Spontaneous coronary dissection: Optical coherence tomography insights before and after stenting

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A premenopausal 47-year-old female, with no significant cardiovascular risk factors, was admitted 3 h after the onset of an inferior ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction. Emergency coronary angiography and optical coherence tomography (OCT) imaging revealed a long, spiral, spontaneous coronary dissection (SCAD) of the right coronary artery (Fig. 1A, B and Fig. 1a–f), with a minimal...
lumen area of 0.74 mm². Due to ongoing angina and persistent ST-elevation in the inferior leads, a percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI) was performed, and two long everolimus-eluting stents of 3.0/38 mm and 3.0/33 mm were implanted with a good result (Fig. 1C). OCT control showed no proximal or distal SCAD extension (Fig. 1C1). However, tissue prolapses between the stent struts, with a base-width of 500 μm and a length of 1800 μm were observed (Fig. 1C2, 1C3). They could have been the result of the intimal hematoma compression during stent implantation.

In order to rule out fibromuscular dysplasia, an abdominal vascular ultrasound was performed, but no significant renal artery lesions were identified.

Patient was discharged 3 days post intervention, symptom free, on dual antiplatelet therapy.

In this case, SCAD stenting had an excellent result, although the rate of success reported in the literature is extremely variable. Intramural hematoma propagation and difficulties in advancing a coronary guidewire into the true lumen are some of the main factors usually incriminated for suboptimal PCI results. OCT guiding of the SCAD stenting procedure might improve the result by confirming guidewire position and by correctly identifying the landing zones.

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