signal transduction [GO:0010751]; negative regulation of plasma membrane long-chain fatty acid transport [GO:0010748]; negative regulation of plasminogen activation [GO:0010757]; peptide cross-linking [GO:0018149]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576];</p>			
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	<p>positive regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0045766];</p> <p>positive regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030194];</p> <p>positive regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell migration [GO:0043536];</p> <p>positive regulation of cell migration [GO:0030335];</p> <p>positive regulation of chemotaxis [GO:0050921];</p> <p>positive regulation of endothelial cell apoptotic process [GO:2000353];</p> <p>positive regulation of endothelial cell migration [GO:0010595];</p> <p>positive regulation of extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway via death domain receptors [GO:1902043];</p> <p>positive regulation of fibroblast migration [GO:0010763];</p> <p>positive regulation of macrophage activation [GO:0043032];</p> <p>positive regulation of macrophage chemotaxis [GO:0010759];</p> <p>positive regulation of phosphorylation [GO:0042327];</p> <p>positive regulation of protein kinase B signaling [GO:0051897];</p> <p>positive regulation of reactive oxygen species metabolic process [GO:2000379];</p> <p>positive regulation of transforming growth factor beta1 production [GO:0032914];</p> <p>positive regulation of</p>			
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		<p>transforming growth factor beta receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030511]; positive regulation of translation [GO:0045727]; positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor biosynthetic process [GO:0042535]; protein O-linked fucosylation [GO:0036066]; regulation of cGMP metabolic process [GO:0030823]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to endoplasmic reticulum stress [GO:0034976]; response to glucose [GO:0009749]; response to hypoxia [GO:0001666]; response to magnesium ion [GO:0032026]; response to progesterone [GO:0032570]; response to unfolded protein [GO:0006986]; sprouting angiogenesis [GO:0002040]</p>			
CTS G	extracellular matrix	<p>angiotensin maturation [GO:0002003]; cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; defense response to fungus [GO:0050832]; extracellular matrix disassembly [GO:0022617]; immune response [GO:0006955]; negative regulation of growth of symbiont in host [GO:0044130]; neutrophil mediated</p>	<p>heparin binding [GO:0008201]; peptidase activity [GO:0008233]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]</p>	<p>cell surface [GO:0009986]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; secretory granule [GO:0030141]</p>	<p>Serine protease with trypsin- and chymotrypsin-like specificity. Cleaves complement C3. Has antibacterial activity against the Gram-negative bacterium P.aeruginosa, antibacterial activity is inhibited by LPS from P.aeruginosa, Z-Gly-Leu-Phe-CH2Cl and phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:1861080, ECO:0000269|PubMed:1937776,</p>

		<p>killing of gram-positive bacterium [GO:0070946]; positive regulation of immune response [GO:0050778]; protein phosphorylation [GO:0006468]; protein processing [GO:0016485]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]; response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0032496]</p>			ECO:0000269|PubMed:8194606}.
LU M	extracellular matrix	<p>cartilage development [GO:0051216]; collagen fibril organization [GO:0030199]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; keratan sulfate biosynthetic process [GO:0018146]; keratan sulfate catabolic process [GO:0042340]; positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; positive regulation of transforming growth factor beta1 production [GO:0032914]; response to growth factor [GO:0070848]; response to organic cyclic compound [GO:0014070]; visual perception [GO:0007601]</p>	<p>collagen binding [GO:0005518]; extracellular matrix structural constituent [GO:0005201]</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; fibrillar collagen trimer [GO:0005583]; Golgi lumen [GO:0005796]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]</p>	
LPL	extracellular matrix	<p>cholesterol homeostasis [GO:0042632]; chylomicron remodeling [GO:0034371]; fatty acid biosynthetic process [GO:0006633]; lipoprotein metabolic process</p>	<p>apolipoprotein binding [GO:0034185]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; lipoprotein lipase activity [GO:0004465]; phospholipase</p>	<p>anchored component of membrane [GO:0031225]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; chylomicron [GO:0042627]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062];</p>	<p>The primary function of this lipase is the hydrolysis of triglycerides of circulating chylomicrons and very low density lipoproteins (VLDL). Binding to heparin sulfate proteoglycans at the cell surface is vital to the function. The</p>

		[GO:0042157]; phospholipid metabolic process [GO:0006644]; positive regulation of chemokine secretion [GO:0090197]; positive regulation of cholesterol storage [GO:0010886]; positive regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050729]; positive regulation of macrophage derived foam cell differentiation [GO:0010744]; positive regulation of sequestering of triglyceride [GO:0010890]; response to cold [GO:0009409]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to glucose [GO:0009749]; retinoid metabolic process [GO:0001523]; triglyceride biosynthetic process [GO:0019432]; triglyceride catabolic process [GO:0019433]; triglyceride homeostasis [GO:0070328]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034372]	activity [GO:0004620]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]; triglyceride binding [GO:0017129]; triglyceride lipase activity [GO:0004806]	extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]	apolipoprotein, APOC2, acts as a coactivator of LPL activity in the presence of lipids on the luminal surface of vascular endothelium (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
VCA N	extracellular matrix	cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell recognition [GO:0008037]; central nervous system development [GO:0007417]; chondroitin sulfate biosynthetic process [GO:0030206]; chondroitin sulfate catabolic process	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; carbohydrate binding [GO:0030246]; extracellular matrix structural constituent	extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; Golgi lumen [GO:0005796]; intracellular	May play a role in intercellular signaling and in connecting cells with the extracellular matrix. May take part in the regulation of cell motility, growth and differentiation. Binds hyaluronic acid.

		[GO:0030207]; dermatan sulfate biosynthetic process [GO:0030208]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; glial cell migration [GO:0008347]; glycosaminoglycan metabolic process [GO:0030203]; multicellular organism development [GO:0007275]; osteoblast differentiation [GO:0001649]; skeletal system development [GO:0001501]	[GO:0005201]; glycosaminoglycan binding [GO:0005539]; hyaluronic acid binding [GO:0005540]	membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; membrane [GO:0016020]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	
PRE LP	extracellular matrix	cell aging [GO:0007569]; keratan sulfate biosynthetic process [GO:0018146]; keratan sulfate catabolic process [GO:0042340]; skeletal system development [GO:0001501]	extracellular matrix structural constituent [GO:0005201]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; Golgi lumen [GO:0005796]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	May anchor basement membranes to the underlying connective tissue. {ECO:0000250}.
LTB P2	extracellular matrix	extracellular fibril organization [GO:0043206]; protein secretion [GO:0009306]; protein targeting [GO:0006605]; transforming growth factor beta receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007179]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; intracellular [GO:0005622]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	May play an integral structural role in elastic-fiber architectural organization and/or assembly.
APO H	extracellular matrix	aging [GO:0007568]; blood coagulation, intrinsic pathway [GO:0007597]; negative regulation	glycoprotein binding [GO:0001948]; heparin binding	cell surface [GO:0009986]; chylomicron [GO:0042627]; extracellular	Binds to various kinds of negatively charged substances such as heparin, phospholipids, and dextran sulfate. May

		<p>of angiogenesis [GO:0016525]; negative regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030195]; negative regulation of endothelial cell migration [GO:0010596]; negative regulation of endothelial cell proliferation [GO:0001937]; negative regulation of fibrinolysis [GO:0051918]; negative regulation of myeloid cell apoptotic process [GO:0033033]; negative regulation of respiratory burst [GO:0060268]; negative regulation of smooth muscle cell apoptotic process [GO:0034392]; organ regeneration [GO:0031100]; plasminogen activation [GO:0031639]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030194]; positive regulation of lipoprotein lipase activity [GO:0051006]; positive regulation of triglyceride catabolic process [GO:0010898]; regulation of fibrinolysis [GO:0051917]; response to triglyceride [GO:0034014]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]; triglyceride transport [GO:0034197]</p>	<p>[GO:0008201]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; lipid binding [GO:0008289]; lipoprotein lipase activator activity [GO:0060230]; phospholipid binding [GO:0005543]</p>	<p>exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; platelet dense granule lumen [GO:0031089]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]</p>	<p>prevent activation of the intrinsic blood coagulation cascade by binding to phospholipids on the surface of damaged cells.</p>
OGN	extracellular matrix	<p>axonogenesis [GO:0007409]; keratan sulfate</p>	<p>heparin binding</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062];</p>	<p>Induces bone formation in conjunction with TGF-beta-1 or TGF-beta-2.</p>

		<p>biosynthetic process [GO:0018146]; keratan sulfate catabolic process [GO:0042340]; negative regulation of smooth muscle cell proliferation [GO:0048662]</p>	<p>[GO:0008201]</p>	<p>extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; Golgi lumen [GO:0005796]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]</p>	
HM GB1	immune response	<p>activation of innate immune response [GO:0002218]; apoptotic cell clearance [GO:0043277]; apoptotic DNA fragmentation [GO:0006309]; autophagy [GO:0006914]; base-excision repair [GO:0006284]; chromatin assembly [GO:0031497]; dendritic cell chemotaxis [GO:0002407]; DNA geometric change [GO:0032392]; DNA ligation involved in DNA repair [GO:0051103]; DNA recombination [GO:0006310]; DNA topological change [GO:0006265]; endothelial cell chemotaxis [GO:0035767]; endothelial cell proliferation [GO:0001935]; eye development [GO:0001654]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; inflammatory response to antigenic stimulus [GO:0002437];</p>	<p>bubble DNA binding [GO:0000405]; calcium-dependent protein kinase regulator activity [GO:0010858]; chemoattractant activity [GO:0042056]; C-X-C chemokine binding [GO:0019958]; cytokine activity [GO:0005125]; damaged DNA binding [GO:0003684]; DNA binding, bending [GO:0008301]; DNA polymerase binding [GO:0070182]; double-stranded DNA binding [GO:0003690]; double-stranded RNA binding [GO:0003725]; four-way junction DNA binding</p>	<p>cell surface [GO:0009986]; condensed chromosome [GO:0000793]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment [GO:0005793]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; neuron projection [GO:0043005]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>Multifunctional redox sensitive protein with various roles in different cellular compartments. In the nucleus is one of the major chromatin-associated non-histone proteins and acts as a DNA chaperone involved in replication, transcription, chromatin remodeling, V(D)J recombination, DNA repair and genome stability. Proposed to be an universal biosensor for nucleic acids. Promotes host inflammatory response to sterile and infectious signals and is involved in the coordination and integration of innate and adaptive immune responses. In the cytoplasm functions as sensor and/or chaperone for immunogenic nucleic acids implicating the activation of TLR9-mediated immu</p>

	<p>innate immune response [GO:0045087]; lung development [GO:0030324]; macrophage activation involved in immune response [GO:0002281]; myeloid dendritic cell activation [GO:0001773]; negative regulation of apoptotic cell clearance [GO:2000426]; negative regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell migration [GO:0043537]; negative regulation of CD4-positive, alpha-beta T cell differentiation [GO:0043371]; negative regulation of interferon-gamma production [GO:0032689]; negative regulation of RNA polymerase II transcriptional preinitiation complex assembly [GO:0017055]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; neuron projection development [GO:0031175]; neutrophil clearance [GO:0097350]; plasmacytoid dendritic cell activation [GO:0002270]; positive regulation of activated T cell proliferation [GO:0042104]; positive regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043065]; positive regulation of cysteine-type endopeptidase</p>	<p>[GO:0000400]; lipopolysaccharide binding [GO:0001530]; lyase activity [GO:0016829]; phosphatidylserine binding [GO:0001786]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein kinase activator activity [GO:0030295]; RAGE receptor binding [GO:0050786]; repressing transcription factor binding [GO:0070491]; single-stranded DNA binding [GO:0003697]; single-stranded RNA binding [GO:0003727]; supercoiled DNA binding [GO:0097100]; transcription factor activity, sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0003700]; transcription factor binding [GO:0008134]</p>		
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	<p>activity involved in apoptotic process [GO:0043280]; positive regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0007204]; positive regulation of dendritic cell differentiation [GO:2001200]; positive regulation of DNA binding [GO:0043388]; positive regulation of DNA ligation [GO:0051106]; positive regulation of ERK1 and ERK2 cascade [GO:0070374]; positive regulation of glycogen catabolic process [GO:0045819]; positive regulation of interferon-alpha production [GO:0032727]; positive regulation of interferon-beta production [GO:0032728]; positive regulation of interleukin-10 production [GO:0032733]; positive regulation of interleukin-12 production [GO:0032735]; positive regulation of interleukin-1 beta secretion [GO:0050718]; positive regulation of interleukin-1 secretion [GO:0050716]; positive regulation of interleukin-6 secretion [GO:2000778]; positive regulation of JNK cascade [GO:0046330]; positive regulation of MAPK cascade [GO:0043410]; positive regulation of</p>			
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	<p>mismatch repair [GO:0032425]; positive regulation of monocyte chemotaxis [GO:0090026]; positive regulation of myeloid cell differentiation [GO:0045639]; positive regulation of NIK/NF-kappaB signaling [GO:1901224]; positive regulation of sprouting angiogenesis [GO:1903672]; positive regulation of toll-like receptor 2 signaling pathway [GO:0034137]; positive regulation of toll-like receptor 4 signaling pathway [GO:0034145]; positive regulation of toll-like receptor 9 signaling pathway [GO:0034165]; positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor production [GO:0032760]; positive regulation of wound healing [GO:0090303]; regulation of autophagy [GO:0010506]; regulation of nucleotide-excision repair [GO:2000819]; regulation of restriction endodeoxyribonuclea se activity [GO:0032072]; regulation of T cell mediated immune response to tumor cell [GO:0002840]; regulation of tolerance induction</p>			
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		[GO:0002643]; regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0006357]; response to glucocorticoid [GO:0051384]; T-helper 1 cell activation [GO:0035711]; T-helper 1 cell differentiation [GO:0045063]; tumor necrosis factor secretion [GO:1990774]; V(D)J recombination [GO:0033151]			
ANX A7	immune response	autophagy [GO:0006914]; cell proliferation [GO:0008283]; cellular calcium ion homeostasis [GO:0006874]; cellular water homeostasis [GO:0009992]; epithelial cell differentiation [GO:0030855]; hemostasis [GO:0007599]; membrane fusion [GO:0061025]; negative regulation of gene expression [GO:0010629]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]; response to organic cyclic compound [GO:0014070]; response to salt stress [GO:0009651]; social behavior [GO:0035176]	calcium-dependent phospholipid binding [GO:0005544]; calcium-dependent protein binding [GO:0048306]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; integrin binding [GO:0005178]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0005789]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nuclear envelope [GO:0005635]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	Calcium/phospholipid-binding protein which promotes membrane fusion and is involved in exocytosis.
ANX A11	immune response	cell cycle [GO:0007049]; cell division [GO:0051301]; phagocytosis [GO:0006909]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]	calcium-dependent phospholipid binding [GO:0005544]; calcium-dependent protein	azurophil granule [GO:0042582]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062];	Binds specifically to calcyclin in a calcium-dependent manner (By similarity). Required for midbody formation and completion of the terminal phase of cytokinesis. {ECO:0000250,

			binding [GO:0048306]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; MHC class II protein complex binding [GO:0023026]; phosphatidylethanolamine binding [GO:0008429]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; S100 protein binding [GO:0044548]	melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; midbody [GO:0030496]; nuclear envelope [GO:0005635]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; phagocytic vesicle [GO:0045335]; specific granule [GO:0042581]; spindle [GO:0005819]	ECO:0000269|PubMed:15197175}.
HSP 90A A1	immune response	cardiac muscle cell apoptotic process [GO:0010659]; chaperone-mediated autophagy [GO:0061684]; chaperone-mediated protein complex assembly [GO:0051131]; ERBB2 signaling pathway [GO:0038128]; Fc-gamma receptor signaling pathway involved in phagocytosis [GO:0038096]; G2/M transition of mitotic cell cycle [GO:0000086]; mitochondrial transport [GO:0006839]; neuron migration [GO:0001764]; positive regulation of cardiac muscle contraction [GO:0060452]; positive regulation of cell size [GO:0045793]; positive regulation of lamellipodium assembly [GO:0010592];	ATPase activity [GO:0016887]; ATP binding [GO:0005524]; CTP binding [GO:0002135]; dATP binding [GO:0032564]; GTPase binding [GO:0051020]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]; histone deacetylase binding [GO:0042826]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; MHC class II protein complex binding [GO:0023026]; mRNA binding [GO:0003729]; nitric-oxide synthase regulator	apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324]; basolateral plasma membrane [GO:0016323]; brush border membrane [GO:0031526]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; endocytic vesicle lumen [GO:0071682]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular matrix [GO:0031012]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209];	Molecular chaperone that promotes the maturation, structural maintenance and proper regulation of specific target proteins involved for instance in cell cycle control and signal transduction. Undergoes a functional cycle that is linked to its ATPase activity. This cycle probably induces conformational changes in the client proteins, thereby causing their activation. Interacts dynamically with various co-chaperones that modulate its substrate recognition, ATPase cycle and chaperone function. Binds bacterial lipopolysaccharide (LPS) and mediates LPS-induced inflammatory response, including TNF secretion by monocytes. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:1274138, ECO:0000269|PubM

