**Supplementary Table 2.** Clinical course of ATTR-FAP in patients (3 siblings) from family with Ile73Val TTR mutation

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Patient no/ gender | Age at onset(yrs) | First manifestations | Clinical course | Ancillary studies | Survival and outcome |
| 1 F  | 45 | Pain of hands and feet | 52yo – sensory and motor progressive polyneuropathy, followed by diarrhea, orthostatic hypotension, atonic bladder – need for catheterization, cachexia | ENG: sensory and motor axonopathy | 10 years, died aged 55 |
| 2 M  | 61 | Cardiomyopathy – pacemaker implantation due to atrio-ventricular block | 63yo – rapid sensory-motor polyneuropathy, 66yo – walks with aid, diarrhea, cachexia, atrial fibrillation  | ENG sensory and motor axonopathy, ECHO- cardiac hypertrophy/ infiltration, eyes – deposits in retina, skin and fat biopsy – amyloid, trepanobiopsy – no amyloid | 5 years, died aged 66 |
| 3 M  | 53 | weakness of upper and lower limbs | clinical course complicated by comorbidities – alcohol abuse and arteriosclerosis obliterans of lower limbs, able to walk independently, distal atrophy of hands and feet reported | ECHO – hypertrophy of LV,ENG –sensory od motor axonopathy | 3 years, died aged 56 in the course of periperative complications of vessels sugery – not due to TTR-FAP |

ECHO – echocardiography; ENG – electroneurography; F – female; M –male; LV – left ventricule; yo – years old