	<p>positive regulation of nitric oxide biosynthetic process [GO:0045429]; positive regulation of protein import into nucleus, translocation [GO:0033160]; protein import into mitochondrial outer membrane [GO:0045040]; protein refolding [GO:0042026]; protein stabilization [GO:0050821]; protein unfolding [GO:0043335]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; regulation of cellular response to heat [GO:1900034]; regulation of nitric-oxide synthase activity [GO:0050999]; regulation of protein complex assembly [GO:0043254]; regulation of protein ubiquitination [GO:0031396]; response to antibiotic [GO:0046677]; response to cold [GO:0009409]; response to estrogen [GO:0043627]; response to heat [GO:0009408]; response to salt stress [GO:0009651]; response to unfolded protein [GO:0006986]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]; skeletal muscle contraction [GO:0003009]; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0048010]</p>	<p>activity [GO:0030235]; nucleotide binding [GO:0000166]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; protein tyrosine kinase activity [GO:0004713]; TPR domain binding [GO:0030911]; UTP binding [GO:0002134]</p>	<p>neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; neuron projection [GO:0043005]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; protein complex [GO:0043234]; ruffle membrane [GO:0032587]</p>	
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ANX A5	immune response	blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; cellular response to gonadotropin-releasing hormone [GO:0097211]; cellular response to lead ion [GO:0071284]; mitophagy in response to mitochondrial depolarization [GO:0098779]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030195]; negative regulation of prolactin secretion [GO:1902721]; positive regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043065]; positive regulation of defense response to virus by host [GO:0002230]; protein homooligomerization [GO:0051260]; regulation of sperm motility [GO:1901317]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]; response to thyroid hormone [GO:0097066]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]; xenophagy [GO:0098792]	calcium-dependent phospholipid binding [GO:0005544]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; calcium-transporting ATPase activity [GO:0005388]; peptide hormone binding [GO:0017046]; phospholipase inhibitor activity [GO:0004859]; phospholipid binding [GO:0005543]	axon terminus [GO:0043679]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; dendrite [GO:0030425]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; endothelial microparticle [GO:0072563]; external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; intercalated disc [GO:0014704]; intracellular membrane [GO:0005622]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; perikaryon [GO:0043204]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]; synaptic vesicle [GO:0008021]; Z disc [GO:0030018]	This protein is an anticoagulant protein that acts as an indirect inhibitor of the thromboplastin-specific complex, which is involved in the blood coagulation cascade.
FGG	immune response	blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; blood coagulation, fibrin clot formation [GO:0072378]; cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0007160]; cellular protein complex assembly [GO:0043623]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; fibrinolysis [GO:0042730];	cell adhesion molecule binding [GO:0050839]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]; structural molecule activity [GO:0005198]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cell cortex [GO:0005938]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular	Together with fibrinogen alpha (FGA) and fibrinogen beta (FGB), polymerizes to form an insoluble fibrin matrix. Has a major function in hemostasis as one of the primary components of blood clots. In addition, functions during the early stages of wound repair to stabilize the lesion and guide cell migration during re-epithelialization. Was originally thought to

		<p>negative regulation of endothelial cell apoptotic process [GO:2000352]; negative regulation of extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway via death domain receptors [GO:1902042]; plasminogen activation [GO:0031639]; platelet aggregation [GO:0070527]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of ERK1 and ERK2 cascade [GO:0070374]; positive regulation of exocytosis [GO:0045921]; positive regulation of heterotypic cell-cell adhesion [GO:0034116]; positive regulation of peptide hormone secretion [GO:0090277]; positive regulation of protein secretion [GO:0050714]; positive regulation of substrate adhesion-dependent cell spreading [GO:1900026]; positive regulation of vasoconstriction [GO:0045907]; protein polymerization [GO:0051258]; protein secretion [GO:0009306]; response to calcium ion [GO:0051592]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]</p>		<p>region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; fibrinogen complex [GO:0005577]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; platelet alpha granule [GO:0031091]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]</p>	<p>be essential for platelet aggregation, based on in vitro studies using anticoagulated blood. However, subsequent studies have shown that it is not absolutely required for thrombus formation in vivo. Enhances expression of SELP in activated platelets via an ITGB3-dependent pathway. Maternal fibrinogen is</p>
HYO U1	immune response	<p>cellular response to hypoxia [GO:0071456]; ER to Golgi vesicle-mediated transport [GO:0006888]; IRE1-mediated</p>	<p>ATP binding [GO:0005524]; chaperone binding [GO:0051087]</p>	<p>endocytic vesicle lumen [GO:0071682]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; endoplasmic</p>	<p>Has a pivotal role in cytoprotective cellular mechanisms triggered by oxygen deprivation. May play a role as a molecular chaperone and participate in protein folding.</p>

		<p>unfolded protein response [GO:0036498]; negative regulation of endoplasmic reticulum stress-induced neuron intrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway [GO:1903382]; negative regulation of hypoxia-induced intrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway [GO:1903298]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; response to endoplasmic reticulum stress [GO:0034976]; response to ischemia [GO:0002931]</p>		<p>reticulum chaperone complex [GO:0034663]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; membrane [GO:0016020]; smooth endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005790]</p>	<p>{ECO:0000269|PubMed:10037731}.</p>
C3	immune response	<p>blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, alternative pathway [GO:0006957]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; fatty acid metabolic process [GO:0006631]; G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007186]; immune response [GO:0006955]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; positive regulation of activation of membrane attack complex [GO:0001970]; positive regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0045766]; positive regulation of apoptotic cell clearance</p>	<p>C5L2 anaphylatoxin chemotactic receptor binding [GO:0031715]; cofactor binding [GO:0048037]; endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004866]; lipid binding [GO:0008289]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]</p>	<p>blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>C3 plays a central role in the activation of the complement system. Its processing by C3 convertase is the central reaction in both classical and alternative complement pathways. After activation C3b can bind covalently, via its reactive thioester, to cell surface carbohydrates or immune aggregates.; FUNCTION: Derived from proteolytic degradation of complement C3, C3a anaphylatoxin is a mediator of local inflammatory process. In chronic inflammation, acts as a chemoattractant for neutrophils (By similarity). It induces the contraction of smooth muscle, increases vascular permeability and causes histamine release from mast cells and basophilic leukocytes. {ECO:</p>

	<p>[GO:2000427]; positive regulation of developmental growth [GO:0048639]; positive regulation of ERK1 and ERK2 cascade [GO:0070374]; positive regulation of glucose transport [GO:0010828]; positive regulation of G-protein coupled receptor protein signaling pathway [GO:0045745]; positive regulation of lipid storage [GO:0010884]; positive regulation of protein phosphorylation [GO:0001934]; positive regulation of type IIa hypersensitivity [GO:0001798]; positive regulation of vascular endothelial growth factor production [GO:0010575]; regulation of complement activation [GO:0030449]; regulation of immune response [GO:0050776]; regulation of triglyceride biosynthetic process [GO:0010866]; response to estradiol [GO:0032355]; response to glucocorticoid [GO:0051384]; response to magnesium ion [GO:0032026]; response to progesterone [GO:0032570]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]; tolerance induction [GO:0002507]</p>			
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C7	immune response	complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, alternative pathway [GO:0006957]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; cytolysis [GO:0019835]; regulation of complement activation [GO:0030449]		extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; membrane attack complex [GO:0005579]	Constituent of the membrane attack complex (MAC) that plays a key role in the innate and adaptive immune response by forming pores in the plasma membrane of target cells. C7 serves as a membrane anchor.
C9	immune response	complement activation, alternative pathway [GO:0006957]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; hemolysis by symbiont of host erythrocytes [GO:0019836]; regulation of complement activation [GO:0030449]		blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; integral component of plasma membrane [GO:0005887]; membrane attack complex [GO:0005579]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	Constituent of the membrane attack complex (MAC) that plays a key role in the innate and adaptive immune response by forming pores in the plasma membrane of target cells. C9 is the pore-forming subunit of the MAC.
G6PD	immune response	cellular response to oxidative stress [GO:0034599]; cholesterol biosynthetic process [GO:0006695]; erythrocyte maturation [GO:0043249]; glucose 6-phosphate metabolic process [GO:0051156]; glucose metabolic process [GO:0006006]; glutathione metabolic process [GO:0006749]; lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]; NADPH	glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase activity [GO:0004345]; glucose binding [GO:0005536]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; NADP binding [GO:0050661]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]	centrosome [GO:0005813]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoplasmic side of plasma membrane [GO:0009898]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; membrane [GO:0016020]; microtubule	Catalyzes the rate-limiting step of the oxidative pentose-phosphate pathway, which represents a route for the dissimilation of carbohydrates besides glycolysis. The main function of this enzyme is to provide reducing power (NADPH) and pentose phosphates for fatty acid and nucleic acid synthesis. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15858258, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24769394}.

		<p>regeneration [GO:0006740]; NADP metabolic process [GO:0006739]; negative regulation of protein glutathionylation [GO:0010734]; oxidation-reduction process [GO:0055114]; pentose biosynthetic process [GO:0019322]; pentose-phosphate shunt [GO:0006098]; pentose-phosphate shunt, oxidative branch [GO:0009051]; regulation of neuron apoptotic process [GO:0043523]; response to ethanol [GO:0045471]; response to food [GO:0032094]; response to organic cyclic compound [GO:0014070]; ribose phosphate biosynthetic process [GO:0046390]; substantia nigra development [GO:0021762]</p>		<p>organizing center [GO:0005815]; nucleus [GO:0005634]</p>	
SERPIN G1	immune response	<p>aging [GO:0007568]; blood circulation [GO:0008015]; blood coagulation, intrinsic pathway [GO:0007597]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; fibrinolysis [GO:0042730]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; negative regulation of complement activation, lectin pathway [GO:0001869]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]</p>	<p>serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]</p>	<p>blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]</p>	<p>Activation of the C1 complex is under control of the C1-inhibitor. It forms a proteolytically inactive stoichiometric complex with the C1r or C1s proteases. May play a potentially crucial role in regulating important physiological pathways including complement activation, blood coagulation, fibrinolysis and the generation of kinins. Very efficient inhibitor of FXIIa. Inhibits chymotrypsin and kallikrein. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:8495195}.</p>

ANX A1	immune response	actin cytoskeleton reorganization [GO:0031532]; adaptive immune response [GO:0002250]; alpha-beta T cell differentiation [GO:0046632]; arachidonic acid secretion [GO:0050482]; cell surface receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007166]; cellular response to glucocorticoid stimulus [GO:0071385]; cellular response to hydrogen peroxide [GO:0070301]; DNA duplex unwinding [GO:0032508]; DNA rewinding [GO:0036292]; endocrine pancreas development [GO:0031018]; estrous cycle [GO:0044849]; gliogenesis [GO:0042063]; G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway, coupled to cyclic nucleotide second messenger [GO:0007187]; granulocyte chemotaxis [GO:0071621]; hepatocyte differentiation [GO:0070365]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; insulin secretion [GO:0030073]; keratinocyte differentiation [GO:0030216]; monocyte chemotaxis [GO:0002548]; myoblast migration	annealing helicase activity [GO:0036310]; calcium-dependent phospholipid binding [GO:0005544]; calcium-dependent protein binding [GO:0048306]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; double-stranded DNA-dependent ATPase activity [GO:0033676]; helicase activity [GO:0004386]; phospholipase A2 inhibitor activity [GO:0019834]; phospholipid binding [GO:0005543]; protein binding, bridging [GO:0030674]; receptor binding [GO:0005102]; single-stranded DNA binding [GO:0003697]; single-stranded RNA binding [GO:0003727]; structural molecule activity [GO:0005198]	apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324]; basolateral plasma membrane [GO:0016323]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; cornified envelope [GO:0001533]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoplasmic vesicle membrane [GO:0030659]; early endosome membrane [GO:0031901]; endosome [GO:0005768]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extrinsic component of endosome membrane [GO:0031313]; extrinsic component of external side of plasma membrane [GO:0031232]; extrinsic component of membrane [GO:0019898]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; lateral plasma membrane [GO:0016328]; mast cell granule [GO:0042629]; mitochondrial membrane [GO:0031966]; motile cilium	Plays important roles in the innate immune response as effector of glucocorticoid-mediated responses and regulator of the inflammatory process. Has anti-inflammatory activity (PubMed:8425544). Plays a role in glucocorticoid-mediated down-regulation of the early phase of the inflammatory response (By similarity). Promotes resolution of inflammation and wound healing (PubMed:25664854). Functions at least in part by activating the formyl peptide receptors and downstream signaling cascades (PubMed:15187149, PubMed:25664854). Promotes chemotaxis of granulocytes and monocytes via activation of the formyl peptide receptors (PubMed:15187149). Contributes to the adapti
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	<p>involved in skeletal muscle regeneration [GO:0014839]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of exocytosis [GO:0045920]; negative regulation of interleukin-8 secretion [GO:2000483]; negative regulation of phospholipase A2 activity [GO:1900138]; negative regulation of T-helper 2 cell differentiation [GO:0045629]; neutrophil clearance [GO:0097350]; neutrophil homeostasis [GO:0001780]; peptide cross-linking [GO:0018149]; phagocytosis [GO:0006909]; positive regulation of G1/S transition of mitotic cell cycle [GO:1900087]; positive regulation of interleukin-2 production [GO:0032743]; positive regulation of neutrophil apoptotic process [GO:0033031]; positive regulation of prostaglandin biosynthetic process [GO:0031394]; positive regulation of T cell proliferation [GO:0042102]; positive regulation of T-helper 1 cell differentiation [GO:0045627]; positive regulation of vesicle fusion [GO:0031340]; positive regulation of wound healing [GO:0090303]; prolactin secretion</p>		<p>[GO:0031514]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; phagocytic cup [GO:0001891]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; protein complex [GO:0043234]; sarcolemma [GO:0042383]; vesicle [GO:0031982]</p>	
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		<p>[GO:0070459]; prostate gland development [GO:0030850]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; regulation of hormone secretion [GO:0046883]; regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050727]; regulation of interleukin-1 production [GO:0032652]; regulation of leukocyte migration [GO:0002685]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to estradiol [GO:0032355]; response to interleukin-1 [GO:0070555]; response to peptide hormone [GO:0043434]; response to X-ray [GO:0010165]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]</p>			
CA2	immune response	<p>angiotensin-activated signaling pathway [GO:0038166]; bicarbonate transport [GO:0015701]; carbon dioxide transport [GO:0015670]; cellular response to fluid shear stress [GO:0071498]; kidney development [GO:0001822]; morphogenesis of an epithelium [GO:0002009]; odontogenesis of dentin-containing tooth [GO:0042475]; one-carbon metabolic process [GO:0006730]; positive regulation of bone resorption [GO:0045780];</p>	<p>arylesterase activity [GO:0004064]; carbonate dehydratase activity [GO:0004089]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]</p>	<p>apical part of cell [GO:0045177]; axon [GO:0030424]; basolateral plasma membrane [GO:0016323]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; microvillus [GO:0005902]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; plasma</p>	<p>Essential for bone resorption and osteoclast differentiation (By similarity). Reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. Can hydrate cyanamide to urea. Involved in the regulation of fluid secretion into the anterior chamber of the eye. Contributes to intracellular pH regulation in the duodenal upper villous epithelium during proton-coupled peptide absorption. Stimulates the chloride-bicarbonate exchange activity of SLC26A6. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10550681, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11831900,</p>

		positive regulation of cellular pH reduction [GO:0032849]; positive regulation of dipeptide transmembrane transport [GO:2001150]; positive regulation of osteoclast differentiation [GO:0045672]; positive regulation of synaptic transmission, GABAergic [GO:0032230]; regulation of anion transport [GO:0044070]; regulation of chloride transport [GO:2001225]; regulation of intracellular pH [GO:0051453]; response to estrogen [GO:0043627]; response to pH [GO:0009268]; response to zinc ion [GO:0010043]; secretion [GO:0046903]		membrane [GO:0005886]	ECO:0000269|PubMed:15990874}.
ITIH2	immune response	hyaluronan metabolic process [GO:0030212]	endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004866]; serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]	May act as a carrier of hyaluronan in serum or as a binding protein between hyaluronan and other matrix protein, including those on cell surfaces in tissues to regulate the localization, synthesis and degradation of hyaluronan which are essential to cells undergoing biological processes.
ITGB2	immune response	aging [GO:0007568]; apoptotic process [GO:0006915]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell-cell signaling [GO:0007267]; cell-matrix adhesion [GO:0007160]; cellular extravasation [GO:0045123]; cellular response to low-density lipoprotein particle	cell adhesion molecule binding [GO:0050839]; glycoprotein binding [GO:0001948]; ICAM-3 receptor activity [GO:0030369]; metal ion binding	cell surface [GO:0009986]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; integrin alphaL-beta2 complex [GO:0034687]; integrin complex	Integrin alpha-L/beta-2 is a receptor for ICAM1, ICAM2, ICAM3 and ICAM4. Integrins alpha-M/beta-2 and alpha-X/beta-2 are receptors for the iC3b fragment of the third complement component and for fibrinogen. Integrin alpha-X/beta-2 recognizes the sequence G-P-R in fibrinogen alpha-chain. Integrin alpha-M/beta-2

	<p>stimulus [GO:0071404]; endodermal cell differentiation [GO:0035987]; endothelial cell migration [GO:0043542]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; heterotypic cell-cell adhesion [GO:0034113]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; integrin-mediated signaling pathway [GO:0007229]; leukocyte cell-cell adhesion [GO:0007159]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; leukocyte migration involved in inflammatory response [GO:0002523]; natural killer cell activation [GO:0030101]; neutrophil chemotaxis [GO:0030593]; positive regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0045766]; positive regulation of NF-kappaB transcription factor activity [GO:0051092]; positive regulation of nitric oxide biosynthetic process [GO:0045429]; receptor clustering [GO:0043113]; receptor internalization [GO:0031623]; regulation of cell shape [GO:0008360]; regulation of immune response [GO:0050776]; regulation of</p>	<p>[GO:0046872]; protein kinase binding [GO:0019901]</p>	<p>[GO:0008305]; membrane [GO:0016020]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; receptor complex [GO:0043235]; secretory granule [GO:0030141]</p>	<p>recognizes P1 and P2 peptides of fibrinogen gamma chain. Integrin alpha-M/beta-2 is also a receptor for factor X. Integrin alpha-D/beta-2 is a receptor for ICAM3 and VCAM1. Contributes to natural killer cell cytotoxicity (PubMed:15356110). Involved in leukocyte adhesion and transmigration of leukocytes including T-cells and neutrophils (PubMed:11812992).</p>
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		peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation [GO:0050730]; toll-like receptor 4 signaling pathway [GO:0034142]			
AOC 3	immune response	amine metabolic process [GO:0009308]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; response to antibiotic [GO:0046677]; xenobiotic metabolic process [GO:0006805]	aliphatic-amine oxidase activity [GO:0052595]; aminoacetone: oxygen oxidoreductase (deaminating) activity [GO:0052594]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; copper ion binding [GO:0005507]; phenethylamine: oxygen oxidoreductase (deaminating) activity [GO:0052596]; primary amine oxidase activity [GO:0008131]; protein heterodimerization activity [GO:0046982]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; quinone binding [GO:0048038]; tryptamine: oxygen oxidoreductase (deaminating) activity [GO:0052593]	cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; microvillus [GO:0005902]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	Cell adhesion protein that participates in lymphocyte extravasation and recirculation by mediating the binding of lymphocytes to peripheral lymph node vascular endothelial cells in an L-selectin-independent fashion. Has semicarbazide-sensitive (SSAO) monoamine oxidase activity. May play a role in adipogenesis. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:17400359, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19588076, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23349812, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9653080}.
ITIH 1	immune response	hyaluronan metabolic process [GO:0030212]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562];	May act as a carrier of hyaluronan in serum or as a binding protein between

			]; serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]	hyaluronan and other matrix protein, including those on cell surfaces in tissues to regulate the localization, synthesis and degradation of hyaluronan which are essential to cells undergoing biological processes.; FUNCTION: Contains a potential peptide which could stimulate a broad spectrum of phagocytotic cells.
F12	immune response	blood coagulation, intrinsic pathway [GO:0007597]; Factor XII activation [GO:0002542]; fibrinolysis [GO:0042730]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; plasma kallikrein-kinin cascade [GO:0002353]; positive regulation of blood coagulation [GO:0030194]; positive regulation of fibrinolysis [GO:0051919]; positive regulation of plasminogen activation [GO:0010756]; protein autoprocessing [GO:0016540]; protein processing [GO:0016485]; response to misfolded protein [GO:0051788]; zymogen activation [GO:0031638]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; misfolded protein binding [GO:0051787]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	Factor XII is a serum glycoprotein that participates in the initiation of blood coagulation, fibrinolysis, and the generation of bradykinin and angiotensin. Prekallikrein is cleaved by factor XII to form kallikrein, which then cleaves factor XII first to alpha-factor XIIa and then trypsin cleaves it to beta-factor XIIa. Alpha-factor XIIa activates factor XI to factor XIa. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:21304106}.
ALB	immune response	bile acid and bile salt transport [GO:0015721]; cellular response to starvation [GO:0009267]; hemolysis by symbiont of host erythrocytes [GO:0019836]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157]; maintenance of	antioxidant activity [GO:0016209]; chaperone binding [GO:0051087]; copper ion binding [GO:0005507]; DNA binding [GO:0003677]; drug binding	basement membrane [GO:0005604]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region	Serum albumin, the main protein of plasma, has a good binding capacity for water, Ca(2+), Na(+), K(+), fatty acids, hormones, bilirubin and drugs. Its main function is the regulation of the colloidal osmotic pressure of blood. Major zinc transporter in plasma, typically binds about 80% of all plasma zinc.

		mitochondrion location [GO:0051659]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of programmed cell death [GO:0043069]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of circadian sleep/wake cycle, non-REM sleep [GO:0046010]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; response to mercury ion [GO:0046689]; response to nutrient [GO:0007584]; response to organic substance [GO:0010033]; response to platinum ion [GO:0070541]; retina homeostasis [GO:0001895]; sodium-independent organic anion transport [GO:0043252]; transport [GO:0006810]	[GO:0008144]; fatty acid binding [GO:0005504]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; pyridoxal phosphate binding [GO:0030170]; toxic substance binding [GO:0015643]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	[GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]; protein complex [GO:0043234]	{ECO:0000269|PubMed:19021548}.
S100A8	immune response	activation of cysteine-type endopeptidase activity involved in apoptotic process [GO:0006919]; acute inflammatory response [GO:0002526]; astrocyte development [GO:0014002]; autophagy [GO:0006914]; chemokine production [GO:0032602]; chronic inflammatory response [GO:0002544]; cytokine production [GO:0001816]; defense response to	arachidonic acid binding [GO:0050544]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; microtubule binding [GO:0008017]; RAGE receptor binding [GO:0050786]; Toll-like receptor 4 binding [GO:0035662]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	S100A8 is a calcium- and zinc-binding protein which plays a prominent role in the regulation of inflammatory processes and immune response. It can induce neutrophil chemotaxis and adhesion. Predominantly found as calprotectin (S100A8/A9) which has a wide plethora of intra- and extracellular functions. The intracellular functions include: facilitating leukocyte arachidonic acid trafficking and metabolism, modulation of the tubulin-dependent cytoskeleton during migration of phagocytes and activation of the neutrophilic NADPH-oxidase. Activates

	<p>bacterium [GO:0042742]; defense response to fungus [GO:0050832]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; leukocyte migration involved in inflammatory response [GO:0002523]; neutrophil aggregation [GO:0070488]; neutrophil chemotaxis [GO:0030593]; peptidyl-cysteine S-nitrosylation [GO:0018119]; positive regulation of cell growth [GO:0030307]; positive regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050729]; positive regulation of intrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway [GO:2001244]; positive regulation of NF-kappaB transcription factor activity [GO:0051092]; positive regulation of peptide secretion [GO:0002793]; regulation of cytoskeleton organization [GO:0051493]; response to ethanol [GO:0045471]; response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0032496]; response to zinc ion [GO:0010043]; sequestering of zinc ion [GO:0032119]; wound healing [GO:0042060]</p>			<p>NADPH-oxidase by facilitating the enzyme complex assembly at the cell membrane, transferring arachidonic acid, an essent</p>
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TF	immune response	cellular iron ion homeostasis [GO:0006879]; cellular response to iron ion [GO:0071281]; ferrous iron import into cell [GO:0097460]; iron ion homeostasis [GO:0055072]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; positive regulation of receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0048260]; regulation of protein stability [GO:0031647]; retina homeostasis [GO:0001895]; transferrin transport [GO:0033572]	ferric iron binding [GO:0008199]; ferric iron transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015091]; ferrous iron binding [GO:0008198]; transferrin receptor binding [GO:1990459]	apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324]; basal part of cell [GO:0045178]; basal plasma membrane [GO:0009925]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; coated pit [GO:0005905]; cytoplasmic, membrane-bounded vesicle [GO:0016023]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endocytic vesicle [GO:0030139]; endosome membrane [GO:0010008]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extrinsic component of external side of plasma membrane [GO:0031232]; HFE-transferrin receptor complex [GO:1990712]; late endosome [GO:0005770]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]; recycling endosome [GO:0055037]; secretory	Transferrins are iron binding transport proteins which can bind two Fe(3+) ions in association with the binding of an anion, usually bicarbonate. It is responsible for the transport of iron from sites of absorption and heme degradation to those of storage and utilization. Serum transferrin may also have a further role in stimulating cell proliferation.
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				granule lumen [GO:0034774]; vesicle [GO:0031982]	
IGHM	immune response	adaptive immune response [GO:0002250]; antibacterial humoral response [GO:0019731]; B cell receptor signaling pathway [GO:0050853]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; defense response to Gram-negative bacterium [GO:0050829]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; phagocytosis, engulfment [GO:0006911]; phagocytosis, recognition [GO:0006910]; positive regulation of B cell activation [GO:0050871]	antigen binding [GO:0003823]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; hexameric IgM immunoglobulin complex [GO:0071757]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; pentameric IgM immunoglobulin complex [GO:0071756]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	IgM antibodies play an important role in primary defense mechanisms. They have been shown to be involved in early recognition of external invaders like bacteria and viruses, cellular waste and modified self, as well as in recognition and elimination of precancerous and cancerous lesions. The membrane-bound form is found in the majority of normal B-cells alongside with IgD. Membrane-bound IgM induces the phosphorylation of CD79A and CD79B by the Src family of protein tyrosine kinases. It may cause death of cells by apoptosis. It is also found in soluble form, which represents about 30% of the total serum immunoglobulins where it is found almost exclusively as a
MPO	immune response	aging [GO:0007568]; defense response [GO:0006952]; defense response to fungus [GO:0050832]; hydrogen peroxide catabolic process [GO:0042744]; hypochlorous acid biosynthetic process [GO:0002149]; low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034374]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of growth of symbiont in host [GO:0044130]; oxidation-reduction process [GO:0055114];	chromatin binding [GO:0003682]; heme binding [GO:0020037]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; peroxidase activity [GO:0004601]	azurophil granule [GO:0042582]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; lysosome [GO:0005764]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; secretory granule [GO:0030141]	Part of the host defense system of polymorphonuclear leukocytes. It is responsible for microbicidal activity against a wide range of organisms. In the stimulated PMN, MPO catalyzes the production of hypochlorous acids, primarily hypochlorous acid in physiologic situations, and other toxic intermediates that greatly enhance PMN microbicidal activity.

		removal of superoxide radicals [GO:0019430]; respiratory burst involved in defense response [GO:0002679]; response to food [GO:0032094]; response to gold nanoparticle [GO:1990268]; response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0032496]; response to mechanical stimulus [GO:0009612]; response to oxidative stress [GO:0006979]; response to yeast [GO:0001878]			
CFH R1	immune response	complement activation [GO:0006956]		blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]	Involved in complement regulation. The dimerized forms have avidity for tissue-bound complement fragments and efficiently compete with the physiological complement inhibitor CFH. Can associate with lipoproteins and may play a role in lipid metabolism. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:23487775}.
ITG A5	immune response	angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; cell adhesion [GO:0007155]; cell-cell adhesion mediated by integrin [GO:0033631]; cell-substrate adhesion [GO:0031589]; cell-substrate junction assembly [GO:0007044]; endodermal cell differentiation [GO:0035987]; extracellular matrix organization [GO:0030198]; heterophilic cell-cell adhesion via plasma membrane cell adhesion molecules [GO:0007157]; heterotypic cell-cell adhesion	metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; platelet-derived growth factor receptor binding [GO:0005161]; vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2 binding [GO:0043184]; virus receptor activity [GO:0001618]	alphav-beta3 integrin-vitronectin complex [GO:0071062]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasmic vesicle [GO:0031410]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; external side of plasma membrane [GO:0009897]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; integrin complex [GO:0008305];	Integrin alpha-5/beta-1 is a receptor for fibronectin and fibrinogen. It recognizes the sequence R-G-D in its ligands. ITGA5:ITGB1 binds to PLA2G2A via a site (site 2) which is distinct from the classical ligand-binding site (site 1) and this induces integrin conformational changes and enhanced ligand binding to site 1 (PubMed:18635536, PubMed:25398877). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:18635536, PubMed:25398877}.; FUNCTION: (Microbial infection) Integrin ITGA5:ITGB1 acts as a receptor for human metapneumovirus (PubMed:12907437).

		<p>[GO:0034113]; integrin-mediated signaling pathway [GO:0007229]; leukocyte cell-cell adhesion [GO:0007159]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; memory [GO:0007613]; negative regulation of anoikis [GO:2000811]; positive regulation of cell migration [GO:0030335]; positive regulation of cell-substrate adhesion [GO:0010811]; positive regulation of peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation [GO:0050731]; positive regulation of sprouting angiogenesis [GO:1903672]; positive regulation of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030949]; wound healing, spreading of epidermal cells [GO:0035313]</p>		<p>plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; ruffle [GO:0001726]; synapse [GO:0045202]</p>	<p>Integrin ITGA2:ITGB1 acts as a receptor for human parvovirus B19 (PubMed:24478423). In case of HIV-1 infection, the interaction with</p>
HBA1	immune response	<p>bicarbonate transport [GO:0015701]; cellular oxidant detoxification [GO:0098869]; hydrogen peroxide catabolic process [GO:0042744]; oxygen transport [GO:0015671]; positive regulation of cell death [GO:0010942]; protein heterooligomerization [GO:0051291]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; response to hydrogen</p>	<p>heme binding [GO:0020037]; iron ion binding [GO:0005506]; oxygen binding [GO:0019825]; oxygen transporter activity [GO:0005344]</p>	<p>blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; cytosolic small ribosomal subunit [GO:0022627]; endocytic vesicle lumen [GO:0071682]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; haptoglobin-hemoglobin complex</p>	<p>Involved in oxygen transport from the lung to the various peripheral tissues.</p>

		peroxide [GO:0042542]		[GO:0031838]; hemoglobin complex [GO:0005833]; membrane [GO:0016020]	
H3F 3A	immune response	blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; brain development [GO:0007420]; cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; chromatin silencing at rDNA [GO:0000183]; DNA replication- independent nucleosome assembly [GO:0006336]; gene silencing by RNA [GO:0031047]; negative regulation of gene expression, epigenetic [GO:0045814]; nucleosome assembly [GO:0006334]; positive regulation of cell growth [GO:0030307]; positive regulation of gene expression, epigenetic [GO:0045815]; response to hormone [GO:0009725]; telomere organization [GO:0032200]	histone binding [GO:0042393]; nucleosomal DNA binding [GO:0031492]; RNA polymerase II core promoter sequence- specific DNA binding [GO:0000979]; RNA polymerase II distal enhancer sequence- specific DNA binding [GO:0000980]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; nuclear chromosome [GO:0000228]; nuclear chromosome, telomeric region [GO:0000784]; nuclear nucleosome [GO:0000788]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleosome [GO:0000786]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; protein complex [GO:0043234]	Variant histone H3 which replaces conventional H3 in a wide range of nucleosomes in active genes. Constitutes the predominant form of histone H3 in non- dividing cells and is incorporated into chromatin independently of DNA synthesis. Deposited at sites of nucleosomal displacement throughout transcribed genes, suggesting that it represents an epigenetic imprint of transcriptionally active chromatin. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA acce
C1R	immune response	complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; immune response [GO:0006955]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; serine-type peptidase activity [GO:0008236]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]	C1r B chain is a serine protease that combines with C1q and C1s to form C1, the first component of the classical pathway of the complement system.
ELA NE	immune response	acute inflammatory response to antigenic stimulus [GO:0002438]; cellular calcium ion homeostasis	cytokine binding [GO:0019955]; endopeptidase activity	cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome	Modifies the functions of natural killer cells, monocytes and granulocytes. Inhibits C5a-dependent neutrophil enzyme release and

	<p>[GO:0006874]; defense response to bacterium [GO:0042742]; extracellular matrix disassembly [GO:0022617]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; negative regulation of chemokine biosynthetic process [GO:0045079]; negative regulation of chemotaxis [GO:0050922]; negative regulation of growth of symbiont in host [GO:0044130]; negative regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050728]; negative regulation of interleukin-8 biosynthetic process [GO:0045415]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; neutrophil mediated killing of fungus [GO:0070947]; phagocytosis [GO:0006909]; positive regulation of immune response [GO:0050778]; positive regulation of interleukin-8 biosynthetic process [GO:0045416]; positive regulation of MAP kinase activity [GO:0043406]; positive regulation of smooth muscle cell proliferation [GO:0048661]; protein catabolic process [GO:0030163]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]; response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0032496];</p>	<p>[GO:0004175]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; peptidase activity [GO:0008233]; protease binding [GO:0002020]; RNA polymerase II transcription corepressor activity [GO:0001106]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]</p>	<p>[GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; secretory granule [GO:0030141]; transcriptional repressor complex [GO:0017053]</p>	<p>chemotaxis. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:15140022}.</p>
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		response to UV [GO:0009411]; response to yeast [GO:0001878]			
C1q C	immune response	complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; immune response [GO:0006955]; innate immune response [GO:0045087]; negative regulation of granulocyte differentiation [GO:0030853]; negative regulation of macrophage differentiation [GO:0045650]	serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; collagen trimer [GO:0005581]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]	C1q associates with the proenzymes C1r and C1s to yield C1, the first component of the serum complement system. The collagen-like regions of C1q interact with the Ca(2+)-dependent C1r(2)C1s(2) proenzyme complex, and efficient activation of C1 takes place on interaction of the globular heads of C1q with the Fc regions of IgG or IgM antibody present in immune complexes.
SERPIN C1	immune response	blood coagulation [GO:0007596]; negative regulation of inflammatory response [GO:0050728]; regulation of blood coagulation, intrinsic pathway [GO:2000266]; response to nutrient [GO:0007584]	heparin binding [GO:0008201]; protease binding [GO:0002020]; serine-type endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004867]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	Most important serine protease inhibitor in plasma that regulates the blood coagulation cascade. AT-III inhibits thrombin, matriptase-3/TMPRSS7, as well as factors IXa, Xa and XIa. Its inhibitory activity is greatly enhanced in the presence of heparin. {ECO:0000269}PubMed:15853774.
CFD	immune response	complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, alternative pathway [GO:0006957]; platelet degranulation [GO:0002576]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]	serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; serine-type peptidase activity [GO:0008236]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; platelet alpha granule lumen [GO:0031093]	Factor D cleaves factor B when the latter is complexed with factor C3b, activating the C3bbb complex, which then becomes the C3 convertase of the alternate pathway. Its function is homologous to that of C1s in the classical pathway.
STAT6	immune response	cellular response to hydrogen peroxide [GO:0070301]; cellular response to reactive nitrogen species [GO:1902170]; interleukin-4-mediated signaling	identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; protein phosphatase binding [GO:0019903]; RNA	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; membrane raft [GO:0045121]; nuclear chromatin [GO:0000790];	Carries out a dual function: signal transduction and activation of transcription. Involved in IL4/interleukin-4- and IL3/interleukin-3-mediated signaling.

		<p>pathway [GO:0035771]; mammary gland epithelial cell proliferation [GO:0033598]; mammary gland morphogenesis [GO:0060443]; negative regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0000122]; negative regulation of type 2 immune response [GO:0002829]; positive regulation of isotype switching to IgE isotypes [GO:0048295]; positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; positive regulation of type I interferon production [GO:0032481]; regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0042127]; regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0006357]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]; T-helper 1 cell lineage commitment [GO:0002296]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]</p>	<p>polymerase II core promoter sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0000979]; signal transducer activity [GO:0004871]; transcription factor activity, sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0003700]</p>	<p>nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]</p>	<p>{ECO:0000269|PubMed:17210636}.</p>
C8B	immune response	<p>complement activation [GO:0006956]; complement activation, alternative pathway [GO:0006957]; complement activation, classical pathway [GO:0006958]; cytolysis [GO:0019835];</p>		<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extracellular vesicle [GO:1903561]; membrane</p>	<p>Constituent of the membrane attack complex (MAC) that plays a key role in the innate and adaptive immune response by forming pores in the plasma membrane of target cells.</p>

		immune response [GO:0006955]; regulation of complement activation [GO:0030449]		[GO:0016020]; membrane attack complex [GO:0005579]	
AZU 1	immune response	antimicrobial humoral response [GO:0019730]; calcium-mediated signaling using intracellular calcium source [GO:0035584]; cell chemotaxis [GO:0060326]; cellular extravasation [GO:0045123]; defense response to Gram-negative bacterium [GO:0050829]; defense response to virus [GO:0051607]; glial cell migration [GO:0008347]; induction of positive chemotaxis [GO:0050930]; inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; macrophage chemotaxis [GO:0048246]; microglial cell activation [GO:0001774]; monocyte activation [GO:0042117]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; neutrophil mediated killing of bacterium [GO:0070944]; positive regulation of cell adhesion [GO:0045785]; positive regulation of fractalkine biosynthetic process [GO:0050754]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; positive regulation of interleukin-1 beta biosynthetic process [GO:0050725];	heparan sulfate proteoglycan binding [GO:0043395]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; peptidase activity [GO:0008233]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; toxic substance binding [GO:0015643]	azurophil granule [GO:0042582]; azurophil granule membrane [GO:0035577]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; extrinsic component of membrane [GO:0019898]	This is a neutrophil granule-derived antibacterial and monocyte- and fibroblast-specific chemotactic glycoprotein. Binds heparin. The cytotoxic action is limited to many species of Gram-negative bacteria; this specificity may be explained by a strong affinity of the very basic N-terminal half for the negatively charged lipopolysaccharides that are unique to the Gram-negative bacterial outer envelope. It may play a role in mediating recruitment of monocytes in the second wave of inflammation. Has antibacterial activity against the Gram-negative bacterium <i>P.aeruginosa</i> , this activity is inhibited by LPS from <i>P.aeruginosa</i> . Acting alone, it does not have antimicrob

		<p>positive regulation of MHC class II biosynthetic process [GO:0045348];</p> <p>positive regulation of peptidyl-threonine phosphorylation [GO:0010800];</p> <p>positive regulation of phagocytosis [GO:0050766];</p> <p>positive regulation of protein kinase activity [GO:0045860];</p> <p>positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor biosynthetic process [GO:0042535];</p> <p>protein kinase C-activating G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007205];</p> <p>protein kinase C signaling [GO:0070528];</p> <p>protein processing [GO:0016485];</p> <p>proteolysis [GO:0006508];</p> <p>regulation of vascular permeability [GO:0043114]</p>			
RAB12	intracellular signal transduction	<p>autophagy [GO:0006914];</p> <p>cellular protein catabolic process [GO:0044257];</p> <p>endosome to lysosome transport [GO:0008333];</p> <p>positive regulation of macroautophagy [GO:0016239];</p> <p>protein transport [GO:0015031];</p> <p>small GTPase mediated signal transduction [GO:0007264]</p>	GDP binding [GO:0019003]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]	<p>autophagosome [GO:0005776];</p> <p>cytoplasmic vesicle [GO:0031410];</p> <p>Golgi membrane [GO:0000139];</p> <p>lysosomal membrane [GO:0005765];</p> <p>lysosome [GO:0005764];</p> <p>recycling endosome membrane [GO:0055038]</p>	<p>The small GTPases Rab are key regulators of intracellular membrane trafficking, from the formation of transport vesicles to their fusion with membranes. Rabs cycle between an inactive GDP-bound form and an active GTP-bound form that is able to recruit to membranes different set of downstream effectors directly responsible for vesicle formation, movement, tethering and fusion. That Rab may play a role in protein transport from recycling endosomes to lysosomes regulating, for instance, the degradation of the transferrin receptor. Involved in autophagy (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.</p>

VAT1	intracellular signal transduction	negative regulation of mitochondrial fusion [GO:0010637]	oxidoreductase activity [GO:0016491]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; mitochondrial outer membrane [GO:0005741]	Possesses ATPase activity (By similarity). Plays a part in calcium-regulated keratinocyte activation in epidermal repair mechanisms. Has no effect on cell proliferation. Negatively regulates mitochondrial fusion in cooperation with mitofusin proteins (MFN1-2). {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12898150, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17105775, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19508442}.
ARHGAP1	intracellular signal transduction	regulation of small GTPase mediated signal transduction [GO:0051056]; Rho protein signal transduction [GO:0007266]; small GTPase mediated signal transduction [GO:0007264]	GTPase activator activity [GO:0005096]; SH3/SH2 adaptor activity [GO:0005070]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]	GTPase activator for the Rho, Rac and Cdc42 proteins, converting them to the putatively inactive GDP-bound state. Cdc42 seems to be the preferred substrate.
ARL2	intracellular signal transduction	bicellular tight junction assembly [GO:0070830]; cell cycle [GO:0007049]; centrosome organization [GO:0051297]; maintenance of protein location in nucleus [GO:0051457]; negative regulation of GTPase activity [GO:0034260]; positive regulation of cell-substrate adhesion [GO:0010811]; positive regulation of microtubule polymerization [GO:0031116]; regulation of insulin secretion [GO:0050796]; regulation of microtubule polymerization [GO:0031113]; small GTPase mediated	GTPase activity [GO:0003924]; GTPase inhibitor activity [GO:0005095]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]	centrosome [GO:0005813]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; lateral plasma membrane [GO:0016328]; mitochondrial intermembrane space [GO:0005758]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	Small GTP-binding protein which cycles between an inactive GDP-bound and an active GTP-bound form, and the rate of cycling is regulated by guanine nucleotide exchange factors (GEF) and GTPase-activating proteins (GAP). GTP-binding protein that does not act as an allosteric activator of the cholera toxin catalytic subunit. Regulates formation of new microtubules and centrosome integrity. Prevents the TBCD-induced microtubule destruction. Participates in association with TBCD, in the disassembly of the apical junction complexes. Antagonizes the effect of TBCD on epithelial cell detachment and tight and adherens junctions disassembly. Together with ARL2, plays a

		signal transduction [GO:0007264]; tubulin complex assembly [GO:0007021]			
ARF4	intracellular signal transduction	activation of phospholipase D activity [GO:0031584]; apical protein localization [GO:0045176]; brain development [GO:0007420]; cell migration [GO:0016477]; dendritic spine development [GO:0060996]; epidermal growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007173]; ER to Golgi vesicle-mediated transport [GO:0006888]; establishment or maintenance of epithelial cell apical/basal polarity [GO:0045197]; learning [GO:0007612]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; protein ADP-ribosylation [GO:0006471]; protein localization to cilium [GO:0061512]; protein transport [GO:0015031]; regulation of reactive oxygen species metabolic process [GO:2000377]; response to axon injury [GO:0048678]; retrograde vesicle-mediated transport, Golgi to ER [GO:0006890]; small	ARF guanylnucleotide exchange factor activity [GO:0005086]; epidermal growth factor receptor binding [GO:0005154]; GTPase activity [GO:0003924]; GTP binding [GO:0005525]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; dendritic spine [GO:0043197]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; membrane [GO:0016020]; ruffle membrane [GO:0032587]	GTP-binding protein that functions as an allosteric activator of the cholera toxin catalytic subunit, an ADP-ribosyltransferase. Involved in protein trafficking; may modulate vesicle budding and uncoating within the Golgi apparatus.

		GTPase mediated signal transduction [GO:0007264]			
EFE MP1	intracellular signal transduction	camera-type eye development [GO:0043010]; embryonic eye morphogenesis [GO:0048048]; epidermal growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007173]; negative regulation of chondrocyte differentiation [GO:0032331]; negative regulation of neuron projection development [GO:0010977]; peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation [GO:0018108]; positive regulation of cell projection organization [GO:0031346]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; post-embryonic eye morphogenesis [GO:0048050]; regulation of glial cell migration [GO:1903975]; regulation of transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006355]; visual perception [GO:0007601]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; epidermal growth factor-activated receptor activity [GO:0005006]; epidermal growth factor receptor binding [GO:0005154]	basement membrane [GO:0005604]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; proteinaceous extracellular matrix [GO:0005578]	Binds EGFR, the EGF receptor, inducing EGFR autophosphorylation and the activation of downstream signaling pathways. May play a role in cell adhesion and migration. May function as a negative regulator of chondrocyte differentiation. In the olfactory epithelium, it may regulate glial cell migration, differentiation and the ability of glial cells to support neuronal neurite outgrowth. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:19804359, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19887559, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20005202}.
TBC 1D4	intracellular signal transduction	activation of GTPase activity [GO:0090630]; cellular response to insulin stimulus [GO:0032869]; intracellular protein transport [GO:0006886]; membrane organization [GO:0061024]; negative regulation of vesicle fusion [GO:0031339]; regulation of vesicle fusion	GTPase activator activity [GO:0005096]; Rab GTPase binding [GO:0017137]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoplasmic vesicle membrane [GO:0030659]; endomembrane system [GO:0012505]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; intracellular [GO:0005622]	May act as a GTPase-activating protein for RAB2A, RAB8A, RAB10 and RAB14. Isoform 2 promotes insulin-induced glucose transporter SLC2A4/GLUT4 translocation at the plasma membrane, thus increasing glucose uptake. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15971998, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18771725, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22908308}.

		[GO:0031338]; vesicle-mediated transport [GO:0016192]			
ADC Y5	intracellular signal transduction	activation of adenylate cyclase activity [GO:0007190]; activation of protein kinase A activity [GO:0034199]; adenosine receptor signaling pathway [GO:0001973]; adenylate cyclase-activating dopamine receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007191]; adenylate cyclase-activating G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007189]; adenylate cyclase-inhibiting dopamine receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007195]; adenylate cyclase-inhibiting G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007193]; cAMP biosynthetic process [GO:0006171]; cAMP-mediated signaling [GO:0019933]; cellular response to forskolin [GO:1904322]; cellular response to glucagon stimulus [GO:0071377]; locomotory behavior [GO:0007626]; neuromuscular process controlling balance [GO:0050885]; positive regulation of cytosolic calcium ion concentration [GO:0007204]; regulation of insulin secretion involved in cellular response to glucose stimulus	adenylate cyclase activity [GO:0004016]; adenylate cyclase binding [GO:0008179]; ATP binding [GO:0005524]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; protein heterodimerization activity [GO:0046982]	integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; intracellular [GO:0005622]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; primary cilium [GO:0072372]	Catalyzes the formation of the signaling molecule cAMP in response to G-protein signaling (PubMed:15385642, PubMed:26206488, PubMed:24700542). Mediates signaling downstream of ADRB1 (PubMed:24700542). Regulates the increase of free cytosolic Ca(2+) in response to increased blood glucose levels and contributes to the regulation of Ca(2+)-dependent insulin secretion (PubMed:24740569). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15385642, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24700542, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24740569, ECO:0000269|PubMed:26206488}.

		[GO:0061178]; renal water homeostasis [GO:0003091]			
SLC3A2	metabolism	amino acid transport [GO:0006865]; calcium ion transport [GO:0006816]; carbohydrate metabolic process [GO:0005975]; cell growth [GO:0016049]; leucine import [GO:0060356]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; response to exogenous dsRNA [GO:0043330]; tryptophan transport [GO:0015827]	calcium:sodium antiporter activity [GO:0005432]; catalytic activity [GO:0003824]; double-stranded RNA binding [GO:0003725]; neutral amino acid transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015175]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]	apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	Required for the function of light chain amino-acid transporters. Involved in sodium-independent, high-affinity transport of large neutral amino acids such as phenylalanine, tyrosine, leucine, arginine and tryptophan. Involved in guiding and targeting of LAT1 and LAT2 to the plasma membrane. When associated with SLC7A6 or SLC7A7 acts as an arginine/glutamine exchanger, following an antiport mechanism for amino acid transport, influencing arginine release in exchange for extracellular amino acids. Plays a role in nitric oxide synthesis in human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs) via transport of L-arginine. Required for normal and neoplastic cell growth.
HDLBP	metabolism	cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; lipid transport [GO:0006869]	lipid binding [GO:0008289]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	Appears to play a role in cell sterol metabolism. It may function to protect cells from over-accumulation of cholesterol.
ABHD10	metabolism	cellular glucuronidation [GO:0052695]; glucuronoside catabolic process [GO:0019391]	hydrolase activity, hydrolyzing O-glycosyl compounds [GO:0004553]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	Catalyzes the deglucuronidation of mycophenolic acid acyl-glucuronide, a metabolite of the immunosuppressant drug mycophenolate. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:2294686}.
TGM2	metabolism	apoptotic cell clearance [GO:0043277]; branching involved in salivary gland morphogenesis [GO:0060445]; negative regulation of endoplasmic reticulum calcium	metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase activity [GO:0003810]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925];	Catalyzes the cross-linking of proteins and the conjugation of polyamines to proteins.

		ion concentration [GO:0032471]; peptide cross-linking [GO:0018149]; phospholipase C-activating G-protein coupled receptor signaling pathway [GO:0007200]; positive regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043065]; positive regulation of cell adhesion [GO:0045785]; positive regulation of mitochondrial calcium ion concentration [GO:0051561]; salivary gland cavitation [GO:0060662]		intrinsic component of plasma membrane [GO:0031226]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	
TST A3	metabolism	'de novo' GDP-L-fucose biosynthetic process [GO:0042351]; cytolysis [GO:0019835]; GDP-mannose metabolic process [GO:0019673]; leukocyte cell-cell adhesion [GO:0007159]	coenzyme binding [GO:0050662]; electron carrier activity [GO:0009055]; GDP-4-dehydro-D-rhamnose reductase activity [GO:0042356]; GDP-L-fucose synthase activity [GO:0050577]; isomerase activity [GO:0016853]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]	Catalyzes the two-step NADP-dependent conversion of GDP-4-dehydro-6-deoxy-D-mannose to GDP-fucose, involving an epimerase and a reductase reaction. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:8910301}.
MECR	metabolism	fatty acid biosynthetic process [GO:0006633]; fatty acid metabolic process [GO:0006631]	trans-2-enoyl-CoA reductase (NADPH) activity [GO:0019166]; zinc ion binding [GO:0008270]	mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	Oxidoreductase with a preference for short and medium chain substrates, including trans-2-hexenoyl-CoA (C6), trans-2-decenoyl-CoA (C10), and trans-2-hexadecenoyl-CoA (C16). May play a role in mitochondrial fatty acid synthesis. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:18479707}.
DPYD	metabolism	beta-alanine biosynthetic process [GO:0019483];	4 iron, 4 sulfur cluster binding	cytoplasm [GO:0005737];	Involved in pyrimidine base degradation. Catalyzes the reduction of

		<p>purine nucleobase catabolic process [GO:0006145]; pyrimidine nucleobase catabolic process [GO:0006208]; pyrimidine nucleoside catabolic process [GO:0046135]; thymidine catabolic process [GO:0006214]; thymine catabolic process [GO:0006210]; uracil catabolic process [GO:0006212]</p>	<p>[GO:0051539]; dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (NADP+) activity [GO:0017113]; flavin adenine dinucleotide binding [GO:0050660]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; NADP binding [GO:0050661]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]</p>	<p>cytosol [GO:0005829]</p>	<p>uracil and thymine. Also involved the degradation of the chemotherapeutic drug 5-fluorouracil.</p>
GCDH	metabolism	<p>fatty acid beta-oxidation using acyl-CoA dehydrogenase [GO:0033539]; fatty-acyl-CoA biosynthetic process [GO:0046949]; lipid homeostasis [GO:0055088]; lysine catabolic process [GO:0006554]; tryptophan metabolic process [GO:0006568]</p>	<p>electron carrier activity [GO:0009055]; fatty-acyl-CoA binding [GO:0000062]; flavin adenine dinucleotide binding [GO:0050660]; glutaryl-CoA dehydrogenase activity [GO:0004361]; oxidoreductase activity, acting on the CH-CH group of donors, with a flavin as acceptor [GO:0052890]</p>	<p>mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]</p>	<p>Catalyzes the oxidative decarboxylation of glutaryl-CoA to crotonyl-CoA and CO(2) in the degradative pathway of L-lysine, L-hydroxylysine, and L-tryptophan metabolism. It uses electron transfer flavoprotein as its electron acceptor. Isoform Short is inactive. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:17176108, ECO:0000269|PubMed:6423663, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8541831}.</p>
ACAT1	metabolism	<p>adipose tissue development [GO:0060612]; brain development [GO:0007420]; branched-chain amino acid catabolic process [GO:0009083];</p>	<p>acetyl-CoA C-acetyltransferase activity [GO:0003985]; coenzyme binding [GO:0050662]; metal ion</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial matrix</p>	<p>Plays a major role in ketone body metabolism.</p>

		ketone body biosynthetic process [GO:0046951]; ketone body catabolic process [GO:0046952]; liver development [GO:0001889]; metanephric proximal convoluted tubule development [GO:0072229]; protein homooligomerization [GO:0051260]; response to hormone [GO:0009725]; response to organic cyclic compound [GO:0014070]; response to starvation [GO:0042594]	binding [GO:0046872]	[GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	
GPT	metabolism	cellular amino acid biosynthetic process [GO:0008652]; L-alanine catabolic process [GO:0042853]	L-alanine:2-oxoglutarate aminotransferase activity [GO:0004021]; pyridoxal phosphate binding [GO:0030170]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]	Catalyzes the reversible transamination between alanine and 2-oxoglutarate to form pyruvate and glutamate. Participates in cellular nitrogen metabolism and also in liver gluconeogenesis starting with precursors transported from skeletal muscles (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
DBI	metabolism	phosphatidylcholine acyl-chain remodeling [GO:0036151]; transport [GO:0006810]	benzodiazepine receptor binding [GO:0030156]; lipid binding [GO:0008289]; long-chain fatty acyl-CoA binding [GO:0036042]; protein dimerization activity [GO:0046983]	endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; perinuclear endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0097038]	Binds medium- and long-chain acyl-CoA esters with very high affinity and may function as an intracellular carrier of acyl-CoA esters. It is also able to displace diazepam from the benzodiazepine (BZD) recognition site located on the GABA type A receptor. It is therefore possible that this protein also acts as a neuropeptide to modulate the action of the GABA receptor.
IDH2	metabolism	2-oxoglutarate metabolic process [GO:0006103]; carbohydrate metabolic process [GO:0005975]; glyoxylate cycle [GO:0006097]; isocitrate metabolic	isocitrate dehydrogenase (NADP+) activity [GO:0004450]; magnesium ion binding [GO:0000287]; NAD	cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743];	carbohydrate metabolic process

		process [GO:0006102]; tricarboxylic acid cycle [GO:0006099]	binding [GO:0051287]	mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; peroxisome [GO:0005777]	
HADHA	metabolism	cardiolipin acyl-chain remodeling [GO:0035965]; fatty acid beta-oxidation [GO:0006635]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to insulin [GO:0032868]	3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase activity [GO:0003857]; acetyl-CoA C-acetyltransferase activity [GO:0003985]; enoyl-CoA hydratase activity [GO:0004300]; fatty-acyl-CoA binding [GO:0000062]; long-chain-3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase activity [GO:0016509]; long-chain-enoyl-CoA hydratase activity [GO:0016508]; NAD binding [GO:0051287]	mitochondrial fatty acid beta-oxidation multienzyme complex [GO:0016507]; mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial nucleoid [GO:0042645]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	Bifunctional subunit.
IDH3B	metabolism	2-oxoglutarate metabolic process [GO:0006103]; isocitrate metabolic process [GO:0006102]; NADH metabolic process [GO:0006734]; tricarboxylic acid cycle [GO:0006099]	electron carrier activity [GO:0009055]; isocitrate dehydrogenase (NAD+) activity [GO:0004449]; magnesium ion binding [GO:0000287]; NAD binding [GO:0051287]	mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	carbohydrate metabolic process
ACSL1	metabolism	adiponectin-activated signaling pathway [GO:0033211];	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; long-chain	endoplasmic reticulum membrane	Activation of long-chain fatty acids for both synthesis of cellular lipids,

		<p>alpha-linolenic acid metabolic process [GO:0036109]; linoleic acid metabolic process [GO:0043651]; lipid biosynthetic process [GO:0008610]; long-chain fatty acid import [GO:0044539]; long-chain fatty acid metabolic process [GO:0001676]; long-chain fatty-acyl-CoA biosynthetic process [GO:0035338]; positive regulation of protein serine/threonine kinase activity [GO:0071902]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to nutrient [GO:0007584]; response to oleic acid [GO:0034201]; response to organic cyclic compound [GO:0014070]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]; xenobiotic catabolic process [GO:0042178]</p>	<p>fatty acid-CoA ligase activity [GO:0004467]</p>	<p>[GO:0005789]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; membrane [GO:0016020]; mitochondrial outer membrane [GO:0005741]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; peroxisomal membrane [GO:0005778]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]</p>	<p>and degradation via beta-oxidation. Preferentially uses palmitoleate, oleate and linoleate.</p>
ALDH6A1	metabolism	<p>beta-alanine catabolic process [GO:0019484]; branched-chain amino acid catabolic process [GO:0009083]; brown fat cell differentiation [GO:0050873]; thymine catabolic process [GO:0006210]; thymine metabolic process [GO:0019859]; valine catabolic process [GO:0006574]; valine metabolic process [GO:0006573]</p>	<p>aldehyde dehydrogenase (NAD) activity [GO:0004029]; fatty-acyl-CoA binding [GO:0000062]; malonate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase (acetylating) activity [GO:0018478]; methylmalonate-semialdehyde dehydrogenase (acylating) activity [GO:0004491]</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]</p>	<p>Plays a role in valine and pyrimidine metabolism. Binds fatty acyl-CoA.</p>

			]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; thiolester hydrolase activity [GO:0016790]		
PCC A	metabolism	biotin metabolic process [GO:0006768]; short-chain fatty acid catabolic process [GO:0019626]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; biotin binding [GO:0009374]; biotin carboxylase activity [GO:0004075]; enzyme binding [GO:0019899]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; propionyl-CoA carboxylase activity [GO:0004658]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]	
NDU FB4	metabolism	mitochondrial electron transport, NADH to ubiquinone [GO:0006120]; mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I assembly [GO:0032981]; response to oxidative stress [GO:0006979]	NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) activity [GO:0008137]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I [GO:0005747]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nuclear membrane [GO:0031965]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]	Accessory subunit of the mitochondrial membrane respiratory chain NADH dehydrogenase (Complex I), that is believed not to be involved in catalysis. Complex I functions in the transfer of electrons from NADH to the respiratory chain. The immediate electron acceptor for the enzyme is believed to be ubiquinone.
NDU FA6	metabolism	mitochondrial electron transport, NADH to ubiquinone [GO:0006120]; mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I assembly [GO:0032981];	NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) activity [GO:0008137]	mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial membrane [GO:0031966]; mitochondrial	Accessory subunit of the mitochondrial membrane respiratory chain NADH dehydrogenase (Complex I), that is believed to be not involved in catalysis. Complex I functions in the transfer of electrons from

		response to oxidative stress [GO:0006979]		respiratory chain complex I [GO:0005747]	NADH to the respiratory chain. The immediate electron acceptor for the enzyme is believed to be ubiquinone.
ME2	metabolism	malate metabolic process [GO:0006108]; regulation of NADP metabolic process [GO:1902031]	electron carrier activity [GO:0009055]; malate dehydrogenase (decarboxylating) (NAD+) activity [GO:0004471]; malic enzyme activity [GO:0004470]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; NAD binding [GO:0051287]; oxaloacetate decarboxylase activity [GO:0008948]	intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	
IDH3G	metabolism	2-oxoglutarate metabolic process [GO:0006103]; carbohydrate metabolic process [GO:0005975]; isocitrate metabolic process [GO:0006102]; NADH metabolic process [GO:0006734]; negative regulation of growth [GO:0045926]; tricarboxylic acid cycle [GO:0006099]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; isocitrate dehydrogenase (NAD+) activity [GO:0004449]; magnesium ion binding [GO:0000287]; NAD binding [GO:0051287]	mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleolus [GO:0005730]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]	carbohydrate metabolic process
GBAS	metabolism	ATP biosynthetic process [GO:0006754]; negative regulation of ATP citrate synthase activity [GO:2000984]; oxidative phosphorylation [GO:0006119]		integral component of plasma membrane [GO:0005887]; membrane [GO:0016020]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	

COX 5B	metabolism	mitochondrial electron transport, cytochrome c to oxygen [GO:0006123]; respiratory gaseous exchange [GO:0007585]	cytochrome-c oxidase activity [GO:0004129]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	This protein is one of the nuclear-coded polypeptide chains of cytochrome c oxidase, the terminal oxidase in mitochondrial electron transport.
TPP 1	metabolism	bone resorption [GO:0045453]; central nervous system development [GO:0007417]; epithelial cell differentiation [GO:0030855]; IRE1-mediated unfolded protein response [GO:0036498]; lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]; lysosome organization [GO:0007040]; nervous system development [GO:0007399]; neuromuscular process controlling balance [GO:0050885]; peptide catabolic process [GO:0043171]; protein catabolic process [GO:0030163]; proteolysis [GO:0006508]	endopeptidase activity [GO:0004175]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; peptidase activity [GO:0008233]; peptide binding [GO:0042277]; serine-type endopeptidase activity [GO:0004252]; serine-type peptidase activity [GO:0008236]; tripeptidyl-peptidase activity [GO:0008240]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; lysosome [GO:0005764]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	Lysosomal serine protease with tripeptidyl-peptidase I activity. May act as a non-specific lysosomal peptidase which generates tripeptides from the breakdown products produced by lysosomal proteinases. Requires substrates with an unsubstituted N-terminus (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
COX 6B1	metabolism	mitochondrial electron transport, cytochrome c to oxygen [GO:0006123]; substantia nigra development [GO:0021762]	cytochrome-c oxidase activity [GO:0004129]	mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial intermembrane space [GO:0005758]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	Connects the two COX monomers into the physiological dimeric form. {ECO:0000250}.
GGT 5	metabolism	cellular amino acid metabolic process [GO:0006520]; glutathione biosynthetic process [GO:0006750]; glutathione metabolic process [GO:0006749];	gamma-glutamyltransferase activity [GO:0003840]; glutathione hydrolase activity [GO:0036374]	anchored component of external side of plasma membrane [GO:0031362]; integral component of membrane	Cleaves the gamma-glutamyl peptide bond of glutathione conjugates, but maybe not glutathione itself. Converts leukotriene C4 (LTC4) to leukotriene D4 (LTD4).

		inflammatory response [GO:0006954]; leukotriene biosynthetic process [GO:0019370]; leukotriene metabolic process [GO:0006691]		[GO:0016021]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	
APO B	metabolism	artery morphogenesis [GO:0048844]; cellular protein catabolic process [GO:0044257]; cellular response to prostaglandin stimulus [GO:0071379]; cellular response to tumor necrosis factor [GO:0071356]; cholesterol efflux [GO:0033344]; cholesterol homeostasis [GO:0042632]; cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; cholesterol transport [GO:0030301]; fertilization [GO:0009566]; in utero embryonic development [GO:0001701]; leukocyte migration [GO:0050900]; lipoprotein biosynthetic process [GO:0042158]; lipoprotein catabolic process [GO:0042159]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157]; lipoprotein transport [GO:0042953]; low-density lipoprotein particle clearance [GO:0034383]; low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034374]; nervous system development [GO:0007399]; positive regulation of cholesterol storage	cholesterol transporter activity [GO:0017127]; heparin binding [GO:0008201]; lipase binding [GO:0035473]; low-density lipoprotein particle receptor binding [GO:0050750]; phospholipid binding [GO:0005543]	actin cytoskeleton [GO:0015629]; chylomicron [GO:0042627]; chylomicron remnant [GO:0034360]; clathrin-coated endocytic vesicle membrane [GO:0030669]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endocytic vesicle lumen [GO:0071682]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0005789]; endosome lumen [GO:0031904]; endosome membrane [GO:0010008]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; intermediate-density	Apolipoprotein B is a major protein constituent of chylomicrons (apo B-48), LDL (apo B-100) and VLDL (apo B-100). Apo B-100 functions as a recognition signal for the cellular binding and internalization of LDL particles by the apoB/E receptor.

		<p>[GO:0010886]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; positive regulation of lipid storage [GO:0010884]; positive regulation of macrophage derived foam cell differentiation [GO:0010744]; post-embryonic development [GO:0009791]; receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0006898]; regulation of cholesterol biosynthetic process [GO:0045540]; response to carbohydrate [GO:0009743]; response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0032496]; response to selenium ion [GO:0010269]; response to virus [GO:0009615]; retinoid metabolic process [GO:0001523]; spermatogenesis [GO:0007283]; sperm motility [GO:0030317]; triglyceride catabolic process [GO:0019433]; triglyceride mobilization [GO:0006642]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle assembly [GO:0034379]</p>		<p>lipoprotein particle [GO:0034363]; intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034362]; mature chylomicron [GO:0034359]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]</p>	
GUS B	metabolism	<p>carbohydrate metabolic process [GO:0005975]; glycosaminoglycan catabolic process [GO:0006027]; hyaluronan catabolic process [GO:0030214]</p>	<p>beta-glucuronidase activity [GO:0004566]; protein domain specific binding [GO:0019904]; receptor binding</p>	<p>extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231];</p>	<p>Plays an important role in the degradation of dermatan and keratan sulfates.</p>

			[GO:0005102]	lysosomal lumen [GO:0043202]; membrane [GO:0016020]	
PLI N1	metabolism	lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]	lipid binding [GO:0008289]	endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; lipid particle [GO:0005811]	Modulator of adipocyte lipid metabolism. Coats lipid storage droplets to protect them from breakdown by hormone-sensitive lipase (HSL). Its absence may result in leanness. Plays a role in unilocular lipid droplet formation by activating CIDEC. Their interaction promotes lipid droplet enlargement and directional net neutral lipid transfer. May modulate lipolysis and triglyceride levels. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:23399566}.
PON 1	metabolism	aromatic compound catabolic process [GO:0019439]; carboxylic acid catabolic process [GO:0046395]; cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; organophosphate catabolic process [GO:0046434]; phosphatidylcholine metabolic process [GO:0046470]; positive regulation of binding [GO:0051099]; positive regulation of cholesterol efflux [GO:0010875]; positive regulation of transporter activity [GO:0032411]; response to external stimulus [GO:0009605]; response to fatty acid [GO:0070542]; response to fluoride [GO:1902617]; response to nutrient levels [GO:0031667]; response to toxic	acyl-L-homoserine-lactone lactonohydrolase activity [GO:0102007]; arylalkylphosphatase activity [GO:0004063]; arylesterase activity [GO:0004064]; calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; phospholipid binding [GO:0005543]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; intracellular membrane-bounded organelle [GO:0043231]; spherical high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034366]	Hydrolyzes the toxic metabolites of a variety of organophosphorus insecticides. Capable of hydrolyzing a broad spectrum of organophosphate substrates and lactones, and a number of aromatic carboxylic acid esters. Mediates an enzymatic protection of low density lipoproteins against oxidative modification and the consequent series of events leading to atheroma formation. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10479665, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15772423}.

		substance [GO:0009636]			
GST M1	metabolism	cellular detoxification of nitrogen compound [GO:0070458]; glutathione derivative biosynthetic process [GO:1901687]; glutathione metabolic process [GO:0006749]; nitrobenzene metabolic process [GO:0018916]; xenobiotic catabolic process [GO:0042178]	enzyme binding [GO:0019899]; glutathione binding [GO:0043295]; glutathione transferase activity [GO:0004364]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]	Conjugation of reduced glutathione to a wide number of exogenous and endogenous hydrophobic electrophiles. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:16548513}.
APO A4	metabolism	cellular protein metabolic process [GO:0044267]; cholesterol biosynthetic process [GO:0006695]; cholesterol efflux [GO:0033344]; cholesterol homeostasis [GO:0042632]; cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; chylomicron assembly [GO:0034378]; chylomicron remodeling [GO:0034371]; high-density lipoprotein particle assembly [GO:0034380]; high-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034375]; hydrogen peroxide catabolic process [GO:0042744]; innate immune response in mucosa [GO:0002227]; leukocyte cell-cell adhesion [GO:0007159]; lipid homeostasis [GO:0055088]; lipid transport [GO:0006869]; lipoprotein biosynthetic process	antioxidant activity [GO:0016209]; cholesterol binding [GO:0015485]; cholesterol transporter activity [GO:0017127]; copper ion binding [GO:0005507]; lipid binding [GO:0008289]; lipid transporter activity [GO:0005319]; phosphatidylcholine binding [GO:0031210]; phosphatidylcholine-sterol O-acyltransferase activator activity [GO:0060228]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; chylomicron [GO:0042627]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; early endosome [GO:0005769]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034361]	May have a role in chylomicrons and VLDL secretion and catabolism. Required for efficient activation of lipoprotein lipase by ApoC-II; potent activator of LCAT. ApoA-IV is a major component of HDL and chylomicrons.

	<p>[GO:0042158]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157]; multicellular organism lipid catabolic process [GO:0044240]; negative regulation of plasma lipoprotein particle oxidation [GO:0034445]; neuron projection regeneration [GO:0031102]; phosphatidylcholine metabolic process [GO:0046470]; phospholipid efflux [GO:0033700]; positive regulation of cholesterol esterification [GO:0010873]; positive regulation of fatty acid biosynthetic process [GO:0045723]; positive regulation of lipoprotein lipase activity [GO:0051006]; positive regulation of triglyceride catabolic process [GO:0010898]; protein-lipid complex assembly [GO:0065005]; regulation of cholesterol transport [GO:0032374]; regulation of intestinal cholesterol absorption [GO:0030300]; removal of superoxide radicals [GO:0019430]; response to lipid hydroperoxide [GO:0006982]; response to stilbenoid [GO:0035634]; retinoid metabolic process [GO:0001523]; reverse cholesterol transport</p>			
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		[GO:0043691]; triglyceride homeostasis [GO:0070328]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034372]			
APO D	metabolism	aging [GO:0007568]; angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; brain development [GO:0007420]; glucose metabolic process [GO:0006006]; lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]; negative regulation of cytokine production involved in inflammatory response [GO:1900016]; negative regulation of focal adhesion assembly [GO:0051895]; negative regulation of lipoprotein lipid oxidation [GO:0060588]; negative regulation of monocyte chemotactic protein-1 production [GO:0071638]; negative regulation of platelet-derived growth factor receptor signaling pathway [GO:0010642]; negative regulation of protein import into nucleus [GO:0042308]; negative regulation of smooth muscle cell-matrix adhesion [GO:2000098]; negative regulation of smooth muscle cell proliferation [GO:0048662]; negative regulation of T cell migration [GO:2000405]; peripheral nervous system axon	cholesterol binding [GO:0015485]; lipid transporter activity [GO:0005319]	cytosolic ribosome [GO:0022626]; dendrite [GO:0030425]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]	APOD occurs in the macromolecular complex with lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase. It is probably involved in the transport and binding of bilin. Appears to be able to transport a variety of ligands in a number of different contexts.

		regeneration [GO:0014012]; response to axon injury [GO:0048678]; response to drug [GO:0042493]; response to reactive oxygen species [GO:0000302]; tissue regeneration [GO:0042246]			
ACS L4	metabolism	dendritic spine development [GO:0060996]; embryonic process involved in female pregnancy [GO:0060136]; fatty acid transport [GO:0015908]; lipid biosynthetic process [GO:0008610]; lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]; long-chain fatty-acyl-CoA biosynthetic process [GO:0035338]; negative regulation of prostaglandin secretion [GO:0032307]; positive regulation of cell growth [GO:0030307]; response to interleukin-15 [GO:0070672]; response to nutrient [GO:0007584]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]	arachidonate-CoA ligase activity [GO:0047676]; ATP binding [GO:0005524]; long-chain fatty acid-CoA ligase activity [GO:0004467]; very long-chain fatty acid-CoA ligase activity [GO:0031957]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0005789]; ER-mitochondrion membrane contact site [GO:0044233]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; lipid particle [GO:0005811]; membrane [GO:0016020]; mitochondrial outer membrane [GO:0005741]; neuronal cell body [GO:0043025]; peroxisomal membrane [GO:0005778]	Activation of long-chain fatty acids for both synthesis of cellular lipids, and degradation via beta-oxidation. Preferentially uses arachidonate and eicosapentaenoate as substrates.
APO C1	metabolism	cholesterol efflux [GO:0033344]; cholesterol metabolic process [GO:0008203]; chylomicron remnant clearance [GO:0034382]; high-density lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034375]; lipid metabolic process [GO:0006629]; lipoprotein metabolic process [GO:0042157];	fatty acid binding [GO:0005504]; lipase inhibitor activity [GO:0055102]; phosphatidylcholine binding [GO:0031210]; phosphatidylcholine-sterol O-	chylomicron [GO:0042627]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; high-density lipoprotein particle [GO:0034364]; very-low-density lipoprotein	Inhibitor of lipoprotein binding to the low density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor, LDL receptor-related protein, and very low density lipoprotein (VLDL) receptor. Associates with high density lipoproteins (HDL) and the triacylglycerol-rich lipoproteins in the plasma and makes up about 10% of the protein of the VLDL and 2% of that of HDL. Appears to interfere

		<p>negative regulation of cholesterol transport [GO:0032375]; negative regulation of fatty acid biosynthetic process [GO:0045717]; negative regulation of lipid catabolic process [GO:0050995]; negative regulation of lipid metabolic process [GO:0045833]; negative regulation of lipoprotein lipase activity [GO:0051005]; negative regulation of phosphatidylcholine catabolic process [GO:0010900]; negative regulation of receptor-mediated endocytosis [GO:0048261]; negative regulation of very-low-density lipoprotein particle clearance [GO:0010916]; phospholipid efflux [GO:0033700]; plasma lipoprotein particle remodeling [GO:0034369]; positive regulation of cholesterol esterification [GO:0010873]; regulation of cholesterol transport [GO:0032374]; triglyceride metabolic process [GO:0006641]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle assembly [GO:0034379]; very-low-density lipoprotein particle clearance [GO:0034447]</p>	<p>acyltransferase activator activity [GO:0060228]; phospholipase inhibitor activity [GO:0004859]</p>	<p>particle [GO:0034361]</p>	<p>directly with fatty acid uptake and is also the major plasma inhibitor of cholesteryl ester transfer protein (CETP). Binds free fatty acids and reduces their intracellular esterification. Modulates the interaction of APOE with beta-migrating VLDL and inhibits binding of beta-VLDL to the LDL receptor-related p</p>
SLC2A1	metabolism	<p>cellular response to glucose starvation [GO:0042149];</p>	<p>dehydroascorbic acid transporter</p>	<p>apical plasma membrane [GO:0016324];</p>	<p>Facilitative glucose transporter. This isoform may be responsible for</p>

		glucose transport [GO:0015758]; lactose biosynthetic process [GO:0005989]; L-ascorbic acid metabolic process [GO:0019852]; protein complex assembly [GO:0006461]; regulation of insulin secretion [GO:0050796]; response to osmotic stress [GO:0006970]	activity [GO:0033300]; D-glucose transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0055056]; glucose transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0005355]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; protein self-association [GO:0043621]; xenobiotic transporter activity [GO:0042910]	basolateral plasma membrane [GO:0016323]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; caveola [GO:0005901]; cell-cell junction [GO:0005911]; cortical actin cytoskeleton [GO:0030864]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; female pronucleus [GO:0001939]; Golgi membrane [GO:0000139]; integral component of plasma membrane [GO:0005887]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; midbody [GO:0030496]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	constitutive or basal glucose uptake. Has a very broad substrate specificity; can transport a wide range of aldoses including both pentoses and hexoses. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:18245775, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19449892}.
SLC1A5	metabolism	amino acid transport [GO:0006865]; glutamine transport [GO:0006868]; neutral amino acid transport [GO:0015804]	amino acid transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015171]; L-glutamine transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015186]; neutral amino acid transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015175]; receptor activity [GO:0004872]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; integral component of plasma membrane [GO:0005887]; melanosome [GO:0042470]; membrane [GO:0016020]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	Sodium-dependent amino acids transporter that has a broad substrate specificity, with a preference for zwitterionic amino acids. It accepts as substrates all neutral amino acids, including glutamine, asparagine, and branched-chain and aromatic amino acids, and excludes methylated, anionic, and cationic amino acids. May also be activated by insulin. Through binding of the fusogenic protein syncytin-1/ERVW-1 may mediate trophoblasts syncytialization, the spontaneous fusion of

			]; symporter activity [GO:0015293]; virus receptor activity [GO:0001618]		their plasma membranes, an essential process in placental development (PubMed:10708449, PubMed:23492904). Acts as a cell surface receptor for feline endogenous virus RD114, baboon M7 endoge
ENO2	metabolism	canonical glycolysis [GO:0061621]; gluconeogenesis [GO:0006094]	magnesium ion binding [GO:0000287]; phosphopyruvate hydratase activity [GO:0004634]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; perikaryon [GO:0043204]; phosphopyruvate hydratase complex [GO:0000015]; photoreceptor inner segment [GO:0001917]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]	Has neurotrophic and neuroprotective properties on a broad spectrum of central nervous system (CNS) neurons. Binds, in a calcium-dependent manner, to cultured neocortical neurons and promotes cell survival (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
TMX2	metabolism	cell redox homeostasis [GO:0045454]		cell [GO:0005623]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]	
DNAJA1	others	androgen receptor signaling pathway [GO:0030521]; DNA damage response, detection of DNA damage [GO:0042769]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of JUN kinase activity [GO:0043508]; negative regulation of protein ubiquitination [GO:0031397]; positive regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043065]; protein folding [GO:0006457];	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; C3HC4-type RING finger domain binding [GO:0055131]; chaperone binding [GO:0051087]; G-protein coupled receptor binding [GO:0001664]; Hsp70 protein binding [GO:0030544]; low-density lipoprotein particle receptor	cytoplasmic side of endoplasmic reticulum membrane [GO:0098554]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; membrane [GO:0016020]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; perinuclear region of cytoplasm [GO:0048471]	Co-chaperone for HSPA8/Hsc70 (PubMed:10816573). Stimulates ATP hydrolysis, but not the folding of unfolded proteins mediated by HSPA1A (in vitro) (PubMed:24318877). Plays a role in protein transport into mitochondria via its role as co-chaperone. Functions as co-chaperone for HSPA1B and negatively regulates the translocation of BAX from the cytosol to mitochondria in response to cellular stress, thereby protecting cells against apoptosis (PubMed:14752510).

		protein localization to mitochondrion [GO:0070585]; regulation of protein transport [GO:0051223]; response to heat [GO:0009408]; response to unfolded protein [GO:0006986]; spermatogenesis [GO:0007283]; sperm motility [GO:0030317]; toxin transport [GO:1901998]	binding [GO:0050750]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; ubiquitin protein ligase binding [GO:0031625]		Promotes apoptosis in response to cellular stress mediated by exposure to anisomycin or UV (PubMed:24512202). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10816573, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14752510, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24318877, ECO:00002}
UFD1L	others	ER-associated misfolded protein catabolic process [GO:0071712]; error-free translesion synthesis [GO:0070987]; retrograde protein transport, ER to cytosol [GO:0030970]; skeletal system development [GO:0001501]; ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process [GO:0006511]	thiol-dependent ubiquitin-specific protease activity [GO:0004843]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; UFD1-NPL4 complex [GO:0036501]; VCP-NPL4-UFD1 AAA ATPase complex [GO:0034098]	Essential component of the ubiquitin-dependent proteolytic pathway which degrades ubiquitin fusion proteins. The ternary complex containing UFD1L, VCP and NPLOC4 binds ubiquitinated proteins and is necessary for the export of misfolded proteins from the ER to the cytoplasm, where they are degraded by the proteasome. The NPLOC4-UFD1L-VCP complex regulates spindle disassembly at the end of mitosis and is necessary for the formation of a closed nuclear envelope. It may be involved in the development of some ectoderm-derived structures.
XPNPEP3	others	glomerular filtration [GO:0003094]; protein processing [GO:0016485]	aminopeptidase activity [GO:0004177]; manganese ion binding [GO:0030145]; metallopeptidase activity [GO:0008237]	extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	
PSMF1	others	anaphase-promoting complex-dependent catabolic process [GO:0031145]; antigen processing and presentation of exogenous peptide antigen via MHC	endopeptidase inhibitor activity [GO:0004866]; proteasome binding [GO:0070628]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleoplasm	Plays an important role in control of proteasome function. Inhibits the hydrolysis of protein and peptide substrates by the 20S proteasome. Also inhibits the activation of the proteasome by the

	<p>class I, TAP-dependent [GO:0002479]; Fc-epsilon receptor signaling pathway [GO:0038095]; MAPK cascade [GO:0000165]; negative regulation of canonical Wnt signaling pathway [GO:0090090]; negative regulation of proteasomal protein catabolic process [GO:1901799]; negative regulation of ubiquitin-protein ligase activity involved in mitotic cell cycle [GO:0051436]; NIK/NF-kappaB signaling [GO:0038061]; positive regulation of canonical Wnt signaling pathway [GO:0090263]; positive regulation of ubiquitin-protein ligase activity involved in regulation of mitotic cell cycle transition [GO:0051437]; proteasome-mediated ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process [GO:0043161]; protein polyubiquitination [GO:0000209]; regulation of cellular amino acid metabolic process [GO:0006521]; regulation of mRNA stability [GO:0043488]; stimulatory C-type lectin receptor signaling pathway [GO:0002223]; T cell receptor signaling pathway [GO:0050852]; tumor necrosis</p>		<p>[GO:0005654]; proteasome core complex [GO:0005839]</p>	<p>proteasome regulatory proteins PA700 and PA28. {ECO:0000269 PubMed:10764772}.</p>
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		factor-mediated signaling pathway [GO:0033209]; ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process [GO:0006511]; Wnt signaling pathway, planar cell polarity pathway [GO:0060071]			
TIM M44	others	protein import into mitochondrial matrix [GO:0030150]; protein targeting to mitochondrion [GO:0006626]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; chaperone binding [GO:0051087]	mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	Essential component of the PAM complex, a complex required for the translocation of transit peptide-containing proteins from the inner membrane into the mitochondrial matrix in an ATP-dependent manner. Recruits mitochondrial HSP70 to drive protein translocation into the matrix using ATP as an energy source.
GRP EL1	others	protein folding [GO:0006457]	adenyl-nucleotide exchange factor activity [GO:0000774]; unfolded protein binding [GO:0051082]	mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	Essential component of the PAM complex, a complex required for the translocation of transit peptide-containing proteins from the inner membrane into the mitochondrial matrix in an ATP-dependent manner. Seems to control the nucleotide-dependent binding of mitochondrial HSP70 to substrate proteins.
NUD C	others	cell division [GO:0051301]; cell proliferation [GO:0008283]; mitotic nuclear division [GO:0007067]; multicellular organism development [GO:0007275]; sister chromatid cohesion [GO:0007062]		cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; microtubule [GO:0005874]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]	Plays a role in neurogenesis and neuronal migration (By similarity). Necessary for correct formation of mitotic spindles and chromosome separation during mitosis. Necessary for cytokinesis and cell proliferation. {ECO:0000250, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12679384, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12852857}.
ST13	others	chaperone cofactor-dependent protein refolding [GO:0070389]; negative regulation of protein refolding [GO:0061084];	dATP binding [GO:0032564]; protein binding, bridging [GO:0030674]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062];	One HIP oligomer binds the ATPase domains of at least two HSC70 molecules dependent on activation of the HSC70 ATPase by HSP40. Stabilizes the ADP state of

		protein folding [GO:0006457]; protein homooligomerization [GO:0051260]		protein complex [GO:0043234]	HSC70 that has a high affinity for substrate protein. Through its own chaperone activity, it may contribute to the interaction of HSC70 with various target proteins (By similarity). {ECO:0000250}.
TKT	others	glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate biosynthetic process [GO:0046166]; pentose-phosphate shunt [GO:0006098]; pentose-phosphate shunt, non-oxidative branch [GO:0009052]; regulation of growth [GO:0040008]; xylulose biosynthetic process [GO:0005999]	cofactor binding [GO:0048037]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; transketolase activity [GO:0004802]	cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; peroxisome [GO:0005777]; vesicle [GO:0031982]	Catalyzes the transfer of a two-carbon ketol group from a ketose donor to an aldose acceptor, via a covalent intermediate with the cofactor thiamine pyrophosphate.
SLC4A1	others	anion transport [GO:0006820]; bicarbonate transport [GO:0015701]; cellular ion homeostasis [GO:0006873]; chloride transmembrane transport [GO:1902476]; chloride transport [GO:0006821]; regulation of intracellular pH [GO:0051453]	anion:anion antiporter activity [GO:0015301]; anion transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0008509]; ankyrin binding [GO:0030506]; bicarbonate transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015106]; chloride transmembrane transporter activity [GO:0015108]; inorganic anion exchanger activity [GO:0005452]; protein anchor [GO:0043495]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]	basolateral plasma membrane [GO:0016323]; blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; cortical cytoskeleton [GO:0030863]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; integral component of membrane [GO:0016021]; integral component of plasma membrane [GO:0005887]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; Z disc [GO:0030018]	Functions both as a transporter that mediates electroneutral anion exchange across the cell membrane and as a structural protein. Major integral membrane glycoprotein of the erythrocyte membrane; required for normal flexibility and stability of the erythrocyte membrane and for normal erythrocyte shape via the interactions of its cytoplasmic domain with cytoskeletal proteins, glycolytic enzymes, and hemoglobin. Functions as a transporter that mediates the 1:1 exchange of inorganic anions across the erythrocyte membrane. Mediates chloride-bicarbonate exchange in the kidney, and is required for normal acidification of the urine. {ECO:0000269}PubMed:10926824, ECO:

AFM	others	vitamin transport [GO:0051180]	vitamin E binding [GO:0008431]	blood microparticle [GO:0072562]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; extracellular region [GO:0005576]; extracellular space [GO:0005615]	Vitamin E binding protein. May transport vitamin E in body fluids under conditions where the lipoprotein system is not sufficient. May be involved in the regulation and transport of vitamin E at the blood-brain barrier. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:12463752, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15952736, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19046407}.
CHC HD2	transcription/translation	positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; regulation of cellular response to hypoxia [GO:1900037]; transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0006351]	sequence-specific DNA binding [GO:0043565]; transcription factor binding [GO:0008134]	mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	Transcription factor. Binds to the oxygen responsive element of COX4I2 and activates its transcription under hypoxia conditions (4% oxygen), as well as normoxia conditions (20% oxygen) (PubMed:23303788). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:23303788}.
MRP S23	transcription/translation	mitochondrial translational elongation [GO:0070125]; mitochondrial translational termination [GO:0070126]	poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; structural constituent of ribosome [GO:0003735]	intermediate filament cytoskeleton [GO:0045111]; mitochondrial inner membrane [GO:0005743]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]; nuclear membrane [GO:0031965]; ribosome [GO:0005840]	
NPM 1	transcription/translation	cell aging [GO:0007569]; CENP-A containing nucleosome assembly [GO:0034080]; centrosome cycle [GO:0007098]; DNA damage response, signal transduction by p53 class mediator resulting in cell cycle arrest [GO:0006977]; DNA repair [GO:0006281]; intracellular protein transport [GO:0006886];	histone binding [GO:0042393]; NF-kappaB binding [GO:0051059]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein heterodimerization activity [GO:0046982]; protein homodimerization activity [GO:0042803]; protein kinase	centrosome [GO:0005813]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; intracellular ribonucleoprotein complex [GO:0030529]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleolus [GO:0005730]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus	Involved in diverse cellular processes such as ribosome biogenesis, centrosome duplication, protein chaperoning, histone assembly, cell proliferation, and regulation of tumor suppressors p53/TP53 and ARF. Binds ribosome presumably to drive ribosome nuclear export. Associated with nucleolar ribonucleoprotein structures and bind single-stranded nucleic acids. Acts as a chaperonin for the core histones H3, H2B and H4. Stimulates

	<p>negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; negative regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008285]; negative regulation of centrosome duplication [GO:0010826]; negative regulation of protein kinase activity by regulation of protein phosphorylation [GO:0044387]; nucleocytoplasmic transport [GO:0006913]; nucleosome assembly [GO:0006334]; positive regulation of cell cycle G2/M phase transition [GO:1902751]; positive regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008284]; positive regulation of NF-kappaB transcription factor activity [GO:0051092]; positive regulation of transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0045893]; positive regulation of translation [GO:0045727]; protein localization [GO:0008104]; protein oligomerization [GO:0051259]; regulation of centriole replication [GO:0046599]; regulation of eIF2 alpha phosphorylation by dsRNA [GO:0060735]; regulation of endodeoxyribonuclease activity [GO:0032071]; regulation of endoribonuclease</p>	<p>binding [GO:0019901]; protein kinase inhibitor activity [GO:0004860]; ribosomal large subunit binding [GO:0043023]; ribosomal small subunit binding [GO:0043024]; RNA binding [GO:0003723]; Tat protein binding [GO:0030957]; transcription coactivator activity [GO:0003713]; unfolded protein binding [GO:0051082]</p>	<p>[GO:0005634]; spindle pole centrosome [GO:0031616]</p>	<p>APEX1 endonuclease activity on apurinic/aprimidinic (AP) double-stranded DNA but inhibits APEX1 endonuclease activity on AP single-stranded RNA. May exert a control of APEX1 endonuclease activity within nucleoli devoted to repair AP on r</p>
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		activity [GO:0060699]; response to stress [GO:0006950]; ribosome assembly [GO:0042255]; signal transduction [GO:0007165]; viral process [GO:0016032]			
WARS	transcription/translation	angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; negative regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008285]; regulation of angiogenesis [GO:0045765]; translation [GO:0006412]; tRNA aminoacylation for protein translation [GO:0006418]; tryptophanyl-tRNA aminoacylation [GO:0006436]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; tryptophanyl-tRNA ligase activity [GO:0004830]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	Isoform 1, isoform 2 and T1-TrpRS have aminoacylation activity while T2-TrpRS lacks it. Isoform 2, T1-TrpRS and T2-TrpRS possess angiostatic activity whereas isoform 1 lacks it. T2-TrpRS inhibits fluid shear stress-activated responses of endothelial cells. Regulates ERK, Akt, and eNOS activation pathways that are associated with angiogenesis, cytoskeletal reorganization and shear stress-responsive gene expression. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:11773625, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11773626, ECO:0000269|PubMed:1373391, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14630953}.
NCL	transcription/translation	angiogenesis [GO:0001525]; cellular response to lipopolysaccharide [GO:0071222]; endocytosis [GO:0006897]; liver regeneration [GO:0097421]; negative regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043066]; positive regulation of interleukin-6 secretion [GO:2000778]; positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter [GO:0045944]; positive regulation of transcription of	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]; identical protein binding [GO:0042802]; nucleotide binding [GO:0000166]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; protein C-terminus binding [GO:0008022]; RNA binding [GO:0003723]; rRNA primary transcript	cell cortex [GO:0005938]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; cytoplasmic ribonucleoprotein granule [GO:0036464]; dense fibrillar component [GO:0001651]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; fibrillar center [GO:0001650]; intracellular ribonucleoprotein complex [GO:0030529]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleolus	Nucleolin is the major nucleolar protein of growing eukaryotic cells. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-ribosomal particles. It induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly. May play a role in the process of transcriptional elongation. Binds RNA oligonucleotides with 5'-UUAGGG-3' repeats more tightly than the telomeric single-stranded DNA 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeats. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10393184}.

		nuclear large rRNA transcript from RNA polymerase I promoter [GO:1901838]; positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor production [GO:0032760]; regulation of rRNA processing [GO:2000232]; spermatogenesis [GO:0007283]	binding [GO:0042134]; selenocysteine insertion sequence binding [GO:0035368]; single-stranded DNA binding [GO:0003697]; telomeric DNA binding [GO:0042162]	[GO:0005730]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	
STIP1	transcription/translation	response to stress [GO:0006950]	poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]	Golgi apparatus [GO:0005794]; myelin sheath [GO:0043209]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; protein complex [GO:0043234]	Mediates the association of the molecular chaperones HSC70 and HSP90 (HSPCA and HSPCB).
DDX39B	transcription/translation	liver development [GO:0001889]; mRNA 3'-end processing [GO:0031124]; mRNA export from nucleus [GO:0006406]; mRNA splicing, via spliceosome [GO:0000398]; negative regulation of DNA damage checkpoint [GO:2000002]; positive regulation of cell growth involved in cardiac muscle cell development [GO:0061051]; positive regulation of DNA biosynthetic process [GO:2000573]; positive regulation of DNA-templated transcription, elongation [GO:0032786]; positive regulation of translation [GO:0045727]; positive regulation of vascular smooth	ATPase activity [GO:0016887]; ATP binding [GO:0005524]; ATP-dependent protein binding [GO:0043008]; ATP-dependent RNA helicase activity [GO:0004004]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; RNA-dependent ATPase activity [GO:0008186]; U4 snRNA binding [GO:0030621]; U6 snRNA binding [GO:0017070]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; nuclear matrix [GO:0016363]; nuclear speck [GO:0016607]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; spliceosomal complex [GO:0005681]; transcription export complex [GO:0000346]	Involved in nuclear export of spliced and unspliced mRNA. Assembling component of the TREX complex which is thought to couple mRNA transcription, processing and nuclear export, and specifically associates with spliced mRNA and not with unspliced pre-mRNA. TREX is recruited to spliced mRNAs by a transcription-independent mechanism, binds to mRNA upstream of the exon-junction complex (EJC) and is recruited in a splicing- and cap-dependent manner to a region near the 5' end of the mRNA where it functions in mRNA export to the cytoplasm via the TAP/NFX1 pathway. May undergo several rounds of ATP hydrolysis during assembly of TREX to drive subsequent loading of com

		muscle cell proliferation [GO:1904707]; RNA export from nucleus [GO:0006405]; RNA secondary structure unwinding [GO:0010501]; RNA splicing [GO:0008380]; spliceosomal complex assembly [GO:0000245]; termination of RNA polymerase II transcription [GO:0006369]; viral mRNA export from host cell nucleus [GO:0046784]			
HNR NPU	transcription/translation	cellular response to dexamethasone stimulus [GO:0071549]; circadian regulation of gene expression [GO:0032922]; CRD-mediated mRNA stabilization [GO:0070934]; gene expression [GO:0010467]; mRNA splicing, via spliceosome [GO:0000398]; negative regulation of telomere maintenance via telomerase [GO:0032211]; osteoblast differentiation [GO:0001649]; positive regulation of DNA topoisomerase (ATP-hydrolyzing) activity [GO:2000373]; positive regulation of gene expression [GO:0010628]; RNA processing [GO:0006396]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; core promoter binding [GO:0001047]; DNA binding [GO:0003677]; enhancer binding [GO:0035326]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; poly(G) binding [GO:0034046]; ribonucleoprotein complex binding [GO:0043021]; RNA binding [GO:0003723]; telomerase RNA binding [GO:0070034]	catalytic step 2 spliceosome [GO:0071013]; cell surface [GO:0009986]; CRD-mediated mRNA stability complex [GO:0070937]; cytoplasmic ribonucleoprotein granule [GO:0036464]; intracellular ribonucleoprotein complex [GO:0030529]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	Component of the CRD-mediated complex that promotes MYC mRNA stabilization. Binds to pre-mRNA. Has high affinity for scaffold-attached region (SAR) DNA. Binds to double- and single-stranded DNA and RNA. Plays a role in the circadian regulation of the core clock component ARNTL/BMAL1 transcription (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8VEK3, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19029303}.
RCN 1	transcription/translation	camera-type eye development [GO:0043010]; in utero embryonic development [GO:0001701]	calcium ion binding [GO:0005509]	endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; endoplasmic reticulum lumen [GO:0005788]	May regulate calcium-dependent activities in the endoplasmic reticulum lumen or post-ER compartment.

RPL9	transcription/translation	cytoplasmic translation [GO:0002181]; nuclear-transcribed mRNA catabolic process, nonsense-mediated decay [GO:0000184]; rRNA processing [GO:0006364]; SRP-dependent cotranslational protein targeting to membrane [GO:0006614]; translation [GO:0006412]; translational initiation [GO:0006413]; viral transcription [GO:0019083]	RNA binding [GO:0003723]; rRNA binding [GO:0019843]; structural constituent of ribosome [GO:0003735]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; cytosolic large ribosomal subunit [GO:0022625]; focal adhesion [GO:0005925]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleolus [GO:0005730]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; ribosome [GO:0005840]	
EAR52	transcription/translation	glutamyl-tRNA aminoacylation [GO:0006424]; tRNA aminoacylation for mitochondrial protein translation [GO:0070127]	ATP binding [GO:0005524]; glutamate-tRNA(Gln) ligase activity [GO:0050561]; glutamate-tRNA ligase activity [GO:0004818]; RNA binding [GO:0003723]; tRNA binding [GO:0000049]	mitochondrial matrix [GO:0005759]; mitochondrion [GO:0005739]	Catalyzes the attachment of glutamate to tRNA(Glu) in a two-step reaction: glutamate is first activated by ATP to form Glu-AMP and then transferred to the acceptor end of tRNA(Glu). {ECO:0000250}.
XPO7	transcription/translation	mRNA transport [GO:0051028]; protein export from nucleus [GO:0006611]	nuclear export signal receptor activity [GO:0005049]; Ran GTPase binding [GO:0008536]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; nuclear pore [GO:0005643]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	Mediates the nuclear export of proteins (cargos) with broad substrate specificity. In the nucleus binds cooperatively to its cargo and to the GTPase Ran in its active GTP-bound form. Docking of this trimeric complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) is mediated through binding to nucleoporins. Upon transit of a nuclear export complex into the cytoplasm, disassembling of the complex and hydrolysis of Ran-GTP to Ran-GDP (induced by RANBP1 and RANGAP1, respectively) cause release of the cargo from the

					export receptor. XPO7 then return to the nuclear compartment and mediate another round of transport. The directionality of nuclear export is thought to be conferred
RPA1	transcription/translation	base-excision repair [GO:0006284]; DNA damage response, detection of DNA damage [GO:0042769]; DNA-dependent DNA replication [GO:0006261]; DNA recombination [GO:0006310]; DNA repair [GO:0006281]; DNA replication [GO:0006260]; double-strand break repair via homologous recombination [GO:0000724]; error-free translesion synthesis [GO:0070987]; error-prone translesion synthesis [GO:0042276]; G1/S transition of mitotic cell cycle [GO:0000082]; interstrand cross-link repair [GO:0036297]; mismatch repair [GO:0006298]; nucleotide-excision repair [GO:0006289]; nucleotide-excision repair, DNA gap filling [GO:0006297]; nucleotide-excision repair, DNA incision [GO:0033683]; nucleotide-excision repair, DNA incision, 3'-to lesion [GO:0006295]; nucleotide-excision repair, DNA incision, 5'-to lesion [GO:0006296]; nucleotide-excision	damaged DNA binding [GO:0003684]; metal ion binding [GO:0046872]; single-stranded DNA binding [GO:0003697]	DNA replication factor A complex [GO:0005662]; nuclear chromosome, telomeric region [GO:0000784]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; PML body [GO:0016605]	As part of the heterotrimeric replication protein A complex (RPA/RP-A), binds and stabilizes single-stranded DNA intermediates, that form during DNA replication or upon DNA stress. It prevents their reannealing and in parallel, recruits and activates different proteins and complexes involved in DNA metabolism. Thereby, it plays an essential role both in DNA replication and the cellular response to DNA damage (PubMed:9430682). In the cellular response to DNA damage, the RPA complex controls DNA repair and DNA damage checkpoint activation. Through recruitment of ATRIP activates the ATR kinase a master regulator of the DNA damage response (PubMed:24332808). It is

		<p>repair, preincision complex assembly [GO:0006294]; nucleotide-excision repair, preincision complex stabilization [GO:0006293]; protein sumoylation [GO:0016925]; regulation of cellular response to heat [GO:1900034]; regulation of signal transduction by p53 class mediator [GO:1901796]; telomere maintenance [GO:0000723]; telomere maintenance via recombination [GO:0000722]; transcription-coupled nucleotide-excision repair [GO:0006283]; translesion synthesis [GO:0019985]</p>			
HNR NPR	transcription/translation	<p>circadian rhythm [GO:0007623]; gene expression [GO:0010467]; mRNA destabilization [GO:0061157]; mRNA processing [GO:0006397]; mRNA splicing, via spliceosome [GO:0000398]; negative regulation of catalytic activity [GO:0043086]; positive regulation of mRNA catabolic process [GO:0061014]</p>	<p>mRNA 3'-UTR binding [GO:0003730]; nucleotide binding [GO:0000166]; poly(A) RNA binding [GO:0044822]; RNA binding [GO:0003723]</p>	<p>axon terminus [GO:0043679]; catalytic step 2 spliceosome [GO:0071013]; dendrite [GO:0030425]; endoplasmic reticulum [GO:0005783]; growth cone [GO:0030426]; intracellular ribonucleoprotein complex [GO:0030529]; nucleoplasm [GO:0005654]; spliceosomal complex [GO:0005681]</p>	<p>Component of ribonucleosomes, which are complexes of at least 20 other different heterogenous nuclear ribonucleoproteins (hnRNP). hnRNP play an important role in processing of precursor mRNA in the nucleus.</p>
BAS P1	transcription/translation	<p>diaphragm development [GO:0060539]; glomerular visceral epithelial cell differentiation [GO:0072112]; gonad development [GO:0008406]; mesenchymal to</p>	<p>protein domain specific binding [GO:0019904]; transcription corepressor activity [GO:0003714]</p>	<p>cell junction [GO:0030054]; cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytoskeleton [GO:0005856]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; growth cone</p>	

		epithelial transition [GO:0060231]; metanephric mesenchyme development [GO:0072075]; negative regulation of transcription, DNA-templated [GO:0045892]; positive regulation of heart growth [GO:0060421]; positive regulation of metanephric ureteric bud development [GO:2001076]; substantia nigra development [GO:0021762]; thorax and anterior abdomen determination [GO:0007356]	]; transcription regulatory region DNA binding [GO:0044212]	[GO:0030426]; nuclear speck [GO:0016607]; nucleus [GO:0005634]; plasma membrane [GO:0005886]; vesicle [GO:0031982]	
EEF1E1	transcription/translation	glutathione metabolic process [GO:0006749]; negative regulation of cell proliferation [GO:0008285]; positive regulation of apoptotic process [GO:0043065]; positive regulation of cellular senescence [GO:2000774]; positive regulation of DNA damage response, signal transduction by p53 class mediator [GO:0043517]; tRNA aminoacylation for protein translation [GO:0006418]	glutathione transferase activity [GO:0004364]; translation elongation factor activity [GO:0003746]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; nucleus [GO:0005634]	Positive modulator of ATM response to DNA damage.
EIF3K	transcription/translation	formation of translation preinitiation complex [GO:0001731]; regulation of translational initiation [GO:0006446]; translational initiation [GO:0006413]	ribosome binding [GO:0043022]; translation initiation factor activity [GO:0003743]	cytoplasm [GO:0005737]; cytosol [GO:0005829]; eukaryotic 43S preinitiation complex [GO:0016282]; eukaryotic 48S preinitiation complex [GO:0033290]; eukaryotic translation	Component of the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 (eIF-3) complex, which is required for several steps in the initiation of protein synthesis. The eIF-3 complex associates with the 40S ribosome and facilitates the recruitment of eIF-1, eIF-1A, eIF-2:GTP:methionyl-tRNAi and eIF-5 to form the 43S preinitiation complex (43S

				<p>initiation factor 3 complex [GO:0005852]; extracellular exosome [GO:0070062]; membrane [GO:0016020]; nucleus [GO:0005634]</p>	<p>PIC). The eIF-3 complex stimulates mRNA recruitment to the 43S PIC and scanning of the mRNA for AUG recognition. The eIF-3 complex is also required for disassembly and recycling of post-termination ribosomal complexes and subsequently prevents premature joining of the 40S and 60S ribosomal subunits prior to initiation.</p>
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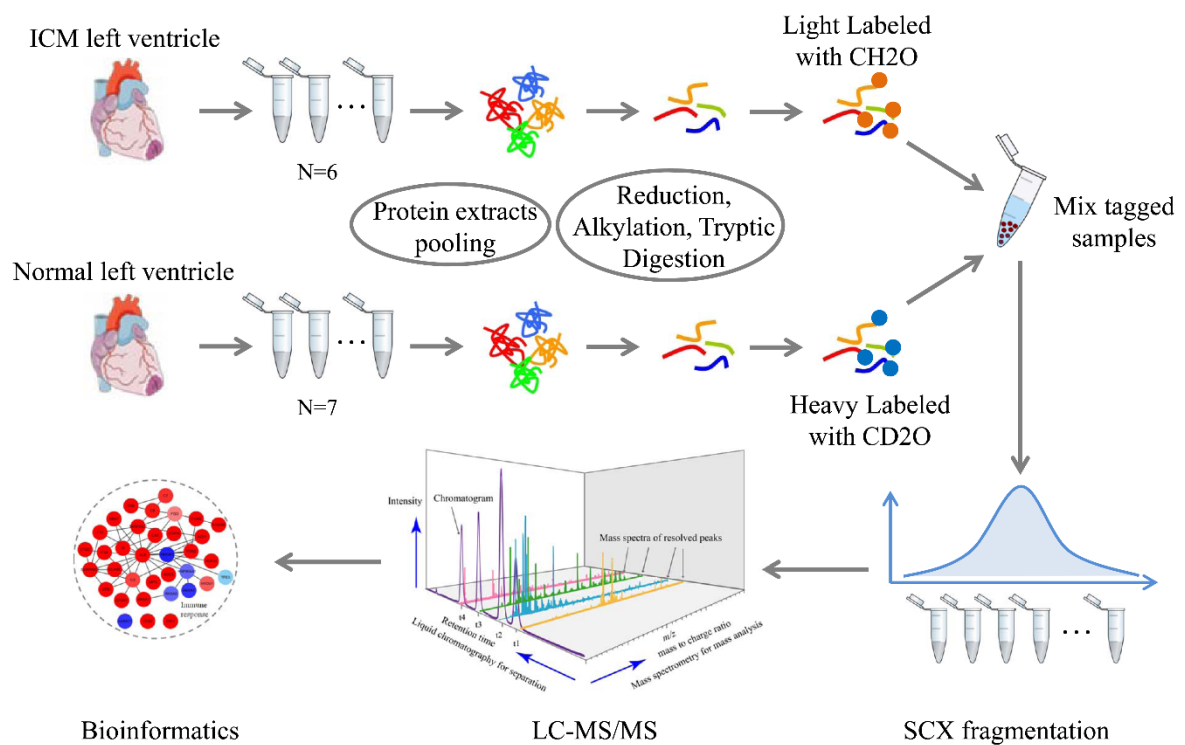


Figure S1. Schematic representation of the quantitative proteomics experiment. Proteins were extracted from the left ventricles of 7 normal heart donors and 6 ICM patients. After pooling the protein extracts, the normal and ICM samples were reduced, alkylated and

tryptically digested. Then, by using a stable isotope dimethyl-labeling strategy, we performed comparative quantitative proteomic analysis of the left ventricles from normal heart donors (heavy-labeled with CD₂O) and ICM patients (light-labeled with CH₂O).

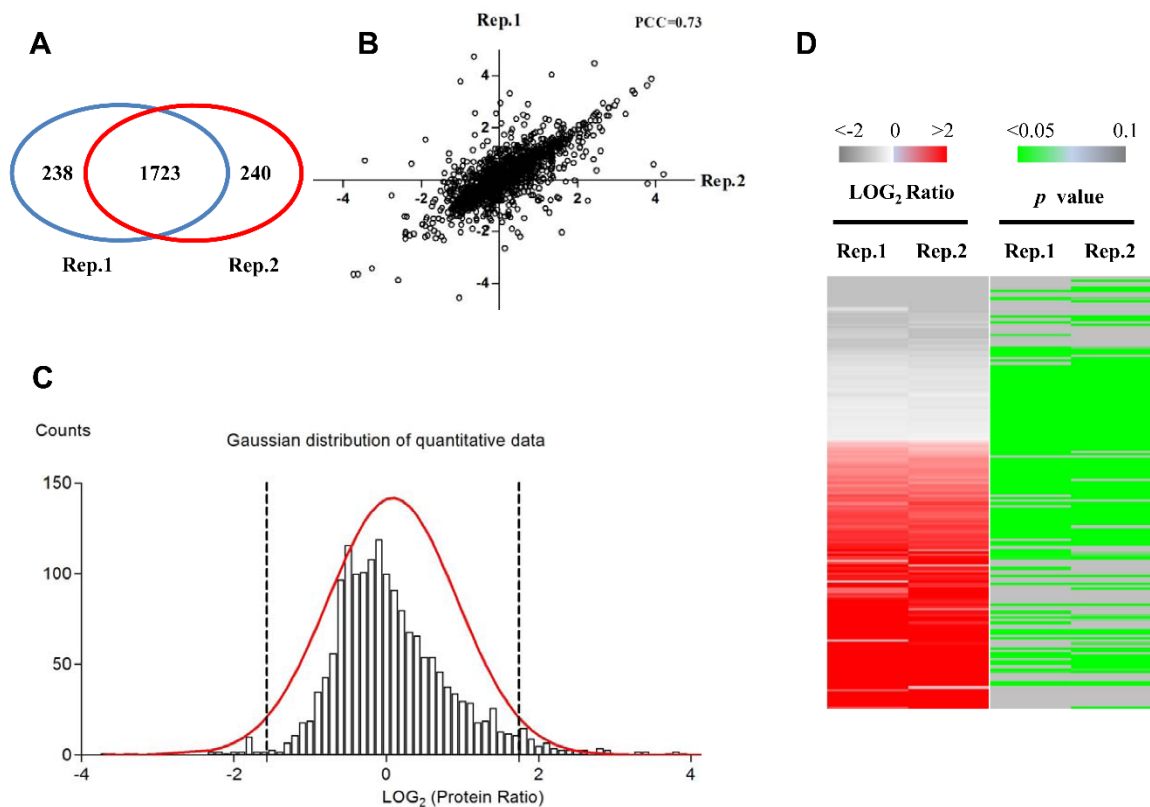


Figure S2. Quantitative proteomics data overview. **A.** A total of 2201 proteins were successfully quantified in the two experimental replicates, among which 1,723 proteins overlapped. **B.** Pearson correlation analysis of the overlapped proteins showed a good correlation (Pearson correlation coefficient (PCC) = 0.73) for the two replicates. **C.** Gaussian distribution of the average quantitative data (Log₂ (ratio)) shared by the two replicates. **D.** Heatmap of the 167 differentially expressed proteins (average ratio of <0.8 or >1.2 and $p < 0.05$ in both repetitions or ratio of <0.67 or >1.5 in both repetitions) in the left ventricles of ICM patients.

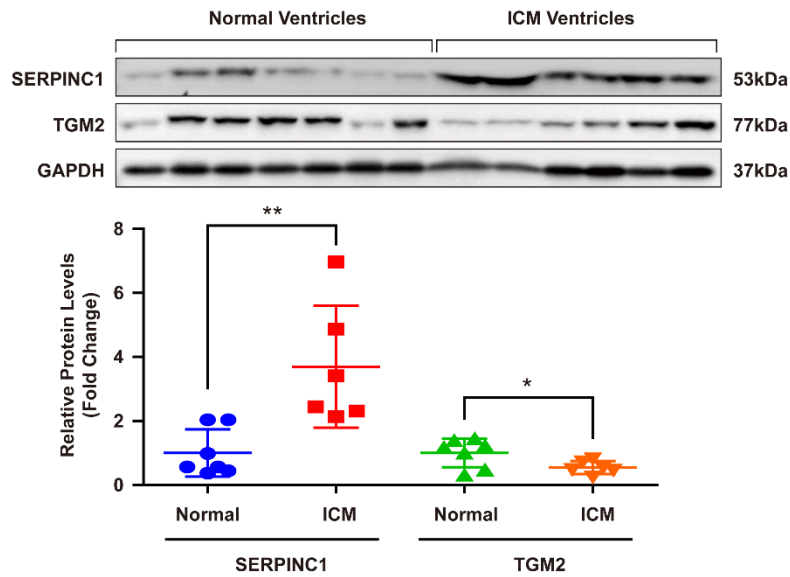


Figure S3. Western blot analysis of TGM2 and SERPINC1. The downregulation of the protein TGM2 and the upregulation of the protein SERPINC1 were confirmed by western blot analysis (ICM group: n=6; normal group: n=7). GAPDH served as a loading control.